"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; slight temperature change; variable winds
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,123. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1918.—TWENTY PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

FRENCH AGAIN ADVANCE, ON A 15-MILE FRONT; BRITISH STRIKE ON THE LYS, ENTER MERVILLE; CAN WIN WAR IN 1919, SAY OUR ARMY CHIEFS

RED POWER WANES AS ALLIED TROOPS PUSH INTO RUSSIA

Chance of Getting in Touch from North with Czechs Is Thought Good.

CHINA'S SOLDIERS MOVING

Large Force Sent to Siberian Border to Head Off Austro-Germans There.

MORE AMERICANS ARRIVE

British Rush Cruiser's Guns to Ussuri Front on Gondolas to Aid Czechoslovaks There.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The critical moment has arrived in the transformation of Russia. The Bolshevist power is breaking up and allied troops have entered Russia by three gateways that still remain, in the north, in the Caucasus, and in Siberia.

It is characteristic of the anomalies of the situation that whereas in the north the Bolsheviki are fighting the Allies and describing them in their military bulletins as "the enemy," in the south British troops have come to the rescue of other Bolsheviki, who, with Armenian volunteers, are defending Baku against a Turkish force.

So far the allied operations in Russia are in the initial stage. The difficult work of preparation has been successfully surmounted, the enterprise is launched, its aims are proclaimed, and the troops are already in contact with different sections of the Russian population. That the allied force has been welcomed in the north is beyond question. The population of Archangel only submitted to Bolshevist rule when it was forced on them by an armed expedition in January and have since endured the yoke most unwillingly.

Inhabitants Sturdy Peasants.

The great majority of the inhabitants of the thickly wooded northern Governments are sturdy, independent peasants. There are few large landowners, and little industry, apart from saw milling. The class struggle has been hardly felt in this region, and there has been little sympathy for the Soviet doctrine, and for months past the population has been looking to England for relief.

As long ago as last December, when I was traveling to Kiev in a carriage full of soldiers, who were discussing with some amusement the declaration of Ukranian independence, I heard a soldier from Archangel put the view prevailing among his people in one sentence. "Well," he said, "if Russia is going to split up into a lot of separate States, we in the Archangel government think the best thing we can do is to put ourselves under England."

When at the end of March I traveled north from Petrograd to Murmansk I found the arrival of British troops eagerly anticipated all along the line.

That the allied troops will be received with sympathy by the local population in the north is certain.

The fighting, such as it is, has not gone entirely in our favor. A small force that marched along the flat road from Onega Bay to outflank the Bolshevist force that was retiring along the railway line seems to have suffered a temporary setback at Obozerskaya, where the road meets the railway. That is a slight misfortune that will delay our movement toward Vologda.

What is of more importance for the immediate purpose of the expedition is that a British force has gone up by boat along the Northern Dvina to Kotlas, one of the most beautiful stretches of river travel in Russia. From Kotlas a short branch railway leads to Viatka, a considerable town on the main line from Petrograd and Vologda to Siberia. It was reported recently that in Viatka the Bolshevist régime, never firmly established, had

Continued on Page Three.

DURING HOT WAKEFUL NIGHTS
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Most beneficial for exhausted conditions due to heat. Non-alcoholic—most refreshing.—Advt.

Germany Makes Big Effort to Launch a New Loan

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ZURICH, Aug. 19.—The Abendzeitung of Augsburg says that the Minister of Imperial Finance and the Reichsbank are working in the preparation of a scheme for a new war loan.

In official circles it is said that propaganda work in conection with this this loan will be extremely difficult consequence of recent events. Capitalists are especially cautious and pessimistic, and it will be necessary to make unheard-of efforts to obtain acceptable results.

All theatrical societies and all artists' committees will be compelled to further the propaganda for the loan by plays and songs. "But," the journal remarks, "the best propaganda will be Hindenburg's sabre, which will continue to win victories."

The loan will be isued in the middle of September.

SANK A U-BOAT, CAPTAIN REPORTS

Oil Tanker Fired 27 Shots at Submarine Off Nantucket, Setting It on Fire.

TWO NORWEGIAN VICTIMS

Merchant Captain Tells How He Saw U-Boat Officer in New York Restaurant.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19.—A German submarine was sunk in a running battle with a British tank steamer last Friday, about 300 miles northeast of Nantucket, according to members of the tanker's crew. The oil ship arrived here tonight from Mexico.

When first sighted, the U-boat was two miles away, according to the Captain of the tanker, who said he immediately opened fire. Two shots from the submersible struck the British ship, one of them passing through the boiler room and the other through a tank. Neither of the shells exploded, and did no material damage, the Captain reported.

Twenty-seven shots were fired by the tank ship, one or more of which, her master declared, scored clean hits, as flames were seen bursting from the port side of the submarine, which, he said, sank a few minutes later.

SAW U-BOAT'S OFFICER IN A CITY RESTAURANT

Merchant Captain Tells the Navy Department of Man Who Aided in Sinking His Ship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—From an authoritative naval source it was learned tonight that German submarines have twice cut cables along the coast of the United States and that officers and men of German U-boats have had the boldness to land at night on the shores of this country. Information has been given to the Navy Department that an under officer of a submarine recently operating off the Virginia coast is believed to have gone unnoticed to New York and mingled with crowds in saloons and other places in that city.

The information submitted to the Navy Department regarding the alleged trip of this under officer to New York City was of such a circumstantial character that high officials of the department credit it as being true. The statement that one German officer had the hardihood to land on the coast and make such a journey was made to a high official of the American naval administration by the Captain of a merchant vessel which was recently sunk off the Southern coast. This merchant Captain's name has been withheld, but it was authoritatively learned today that he came to Washington and personally submitted his facts to high naval officials in a straightforward and circumstantial a manner that the latter have no reason to believe he was mistaken.

According to the captain's story he went to New York after the sinking of his vessel. While there he entered a restaurant, accompanied by a friend, and was startled by meeting, face to face, a man whom, he has since informed high naval officials, he recognized as an under officer of the submarine that had sunk his merchant vessel not many days before. The captain said he was positive he made no mistake and that the man he saw showed clearly that he recognized the captain and immediately disappeared. No trace of him has since been seen, although naval intelligence officers have been given his description.

Unless the merchant captain is mistaken over the identity of the man, it is the belief of high naval officials that the German U-boat under-officer was landed at night somewhere along the coast, and then made his way to New York in

Continued on Page Five.

OCEAN TRAVELERS! Accident insurance, including War Risk. Block Earl & Mansel Inc., 27 William St. "Phone Broad 8700.—Advt.

OUR MEN ABROAD SEE THE VICTORY NOT FAR AHEAD

Consensus of Well-Informed Is That September, 1919, Will Witness Germans' Defeat.

ENEMY'S STRENGTH WANING

Meantime Allies Look Forward to the Coming of 2,000,000 More Americans.

ENTENTE SPIRIT UNDAUNTED

French Are Prepared to Fight Foe at Least a Year, and Longer, if It Is Necessary.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 19.—Because the army gets in letters from home every day the query, "When will the war be over?" I will try to give the army's answer.

It seems to be the consensus of the best-informed army circles that the war will be over next year. While speculation differs as to the exact time, I have often heard the month of September mentioned as the time when the Germans will probably have had enough.

No one seriously expects a decision this year. General March has stated his belief that an American force [of 4,000,000 men under one commander in chief] can penetrate the German line when and where it pleases. That is perfectly true, but to make such a penetration on a large sector in ending the war, we must have many times the troops that it would take to make the initial hole, to widen it and to deepen it, and to make it secure enough to bring a decision.

Germans Being Worn Down.

Now the German effective strength is being worn down by constantly repeated allied attacks all along the front. Of course, during the Winter months, when fighting eases off, both sides will replenish their combat forces as best possible.

The German high command will have perhaps 600,000 recruits for that purpose, while the allied high command will have 2,000,000 or more Americans, in addition to recruits. Who can doubt the relative ability of the two sides when they face each other next Spring?

I repeat that it is the belief of the American Army that six months after next Spring's effort starts the Germans may be defeated.

While the German is still a formidable foe, those in our army who have the best information say he has shot his bolt. The allied task in March was to hold the Germans until cold weather hampered active military operations. That task has been so well done that the enemy not only is held, but is on the defensive everywhere on the western front. Having completed this year's task at least two, or perhaps three, months before the fighting season is over, the allied command is now carrying out a plan to weaken the enemy as much as practicable, so that he will be able to oppose that much less resistance to the allied victory drive of 1919.

French Spirit Unbroken.

I find that the idea that the war will continue at least another year has spread among the French people, and the condition has been completely accepted. This does not mean at all that they will not hold fast if it takes longer.

At present they are resigned to another year of war; if it takes longer, they will resign themselves to as much time as is necessary, for no

Continued on Page Two.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.
The Greenbrier, European plan. The White American plan. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. office, The Plaza.—Advt.

Strike of 14,000 Ties Up London Omnibus Lines

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Fourteen thousand omnibus and street car employes were on strike in London today. No omnibuses were operating in the metropolitan area. Several privately owned street car services and a number of suburban municipal services were suspended.

In the afternoon the strike spread to one of London's subways, sixty girl attendants at one station walking out. They declared their intention to induce other women to strike.

Although the strike order affected a large number of motormen and conductors of the London County Council Street Car Service, which covers the principal industrial districts, reports indicated that many of the men responded to the request of the Executive Committee not to strike and the service was said to have not been affected.

Although the Transport Workers Federation has not declared a national strike, reports were received this afternoon by the local union officials indicating that the street car and omnibus employes at Bristol, Brighton, Folkestone, and other towns had stopped work.

NEXT YEAR TO END WAR, SAYS MARCH

New Draft Will Put Victorious American Army Abroad, He Believes.

TO CALL BOYS OF 18 LAST

Senate Gets a Quorum and Prepares to Rush Man Power Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—With 4,000,000 American soldiers fighting on the western front next year, embracing divisions to be obtained by increasing the draft ages, the war can be won in 1919, asserted General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, testifying today before the House Military Affairs Committee on the Administration's new Man-Power bill.

In making this statement, at the conclusion of his review of the situation facing the warring nations, General March said that, while it was the intention of the Government to delay taking boys of 18 and 19 as long as possible, the country should not have any false idea as to the purpose of the military authorities to increase the army to ninety-eight divisions as speedily as possible and have eighty divisions overseas by the end of next June. He said that, as it would be necessary to give the men who would come under the next draft at least from four to six months' training here, the youths between 18 and 19 would be inducted into active service almost at the same time as those of more mature ages.

In defining the war policies of the allied powers, General March said that the war would be won or lost on the western front. He stressed the point that it was imperative to have an army of ninety-eight divisions by June 30 next and transport the number necessary to increase our overseas force to eighty divisions.

The efforts of the allied powers and the United States, General March said, would be confined to actual fighting on the western front, where the war would be won or lost, without taking into consideration conditions in Russia.

Shall Need All Men From 18 to 45.

General March defined some of the policies of the War Department in connection with the new Draft bill.

"No nation has men in the army of an age lower than 18, except, perhaps, Germany," said General March. "The age limit in most countries is 50 years. As a principle I would say that the maximum is 50 and the minimum 18, while we have found that Germany had some as young as 16 years.

"By June 30, 1919, we shall need all the men from 18 to 45. We must not conclude that the men between 18 and 19 are going to be deferred any length of time. No committee ought to make a law which prevents the War Department from going into the 18 and 19 class when necessary."

General March said that the strength of the army on Aug. 1 last was 3,012,312, divided as follows: American Expeditionary Force, exclusive of Marines, 1,301,742; in the United States and the insular possessions, 1,432,706; August draft, 277,864.

"Will you be able to supply this vast army to be placed in France by June next?" General March was asked.

"We have had a most satisfactory report from Mr. Stettinius and General Pershing, showing that the harbor facilities in France are now in good shape," said the Chief of Staff. "There is no fear from that source, and what we want is ships. We have the assurance that American shipping will be able to take care of all the transportation by next April."

"Do you think that the number of men we are asked to supply you with in this bill, together with those now in

Continued on Page Six.

OISE DRIVE SURPRISES FOE

Artillery Preparation Is Brief and Gives Little Warning.

GERMAN DEFENSE FEEBLE

Ludendorff's Plan of Scattered Outposts Failed in the Absence of Shock Troops.

OUR VICTORY IN VOSGES

Americans Took Frapelle with the Bayonet—A Step on Road to Strasburg.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Aug. 19.—The successes of General Mangin's army yesterday and Saturday, though on a minor scale, demonstrate once more the fundamental danger of the German system of the formation of shock divisions at the expense of the rest of the army. Although the Germans were holding strong positions on the plateau between the Aisne and the Oise, the French effected a mile and a half advance on a ten-mile front and gathered a total of 2,500 prisoners, with losses so small as to be negligible.

The enemy divisions were good average holding troops whose weakness against similar attacks by the Franco-Americans had already been shown in similar operations preceding the Marne counter-offensive.

Ludendorff's new depth defense, adopted from the French and described fully in a recent dispatch, developed a fatal flaw when intrusted to other than shock troops of proved quality.

The scattered groups holding the outpost zone surrendered tamely at the first onslaught instead of holding up their assailants to permit a counterstroke by the supports further back, with the result that the French had already penetrated the combat zone and reached all their objectives before even the German artillery could react.

Yesterday's action began at 4 P. M. after a short, but very violent, artillery preparation. Similar bursts of shelling had been carried out by the French for the past few days, so that the infantry assault took the foe largely by surprise.

Four German divisions were holding the front from the region of Audignicourt to Rosette Hill, which dominates the Carlepont Plain.

Independently of subsequent operations there is immediate value in a firmer foothold on the plateau. The advance brings the important road from Amiens through Roye and Noyon to Blerancourt under the fire of the French field guns and—what is still more important—increases the efficacy of the heavy gunfire against the Laon-La Fère-Chauny-Noyon railroad, a few miles to the north, which is one of the most vital German arteries.

Two weak counterattacks, finally launched this morning at 3:30 near Fouraverre and east of the Tracy-Carlepont Road, were easily repelled, and the enemy did not attempt further reaction, although the latest reports announce a very violent cannonade on Mangin's whole front.

Wrests 12 Square Miles from Foe.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—The French advance last night in the angle of the Oise and the Aisne proved brilliantly successful and resulted in a dozen square miles of invaded territory being wrested from the enemy's grip, together with 1,700 prisoners.

This was no question of ground be-

Continued on Page Two.

MANHATTAN BEACH AUCTION.
Sale of 400 Improved Lots & 5 Houses, Saturday, Aug. 31st. Send for Bookmap. Joseph P. Day, Auct'r, 85 Nassau St.—Advt.

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

French

PARIS, Aug. 19.

Night Report—Between the Matz and the Oise we continued to make progress during the day. Our troops, in spite of stubborn resistance by the enemy, have captured Fresnières and reached the western outskirts of Lassigny.

Further south we have succeeded in debouching from the Thiescourt Wood.

On our right we have conquered Pimprez and advanced up to the southern outskirts of Dreslincourt.

To the north of the Aisne, completing our success between Carlepont and Fontenoy, we have captured the village of Morsain.

The number of prisoners captured in this region since yesterday has reached 2,200.

Aviation.—On the 18th three German airplanes were brought down and one captive balloon was sent down in flames. On the night of the 18th-19th our bombing squadrons dropped eight tons of bombs on bivouacs in the region of Berry-au-Bac and Guignicourt, and the railway stations of Mezières and Chapelet-sur-Rétourne.

Day Report — During the night there were violent artillery actions north and south of the Avre.

The number of prisoners counted in the region west of Roye yesterday exceeds 400.

Last evening at 6 o'clock French troops attacked to rectify their front between the Oise and the Aisne. The attack was over a front of about fifteen kilometers (about 9¼ miles) from south of Carlepont to Fontenoy. We have realized an advance over the whole line to an average of two kilometers (1¼ miles) approximately.

We have occupied the plateau west of Nampcel, reached the south edge of the ravine at Audignicourt and captured Nouvron-Vingre. Seventeen hundred prisoners, including two battalion commanders, were captured.

The night was calm on the rest of the front.

British

LONDON, Aug. 19.

Night Report — The enemy this morning strongly attacked on a front of a mile against our positions between Lihons and Herleville. He succeeded in penetrating our line at two points, but was immediately driven out by our counterattack, and the situation was completely restored. Many casualties were inflicted on the enemy and a few prisoners were captured.

Our advance has continued in the Merville sector (Lys salient.) Considerable progress has been made on a front of 10,000 yards. We reached the line of road running through Merville from Paradis to Les Puresbecques and have entered Merville.

There was sharp fighting at different points in the course of our advance and a number of prisoners and machine guns were captured.

The total prisoners captured yesterday in the neighborhood of Outtersteene was 676, including eighteen officers. The machine guns and trench mortars captured by us have not yet been counted.

Day Report—We secured a few prisoners last night in the Ayette sector and also south of the Scarpe, where our patrols entered the enemy's trenches and penetrated some distance into his position.

North of the Scarpe a hostile raiding party was repulsed with losses.

During the night our troops made progress in the Merville sector, in spite of the opposition of hostile machine gunners. They captured between forty and fifty prisoners and a few machine guns.

Early in the night the enemy launched a counterattack against our new positions between Outtersteene and Meteren. The attack was completely broken up by our artillery and machine-gun fire.

The total number of prisoners captured in yesterday's successful operation in this sector is not yet available.

The hostile artillery has shown some activity south of the Somme and has been active southwest and north of Bailleul.

German

BERLIN, Aug. 19. (via London.)

Night Report — Enemy attacks west of Chaulnes and north of Roye failed.

Throughout the day there has been a vigorous battle between the Oise and the Aisne. French attacks made on a wide front broke down with heavy losses. Temporary artillery activity occurred on the sectors where fighting took place yesterday between the Oise and the Aisne.

Day Report—Southwest of Bailleul British attacks were launched between Meteren and Merris after very strong firing. They were repulsed in our front battlelines.

On both sides of the Lys there has been lively reconnoitring activity on the part of the enemy.

We pushed our lines forward in local engagements north of the Ancre and captured prisoners.

Between the Ancre and the Oise there have been violent artillery duels. In the early morning the enemy advanced several times in strong partial attacks.

South of the Somme an attack by Australian troops against Herleville broke down. Northwest of Roye we delivered successful thrusts. French attacks on both sides of the Amiens-Roye road were everywhere repulsed, sometimes by counterattack. Several tanks were shot to pieces, and some were put out of action by our infantry with hand grenades. In the same way immediately south of the Avre enemy assaults, several times renewed, broke down.

The enemy has penetrated into the western part of Beuvraignes. We withdrew the troops fighting there to the eastern edge of the village. Northwest of Lassigny we beat off enemy partial attacks and thrusts which several times were renewed. Our fire held down further attempts to attack.

Between the Oise and the Aisne a strong artillery duel began early in the afternoon. Toward evening the enemy, after the strongest increase of firing, attacked between Carlepont and southwest of Nouvron. Our front troops, in a bitter struggle which lasted many hours, held up the enemy's assault, which broke down everywhere before our battle positions.

On the Vesle there have been minor infantry engagements on both sides of Braisne, with reviving artillery duels.

Germans Attempt to Hide Air Loss But Paris Ridicules Their Figures

Foe Admits Only 129 Machines Lost in July, Though the French Alone Destroyed 293—First American Squadron Has Downed 59 Enemy Machines Since War Began.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—Paris is laughing this morning at the absurd figures of German airplane losses published in the Berlin communiqué of Aug. 12, which asserts that the total losses for July were 129 airplanes and 63 captive balloons. The real figures, as Paris knows them, show that out of 338 planes doing duty last month on the French front alone, the Germans lost 293. Nobody troubles to refer to the losses of "sausages," which undoubtedly have been similarly minimized.

What is known here in exact and indisputable figures is that since the beginning of January the Germans have lost 1,504 airplanes, as compared with 852 French machines brought down by them.

The text of captured German orders published here shows how anxious the enemy has become as to airplane losses. An order issued to the 183d German Infantry Regiment states flatly that, owing to the present feeble resources of the German Army in the department of aviation, it is absolutely useless for any regiments to continue the practice of sending in complaints of inefficient support afforded by the German air authorities against allied activity in the air. "The infantry," the order states, "must make even more use than in the past of its own arms, such as machine guns, &c., for defense against allied airplanes."

In the same order regiments are flatly forbidden to send in further requests for help from airplanes.

Another order promulgated by the commander of the German 1st Army complains pitifully of "extremely heavy" losses both in airplanes and pilots, remarking that the most celebrated and accomplished German pilots have been killed. Other sentences in captured orders show that the Germans are suffering daily from a slowing down in the production of machines, increased difficulties in developing new pilots and technicians, and the dire need for economizing the available resources.

All this shows that the Germans have arrived at the limit of effort they can make in the way of aerial warfare. At present, according to data published here, the utmost strength of the German air forces on the western front numbers between 2,500 and 2,700 machines. These consist of 200

Continued on Page Two.

FRENCH TAKE FOUR TOWNS

Capture 2,200 Germans —Close in on Lassigny from Three Sides.

HAIG GAINS ON 6-MILE FRONT

Considerable Loss Inflicted on the Foe—British Reported at Roye Station.

PROGRESS MADE ON VESLE

Americans and French Push Forward on North Bank— Bigger Guns Are Up.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Striking on two widely separated fronts, the British on the north in the Lys salient, and the French between the Aisne and Oise, the allied forces have made notable gains since.

Lassigny has also been more seriously threatened by the capture of Fresnières, [on the Roye highroad two and a half miles to the north,] the advance of the French to the western outskirts of the town and the debauching of Foch's troops from the Thiescourt woods, all of which are now in the possession of the French.

These operations against Lassigny are linked up with the attack launched by the French last night and continued today on a front of approximately fifteen miles east of Ribécourt and across the Oise to Fontenoy, six miles west of Soissons.

On the right of this Aisne-Oise attack they captured the village of Pimprez, on the west bank of the Oise, on the Noyon-Compiègne road, and advanced northward, about two miles, to the southern edge of Dreslincourt. Similar gains were made along the rest of the line of attack, the plateau west of Nampcel and the village of Nouvron-Vingre and Morsain having been carried by storm.

The night report of the French War Office puts the number of prisoners captured in this region since yesterday at 2,200, among whom are two battalion commanders.

Haig's advance in the Lys salient was on a front of nearly five and three-quarter miles. It carried his line to the town of Merville, which the British have entered, and to the north-and-south road through the town from a point at Les Purebecques on the north to Paradis on the south.

The Germans suffered many casualties in the fighting for this ground, and a few prisoners were taken. The number of those taken yesterday when Outtersteene was captured was 676.

On the British part of the Somme front the Germans this morning attacked in force on a mile front near Lihons [west of Chaulnes] and penetrated the British line at two points; but a counterattack immediately expelled them.

An unofficial dispatch received this evening reports the capture of the railway station at Roye by British troops.

May Make Soissons Safer.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—From the positions captured by the French north of the Aisne River the Allies now threaten the German batteries of big guns at Chavigny and Juvigny, north of Soissons. These guns have been able to command the City of Soissons and keep the whole region near that place under fire. It is possible that the enemy will be forced to abandon these positions, thus freeing Soissons from heavy bombardment.

Another great advantage resulting from the French success is the occupation of the edge of Audignicourt Ravine and the plateau west of Nampcel. At these points the Allies have excellent position for observa-

tion over the rear of the enemy's lines.

French Command the Oise Valley.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—In brilliant local operations, carried out by General Mangin's troops from the Oise River from near Ribécourt southeastward to Morsain, northwest of Soissons, Saturday and Sunday, important positions were wrested from the Germans, who left 2,200 prisoners in the hands of the French.

General Mangin now holds the line running from Morsain along the southern edge of the ravine of Audignicourt to Rosette Heights, dominating the plain of Carlepont, and thence on to Rimprez, across the Oise.

This success gives the French command of the valley of the Oise as far as Mont Renaud.

With these routes commanded by General Mangin's artillery, the only free route for exit from the region of Noyon and Lassigny is the narrow-gauge line running north to Ham, by way of Guiscard, and the high road running in the same direction. Unless the German General von Hutier is able to stop Mangin's advance, he will have only this narrow outlet for his troops and material, as the triangle between the Noyon-Chauny road and the road from Noyon to Guiscard, while a good position for defense, is not favorable for an intense movement of troops and transport.

They consequently are fighting desperately to hold their present lines while seeking a chance to shake off the grip of the Allies, break contact with them and slip away.

The results of yesterday's operations, while not spectacular, were entirely satisfactory to the French, overcoming the resistance of the Germans in the region of Lassigny and pressing on toward Plessis.

The French Army continues to close in upon both Roye and Lassigny. The stubborn resistance of the enemy has slowed up but thus far has ben unable to stop the progress of General Debeney's men.

By sticking to Lassigny the Germans are taking a big chance against the possibility of a further advance by Field Marshal Haig's troops north of the Avre. The menace to Chaulnes has been further increased by the latest advance of the British, and the fall of that town will put Roye and Lassigny in a pocket which it will be far more difficult to empty than the pocket at Montdidier, since General Mangin's troops northwest of Soissons are advancing to the plateau west of Nampcel and are within shelling distance of the only railroad and the only good highroad from Noyon eastward to Chauny.

The capture of the village of Frapelle by American troops is an interesting development of recent operations, bringing attention back to the Vosges front, which had been dormant for a long time.

The soldiers under command of Duke Albrecht of Württemberg complain that the Americans have started the war all over again on the "quiet" sectors of the front in Alsace-Lorraine.

Germans Taken by Surprise.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Aug. 19, (Reuter.)—The battle has now extended to both banks of the Oise, and the enemy, hitherto fronting on the west, is now menaced on his southern flank. General Mangin's whole objective has been attained along the entire front of ten miles. The enemy, although he seems to have been aware of the coming attack, has again miscalculated the date, and was, in effect, taken by surprise on a weakly held front, the German commanders apparently having no reserves within call.

Germans Surrender Readily.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—In response to pressure, applied first at one and then at another part of the line, the Germans opposite the British on several portions of the front continue to give ground.

The German troops which have been encountered in the last few days, especially during the operations of last night, in which Outtersteene Ridge was captured and consolidated, seem to have lost greatly in fighting efficiency. Of nearly 700 captured during the Outtersteene operation, many surrendered tamely, after securing their rations and personal belongings.

The operations of last night astride the Scarpe River may serve as an indication of the Germans' intentions. The old Hindenburg line crossed the river here at an angle, so that, compared with the present line, which here runs nearly north and south, the direction of the ground south of the Scarpe is deeper than that north of the river. In other words, the old Hindenburg line is closer to the present line north of the Scarpe than south of it. British patrols operating north of the river have met with stiff opposition, but south of the river patrols have managed to penetrate for some distance.

On the new Somme front the Germans overlook no opportunity to fight rearguard actions. They appear ready to retire, but apparently want to ge pushed a little, because in the pushing operations they may get an opportunity to do deadly work with machine guns.

At the same time, the Germans apparently do not want to fall back farther than is necessary before the completion of the operations around Roye. There are no signs of further counter-attacks at this time.

Some forty divisions have been identified as having been engaged in the recent operations. Of these, twenty-seven have been used against the British and many of them are believed to have been exhausted.

Shortage of German Horses.

That General Ludendorff is displaying anxiety regarding a possible shortage of horses for the German Army is indicated in a secret order just captured. This order cautions all commanders not to expend their horses, as "they cannot be replaced. The men must understand that this is necessary in order to continue the war until victory is reached." It has been ascertained that 900 remounts recently received by one German formation were horses taken from officers.

The Germans have started using parachutes to permit their aviators to escape from doomed airplanes as observers escape from sausage balloons. A British pilot reports having seen a German pilot jump from a flaming airplane with a parachute and apparently escape death.

Two remarkable stories of air fighting came to light today. One relates that a British pilot dropped a bomb on an enemy machine in the air. The missile broke off a wing of the German machine and then exploded on the ground. In the other fight the observer of a two-seater machine climbed out on the wing and stopped with his glove a puncture made in the gasoline tank by an anti-aircraft gun. The machine side-slipped during the operation, but the observer remained out on the wing until the ground was almost reached. Then he climbed back into the machine, which landed safely.

Fiction in German Reports.

In connection with operations on the Somme front, it is worthy of mention that yesterday's German official statement, in which it was said that General von Boehn's group of armies had beaten off attacks with tanks in front of Roye, was a pure romance, as there was no such attack. The rest of the official statement from Berlin, referring to other attacks breaking down under German fire, was equally false.

Every assault made upon the German lines in this section has been successful, and the resistance offered by the enemy has been principally from isolated posts.

AMERICANS ADVANCE LINE NORTH OF VESLE

Infantry Moves Ahead Without Encountering Foe — Bigger Guns Now in Action.

THE VESLE FRONT, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—The Americans and French increased their grip on their holdings north of the Vesle River at several points early Monday morning by slight infantry advances. The manoeuvres were carried out without encountering any Germans. West of Bazoches the Germans sent out patrols, but these were pushed back by the Americans.

The French and Americans on Sunday began operating the biggest guns they have used since they reached the Vesle. These heavy guns are blazing away at the Aisne River region and beyond it, where aerial observers have reported that the Germans are concentrating supplies.

The Times Special Cable Dispatches from the Battlefront

OUR MEN EXPECT 1919 VICTORY DRIVE

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

longer is the final outcome doubted.

Certainly no one doubts that the British will hold on, and as for the Americans—they are only beginning.

It is felt that there will be poor soil in the lands of the Allies for pacifist seed in the next year. Certainly there is no field in the Entente armies, and, because it is freshest, there is the least of all in the American Army.

Then the answer of our army as to when the war will end is that it probably will be over by September of next year. If it takes longer to whip the enemy, why, so much more complete the job will be.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 18.—About the Fourth of July Ludendorff had it all worked out what would happen to the allied forces if they made a bold attack on the German lines. In a long general order dated July 6 he outlined the great scheme of defensive tactics, and wound up by saying:

"It could only be to our benefit if the Entente should attack."

While with a good many of his soldiers this is now the case, Herr Ludendorff and his imperial master forgot the benefits which have been wished for by the Allies for their own enjoyment, benefits which have been reaped and those which are still to come.

Ludendorff's order seems predicated upon the principle that the best way for the German infantry to beat the allied infantry was to get out of the way and let the artillery do it. His secret order began by calling attention to the large number of Germans captured in recent attacks, which included the performances of the Americans in the region of Château-Thierry. The order said that this showed the German front lines were too strongly held, and that a more elastic front should be used, keeping the main line of resistance from 500 to 1,000 meters back. Then it outlined a system of outposts to be sacrificed to engage the enemy until "annihilating" artillery fire fell on the field of combat. The order does not specify what was to happen to the Hun fighters in the zone of combat.

Ludendorff then tells the army there is no need to bother about allied attacks in force, because the soldiers were altogether lacking for such efforts. Nevertheless, he tells in these words what to do in such an eventuality:

"In case of attack methodically prepared by artillery fire, we should just as methodically renounce the intention of fighting to keep hold of an advance zone. It is much better to evacuate it. It will, perhaps, be necessary later to determine upon a new line of resistance if we do not succeed by our annihilating fire in preventing the enemy establishing himself in the advance zone. We will lose some ground, it is true, but the fear that the troops of the Entente may be able to cause us to fall back some kilometers is absolutely unjustifiable, because the Entente has at its disposal just as few men as we have for such attacks. It could only be to our benefit if the Entente should attack. The enemy generally attacks in dense lines. We could not wish a more propitious occasion to inflict losses upon him. The command and troops should be prepared for this and make the enemy suffer, avoiding at the same time losses on our side."

In conclusion, the order says: "If the manner in which the enemy attacks leaves any doubt as to whether the garrison of an advanced zone should retire or hold its ground, retirement shall be ordered. It is always better than to suffer losses in useless defense of this advanced zone."

OISE DRIVE SURPRISES FOE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ing voluntarily evacuated by the Germans and automatically occupied by the French. The latter attacked along a front nearly ten miles long, between Carlepont, which lies four and a half miles south of Noyon, in the angle between Ourscamp Wood and Carlepont Wood on the west and the village of Fontenoy, six miles west of Soissons, on the east.

The significance of the two-mile advance which was made all along the line becomes evident when it is realized that at the Carlepont end of the attack the advance which has been made brings appreciably nearer the envelopment of Noyon. What is much more important, it is a great protecting bastion to Mount Renaud from the eastern side of the Oise, and will enable the French to take still more under the enfilading fire of their heavy guns the enemy forces which are stubbornly defending Noyon, in front of the new positions at Ribecourt.

At the other end of the line yesterday the advance east of Soissons has been immensely improved by the capture of the Plateau of Nouvron, immediately north of Fontenoy. Fontenoy, which is on the bank of the Aisne, was the extreme left of the line from which Foch started his magnificently successful counteroffensive in July.

As a result of that victory the Allies secured bridgeheads on the north bank of the Aisne at Soissons and Pommiers, but have since been unable to dislodge the Germans on the adjacent henghts of Pasly and Cuffies.

The simple rectification of the front, described in this afternoon's communiqué, appears to be a decided step forward toward securing the great plateau above Pommiers, from which the heights of the Chemin des Dames may ultimately be turned.

With the Nouvron heights in allied hands, the position of the Germans in clinging to the hills north of the river in front of Soissons must speedily become difficult, and their retreat toward the Chemin des Dames may be anticipated. The further capture by the French of the important plateau west of Neampcel gives them a very valuable view, and places in their hands excellent supporting points for future operations.

The advance made yesterday is extremely valuable because of the favorable influence it must have not only on the operations against Roye, Lassigny, and Noyon, but especially on the efforts against the Crown Prince's troops, still resisting on the Vesle front. Every foot the Allies continue to advance on the line whence yesterday's attack started means greater possibility of being able to attack the German positions on the Vesle from their rear. Yesterday's advance, therefore, brought much nearer the probability that the Germans on the Vesle will soon have to choose between continuing their retreat to the Chemin des Dames positions or being caught on an exposed right flank.

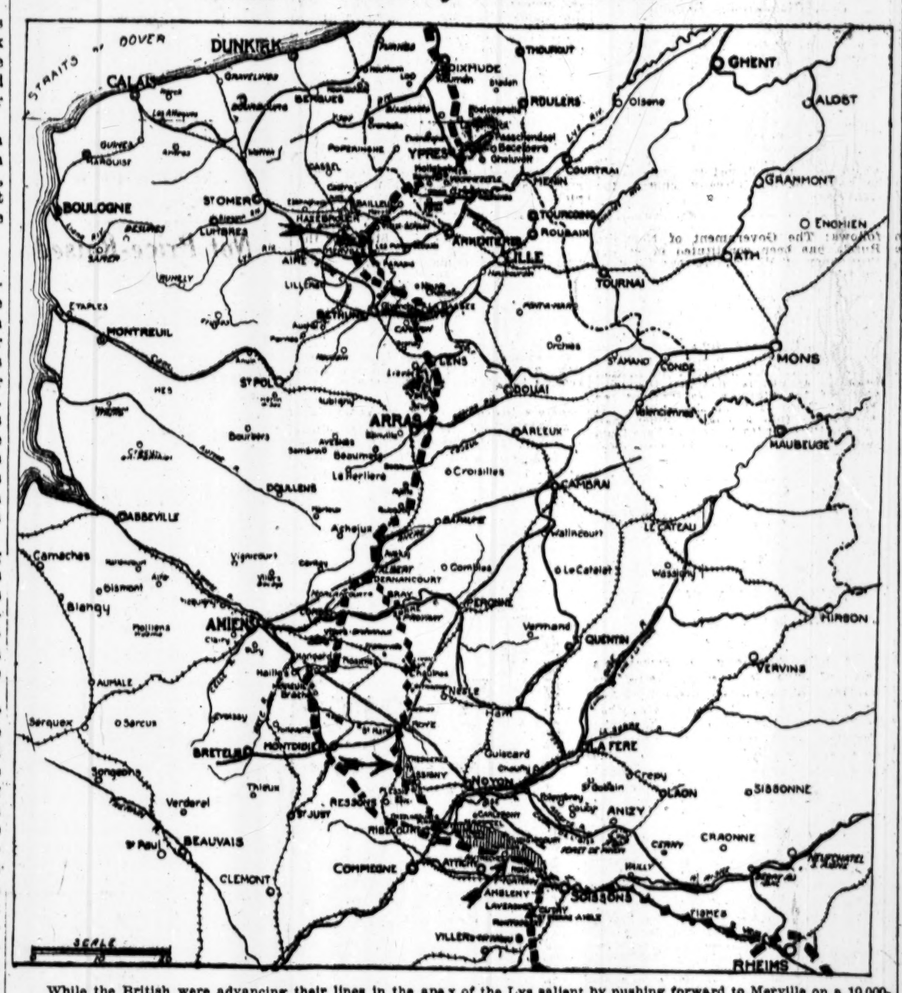
American Dash at Frapelle.

The brilliant work of the American troops on Saturday in low ground bordering the little River Fave, east of St. Dié, in the Vosges, has securely, perhaps, received the attention it deserves. It may be taken for granted that the affair must have been pretty serious for the enemy, otherwise Ludendorff would not have allowed himself in an official report to state that the German advanced posts had "yielded to an enemy local thrust."

What Ludendorff omitted to add was that very few of the defenders of these advanced posts succeeded in falling back, as nearly the whole lot were killed or made prisoners. The American attack, according to accounts which reached here today, was carried out with extraordinary dash. Charging with the bayonet on the village of Frapelle from two sides, the Americans carried the machine-gun nests with a single rush, cleaning out the trenches and shelters with grenades as they went. The German garrison was practically wiped out.

There is nothing so far to indicate whether Saturday's affair may be regarded as the precursor of other operations on that part of the front, which has been for many months regarded by both sides as exceptionally quiet. Frapelle, however, is the first stage on the very important road from St. Dié to Strasburg, via the Col de Saales. It lies in a river bottom, between five and six miles from the Col de Saales, from the crest of which the run down into Alsace is rapid and easy.

Scene of Yesterday's Allied Successes



While the British were advancing their lines in the apex of the Lys salient by pushing forward to Merville on a 10,000-yard front, the French in their operations of Sunday night and yesterday scored important successes about Lassigny (which by the capture of the outlying village of Frenières, the approach of the French to its western outskirts and their possession of the whole of the Thiescourt Wood to the south has been placed in imminent peril) and on a fifteen-mile stretch east and southeast, along which they made substantial gains, capturing the villages of Pimprez, Nouvron-Vingre and Morsain and commanding ground in this region north of the Aisne.

The gains are represented by the shaded areas on the map, and further distinguished by arrows indicating the general direction of the thrusts.

AMERICAN CITED BY FRENCH.

Lieut. Urband Continued Air Patrol After Downing German.

ITHACA, N. Y., Aug. 19.—First Lieutenant Edward M. Urband of this city, serving with Escadrille 283 of the French Flying Corps, has been cited by his commander for his victory over two German airplanes, in which he sent one to the ground in flames and put the other to flight, according to a letter from Lieutenant Urband received by his parents here tonight.

The citation characterizes him as "full of dash and audacity," and says that after defeating the two enemy planes while on reconnoissance duty, he continued his mission, although his plane was riddled with bullets."

Lieutenant Urband is a graduate of Cornell University and has been in the French service since December, 1917.

PAVE WAY FOR BIG RETREAT.

German Papers Assure Public That Retirement Is Necessary.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—The German press is attempting to reassure its public that a general retreat is necessary on the western front to allow General Ludendorff room to manoeuvre and to assume the initiative on a vast scale.

A German retreat, the newspapers say, would be a direct result of the recent allied successes. The newspapers assert that even if the Germans receive reinforcements from Austria they have lost the power to command events, as Marshal Foch has the initiative and will keep it.

German propaganda insists that the German General Staff will retain the initiative by forcing premature engagements on the American Army and thus wearing it out before it is fully prepared. L'Homme Libre says that the American forces taking part in the Picardy offensive could not be compared in size with those of the French and British. It says that America will soon have a first-class army in France, and that it will have airplanes which the German aviators will have reason to fear.

Cleveland's Son to be Officer.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—Richard F. Cleveland, son of former President Cleveland, has completed preliminary training here and left the Boston Navy Yard today for Quantico, Va., to enter the officers' training school connected with the Marine Corps.

JUNKERS FEARFUL OF RISING

Form a League to Protect Their Domination After the War.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 8, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—The "Imperial League for Combating Social Democracy" has issued a manifesto foreshadowing serious wage troubles in Germany after the war, dissolution of the Reichstag and the collapse of the middle classes. It warns against a rising of the proletariat and asks for funds to strengthen "the defensive war against social Democratic aggression."

The Socialist Vorwärts of Berlin says that the appeal "opportunely reminds us that after the war the second decisive battle for Germany's future begins." It urgently exhorts all workers to prepare to "fight Maximonism, so that at the end of the war we are not overpowered by the unendurable domination of capitalism."

The paper points out that the signers of the manifesto are rich land owners and industrial magnates.

Troops in France Get White Bread.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The American army in France is amply supplied with bread made of all-wheat flour, the War Department announced today, and the daily ration of eighteen ounces of flour for soft bread is so over-abundant that a reduction to sixteen ounces a day is now under consideration. Soldiers while in the United States consume Victory bread with the prescribed amount of substitutes for wheat flour. Not until they get to France are they allowed all-wheat bread. Field bakers must work swiftly and cannot afford to experiment with new flour mixtures.

GERMANS ATTEMPT TO HIDE AIR LOSS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

bombarding machines, 250 for maintaining liaison with the infantry, 1,100 fighting machines, and 1,100 for reconnoissance work and regulating artillery fire.

The losses of the Germans, according to figures established here, involve a renewal of about three-quarters of their total air strength every month, as the allied aviators and anti-aircraft guns bring down an average of about 900 enemy airplanes monthly. About the same number of airplanes, according to the admission of the Germans themselves, are lost every month from other causes, such as accidents in landing, destruction in airdromes, and ordinary wear and tear. This means that the enemy must replace losses with 1,800 machines a month, or sixty every day. The figures explain eloquently the pleadings of German commanders in various orders that "all missions which are not of the first importance from a fighting point of view should be abandoned."

Allied supremacy in the air is already an indisputable factor in the situation. France is consequently looking forward with the most glowing hopes to the time when the long-expected American intensified production of airplanes and motors begins to manifest itself.

All expert opinion agrees that the day which sees the beginning of the American deliveries at even the modest rate of 1,000 machines a month will mark beyond all question the commencement of the final disaster to German militarism, which surely will bring the war to an end.

Exploits of Our Pursuit Squadron.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—Statistics covering the activities of the first American pursuit group of aviators up to Aug. 1, comprising only four of the American squadrons now in operation, show in a striking way the strides made by American aviators since the United States entered the war.

The figures show that no less than fifty-eight aviators are officially credited with downing anywhere from one to five planes. Seventeen machines are credited to the late Raoul Lufbery.

In actual numbers the German machines downed total fifty-nine, exclusive of those of Lufbery, but they are divided officially among nearly twice that number of men because on numerous occasions several fliers participated in a battle.

The aviators with five victories each are: Lieutenants Campbell, Rickenbacher, O'Neill. Those with four each are: Captain Peterson, Lieutenant Meissner. Those with three each are: Lieutenant Mitchel, O. P. Porter, Simonds, Jones and Healy. Fourteen others have two victories each, and thirty-two more, including the late Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt, are credited with one each.

These figures do not include the records of other squadrons, which have been even more successful.

British Down Six Machines.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The official communication dealing with aerial activities, issued tonight, says:

Low clouds and a high wind restricted work in the air on Aug. 18. Enemy aircraft were not active. We brought down six hostile machines and shot down a German balloon in flames. One of our airplanes is missing.

Sixteen tons of bombs were dropped by us during the day and the following night on different targets.

Naval Committee Reaches Rome.

ROME, Aug. 18.—The Naval Affairs Committee of the United States House of Representatives, headed by Lemuel P. Padgett, has arrived here. The members of the committee were welcomed by the Marquis Borsarelli, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, and Admiral Oresio in the name of the Minister of the Navy, and by Peter A. Jay, Secretary of the American Embassy, with the Embassy staff.

Will Buy
USED
PACKARD
Twin-Sixes
of the
2ND and 3RD
SERIES
Used Car Department
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO.
OF NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT 61st STREET
TELEPHONE, Columbus 8900

GENOA WELCOMED OUR MEN.

Enthusiastic Reception to First Troops Landed in Italy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The reception accorded the first contingent of American troops to land in Italy was enthusiastic and cordial. The American Consul General at Genoa has informed the State Department that Il Corriere Mercantile, a newspaper of Genoa, published June 27, the date of the arrival of the Americans, an enthusiastic number praising highly the soldiers of the United States and declared that with their aid triumph would ultimately reward the efforts of the Allies.

Manifestoes were issued by the Mayor of Genoa and the Federated Works of Assistance and Propaganda calling upon the people to welcome the troops from America to the home of Columbus. General Garioni, commander of the army corps, and Admiral Cagni, with the other officers of the garrison at Genoa, went on board the transport and welcomed the officers and troops from America.

"Upon the soil of Italy, together with ours," said Mayor Massone in his manifesto, "the banner of the great Republic will wave proudly, and the love of the two peoples, already bound together by one and the same ideals, united in one and the same sacrifice, shall have in glory its solemn consecration."

The Corriere Mercantile observed that "a cause which, by force of its ideals, has succeeded in drawing to itself the aid of so great a people cannot fail to triumph."

FEARS APPEALS TO GERMANS

Reventlow Warns of Inciting the "Incompetent Masses."

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 19.—Count Ernst zu Reventlow, chief editorial writer of the Tages Zeitung of Berlin, recommends an "effective counteroffensive" against the extension of the propaganda contained in "masses of pamphlets spread over Germany, aiming at the confusion, excitement, and incitement of the incompetent masses."

Reventlow mentions a pamphlet entitled "The Happiness of the Future—a Peace League of Nations," and another containing articles one of which praises the revelations of Prince Lichnowsky, while a third reproduces the letter from Dr. Wilhelm Mühlon, former director of Krupps, to former Imperial Chancellor Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg.

CONCESSIONS TO DOMINIONS

England Grants Right to Send Ministers to War Council.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The Government announces that it has been decided to grant each Dominion the right to send a Minister to London as a member of the Imperial War Cabinet at meetings other than those attended by the Prime Ministers. India also will be represented at these meetings.

To the Prime Ministers of the Dominions has been given the privilege of communicating direct with the British Prime Minister instead of through the Governor General or Colonial Secretary as at present. This is looked upon as a step toward giving the Dominions a greater voice in the war and in simplifying communications.

Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., L. I. City, N.Y.
William Higginson, Architect.
"Turner for Concrete"
Turner operates like a railroad. Every step definitely scheduled and lived up to. Ask these concerns:
National Biscuit Co.
Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co.
Ford Motor Company
Colgate & Company
Royal Baking Powder Co.
—and scores of others we'll tell you about if you ask.
TURNER Construction Co

AEOLIAN HALL
A FEW exceptionally desirable offices to let from October 1st.
ELLEN & JEFFERY
Agents for Aeolian Hall
Telephone, Vanderbilt 897

RECTOR'S
Supreme Table d'Hote Dinner $1.50
Every Ev'g in the Futurist Ball Room
BROADWAY AT 48 ST.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw
Also expert services in general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful.
Frederick N. Whitley, Inc. Engineers and Contractors 117 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

THE WAR UNDERGROUND.

Pictures in the current Mid-Week Pictorial show tunnels and underground communication trenches which are used in the course of fighting on the western front. This illustrated war weekly presents interesting scenes of the fighting in the air, on water, and on land. Issued every Thursday. Published by The New York Times Company. At news stands—10 cents a copy—$3.00 a year.—Advt.

Pledge to buy W. S. S. regularly

FLOUR
In the year 1626 Peter Minuit bought Manhattan Island for $24. In that year there was built here what is generally believed to have been the first power grist mill in America. Now America is feeding the Allies. The development has not come without a struggle and skillful financing. Changing centers of production, multiplied problems of transportation, frequent discarding of old machinery for new—all have helped to make wise financing a cornerstone of each development.

Getting ready money for spot cash buying

Important price concessions for spot cash sometimes make ready money highly desirable.

If your bank understands the importance, in your line, of seizing such price opportunities, it can act promptly upon your application for funds.

Close working association with its depositors promotes a bank's understanding of the depositors' needs. The Mercantile aims to maintain such an association between its officers and depositors.

MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT CO.
115 BROADWAY
(Member Federal Reserve System)

AUSTRIANS PREPARE TO MAKE NEW DRIVE

Reorganization of High Command Preparatory to Offensive Operations.

THE KAISERS DECREED IT

Artillery Actions on the Italian Front Repulsed with Loss in Prisoners and Material.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Advices received from Rome today indicate that the Austrian high command is reorganizing the Austrian front preparatory to resuming offensive operations, which may be expected at any time. The conferences of the two Kaisers, the recent closing of the Swiss frontier, and the recent visit of Emperor Charles to the Italian front are, the advices stated, looked upon as indications of imminent Austro-Hungarian offensive movements.

The Italian Embassy today received this summary of operations on the Italian front:

"The enemy artillery concentrated fire of a disturbing character on Val Brenta and on the western slopes of the Montello. Against the island occupied by our troops on the Piave, south of the Grave, the artillery fire had a character of preparation and was followed immediately by infantry attacks, which were soon counterattacked and the enemy was repulsed. We captured twenty-one prisoners, arms, and material. Our big guns opened fire on the enemy's rear lines on Val Lagarin. There have been patrol encounters in the zone of Col del Rosso and on the Piave, west of Falze. Our airships bombed military objectives in Val Rendena, Val Sarca, and between the Tagliamento and the Piave. Three enemy airplanes were brought down.

"The enemy artillery has been more active along the Adige, from Brentonico to the Zugna, where several hundreds of gas shells were fired. In Val Concoi an enemy patrol was repulsed by our advanced posts, losing several men and leaving some prisoners in our hands. South of the Grave the enemy launched several unsuccessful counterattacks against the island recently occupied by our troops. Enemy aviation camps have been bombed by our Caproni squadrons. The general situation is unchanged."

Another Rome telegram stated that General Diaz returned this morning to the Italian General Headquarters in the field, after a brief stay in Rome, where he engaged in a series of interviews in which Premier Orlando and various members of the Cabinet participated.

ROME, Aug. 19.—The official statement from the War office today says:

On the whole front there have been artillery duels and considerable activity by reconnoitring patrols. East of Montello our patrols effectively harassed the enemy advanced lines.

An attempted enemy attack southwest of Grave di Papadopoli (Piave front) broke down under our fire.

VIENNA, Aug. 19, (via London.)—"In the Piave sector attempted enemy reconnoissances were frustrated," says the official statement from General Headquarters today.

The War Situation

By THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

For several days the French have been conducting operations on a more or less extended scale west of Soissons, between the Oise and the Aisne rivers. It was quite generally prophesied that such a move would be made as soon as the German defense along the Vesle stiffened to the point where it appeared improbable that further advances would be made. The reasoning behind this prophecy was accurate, but because it was the expected and obvious thing to do at the moment Foch did something else—he moved against the Montdidier salient.

The reason why the attack was expected to develop in the angle between the two rivers was largely because a success in this region would have a two-fold effect. It would flank the Aisne and therefore force a hasty retreat from the Vesle and even across the Aisne, and it would also flank the German positions along the big bend of the Oise and force an evacuation of the territory designated as "little Switzerland." An attack from the west was also considered, but because the distance to be traversed was so much greater than if the attack came in the east the consensus was that the territory east of the Oise would receive first attention.

The Germans evidently figured the same way and prepared for an attack in a quarter where Foch was expecting their defense. He, therefore, struck somewhere else and in an obviously unexpected quarter.

It has become bromidic but is none the less true, that we must be guided in our estimate of any situation not by how much territory can be retaken but by the prospects of doing damage to the maximum number of men. To have used his strength in the East, Foch could possibly have forced the abandonment of a greater amount of territory than he has done. This is conceivable if not necessarily true. But at no place along the line could he have done so much harm to Germany's military force as in just the place at which he struck. He is now preparing to do the same thing in a different way.

Between the French lines south of Lassigny and the apex of the angle between the Oise and the Aisne canal, there are a great many Germans holding the line against the French attacks. The present fighting is leveled essentially against them, and the possibilities of doing them considerable harm are exceedingly bright. A double pincers movement is now well under way. In the west, south of Roye, the French are pressing the situation desperately toward the east, driving the Germans back, step by step, upon the Oise river, between Noyons and Ribecourt. In the territory east of this line between the Oise and the Aisne, the Germans are being driven northward, toward the northern bank of the Oise and into the angle between the river and the Oise-Aisne canal.

Success on either front is fatal to the other, as in any event the country south of Noyon must be evacuated. If the Germans hold on a day too long, the number of prisoners would be great. In any event, however, whether or not the Germans are able to make good their retreat from this trap, they must leave their battle line in a very awkward shape. There will be, in fact, a right angle formed near the apex of which will be Roye, one leg running through Noyon along the northern bank of the Oise, while the other leg will run northward across the Somme and behind the Avre. Before this time is reached, however, the entire German line may recoil across the Somme.

The war will not be won by a single battle. Of that we may be sure. A campaign is made up of a series of battles, and the series will decide the issue. It is like a game of chess, the various moves being made for the purpose of creating a situation from which there is no escape. But the preliminary moves are just as important as the final move which produces a checkmate. These moves are what we are now witnessing.

So far Foch has not made a misstep. His moves have been carefully calculated and admirably timed. Each has produced a certain positive result. What the culmination of these steps is, what the general plan is which dictates these successive steps, is not yet apparent.

In the process of preparing the way Foch is carrying on a great work of destruction. The Germans are suffering heavily. It was shown yesterday that since the latter part of March the German loss has been nearly a million men at the least calculation. It is a combination of attrition and superior leadership, with the idea that when Foch is ready for the final stroke, into which all his power will be thrown, there will not be sufficient resistance to withstand it.

WOUNDED 100 TIMES.

Italian Hero Decorated by Five of the Allied Countries.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 19.—Brave among the brave is one of Sardinia's sturdy fighters, Antonio Mangoo, whose body is covered with scars of over 100 wounds. He is decorated with the Gold Medal of Valor, which is seldom given to any one alive; with three Silver Medals of Valor, has been made Knight of the Crown of Italy on the battlefield, decorated by Serbia, Belgium, England, and France, having been already decorated in the Tripoli war and the Messina earthquake.

He was taken prisoner by the Austrians, but after four months at Mauthausen he escaped and rejoined the army at the front. Two of his brothers have been killed in the present war.

Congressmen Arrive in Rome.

ROME, Aug. 19.—Members of the Naval Committee of the United States Congress visiting Allied countries arrived here Sunday noon. They were welcomed by Admiral Resio, in the name of the Minister of Marine.

Marseilles to Honor Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Approval by the French Government of the request of the Chamber of Commerce of Marseilles that the name of President Wilson be given to one of the bastions under construction there was announced today in an official dispatch.

JAPAN SEIZES RICE TO END FOOD RIOTS

Government to Place on the Market All Stocks Found in the Kingdom.

FIERCE REVOLTS CONTINUE

Stores and Houses Set on Fire in Kofu—Homes of Wealthy Burned Elsewhere.

TOKIO, Aug. 17, (Associated Press.)—An imperial ordinance, issued today, authorizes the Government to requisition all stocks of rice. The rice will be put on the market.

A mob of 4,000 persons attacked stores and set fire to many houses in the City of Kofu, capital of the Prefecture of Yamashina, according to an official statement issued today. Rioters, policemen, and a soldier were wounded. Twenty houses were destroyed and property damaged at Hiroshima. The text of the statement, which was issued at noon, says:

Tokio, Kobe, Osaka, and Nagoya were quiet last night, but in the Yamashina prefecture, in the City of Kofu, four thousand persons attacked stores and burned several houses. Three policemen, one soldier, and thirteen rioters were wounded.

At Hiroshima mobs destroyed twenty houses. Mobs also damaged property in the Gifu and Fukushima prefectures and in the suburbs of Shizuoka.

Unofficial advices received from the provinces tell of the residences of several millionaires being burned. These reports say that the home of Soichiro Asano, President of the Toyo Steamship Company, has been attacked and damaged.

The newspapers have been prohibited from printing reports of the progress of the riots, and the organization of proprietors and editors of newspapers has adopted a resolution, declaring that the prohibition is an arbitrary interference with the right of free speech, as granted by the Constitution. They demand a cancellation of the order. The Constitutional Party holds the order of the Government is harmful because it suppresses news of a social movement vitally affecting the people.

The Governor of Tokio in a manifesto urges the residents of the city to remain indoors during the night. The theatres and the stores and the leading thoroughfares of the city have been ordered closed as a precautionary measure.

BRAZIL FOR POLISH LIBERTY

Asked by Allies to State Her Position, Rio Janeiro Reports.

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 19.—Brazil has been invited by the Allies to outline her position on the restoration of independence to Poland as one of the conditions of peace.

Nilo Peçanha, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has stated that he would not consider any compromise on the part of the Allies on the question of Poland's freedom. Brazil has no choice of roads which may be followed in this matter, he says, having already chosen the right path.

GERMANS SOLD DRUGS TO DEBAUCH SOLDIERS

Federal Authorities Arrest Two in Boston—Plot Included Many Cantonments.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—A concerted attempt by German agents to supply soldiers in army cantonments with drugs has been discovered, Federal authorities here said tonight. Two men, Nathan Simalovitch and Jacob Schwanasky, were arrested at Brockton today, and more arrests are to follow, the authorities announced.

Reports by surgeons in widely separated army camps of use of drugs among soldiers caused investigation, in which a private at Camp Devens, formerly a detective, was employed.

Federal authorities said the drugs were sold at surprisingly low prices.

CONVERTED TO HOME RULE.

Sir James Campbell, Irish Chancellor, Renounces Former Views.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—In political circles quite a sensation has been caused by a declaration by Sir James H. M. Campbell, Lord Chancellor of Ireland, that he is in favor of "self-government for a united Ireland." This statement was made by him at a luncheon at Dublin on Saturday.

When Sir James was appointed Lord Chancellor in succession to Sir Ignatius John O'Brien last June it was believed that the action of the Government meant a complete reversal of its Irish policy. His speech, however, proves that he is a convert to home rule, according to Liberal commentators. Sir James is quoted as follows:

"From the day the war broke out I determined, regardless of my commitments in the past and the views of my old political colleagues, that I should endeavor to the best of my ability to bring about a solution, by consent, of the Irish problem, on the only lines which it seemed to me held any promise of success—I mean self-government for united Ireland."

ADMIT ALLIES' SUPERIORITY.

Austrian Documents Show Air Mastery on Italian Front.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Aug. 19, (Canadian Press.)—Two Austrian documents captured on the Austro-Italian battlefront show the extraordinary mastery the Entente Allies have obtained over the enemy in aerial warfare.

The first enjoins greater protection for the ammunition dumps and emplacements against aerial observation by more efficient camouflaging and less military order. The second document, which is from a Colonel commanding an artillery unit, seeks to explain the impossibility of systematic effective destruction of the Intente Allied artillery. This indicates that the allied guns, as well as aerial observation, are superior.

The Austrian officer complains of the inferiority of his batteries in number and power, and says the restriction in the supply of ammunition has rendered it impossible to comply with the infantry's request for better artillery protection.

Pau to Head Mission to Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—General Paul Gerald Pau, through the French Embassy at Washington, was appointed today as head of the French Mission to Australia, in succession to Albert Metin, who died in this city last week, members of the mission announced tonight.

24 Hours in a Novo Day

Nothing like having power that's dependable.

Novo Engines and Outfits deliver full-time service. And they're portable, economical, easy to operate.

75 types and sizes, for pumping, hoisting, air compressing and sawing. Gasoline or kerosene.

NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence B. Bement, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and Main Office, Lansing, Michigan
New York Office:
145 Chambers Street. Telephone Worth 1353

BAGGED BY CAPTAIN BIDDLE.

Pershing Names Aviator Who Downed Enemy Airplane in Lorraine

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Captain Charles J. Biddle of Andalusia, Penn., was the American aviator who brought down a German airplane in the Lorraine, mentioned in General Pershing's official communiqué, Aug. 17. Additional details are contained in Section B of the communiqué for that day, made public today, it follows:

"Section B—The following details of the aerial combat referred to in Section A have been reported in Lorraine:

"Captain Biddle brought down a Rumpler machine northwest of Bouxières-aux-Dames at 5:40 o'clock in the afternoon of Aug. 16. The observer was killed and the pilot wounded, but the machine landed intact."

Present Gift to Belgian Red Cross.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—The American people's gift in francs to the Belgian Red Cross was presented today through the American Red Cross to the Queen of the Belgians. The presentation was made by Lieut. Col. Ernest P. Bicknell Director General of Civilian Relief of the American Red Cross in Belgium.

Stein-Bloch Smart Suits Not Price-Raised

MEDIUM-WEIGHT 3-garment Suits in mighty good-looking patterns adapted to put on right off, or to put away for Autumn. Constantly mounting costs render these *emphatic values* at the old prices, $25 to $60.

Buy War Savings Stamps!

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

September and October the Months Delightful at

The Greenbrier
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
West Virginia

The finest resort Hotel in America.
Most perfectly appointed Bath Establishment for "the Cure."
Large indoor swimming pools.
English-like park of 7,000 acres with drives and mountain trails.
18-hole golf course constructed by F. J. Raynor under direction of Charles B. MacDonald, and a 9-hole course for less ambitious players.
Tennis courts of the most modern construction.
Casino for dancing, afternoon tea and evening entertainments.
Beautiful scenery found at its best in the picturesque Mountains.
Altitude 2,000 feet above sea level. Temperate days and cool nights.
Stable of selected saddle and driving horses.
One night out from New York.

New York Booking Office, Plaza Hotel.

FRENCH SHRINER & URNER
EXTRA QUALITY

FRENCH, SHRINER & URNER

Extra Quality

MEN'S SHOES

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices

AT ALL STORES

504 Fifth Ave.
131 West 42nd St.
153 Broadway.
1263 Broadway.
365 Broadway.
1775 Broadway.
367 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.
510 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

STORE YOUR HOUSEHOLD GOODS WITH

THE MANHATTAN STORAGE & WAREHOUSE CO

Lexington Ave. and 42nd Street.
Seventh Ave. and 52nd Street.

MISSION GARDEN TEA

For Sale by Grocers — 55c per Pound

THE ROLL OF HONOR.

Every week Mid-Week Pictorial presents 54 photographs of officers, noncoms, and privates who have laid down their lives for their country. This weekly contains 24 pages of fascinating war scenes, etched in rotogravure. Published by The New York Times Company. At news stands, 10 cents a copy—$5.00 a year.—Advt.

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no dangerous or deleterious substance.

REDS WEAKER WITH TROOPS IN RUSSIA

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

been overthrown by local insurrection.

From Viatka it is not very far through Perm to Ekaterinburg, which, according to the last reports, was in the hands of the Czechoslovaks. The prospects of the Allies getting into touch with the Czechoslovak line in the interior seem, therefore, to be very favorable. But it must be remembered that all military operations in the north, including the occupation of strategic points, the maintenance of communications, and the creation of a Russian force must be carried out with great energy before Winter comes on and before the Germans succeed in effecting counterstrokes.

In the Caucasus conditions are even now, as they always have been, much more distinctly to the advantage of the allied plans. The chief difficulties, however, will be not military but political.

The Bolsheviki are falling, though reports that Lenine and Trotzky have left Moscow seem hardly credible, and it is for many reasons highly improbable that they would take refuge in Kronstadt, but their fall will leave many complications, and the Allies will have to exercise great tact and caution in dealing with the new developments.

In the allied capitals the representatives of the various parties and groups are pushing their claims, and the British, and French, and American public, unversed as it is in the intricacies of Russian politics, may easily become bewildered and wearied by the multitude of conflicting counselors.

Task of the Allies.

The task of the Allies in Russia is clear. The work of the troops is to help Russia free herself from the Germans and to restore to her people liberty of action. We cannot and must not impose on Russia any particular political system, nor can we, while engaged in the work to which we have set our hand, allow ourselves to be entangled with any particular faction or permit anything we do to prejudice the free reconstruction of Russia.

For instance, we are being assured, and shall be assured, on the one hand that only a monarchy can save Russia, and on the other hand that the Russian people will have nothing but a republic. And in pleading with the Allies partisans of each theory will be tempted to urge that their opponents are tainted with pro-Germanism. But it would be a very great misfortune if the Allies were to allow the directness of their aim to be impaired by considerations of this kind.

They know that there are both Monarchists and Republicans who have been most stubbornly pro-Ally, and there are Monarchists and Republicans who in one way or another have displayed German sympathies. The issue as between a monarchy and a republic in Russia is not one on which the Allies can, ought, or are even likely to make a declaration, still less to take action.

And it would be dangerous to let the view become prevalent that we, in our military and economic action in Russia, are working for or against either one of these strong currents of feeling. It would be equally dangerous if the Allies were to let themselves be persuaded into imagining that one movement is necessarily pro-Ally and the other necessarily pro-German. Our only course is to be impartial in bulk and in detail.

According to the terms of the British proclamation, we have no intention of imposing any political system. Our concern is with Russia, and we shall achieve real political success if we can hold together all pro-Ally elements of whatever political coloring until the main task is accomplished.

CHINA SENDS TROOPS TO SIBERIAN BORDER

More Transports with American Soldiers from Manila Arrive at Vladivostok.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The Chinese Government has sent a large force of troops to the Siberian border to prevent a threatened invasion of Chinese territory by German and Hungarian prisoners of war who joined with the Red Guard and other elements of the Bolsheviki against the Czechoslovaks in the Trans-Baikal region.

The sending of the Chinese force was taken to mean that everything possible to extend relief to the Czechoslovaks was being done by the allied powers. The active participation of the Chinese Army on the Siberian border may have an important bearing on developments there within a few days, according to officials here.

That the large army of prisoners who were set free by the Bolsheviki, armed and equipped, and enlisted to fight against the Czechoslovaks, are menacing the Chinese border has been known for several days. If permitted to cross the border they would be able to manoeuvre to far better advantage. This, however, China has declared she will not permit, and if Chinese territory is violated a battle is promised, with all the advantages resting with the Chinese.

It was said today at the State Department that the American troops were to be governed by military necessities and were not bound by orders to any particular field of action. It is safe to assume that the troops of the British, French and other allied nations at Vladivostok have similarly elastic instructions.

PEKING, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—The movement of Japanese troops from Chang-Chun, on the Mukden-Harbin Railroad, to the Manchuria-Siberian front has been further delayed. This delay is due to the demand made by the Japanese that they guard and virtually control the operations of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

The Chinese officials, supported by the Entente allied representatives in Peking, have declined to consent to the taking over of the railroad by Japan.

HEAVY FIGHTING ON USSURI FRONT

Czech Outposts Forced Back, It Is Said—More American Troops Arrive.

LONDON, Aug. 19, (via Montreal.)—Heavy fighting has been in progress on the Ussuri front, (northeast of Vladivistok,) says Reuter's correspondent at Vladivostok, and the Czechoslovak outposts have been forced to retire.

A contingent of Japanese marines, the correspondent adds, has landed at Nicolaievsk, on the Amoy.

More U. S. Troopships Arriving.

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—A second transport carrying American troops arrived at Vladivostok today. The transport bearing the first contingent of American soldiers entered the harbor yesterday afternoon after a voyage of seven and a half days from Manila. A third troopship is expected to arrive this evening.

General Diedrichs, the commander of the Czechoslovak forces, in pointing out today the great odds his troops are facing, estimated the enemy strength at 40,000 men, with seventy guns and 200 machine guns. The status of the Czechoslovaks in Trans-Baikalia was unknown, he said, but it certainly must be desperate. To attain the object sought by the Entente Allied Governments, a substantial force must be sent to the Manchurian front.

Dr. Yaromir Spacek, a member of the Czechoslovak National Council, has left for Washington to acquaint Professor T. G. Masaryk, the President of the Council, with the situation of the Czechoslovaks. Dr. Spacek told the correspondent that the Czechoslovaks would abide by the decision of Professor Masaryk as to whether they should proceed to France, which is their ambition, or stay in Russia to fight the enemy, if support were given to them.

Opinion on all sides appears to be that the Allied Governments are underestimating the magnitude of the task of liberating the Czechoslovaks, and do not realize the necessity of actual warfare against superior numbers.

In the absence of artillery, the British have equipped two gondolas with guns from a cruiser and sent them to the Ussuri front.

GETTING TOGETHER TO OPPOSE GERMANS

Russian Anxiety Chiefly Concerns the Difficult Position of the Marooned Czechs.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The great and growing party in Russia which is both sincerely democratic and thoroughly at one with the aims of the Allies is showing much anxiety, first, as to whether sufficient help will be given to the Czechoslovaks in Siberia, and, second, whether that help will arrive in good time. Naturally enough, every Russian patriot feels that a political program must develop with the development of events rather than remain conditional on circumstances of the past.

For instance, the question now arises of declaring martial law in Vladivostok, a thing which is considered absolutely necessary by Russians acquainted with the local conditions, while the allied commanders show a perfectly understandable reluctance to take such a drastic measure.

The position of the day, or of the hour, for it changes with remarkable rapidity owing to the maelstrom of forces now contending in Russia, is somewhat as follows: The Government of Northern Russia has been constituted under the Presidency of M. Tchaikowsky, and includes in the Government Socialists of various shades. Their program is a recreation of Russian democracy and of the Russian Army, with an active renewal of the war on the eastern front and the expulsion of the invading Germans, together with other enemies of Russia, in co-operation with the Allies. Beilby Alston, Counselor of the British Legation at Peking, has met the delegates of the Siberian Government, as well as those of General Horvath. It is proposed that a small Cabinet shall be constituted, with three members from each organization, to deal with local questions.

30,000 ARRESTED BY PETROGRAD REDS

Bolshevist Chiefs Reported on Warship at Kronstadt Ready to Flee to Germany.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Petrograd's reign of terror is reported raging unchecked, in an official dispatch today from Stockholm. It is estimated that 30,000 arrests have been made since the beginning of August among army officers and middle-class citizens. The Bolshevist chiefs are said to be on board the warship Aurora in the roadstead of Kronstadt, prepared to sail for Germany in case of a successful uprising against them.

Sweden has been asked by the Swedish consular office at Moscow, acting for the American and allied consuls there, to send a ship to Petrograd to take away 200 refugees, or if this is impossible to obtain permission for these persons to pass through Finland.

It is assumed here that the refugees are American and allied citizens seeking to escape from Russia. Under date of Aug. 17, the Swedish Consul General at Moscow reported that the German Government had refused safe-conducts for any refugees, including consular officers, and it was believed this refusal would stand until negotiations were concluded with England concerning the treatment of Germans in China.

When these dispatches were sent, efforts still were being made to obtain the release of British and French citizens held as hostages by the Bolsheviki. Some were released several days ago, but nearly 100 were held. The Swedish Consul General naïvely said that the negotiations would be greatly facilitated if the Allies would promise protection to Soviets in Northern Russia.

A report dated Aug. 10 said the Bolshevist authorities had agreed to permit the consuls to depart, and that the military missions of Great Britain and France were preparing to leave Moscow by way of Astrakan and Persia.

German agents in Stockholm were quoted as saying on Aug. 14 that the Germans were moving from Moscow, not because they were afraid, but because they felt certain of the fall of the Bolsheviki in the near future. They declared the Bolsheviki would probably be succeeded by Chernoff and his revolutionary party, who probably would summon at once a new Constituent Assembly which would be recognized by Germany.

APPEAL FOR FINLAND.

Finns Here Petition President to Let Food Be Sent.

A letter was sent to President Wilson and Acting Secretary of State Frank L. Polk on Aug. 9 by the Finland Constitutional League of America with a view to backing up the three Scandinavian Ministers in their appeal to the United States Government to ship food under their auspices to the starving Finns, food which, it is said, was bought and paid for here over a year ago but never delivered. Beyond a note from Mr. Tumulty, the President's secretary, acknowledging receipt, no action has as yet followed the communication.

The letter stated that the officers of the league would be glad to place themselves at the disposition of the President and the Secretary of State for the purpose of helping toward a final settlement of the Finnish embroglio in any way that might seem to the United States Government best adapted to further the interest of the Allies as well as those of Finland, which, they said, they were convinced were identical.

The letter was signed by H. Montagu Donner, President; John A. Pihlman, Vice President; Kalle Mäkinen, Treasurer, and P. J. Valkeapää, Special Representative of the Finnish Senate.

Joffe's Return Puzzles Germans.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 19.—The return to Berlin of Adolph Joffe, the Russian Ambassador to Germany, after a stay of but one day at Moscow, is puzzling the German papers. The Weser Zeitung of Bremen says that it is unable to understand a short stay at Moscow, inasmuch as "Joffe had to report on a supplementary treaty to the Brest-Litovsk Convention, which had been initiated at Berlin by representatives of both the Russians and Germans."

CARD CASE SAVED LIEUTENANT'S LIFE

Deflected Bullet from J.G.Mays' Heart and Later a Private Hid Him in Hole.

MANY NEW YORKERS LISTED

Casualty Record Contains a Large Number of Officers from the Metropolitan District.

MAJOR WILLIS J. TACK, who is reported severely wounded in yesterday's casualty list, is one of the youngest officers of his rank in the army. He was graduated at West Point in June, 1914, and is about 25 years old. Major Tack was transferred from the 28th Infantry to the National Army. His home is in Spencer, Wis.

LIEUT. JOHN G. MAYS, who is also reported severely wounded, is a brother of Whiteford Mays of the Niagara Fire Insurance Company of 123 William Street. Lieutenant Mays, whose home is at 598 Riverside Drive, was wounded on July 19. In a letter received by his brother a few days ago he wrote that his life had been saved by a metal card case, which was in his blouse pocket. The bullet struck the card case and was deflected, otherwise it would have caused a heart wound.

The Lieutenant was fighting with the British when wounded, and is now convalescing in a British base hospital in the Flanders sector. He wrote that after he was wounded he lay for hours on the battlefield almost in direct line of fire of a German machine gun nest. He said that an enlisted man had dug a trench and buried him in it, covering his entire body and leaving only his face and nose above ground. This act, Lieutenant Mays added, saved him "from sure death in the rain of machine bullets which followed." After the Germans were driven back the private returned, dug Mays out, and carried him to a first aid station.

Lieutenant Mays is a graduate of the first Plattsburg Officers' Training Camp of 1917, and was among the first of the Plattsburgers to be ordered overseas. He is 31 years old and a son of the late John G. Mays of Atlanta, Ga.

LIEUTENANT RUDOLPH KOWLSKY, severely wounded in action, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Kowisky of 410 East Seventieth Street. He enlisted in the regular army as a private five years ago, and as a noncommissioned officer served under General Pershing in Mexico. He won his commission as a Second Lieutenant shortly before this country entered the war. Lieutenant Kowisky, who is 22 years old, went to France as a junior officer of Company M, 28th Infantry. He is considered one of the best sharpshooters in the American Army.

Killed at Chateau-Thierry.

LIEUT. OTIS B. THOMAS, who was a son of Francis B. Thomas of 70 Radford Street, Yonkers, died of wounds received at Château-Thierry. Lieutenant Thomas was a graduate of the 1917 Plattsburg Officers' Training Camp. He was a law student at New York University when Congress declared war. Miss Margaret Stevenson, a Red Cross nurse with the American forces in France, wrote to the officer's father that Lieutenant Thomas died two days after he was wounded.

LIEUT. HARRY P. SAMPERS, who is a son of J. H. Sampers, Editor of the Courrier des Etats-Unis of this city, has been shellshocked a second time. Lieutenant Sampers is a 1917 Plattsburg graduate. He was shellshocked the first time last May. He is now in a base hospital behind the American lines.

LIEUTENANT CHARLES F. FRIZZELL, Jr., missing in action, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Frizzell of 700 Riverside Drive. He is 22 years old and is a graduate of the first Plattsburg Camp. Lieutenant Frizzell went to France with the 38th Infantry. Before entering the service he was an insurance underwriter at 55 Maiden Lane. A telegram from the War Department to his father stated that he has been missing since July 22.

LIEUTENANT THOMAS HENRY, severely wounded, is 26 years old and is in the regular army. His home in this city is at 324 Bleecker Street. His wife is now in the mountains. Lieutenant Henry was struck by a shell fragment.

CAPTAIN CLARENCE R. OLIVER, missing in action, is a regular army veteran. He was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in 1916 and went to France as a company commander of the 23d Infantry.

LIEUT. MORTIMORE STEINHARDT, severely wounded, is 27 years old and a Cornell University graduate of 1915. He won his commission at Plattsburg last Summer, and went to France with a regular army infantry unit. His parents live at 254 West Eighty-second Street. On May 20 last he was gassed.

JOHN KARP, who is reported missing is not missing, but is in a base hospital recovering from wounds received in action, according to a letter which his parents, who live at 15 West 115th Street, received from him a few days ago. The letter was dated July 28. The War Department telegram to Mr. Karp said that the soldier had been missing since July 24. Private Karp was in the piano business before he enlisted.

Official Report in Error.

SERGEANT WILLIAM C. O.KEEFE of the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division, who is listed as missing, is in a base hospital in Southern France recovering from mustard gas poisoning. His wife, who is living at 422 Forty-third Street, received a letter from him yesterday dated July 25. The War Department telegram to Mrs. O'Feefe said that the Sergeant had been missing since July 19. In his letter Sergeant O'Keefe said that he was rapidly recovering.

THEODORE C. CONWAY of 500 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, a private in the 106th Infantry, was wounded in action on Aug. 1. Conway went to France as a Mess Sergeant of Company L. In a letter to his mother, dated July 5, Conway wrote that he did not like his job and was going into the line.

WILLIAM E. SHEA, whose home is at 343 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, has been wounded in action. He went to France with the 114th Infantry of the Ohio Guard Division. His brother John is in the navy.

P. DE GROTTA, a private in Company K, 9th Infantry, who has been wounded, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. M. De Grotta of 1158 Madison Street, Brooklyn. He was wounded on July 15. In a letter to his mother, written in a hospital, Private De Grotta wrote that he would be "all right soon."

FRANK A. AUSTIN, who is missing, went to France with Company D, 9th Infantry. He is 26 years old, and is a son of Mrs. Katherine Austin of 369 Eleventh Street, Brooklyn.

EDWARD JOSEPH REID, missing, went overseas with Company A of the 9th Machine Gun Battalion. He is a nephew of Edward Fitzgerald of 7,318 Third Avenue, Brooklyn. He was in the employ of The New York American when he enlisted a few weeks after Congress declared war. He is 19 years old.

JAMES TRIVISON, wounded, is a member of Company L, 106th Infantry. He is 21 years old and is a son of Mrs. Anna Trivison of 119 President Street, Brooklyn. He wrote his mother that he was wounded in the leg on Aug. 18.

JOSEPH J. BERNAT, seriously wounded, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Bernat of 96 North Ninth Street, Brooklyn. Private Bernat is in the 106th Infantry of the New York Guard Division. He is 24 years old and was wounded on July 31.

HENRY BALDAUF, another soldier of the 106th Infantry, was wounded on July 30. He is 19 years old and is a son of Bernard Baldauf; who is in the Government employ at Camp Mills.

FRANCIS P. SMITH, a private in Company I, 112th Infantry, has been severely wounded, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Smith, 102 Littleton Avenue, Newark, were notified by the War Department yesterday.

CORPORAL WILLIAM H. BUDD, who is a grandnephew of the late E. H. Harriman, and is a member of the Headquarters Company of the 58th Infantry, has been wounded. His mother, Mrs. William H. Budd of 81 Park Avenue, Yonkers, received a letter yesterday in which he wrote that he was doing very well and could "only account for two Huns."

SERGEANT THOMAS A. BEATTY, a son of Mrs. George Beatty of 806 Park Avenue, Hoboken, has been wounded. Sergeant Beatty, who is 19 years old, went to France with the Fourth Infantry, and was recently promoted to a Sergeantcy for gallantry under fire. He has a brother in France with the marines.

On List of Missing.

EDWARD B. HUNT, listed as missing, is a son of Mrs. Margaret Hunt of 117 Manning Street, Jersey City. This report is believed to be an error. A War Department telegram said he had been missing since July 18, but yesterday Mrs. Hunt received two letters from her son, one dated July 27 and the other July 29. Hunt wrote that he was all right and with his command.

CORPORAL C. P. ENGLISHMAN, reported missing by the War Department, is a son of K. Englishman of Paterson, N. J. Mr. Englishman received a letter from his son dated several days subsequent to the date of his reported disappearance which states that he was in a hospital recovering from wounds.

BUGLER JULIUS ZAWADSKI, reported missing, also appears to be the victim of a mistake. His parents in Newark have received a letter from him stating that he has been wounded, and is in a base hospital.

JAMES J. BEVAN of Company F, 165th Infantry has been severely wounded. He is a brother of Miss E. Bevan, a school teacher of Portchester, N. Y. He was wounded on July 17.

FRANK SHAMY of South River, N. J., was wounded by a shell fragment.

JOHN ELLIS, a son of Deputy Sheriff Joseph G. Ellis of Orange, has also been wounded. Ellis received a letter yesterday from his son, who wrote that he hoped to be back with his company soon.

HARRY WEINER, who was a nephew of Morris Gold of 814 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, has been killed in action. He went to France with the 23d Infantry.

JOSEPH RINCK of Patchogue, L. I., was wounded in the Marne actions. He is a nephew of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eckhorn of Patchogue, and went to France with one of the first regular units ordered overseas.

Jersey City Pastor Wounded.

THE REV. ABEL C. MCREA, who was reported a prisoner several weeks ago, is in a French hospital recovering from wounds received while ministering to soldiers on the field of battle. Mr. McRea was pastor of the Emory Methodist Episcopal Church of Jersey City when he got a leave of absence to enter the service of the Y. M. C. A.

HARVEY V. DUFFY, reported wounded, is a son of Mrs. Mary Duffy of Richmond Hill, L. I. He is in the 106th Infantry of the New York Division.

JOHN MARKS, reported by the Canadian Government as among the wounded of the Dominion forces, is a son of Thomas Marks of 90 New Street, Paterson.

SERGT. WILLIAM E. ENSKO of the 318th Regiment of Pioneer Engineers, who is reported dead as a result of accident, was 31 years old and was a son of Mrs. M. Ensko of 1,333 Dean Street, Brooklyn. He was mortally injured in an automobile accident.

Sergeant McLaughlin's Death.

SERGEANT WILLIAM B. MCLAUGHLIN of Company 1, 165th Infantry, was killed two weeks ago. He was one of the veterans of the old Sixty-ninth and one of the best known "non-coms" in the National Guard of New York.

SERGEANT ROBERT H. STEWART, killed in action, would have been commissioned a Second Lieutenant had he lived one day longer. Sergeant Stewart was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Stewart, of Maywood, N. J. He was a member of the 308th Infantry of the Camp Upton Division. He was twenty-seven years old.

ADAM URBANSKI, who was killed, was twenty-eight years old and went to France with the Camp Dix division. His home was in Perth Amboy.

JOSEPH KAISER, of Company K, 18th Infantry, is the first man to die in actual battle of the 1 035 former employes of the United Cigar Stores Company who are now in the national service. Kaiser was gassed in an engagement in June, and on recovery went back to his company, and in action on July 22 was killed on the field. He was for three years a salesman in New York. His parents live at 996 Simpson Street, New York.

SERGEANT WILLIAM TAYLOR, Jr., reported killed, lived with his father and mother at 545 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. The father was notified from Washington that his son was killed in August. Sergeant Taylor had been in the regular army for three years, and had seen service on the Mexican border. He went to France last December, with Company C, 106th Infantry. He was a clerk with the New York Life Insurance Company before he enlisted.

CHARLES MIELLENTZ, reported killed, lived with his mother and stepfather, William Zietlec. He was 22 years old. He enlisted last November and went to France last March with Company I, 38th Infantry. Miellentz was reported wounded in action in June.

FLOYD W. CAMPBELL, missing in action, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Campbell of Trenton, N. J. He went to France with the 9th Infantry. Campbell enlisted a week after Congress declared war. He is 18 years old.

ELISHA KELLY SNODGRASS, dead of disease, was a native of Princeton, N. J. His parents live at 75 Ogden Lance, Princeton.

CORPORAL CHARLES RATTMAN, a son of Mrs. Mary Rattman of 214 Culver Avenue, Jersey City, has been wounded, according to a message she received yesterday. Rattman has been in the regular army for more than ten years.

Two Men from Tuckahoe, N. J.

CHARLES P. SUJESKI, wounded, is a son of Joseph Sujeski, a farmer whose home is near Tuckahoe, N. J. He was drafted into the Camp Upton Division last Fall.

CORPORAL VINCENT SIANO, listed among the missing, is a member of Company K, Ninth Infantry. His home is in Tuckahoe, and he has been missing since July 18. In a letter written to the Rev. Father R. B. Cashion of Tuckahoe, Siano wrote that his chum, Private John Grogan of Tuckahoe had been killed in action.

WILLIAM E. FLEMING, missing since July 15, is a son of Mr. and Mrs. James Fleming of 87 Liberty Avenue, Jersey City. He enlisted in the regular army last Summer.

CHARLES S. ANDERSON, a private in the 9th Infantry, is missing, according to information which reached his mother, Mrs. Charles W. Anderson, of 1,031 Washington Street, Hoboken, yesterday. In a recent letter to her he wrote that he had been in action four times.

THOMAS AGNEW, a son of Mrs. Mary Agnew of 222 Willow Avenue, Hoboken, has been severely wounded. He is a member of Company B, Ninth Infantry. Agnew underwent a severe operation in Hoboken last Summer in order to pass the examination for enlistment.

WALTER H. HOAG, missing since July 15, is a son of Thomas Hoag of 74 Congress Street, Jersey City. He is 25 years old, and went to France with the 38th Infantry.

WALTER SCOTT CLARK of New Brunswick, N. J., is reported missing, but letters received from him yesterday stated that he was in a hospital recovering from shrapnel wounds.

EDWARD MCCOURT, a son of Mr. and Mrs. James McCourt of New Brunswick, N. J., has been severely wounded. Mrs. McCourt received a letter from Miss Catharine Edwards, an American Red Cross nurse, yesterday, stating that he was ni a base hospital.

SERGEANT ALBERT JACOBUS, a son of Frank Jacobus of Cedar Grove, N. J., was wounded by shrapnel at the Marne. Jacobus is 25 years old and is a member of a field artillery unit.

LIEUT. HAROLD M. FLANAGAN, a son of the late John F. Flanagan of New Brunswick, N. J., has been wounded. Mayor Edward F. Farrington of New Brunswick received a letter from Lieutenant Flanagan yesterday, in which the writer said that he was rapidly recovering.

HENRY M. YOUNG, who is also listed among the missing, is a native of Kansas, and had been living in New York seven months when drafted last Summer. He went to France with the Camp Upton Division.

AMERICAN CASUALTIES IN FRANCE TOTAL 22,082

510 in Army and 30 in Marines Announced in Yesterday's Lists

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The War Department today gave out two lists, containing 510 casualties, bringing the total for the army to 19,294. The total number of wounded passed the 10,000 mark. The lists included the names of 115 killed in action, 12 died of wounds, 14 died of accident or other causes, 3 died of disease, 189 severely wounded, 13 wounded to a degree undetermined, and 164 missing in action. Marine Corps Headquarters announced 30 casualties. The total of casualties for both army and marines is now 22,082.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Reported Aug. 19.	Total.
Killed in action	3,597	115	3,712
Lost at sea	291	..	291
Died of wounds	1,196	12	1,208
Died of accident or other causes	682	14	696
Died of disease	1,560	3	1,563
Total deaths	7,326	144	7,470
Wounded	9,810	202	10,012
Missing, including prisoners	1,648	164	1,812
Grand total	18,784	510	19,294

SUMMARY OF MARINES CASUALTIES TO DATE.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	31	817
Wounded	50	1,792
In hands of enemy	..	5
Missing	1	87
Total	87	2,701
Grand total		2,788

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED AUG. 19.

KILLED IN ACTION—115.

Lieutenant Colonel.

FETZER, WALLACE W.; J. C. Fetzer, Milltown, Penn.

Lieutenants.

CHURCHILL, E. R.; Mrs. F. Churchill, Buffalo, N. Y.
GRIFFIN, H. Q.; Mrs. W. G. Crooker, Winthrop, Mass.
MASSEY, THOMAS; Miss T. Massey, Philadelphia, Penn.
STOW, JAMES R.; Richard A. Stow, Eatonton, Ga.

Sergeant Major.

CORMAN, ABRAM H.; Jacob Corman, Greensburg, Penn.

Sergeants.

BISHOP, M. L.; A. W. Bishop, Connellsville, Penn.
CUMMINGS, R. E.; Mrs.H.J.Cummings, Blairsville, Penn.
KIESEL, JOSEPH W.; A. Kiesel, Scranton, Penn.
KNIGHT, E. H.; Mrs. A. Kahn, Philadelphia, Penn.
KNIGHT, F. H.; Mrs. F. H. Knight, Philadelphia, Penn.
MEEHAN, JOHN R.; Mrs. M. Meehan, Dorchester, Mass.
STEWART, R. H.; Katie Mesich, 604 5th St., Brooklyn.
TAYLOR, W.; Mrs.J.L.Kingsland, 545 Lafayette Av., Bkn.

Corporals.

BRANDT, HENRY U.; C. H. Brandt, Altoona, Penn.
CARSON, D. F., (Mech.); Mrs.A.E.Carson, Altoona, Penn.
COCHRANE, R.; Mrs. R. Cochrane, Graylough Meath, Ireland.
DONGES, L. F.; Mrs. L. Lattenberger, Johnstown, Penn.
GRAHAM, C. A.; Miss Anna Graham, Newark, N. J.
INMAN, SAMUEL J.; Mrs. Sarah Inman, Whitmell, Va.
LAIRD, GEORGE W.; G. Laird, Philadelphia, Penn.
MATTHEWS, A. W.; Miss C.Matthews, Philadelphia, Penn.
MOORE, HUBERT LEE; Mrs. W. G. Moore, Canton, N. C.
MURRAY, THOMAS; Mrs. A. Murray, Philadelphia, Penn.
SCHUCHMAN, M.; Mrs. S. Schuchman, 2 E. 112th, N. Y.
SIMMONS, ..; Mrs. A. Simmons, Hatfield, Penn.
SMITH, ALBERT; George Smith, Milner, N. D.
STRUNK, ALBERT L.; Flonnie Erp, Memphis, Tenn.
VOLIN, G. J., (Mech.); P. J. Volin, Pittsfield, Mass.
WRAY, LAIRD A.; Mrs. L. D. Black, Seattle, Wash.

Buglers.

PEAK, ALFONSO; Mrs. Maggie Cole, Danville, Ill.
JOHNSON, F. L.; Mrs. B. Johnson, Worcester, Mass.

Privates.

ANDERSON, WM. B.; Fred Anderson, St. James, Minn.
ARNAO, CARLO; Santo Arnao, Philadelphia, Penn.
BARNES, LYLE W.; Fannel, 323 k. 12th St., N.Y.C.
BATES, ROY H.; Mrs. Ida Bates, Worcester, M. ss.
BENNINGER, R. R.; Mrs. M. Benninger, Uniontown, Penn.
BOLICH, JOHN H.; M. Brunner, Koonsville, Penn.
BRENNER, W. B.; Mrs. E. Brenner, Lancaster, Penn.
BROOKMAN, FLOYD; J. A. Brookman, Scottdale, Penn.
BUCHANAN, BERT; C. Buchanan, Waynesburg, Penn.
BUCKOVI, NICK; J. Hayglooech, Detroit, Mich.
BYERS, B. F.; Mrs. Elmer Deeds, Ligonier, Penn.
CAMERON, A.; Mrs. S. Cameron, Philadelphia, Penn.
CAMPBELL, J. C.; Mrs. C. Campbell, Vandergrift, Penn.
CANNELL, S. W.; William C. Cannell, Pontiac, Mich.
CAPRIOTTI, C.; S. Capriotti, Acquasanpa, Italy.
CHASE, KENNETH; Mrs. Chase, Hartford, Mass.
CHIPMAN, JOHN C.; Levi Chipman, Newfoundland.
CLARK, C. E.; G. W. Clark, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
CLAYCOME, R. H.; Mrs. R. B. Claycome, Somerset, Penn.
CONRAD, GEORGE D.; John Conrad, Orange, Mass.
COOK, PATRICK J.; Thomas Cook, New Salem, Penn.
CRAW, ALBERT J.; W. B. Craw, New Bedford, Mass.
DISTLER, W. H.; J. J. Distler, Philadelphia, Penn.
DORSEY, LEWIS V.; T. Dorsey, N. Abington, Mass.
EDWARDS, JOHN C.; Edwards, Port Gibson, Ga.
ERB, FRANCIS L.; James H. Erb, Connellsville, Penn.
FANEAN, B. E.; Mrs. M. Fanean, Philadelphia, Penn.
FARRELL, JAMES L.; John Farrell, Waynesburg, Penn.
FLETCHER, F. ..; Mrs. ..ncher, Philadelphia, Penn.
FULLER, LEONARD C.; Charles Fuller, Sheldrick, Iowa.
FUOSS, WILLIAM; Joseph Fuoss, Owensdale, Penn.
FUREY, WILLIAM J.; Mrs. B. Furey, Sharon, Penn.
GARDNER, WILLARD J.; Amos Gardner, Tyrone, Penn.
GIBELE, AMMON; Mrs. Libbie Mashell, Hamilton, O.
GIBERSON, CECIL; Ben Giberson, Indianapolis, Ind.
GOODRICH, H. C.; Mrs. C. Goodrich, Crown Point, Ind.
GORLA, FRANK; Mrs. J. R. Gorla, Conn. th, Wis.
GRAHAM, C.; Mrs. Charles Grahamellaville, Penn.
HAMILTON, W. H.; H. M. Hamilton, Everson, Penn.
HAMWAY, SAM; Mary H. mway, Wheeling, W. Va.
HARTMAN, FRANK F.; William Annehein, Noble, Okla.
HEWITT, CHARLES E.; Oliver Hewitt, Harveys, Penn.
HOWARD, E.; Mrs. M. M. Howard, Hutchinson, Kan.
HURD, ARTHUR H.; Mrs. Clara Hurd, Lynn, Mass.
JACOBS, R. F.; N. Jacobs, Sharpsburg, Penn.
JEWELL, V. A.; Mrs. A. M. Jewell, Beaver Falls, Penn.
JOHNSON, EDWIN E.; M. Johnwater, Oregon, Okla.
KARR, JAMES A.; John C. Karr, Shawnee, Okla.
KELLY, PHILIP Y.; Lawrence W. Kelly, Etna, Penn.
KIRK, WALTER J.; Mrs. T. F. Kirk, Camden, N. J.
KISE, CLAYTON S.; John D. Kise, Columbia, Penn.
KLOPPICK, H. A. C. Kloppick, Pittsburgh, Penn.
KLUTH, W. C.; Mrs. C. Kluth, N. Philadelphia, Penn.
KNAPP, DAVID L.; Mrs. M. Knapp, Philadelphia, Penn.
KOGLER, NORMAN C.; C. R. M. Kogler, Fayetteville, Penn.
LAMBERT, GEORGE; Mrs. J. Lambert, Fresno, Cal.
LABONTY, NESTER; Nestor Labonty, New Bedford, Mass.
LAUINGER, G. B.; Mrs. B. Lauinger, Pittsburgh, Penn.
LAVIOLETTE, H. J.; Mrs. R. Valle, Marlboro, Mass.
LAWSON, HORACE F.; J. H. Lawson, Richland, Penn.
LENNON, FRANCIS R.; Mrs. B. Lennon, Pittsburgh, Penn.
LESSIG, HARRY B.; Mrs. Ina Lessig, Leechburg, Penn.
LEVINE, MEYER; Alex Levine, Blairsville, Penn.
LONNING, BERT B.; Mrs. B. E. Lonning, Thor, Iowa.
LOPEMAN, EDWARD O.; Lopeman, Bridgeton, Me.
LOVERN, RALPH J.; George M. Lovern, Hancock, N. H.
LYON, GEORGE K.; John B. Lyon, Cleveland, Ohio.
MCCASKILL, HALEY; C. A. McCaskill, Troy, Ala.
MCLEAN, L.; Mrs. Emma McLean, Union City, Penn.
MCPOLIN, JOHN J.; Mrs. M. McPolin, Philadelphia, Penn.
MARTIN, ROY B.; Fred Martin, Stoneham, Mass.
MIELLENTZ, C.; W. Zitler, Brooklyn, N. Y.
MILKO, J. A.; Mrs. Pittsburgh, Penn.
MONTEITH, W. R.; Mrs. E. Monteith, Allston, Mass.
MOONEY, J. P.; Mrs. S. Mooney, Philadelphia, Penn.
PADDEN, JOHN J.; Mrs. Henry Padden, Holyoke, Mass.
PALUBJK, MIKE; Bill Paluajk, Walwnun, Russia.
QUAKENBUSH, A. D.; Mrs. D. Quakenbush, Binghamton, Neb.
RANKIN, G. R.; Mrs. Mary Rankin, Uniontown, Penn.
UHLENHOP, HENRY; H. Ulenhop, Leonardville, Kan.
WHITAKER, H. O.; Mrs. W.H.Whitaker, Worcester, Mass.
WIEMER, BURCHARD HENRY; G. Wiener, Waco, Neb.
WOODS, RENE; A. Woods, Sandown, N. H.

MISSING IN ACTION—168.

Captain.

OLIVER, CLARENCE R.; F. E. Oliver, Elmira, N. Y.

Lieutenants.

FRIZZELL, C. F.; C. F. Frizzell, 84 William St., N. Y.
KINGERY, JAMES R.; Mrs. N. Kingery, Summit, Ga.

Sergeants.

AINISMAN, N.; L. Ainisman, 47 Boerum St., Brooklyn.
CASADA, ARTHUR J.; Mrs. Sarah Casada, Oneida, Tenn.
DAVIS, HANNABLE; Mark Davis, Marshall, N. C.
HINES, THOMAS J.; Mrs. Bridget Hines, Lynn, Mass.
KRAJEWSKI, S. S.; Mrs. A. Krajewski, Saratoga Spgs.
NEILAN, J. P.; W. Neilan, 357 W. 58th St., New York.
LUNDE, C. L.; C. Lunde, Asbgornsengate, Norway.
O'KEEFE, W. C.; Mrs.W.C.O'Keefe, 422 W. 43d St., N.Y.
ROOSA, ISAAC H.; Mrs. F. Roosa, Port Jervis, N. Y.

Corporals.

BAKER, STERLING; Mrs. C. Dearing, Seward, Neb.
BIDDLE, FLOYD; William Biddle, Mecca, Ind.
BIGELOW, E. S.; Mrs. M. H. Bigelow, Colfax, Wash.
CLARK, W. S.; Order of Eagles, New Brunswick, N. J.
CROOM, CHARLES; Mrs. Sarah Carey, Duryea, Penn.
DANIELS, R. W.; M. S. Daniels, Binghamton, N. Y.
EVANS, MORGAN W.; Mrs. E. Evans, Columbus, Ohio.
FOLEY, HARVEY E.; Mrs. Teresa Foley, Westfield, N. Y.
HOAG, W. H.; Mrs. S. Hoag, 74 Congress St., Jersey City.
KERSEY, CHARLES W.; Kersey, Charleston, W.Va.
MARTIN, PAUL A.; Nick Martin, Nutley, N. J.
PLATT, CHARLES P.; C. W. Platt, Thorofare, N. J.
SCHULTZ, JOSEPH; Jacob Schults, Nanticoke, Penn.
STACHEWSKI, M.; L. Stachewski, Buffalo, N. Y.

Privates.

APICELLA, FRANK; Nick Apicella, Cleveland, Ohio.
APRONSON, HARRY W.; William Apronson, Boston, Mass.
AUSTIN, F. V.; Mrs. C. Austin, 360 11th St., B'klyn, N. Y.
AUSTIN, PEARL C.; Mrs. Z. Austin, Hermon, N. Y.
BAKER, SILAS W.; E. H. Baker, Seymour, Texas.
BAILEY, ROY H.; Charles Bailey, Liberty, Ind.
BELCHER, FRED; George W. Belcher, Belcher, Ky.
BLAYLOCK, JOHN A.; L. S. Blaylock, Dahlgren, Ill.
BRECKNER, LOUIS; Mrs. Mary Fenton, Syracuse, N. Y.
BULLION, EARLY; Mrs. L. Bullion, Woodlawn, Va.
CAMPBELL, FLOYD W.; W. Campbell, Trenton, N. J.
CARNEY, HUGH L.; Mrs. E. Carney, Campbell, Cal.
CHAPMAN, R.S.; Mrs.H.McDermott,128 45th St., Corona,N.Y.
CHESLEY, WALTER; Oren Chesley, Des Moines, Iowa.
CINCOTTA, FRANK W.; Frank Cincotta, Waltham, Mass.
CLARK, SIMON J.; John H. Clark, Oneida, N. Y.
CLOWRY, JOHN J.; Mrs. Anna Clowry, Chicago, Ill.
COOPER, JOE B.; Mrs. Emma Cooper, Laurens, S. C.
COTELL, HARRIS E.; D. K. Cotell, Yarmouth, Mass.
CROWLEY, J. F.; Miss M. Crowley, Fall River, Mass.
CRISSELL, STANLEY; Mrs. M. Crissell, Brooklyn, Penn.
DAGNINO, ATTILIO; Mrs. C. Dagnino, San Francisco, Cal.
DAHL, WESTLEY G.; C. H. Dahl, Braintree, Mass.
DEANE, ELENDON F.; Thomas E. Deane, Skowhegan, Me.
DE LA LAOR, CAMILO; A. Suisso, Atkinson, Ill.
DE MATTIA, JOSEPH; John De Mattia, Boston, Mass
DENNISON, S. F.; Mrs. A. Dennison, St. Louis, Mo.
DICKSON, FRED E. R.; S. M. Dickson, Benson, Neb.
DI DONNA, RAFFAELE; P. Di Donna, Bristol, R. I.
DIXON, DUGLASS; Mrs. Mollie Dixon, Parsons, Kan.
DYE, CLIFFORD; Mrs. Kate Dye, Center Point, Iowa.
EBERT, OSCAR; Henry Ebert, Watertown, Wis.
ECKROAT, C. L.; George J. Eckroat, Bremerton, Wash.
EHLERS, WM.; Mrs. Minnie Ehlers, Milwaukee, Wis.
ELLIG, OTTO H.; Gust Ellig, Winthrope, Minn.
FANELLI, J. J.; Mrs. A. Fanneli, 323 k. 12th St., N.Y.C.
FELDBLUM, W.; Mrs. A. Feidblum, Newark, N. J.
FINACCHIARO, A.; M. Finacchiaro, Rochester, N. Y.
FISCHER, PERCY J.; John A. Fischer, Stockton, Cal.
FORSYTHE, ALBERT L.; Mrs. B. Forsythe, Leedy, Okla.
FOSTER, EUGENE F.; G. H. Foster, Du Bois, Penn.
GAMBO, JOE; Mrs. T. Mancini, Newark, N. J.
GASTON, JAMES; John Afton, Cincinnati, Ohio.
GEHRMAN, THOMAS; Mrs. W. Mollen, Appleton, Wis.
GIBSON, ISAAC H.; Mrs. B. A. Gibson, Roanoke, Mrs. Va.
GIOIA, ALFONSO; Antonio Gioia, Scottdale, Penn.
GOLDMAN, BASIL B.; Philip Cohen, Chicago, Ill.
GOLDSTEIN, I.; Mrs. Ida Goldstein, Philadelphia, Penn.
GREGORY, C. W.; Mrs. Blaine, W. Va.
HAGAN, A. C.; Mary C. Hagan, Wilkinsburg, Penn.
HALL, WM. H.; Mrs. Lizzie Hall, Blue Jacket, Okla.
HANSFORD, THEODORE; S. Holliday, Seattle, Wash.
HARLEY, ..; Mrs. L. Harley, Indianapolis, Ind.
HARRY, GEORGE; Mrs. Lizzy Harry, Hennessey, Okla.
HAWKINS, J. R.; Mrs. G. B. Cole, Binghamton, N. Y.
HECTOR, CARR E.; Mrs. S. A. Hector, Coleman, Texas.
HEDGES, CLAUDE F.; Mrs. Millie Hedges, Cestos, Okla.
HEINLY, F. RAYMOND J. W. O. Heinly, Hamburg, Penn.
HERRINGTON, S. M.; Mrs. M. E. Herrington, Oak Dale, Va.
HOOPER, GEORGE F.; Mrs. J. F. Hooper, Sulphur, Okla.
HOWELL, E. L.; Mrs. Louis H. Howell, Mellette, Okla.
HUNT, EDWARD L.; Mrs. M. Hunt, Jersey City, N. J.
HUPP, FRANK L.; D. W. Hupp, Cumberland, Ohio.
HUTSON, ZID; Mrs. Elizah Hutson, Centralia, Texas.
IRVING, THOMAS J.; Mrs. S. Irving, Earlysville, Va.
JOHNSON, GILBASON; Wm. Johnson, Mineral City, Ind.
KANTORSKI, S. J.; J. A. Kantorski, Chicago, Ill.
KARP, JOHN; F. Karp, 15 W. 116th St., N. Y. C.
KEITH, EARL G.; L. E. Keith, R. F. D. 4, Scottsburg, Ind.
KINNIKIN, THOMAS J.; S. P. Kinnikin, Savanna, Okla.
KLASS, SOLOMON; Alexander Klass, Rochester, N. Y.
KORJCKI, FRANK; Stanley Korjcki, Chicago, Ill.
LA COLLA, STEPHEN; Wyta La Colla, Boston, Mass.
LARSON, CHARLES; Marcus Larson, Rochester, Minn.
LEGGIO, G. T.; T. Matto, 148 Georgia St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
LEHMANN, A. L.; Mrs. Ann Lehmann, Chicago, Ill.
LEWANDOWSKI, R. R.; Mrs.C.Lewandowski, Milwaukee.
LOGSDON, CLARENCE R.; Mrs. A. Logsdon, Kilbuck, O.
LOWMAN, CHARLES W.; Martin L. Lowman, Yale, Okla.
LUBO, RICHARD J.; Mrs. Mary Lubo, Chicago, Ill.
LYNCH, JESSE C.; Miss W. B. Lynch, Clinton, S. C.
MCCULLOUGH, B. S.; P. F. McCullough, Hope, Ark.
MANGINO, GIUSEPPE; P. Mangino, Thompsonville, Conn.
MARCHI, CESARI; Mrs. A. Marchi, Somerville, Mass.
MARGRAVE, CLIFFORD F.; W. Margrave, Olustee, Okla.
MATTERO, JOHN B.; P. Castango, Providence, R. I.
MEADOR, WALTER L.; P. P. Meador, Walcott, Ark.
MENENGER, MANUEL A.; Magarin, Olios, Portugal.
MILLER, ELBERT F.; E. A. Miller, Mitchell, Neb.
MITCHELL, C.B.; W.A.Mitchell,114 Wilkinson Av.,J.C.,N.J.
MOCA VERO, LOUIS; Elea Bottighberro, Philadelphia, Pa.
MOORES, CLINTON; James Moores, Stoken, N. Y.
MURRAY, MORRIS B.; Mrs. C. M. Murray, Pellston, Mich.
PACINI, JOE; Mrs. Stella Pacini, Memphis, Tenn.
PERGANDE, HARRY; Charles Pergande, Milwaukee, Wis.
RADKE, CLARENCE; Charles Radke, Milwaukee, Wis.
RUFFO, JOS; Antho Ruffo, Philadelphia, Penn.
SALERNO, PASQUALE; Mrs. G. Diattovic, Winnetka, Ill.
SALITERIS, JOSEPH; John Saliteris, Chicago, Ill.
SANDUCKY, JOSEPH; Mrs. A. Sanducky, St. nwood, Mich.
SHAMANSKI, W. A.; Joe Shamanski, Mount Carmel, Penn.
SINCLAIRE, STEVE; Toney Sweed, Boston, Mass.
SLAPNICKA, FRANK; Ben Slapnicka, Omaha, Neb.
SLAVICK, JOHN J.; Blasko Slavick, Hazelton, Penn.
SLOAN, JAMES; Mrs. Mary J. Harquis, Wheeling, W. Va.
SMOKOWSKI, S.; Mrs. T. Hadiaka, South Bend, Ind.
SMITH, EDWARD A.; Miss Jessie Dilly, Portland, Ore.
SNOWBERGER, H. R.; I. Snowberger, Boswell, Penn.
SOKOL, PETER; Mrs. Mary Gill, Boston, Mass.
SOVINE, RIFE; H. Sovine, Perrysville, Ohio.
SPRIGGS, CHARLES; John Mattis, Chicago, Ill.
SPILLER, ISAAC; Mrs. Dinah Spiller, Lynn, Mass.
STEIGER, EMANUEL; Fred Steiger, Glenham, S. D.
STEWART, ROBERT C.; Mrs. A. Stewart, Evansville, Ind.
SZYMANOWSKI, WM.; Mrs. J. Szymanowski, Chicago, Ill.
TANNER, SAMUEL J.; J. Friedburg, Philadelphia, Penn.
TEDESCO, MIKE; Mrs. C. Tedesco, Italy.
THULL, F. J.; Mrs. R. T. Thull, New Brighton, Penn.
TRIPP, PERCY G.; W. M. Tripp, Wells, Me.
TUTHILL, RAYMOND; John K. Turney, Kittanning, Penn.
URBANSKI, A.; Miss S.Urbanski, 209 Grant St., Perth Amboy
VALDES, LEOPOLDO; Filiciano Cantu, Saspamco, Texas.
VERHULST, FLORENT; Mrs. F. Verhulst, Chicago, Ill.
VISCI, PATRIGIO; Mrs. D. Zalroia, Pescassersi, Italy.
VOGELSANG, MARCUS; Frans Vogelsang, Holland.
VOLL, WALTER; William A. Voll, Utica, N. Y.
WALKER, CONRAD; Conrad Walker, Hastings, Neb.
WATSON, G. N

FIXED PHONE LINES 24 TIMES UNDER FIRE

American Artillery on Vesle Never Ceased Firing, Through Heroism of Repairers.

SOME OF THEM WOUNDED

Others Took Their Places in Keeping Communication Unbroken —Many Cited for Gallantry.

By FREDERICK A. SMITH.

Copyright, 1918, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES IN FRANCE, Aug. 18.—After several days with a regiment of artillery, messing with officers and men, sleeping in shattered châteaus and sharing with them the grandeur of a struggle against an enemy seldom visible, I have come away from the line with a message to deliver to hundreds of mothers. It is a message which should reinsure and make them proud.

First—The perfect discipline, the esprit de corps, the robust health, the intelligent, broad view of the best way to beat the Hun and why it is a sacred duty to do it, have given all regiments an efficiency that has inspired the spontaneous praise of the co-operating French forces and American infantry.

Second—The same efficiency and intelligent direction have reduced losses from all causes to a minimum, despite participation in some of the most violent phases of the second battle of the Marne.

Third.—Like most soldiers, these boys write home infrequently, but like all soldiers they would rather receive letters from home than anything else. A machine gunner took me to one side to say: "You want to know what to say for us to our mothers? Say we are happy and busy, but ought to write them oftener. Still, if they want to send something, tell them to send letters and chocolate bars, and then more letters."

They Won't Quit.

"I have seen you sweating over the guns and horses, digging pits, making camp in the middle of the night, and resuming a hike in the dark, getting a late breakfast or no breakfast at all, fighting all day and turning in at night to repeat the whole performance," I told him. "Now, after a year of this, what do you honestly think of war and do you want to stick?"

"This service has benefited me more than anything that ever happened to me, and I haven't now, and never had, any other idea than to stay here until this job is all cleaned up," he replied.

This chronicle carries the regiment from the Champagne sector to the Vesle, covering six weeks, and is based on official regimental records. One of the essentials of the artillery service is the establishing and maintaining of telephone communication between forward observation posts and batteries. All concede it is easier to work batteries where the men feel they have something to do with the offensive than to go forward through fields raked by planes using machine guns and where shells are falling on all sides, with nothing in the hands to fight with and an absolute lack of protection from bullets and high explosives.

For gallantry in this difficult work Corporal Alvin G. Robinson has won repeatedly the admiration of the regiment. On July 15, in the Champagne, he ran a new telephone line and went out twenty-four times to repair breaks.

Keeping Observers in Touch.

Corporal Mason nine times went out and repaired a line between a battery forward observing station and his battery. Corporal Fred T. King took extreme risk in repairing a line from his battalion post command to the French artillery group with which his battalion was acting. This he did twenty-four times in two hours, at all time under heavy fire. Later he rescued Private Paul Sutton, who was wounded, and was himself wounded in taking him back. He insisted that aid first be given Sutton.

Private Daniel Shouse repaired thirteen breaks under fire, and later helped Corporal King repair twenty-four breaks. Lieutenant Arthur Dixon, posted in a front parallel of an intermediate line to observe the accuracy of barrages and insure their being launched at the proper time, carried out his duties, despite heavy shell fire and an attack by enemy infantry. Communication being broken, he made his way through a storm of gas and high explosive shells to the observation posts a second time, visiting three of them, seeking to find communication.

A few paces from a defending battery I visited the dugout where Captain Dickinson, a son of the former Secretary of War, was using one of the field phones under astonishing difficulties. He was standing under a sheet iron roof giving directions to the various batteries of change in range and direction. Instructions involve the use of letters and figures in code, and are seemingly hopelessly complicated, and yet he transmitted his orders amid momentary interruptions by gun explosions and made himself understood.

SPANISH NEWSPAPERS SQUABBLE OVER "NOTE"

None Sent to Berlin, Says Dato, but Talk of a Crisis Persists.

MADRID, Aug. 18.—(Associated Press)—Germanophile newspapers, such as the A. B. C., Tribuna and Nacion, in commenting upon the note from Spain to Germany, the text of which is still unknown, publish articles reflecting a threat of civil war in case of a rupture in relations with Germany. This has aroused an energetic protest from the press which is friendly to the Allies.

Although the country preserves its tranquillity, newspapers publish alarmist articles and the international situation is a general topic if conversation at clubs and cafés.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Aug. 18.—Foreign Minister Dato today issued a denial to recent press reports that the neutrality of Spain was threatened. He said that the Cabinet "would suffer nothing to turn it aside from a policy" of neutrality.

"As to the Spanish note addressed to Germany," the Minister continued, "it is impossible to publish it, because it does not exist."

He denied that Spain had sent a note to Germany concerning the alleged torpedoing of the Spanish steamer Serantes. He said the sinking was due to a fire in the cargo of petroleum.

There have been persistent reports in the last week that Spain had sent another note to Germany concerning the torpedoing of Spanish ships. Reports from Madrid stated that a note had been sent to Berlin and that as soon as it was received there it would be made public by Foreign Minister Dato. It was asserted that the note included a notice to Germany that Spain would compensate herself for future losses from self-interned German vessels in Spanish harbors.

The Spanish steamer Serantes, loaded with 10,000 barrels of oil, was set on fire by two explosions, while anchored off Sixty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, on July 13.

German "Oratorical Offensive."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—An official dispatch from France today quotes a telegram from Zurich saying the Berlin papers are announcing that a great German oratorical offensive will shortly take place. It is stated that three German Ministers will speak in order to explain the most important problems to the German people.

SCHWAB TO TAKE CLOSE CONTROL OF SHIPYARDS

Piecework to be Wage Basis in All Plants—No Monopolies on Improvements.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19.—In an effort to speed up the Government's shipbuilding program, Charles M. Schwab said today, after a conference with representatives of all the Atlantic Coast steel shipyards, that the direction and management of the yards hereafter would be collective rather than individual, and that piecework would be adopted as the wage basis. More than ninety shipyard officials attended the conference, which Mr. Schwab described as a "get together and speed up" meeting.

"The changes of wages, of working conditions, and all other improvements that are brought about in one yard will be introduced in all the other plants," said Mr. Schwab. "What we find best in one case will be adopted in all.

"The consensus of opinion as to why the yards of the East are behind those of the Great Lakes and the Pacific Coast was that the Eastern yards either are newly organized or are working on ships of a great variety of design, while the yards of the West have been in existence for some time and are building ships of only one design. It is not a question of labor or management. The men and management of the Atlantic Coast yards are equally as good."

Everything was harmonious at the meeting and every one present was anxious to do all possible to increase the production of the yards, Mr. Schwab said.

WILSON GUARDED BY NAVY.

Watchfulness to Prevent U-Boat Attack on Seaside Retreat.

MANCHESTER, Mass., Aug. 19.—President Wilson's outing has done him a world of good. Except for the first day, when the abrupt change from a high temperature in Washington to a daily average of 65 degrees here was felt by the whole party, the improvement in the President's condition has been steady and pronounced.

Today at the Essex County golf links he played the best game of his stay and won from Dr. Grayson in a hard-fought match.

The benefit that the President has had for five days has been due largely to the seclusion made possible by the most thorough guard ever thrown about the Chief Executive on a vacation. While he and Mrs. Wilson drove along the shore or strolled on the beach and in the woods they were accompanied, as usual, by Secret Service men.

Less noticeable and observed by but few was the part played by the navy, three branches of which kept vigilant watch over his safety. Marines picketed the grounds of the house which the President occupied. Two hydroaeroplanes persistently searched adjacent waters and at a little distance off the coast two torpedoboat destroyers and a fleet of submarine chasers made sure that no unwelcome craft ventured in.

This watch over the sea was taken because of some uneasiness due to the selection by the President and Mrs. Wilson of a house almost at the edge of a promontory which can be seen plainly from a considerable distance. It was not believed to be beyond possibility that some German submarine commander would be tempted to risk his ship to take a pot shot at so conspicuous a target.

The President and Mrs. Wilson occupy the house of J. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr. on Coolidge Point. The house, which authorities consider to be one of the best examples in America of Georgian architecture, stands out from a forest of pines, oak, and silver cedar not more than 150 yards from the water's edge.

Through constant touch with Washington the President was kept informed of important developments, and each evening he has had an extended conference with Colonel House.

MONAGHAN A FULL DEPUTY.

Health Commissioner Copeland Denies Hylan Brought Pressure.

Health Commissioner Copeland officially announced yesterday the appointment of Dr. Frank Monaghan, who has been serving as Acting Deputy Health Commissioner, to the full Deputy Commissionership. It was announced several days ago that Dr. Monaghan, who is Mayor Hylan's personal physician, would be appointed to succeed Dr. B. Frank Knause, who resigned to accept a commission in the army. Dr. Monaghan, it was said yesterday, would not assume his new duties until October.

Dr. Copeland denied that Mayor Hylan had brought any pressure to bear on the appointment of Dr. Monaghan, asserting that the Mayor made no recommendation in the matter, but had opposed it.

"It is only fair to the Mayor," said Dr. Copeland, "to tell the public that he urged me not to make the recommendation to the Board of Health."

SAW U-BOAT OFFICER IN CITY RESTAURANT

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

search of information. The coast is patrolled by naval vessels as well as by coast guardsmen who walk along the shores. Nevertheless, it is not considered impossible for men from submarines to come ashore in collapsible boat at night.

The cables cut by the German submarines were lines running from the American coast to the South. One of them was cut when the German submarines first visited American shores a few months ago and the other was cut last week. Both of the cables have been repaired, however. The one cut some time ago was severed somewhere along the New Jersey coast. It ran toward the West Indies. The one cut last week was a French cable running toward the Indies and was cut off the Virginia coast. It has just been repaired. In each instance it was necessary to convoy the cable ship that was sent out to repair the cables.

It was definitely ascertained today that the Navy Department has information convincing it that three submarines have operated along the American coast during the campaign that has been in progress during the last few weeks. One of them was a cable-cutting submarine. These submarines are now known to have been of the large cruising type, each about 300 feet long, and with a cruising radius of 17,000 miles. They are each equipped with two guns, one 5.7 and the other 6 inches.

Positive information is now in possession of the Navy Department convincing its higher officials that more than half of the German submarines have been destroyed in the campaign against the U-boats. This information is to the effect that 150 submarines have been definitely destroyed, and that the number of "probable" and "possible" sinkings of submarines is around fifty, bringing the total losses of submarines in all three classifications to approximately 200. It is learned that the Navy Department has information indicating that there are now from 160 to 180 submarines left and operating. These estimates make it appear that the number of submarines that have been destroyed is at least a score greater than all the submarines left in the German navy.

TWO NORWEGIAN SHIPS SUNK BY SUBMARINES

Steamer and Bark Sent to Bottom Off Atlantic Coast—All the Crews Reached Shore Safely.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—Captain David Evans of the British steamer Penistone, who was taken aboard a German submarine as a prisoner after the undersea boat sank his vessel off Nantucket last week, was landed here late today. With Captain Evans were eight members of the crew of the Norwegian steamer San Jose, also a victim of the same submarine that destroyed the Penistone.

The San Jose was sunk on Saturday morning. Captain Evans, who had been kept prisoner on the submarine eight days, was put into one of the San Jose's small boats, which was picked up later by a Government vessel. Naval authorities refused to give out anything concerning the experiences of Captain Evans or the sinking of the San Jose.

The Penistone was sent down 100 miles east of Nantucket on Aug. 11. Her engineer was killed and four firemen were wounded by the explosion of the torpedo in her engine room. The other survivors landed on the New England Coast four days later, after having suffered severely from their experience in open boats.

Captain Evans appeared little the worse for his adventures. He was seized by the German commander when he tried to return to his sinking vessel for the ship's papers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The Norwegian bark Nordhav was sunk by a German submarine 125 miles off the Virginia Capes Saturday. Her crew escaped in small boats and have been brought into an Atlantic port by an American warship.

Advices to the Navy Department today announcing the sinking did not say whether the bark was torpedoed or shelled. She was a vessel of 2,623 net tons and sailed on June 15 from Buenos Aires, Argentina. Captain Berntsen was master of the bark.

The Navy Department announced tonight that all the members of the crew of the San Jose, which was sunk today, have been accounted for. Thirty-one in all were landed at an Atlantic port.

DISCREDIT MUSTARD GAS.

Naval Officers Do Not Believe That Attack Was Made.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Secretary Daniels has received unofficial information from officers in the North Carolina naval district which seems to make it appear there is no real foundation in fact for the assumption that a mustard gas attack was made on that coast on the afternoon of Saturday, Aug. 10, by a German submarine. No official report discrediting the reputed mustard gas attack has yet been received by the Navy Department, but it is ascertained that the department has heard unofficially that a number of officers in the district do not now, after an investigation, believe that any mustard gas attack was made.

It has been unofficially stated that the oil spots, which were supposed to have been caused by a submarine dumping mustard gas oil on the surface of the water, were in fact caused by a merchant steamer dumping oil overboard. Secretary Daniels, however, said tonight that this phase of the matter had not been brought officially to his attention.

RAILWAY EMPLOYES TOLD TO BE POLITE

"Public-Be-Damned" Policy Will Not Be Tolerated, Director General McAdoo Warns.

BANS SHIFTING OF BLAME

Excuses Such as "Uncle Sam's Running Roads" or "McAdoo's Orders" Called Reprehensible.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Railroad employes were specifically ordered by Director General McAdoo today to show courtesy in dealings with the public and to cease excusing train delays and other errors with the plea that "Uncle Sam is running the railroads now."

"'The public-be-damned' policy will in no circumstances be tolerated on the railroads under Government control," said the Director General's order, which follows:

United States Railroad Administration,
Washington, D. C., Aug. 19, 1918.

To All Employes in the Railroad Service of the United States:

Complaints have reached me from time to time that employes are not treating the public with as much consideration and courtesy under Government control of the railroads as under private control. I do not know how much courtesy was accorded the public under private control, and I have no basis, therefore, for accurate comparison. I hope, however, that the reports of discourteay under Government administration of the railroads are incorrect, or that they are at least confined to a relatively few cases. Whatever may be the merits of these complaints, they draw attention to a question which is of the utmost importance in the management of the railroads.

For many years it was popularly believed that "the public-be-damned" policy was the policy of the railroads under private control. Such a policy is indefensible either under private control or Government control. It would be particularly indefensible under public control when railroad employes are the direct servants of the public. "The public-be-damned" policy will in no circumstances be tolerated on the railroads under Government control. Every employe of the railroads should take pride in serving the public courteously and efficiently. Courtesy costs nothing, and when it is dispensed it makes friends of the public and adds to the self-respect of the employe.

My attention has also been called to the fact that employes have sometimes offered as an excuse for their own shortcomings, or as a justification for delayed trains or other difficulties the statement that "Uncle Sam is running the railroads now," or "They are McAdoo's orders," &c. Nothing could be more reprehensible than statements of this character, and nothing could be more hurtful to the success of the Railroad Administration or to the welfare of railroad employes themselves. No doubt those who have made them have done so thoughtlessly in most instances, but the harm is just as great if a thing of this sort is done thoughtlessly as if done deliberately.

There are many people who for partisan or selfish purposes wish Government operation of the railroads to be a failure. Every employe who is discourteous to the public or makes excuses or statements of the kind I have described is helping these partisans or selfish interests to discredit Government control of railroads.

Recently the wages of railroad employes were largely increased, involving an addition to railroad operating expenses of more than $475,000,000 per annum. In order to meet this increase the public has been called upon to pay largely increased passenger and freight rates. The people have accepted this new burden cheerfully and patriotically. The least that every employe can do in return is to serve the public courteously faithfully and efficently.

A great responsibility and duty rests upon the railroad employes of the United States. Upon their loyalty, efficiency and patriotism depend in large part America's success and the overthrow of the Kaiser and all that he represents. Let us not fail to measure up to our duty and to the just demand of the public that railroad service shall not only be efficient, but that it shall always be courteously administered.

W. G. McADOO.

What the Complaints Were About.

It was the grandfather of the present President of the New York Central Railroad, the late William H. Vanderbilt, who, many years ago, in commenting on the duties of the management of a railroad to the public, was credited with having remarked: "The public be damned."

Many years afterward a young man came out of the South to New York, tubed the Hudson River, and began running trains through the tubes between Manhattan Island and New Jersey. His name was William G. McAdoo, and the tubes under the Hudson are still familiarly known as the McAdoo tunnels. On the day the tubes were opened for traffic, the crowds who patronized them noticed, in an advertising space in every car, a sign bearing this legend: "The public be pleased!"

Regional Director A. H. Smith, who resigned the Presidency of the New York Central to help Mr. McAdoo, issued an order on July 29 to all employes of the railroads under his immediate direction on this very subject of courtesy to the public. It was very much to the point, and the employes knew what was expected of them after they had read it.

Those who haven't been doing much traveling by railroad recently may be ignorant of the nature of the complaints to which Mr. McAdoo refers, but does not enumerate. It was said at the Grand Central Terminal yesterday that the first growl heard from anybody in these parts came from shippers when they found that all the freight offices in this city of railroads not having terminals here had been closed. For years shippers had been in the habit of telephoning, let us say, to the New York freight agent of the Burlington to arrange for a shipment of goods to the Northwest. When the "not-on-the-road" offices were abolished, shippers began to complain of the lack of consideration shown to them by the Government management.

Then the far travelers began to growl, because they found that they could not, under Government control, call up the office of the General Passenger Agent of the New York Central, for instance, as they had been long in the habit of doing, and say:

"We want to go to Southern California. Please send somebody around to show us several routes to choose from."

These people complained that the Government managers of the railroads wouldn't know courtesy after they had been introduced to it. Finally, from the big shippers and the far travelers, the growl spread to the general public, so those in the know at the Grand Central Terminal said, the trainmen and the station men coming in for most of the complaints. The complainants charged rudeness, discourtesy, and general lack of consideration for almost any traveler who had the temerity to ask a simple question. It has been complained of also that in some cities, notably Washington and a few along the line of the New Haven, there is a lack of station men who have any useful information to give the inquiring public.

PRISONERS OF GERMANS.

Names of 28 American Officers and Men in Camps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The War Department today made public the names of twenty-eight officers and men of the American Army who have been traced in German prison camps. The names of the prisoners, the camps at which they are located, and names of next of kin and emergency addresses are:

CAMP RASTATT.

CHEESMAN, BURT, First Lieutenant; Mrs. R. G. Cheesman, 2,811 Dirr Av., Parsons, Kan., and Miss W. V. Cheesman, Box 233, St. Joseph, Mo.

TRUXEL, WILLIAM C., Captain; Albert E. Truxel, Meyersdale, Penn.

TAYLOR, EDWARD R., First Lieutenant; Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Bellefonte, Penn.

GEE, J. E., First Lieutenant; Mrs. M. V. Gee, Monongahela, Penn.

COUSART, JAMES B., Captain; Mrs. M. M. Cousart, Philadelphia, Penn.

SWARTS, WALTER L., First Lieutenant; Mrs. M. S. Swarts, Scranton, Penn.

SLOAN, HERMAN, First Lieutenant; G. W. Sloan, Merchantville, N. J.

BROWN, WILLIAM, Second Lieutenant; Mrs. P. L. Brown, Scranton, Penn.

BARRETT, MITCHELL A., First Sergeant; Henry Barrett, Philadelphia.

BARRINGER, H. E., First Lieutenant; Mrs. H. Barringer, Jacksonville, Fla.

CROWNS, GEORGE H., Second Lieutenant; N. Crowns, Nekoosa, Wis.

RAYMOND, ROBERT F., First Lieutenant; Judge R. F. Raymond, Boston, Mass.

CHAMBERS, WILLIAM W., First Lieutenant; James Chambers, 28 Bond St., Fitchburg, Mass.

CAMP BAYREUTH.

MORTON, JAMES E., private; Mrs. S. Coffery, Hamilton, Ont.

CAMP DULMEN.

DENNEN, JOSEPH R., private; J. P. Dennen, 68 Witherspoon St., Princeton, N. J.

HUNT, HAROLD J., private; A. B. Hunt, Hightstown, N. J.

CAMP HAMMELBURG.

FRESHOUR, ROLLIN G., private; Mrs. W. A. Freshour, Ripon, Cal.

HUGHEY, GEORGE D., Corporal; C. V. Hughey, Lehigh, Okla.

CAMP LIMBURG.

SCIULLO, JOHN, private; M. Sciullo, 74 South Elm St., Waterbury, Conn.

MURPHY, EARL E., Corporal; J. E. Murphy, Homestead Av., Hartford, Conn.

CAMP STARGARD POGRANIA.

JAMES, HARRY K., private; Mrs. S. C. Dimond, Bristol, R. I.

CAMP UNKNOWN.

HITZEROTH, EDWARD, First Lieutenant; Mrs. H. G. Hitzeroth, Philadelphia, Penn.

HUSTED, CHARLES J., private; Mrs. C. M. Husted, Philadelphia, Penn.

BIXLER, WALTER S., private; A. O. Bixler, Connellsville, Penn.

NEEL, WALTER E., private; Mrs. M. Neel, Salisbury, N. C.

WOODWARD, EDGAR M., Corporal; Mrs. E. Woodward, Stoyestown, Penn.

ROBERTS, ALEXANDER M., Lieutenant Aviator, (prisoner unwounded;) Mrs. H. T. Roberts, Guilford, Miss.

CAMP KARLSRUHE.

KIDDER, WILLIAM S., Lieutenant Pilot; emergency address not stated.

McAdoo Appoints Pullman Manager

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—L. S. Taylor, Controller of the Pullman Company, was appointed by Director General McAdoo today Federal Manager of the Pullman car line, consisting of the operating department of the Pullman Company under Federal management. His headquarters will be in Chicago.

Great Western Champagne

BRUT SPECIAL (Absolutely Brut)
SPECIAL RESERVE (Very Dry)
EXTRA DRY (Medium)
Only American Champagne ever awarded Gold Medals at Foreign Expositions

Produced by the old French slow method of fermentation in the bottle, taking from six to seven years of time.

Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Rheims, N. Y.

AMERICA'S OLDEST & LARGEST PRODUCERS

Don't let prejudice interfere with your pleasure. One sip from a well-iced bottle of

Club Cocktails

will show you that progress has bottled a perfect cocktail (in ten varieties) for your benefit.

TOOK NEWS AGENCY ON ORDER OF BERLIN

Selim Gourdji, Former Head of Ottoman Concern in Constantinople, Tells Story.

HAD TO FLEE FOR HIS LIFE

Germans Angered by Uncensored Dispatches He Received—All His Property Confiscated.

Deputy Attorney General Becker gave out a statement on Sunday in which he told of an attempt by the Imperial German Government, through its Ambassador at Constantinople, to buy the Ottoman Telegraphic News Agency, the official news dispenser of the Turkish Empire, and bearing very much the same relation to the Ottoman Government as Wolff's agency bears to the German Government.

Although 40,000 marks and then 100,000 marks were offered for the property, the offer, so Mr. Becker said, was declined. The Deputy Attorney General did not tell what Germany's next move was to acquire a channel through which to spread its propaganda in the guise of news dispatches. This was told last evening by the man to whom the offer was made and the owner of the Ottoman News Agency. He is Selih Gourdji, now living in New York at 65 West Fifty-second Street.

Mr. Gourdji is an Arab, and was born in Bagdad. He was one of the most active organizers of the Young Turk Party, and when that party came into power he became a member of the Turkish Parliament. After completing his studies in political science in Paris he returned to Constantinople, and established the Ottoman News Agency. As for his experiences with the German Government and with his own after it had become thoroughly Germanized, Mr. Gourdji said:

"In May, 1914, the German Ambassador offered me 40,000 marks for my agency. This offer I refused, saying that the business was profitable and that, even if it were not, I was fortunate to be of independent means and I wished to retain and further develop what I had built up. Not long afterward the bid was raised to 100,000 marks, which was also declined. Meantime I had made connections with the Havas Agency and the Reuter Agency to get their news from other parts of Europe in exchange for my news from the entire Turkish Empire.

"The result was that the newspapers of Turkey got news from the allied countries before it had passed through the hands of a German censor. This, of course, was reported to Berlin by the German Ambassador at Constantinople and the German Government got—what do you call it so well in this country? Oh, yes, got busy. On Sept. 9, 1914, the Constantinople Commissioner of Police, Bedri Bey, summoned me to his office and told me that I must not go to my offices again until I was told that I might do so. The alternative was that I would be imprisoned, and I knew that that would mean I would be executed not long after I had been made a prisoner.

"'But,' said I to the Commissioner of Police, 'from whom do you get your orders? You are but a subordinate. In this case you could get your orders only from the Minister of the Interior. Do you mean to tell me that he has issued any such orders?'

"All explanation the Commissioner refused. Whereupon I went straight to the Minister of the Interior, Talaat Bey, who is now the Grand Vizier. It was with him, representing the Turkish Government, that I signed the convention which made my agency the official news agency of Turkey, with a Government subsidy.

"Talaat Bey swore to me that he had given no such orders. Then I went to the Foreign Minister, Halil Bey, and he told me that I had given him the first news of what had occurred. That was all the satisfaction I got. A short time later my agency and all my other property in Turkey was confiscated, and I was threatened again with arrest, and, therefore, I was certain to be hanged later. So my friends advised me to leave Constantinople, and a way was provided for myself and family to do so. We got safely to Paris with hardly more than the clothing we wore. My wife and two daughters are there now.

"Before I left Constantinople I found out, however, that the Government at Berlin ordered that I be got out of the way. I do not regret at all what I have suffered, although I sometimes have not had the money to buy needed food, so long as the cause of the Allies triumphs, as triumph it must and will."

MAKE EARLY START ON FUND

Y. W. C. A. Workers Begin Campaign Away Ahead of Time.

Word reached the War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association that a number of girls wearing their insignia started out yesterday to collect money for the fund of $15,000,000 for which a drive is to be made later in connection with the Y. M. C. A. and other organizations. Miss Helen Davis, Executive Secretary of the Field Work Department of the War Work Council, said it must be misplaced exuberance on the part of the young women, as the financial campaign will not take place until Nov. 11, and it is hoped these premature workers will call themselves in. Among the women who will speak in the campaign will be Margaret Deland, Kate Langley Bosher, and Blanche Bates. Mrs. Henry P. Davison is Chairman.

Word comes from French workers of the publishing of a war workers' bulletin, similar to that published in this country, and that for recreation purposes a part of a beautiful large island in the Loire at Tours has been obtained, where many amusements are provided for the workers.

Sightseeing Tours for Soldiers.

A sightseeing tour of the city for soldiers and sailors will be part of the regular weekly program of entertainment of the Y. M. C. A. Eagle Hut in Bryant Park. The first of the trips was taken Sunday on two Fifth Avenue buses, carrying forty-two men each. The expense of the trips is being borne by a donor whose name was withheld by the Y. M. C. A. Tickets for the jaunts are issued, beginning noon Saturdays, the rule being "first come, first served."

NOW
Is the Time to Invest in
5%
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
Real estate valuations are more conservative than ever—rents are higher than ever—New York's population is greater than ever.
Safest Investment in the World.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.

ARROW FORM-FIT COLLARS
ARE CURVE CUT TO FIT THE NECK AND SHOULDERS.

INVALIDS' CHAIRS
WE MAKE OVER 70 STYLES.
SARGENT CO. 132 E. 23rd St. New York.
Southwest Cor. 23rd St. & Lexington Av.

Brooklyn residents will find the Brooklyn office of The New York Times, at The Brooklyn Citizen office, 401 Fulton Street, a convenience when they desire to insert advertisements in The Times. Subscriptions also may be left at the Brooklyn office.—Advt.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue 46th and 47th Sts.

FINAL SUMMER SALES

Groups are reduced to limited numbers—Prices are lowest of the season—Such values are not procurable at any other season of the year.

TAILORED SUITS Formerly to $125 at $45 and $55
Including navy blue, black and oxford gray.

DAY & EVENING WRAPS Formerly to $150 at $45 and $65
Of silk and satin; in black and colors.

DAY DRESSES Formerly to $150 at $35 and $58
Of serge, taffeta, jersey, tricotine and light Summer fabrics.

LIGHT & DARK DRESSES Formerly to $55 at $18
Odds and ends from various lines.

SILK AFTERNOON COATS Formerly to $150 at $75
Handsome models; for street and afternoon wear.

UTILITY COATS Formerly to $85 at $25 and $35
Long and short models; in various materials; broken sizes.

BLOUSES Formerly to $35 at $5, $10, $15, $20
Remaining models from various lines; including French handmade designs, and other exclusive models.

Pleases All Ages—Protects All Teeth

Dr. Lyon's has pleased more refined people than any other dentifrice—whether it is the grandparents who have habitually used Dr. Lyon's for fifty years, or the newer users,—pleased them because it is thorough, and because it is delightful to use.

Dr. Lyon's has protected more teeth than any other dentifrice. It gives all the protection a dentifrice *can* give—*cleanliness*. Any further claim for a dentifrice is pretense. Any tooth condition that needs *more* than cleanliness needs a dentist and his prescription.

Dr. Lyon's
The Dentifrice that made fine teeth Fashionable
Powder *Cream*

Originated in America by Americans and manufactured by them for Americans.

I. W. LYON & SONS, Inc., 545 West 27th Street, New York

Buy W. S. S. Buy W. S. S.

Macy's
R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Price-Quality—Service.
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

"Soldiers Three"
And especially to those who fight with their dollars we offer our

Patriotic D. A. Service
In this store we have a system of conservation shopping which does away with the popular waste evil of paying the store for the questionable privilege of using the store's money to buy the store's merchandise—otherwise, running a charge account.

In Every Dollar's Worth You Charge
is added something to pay for the privilege extended to you by the store of charging your purchases, and you pay this tax whether or not you charge your goods or pay cash for them. Because somebody must support the system.

Somebody Pays for
the vast expense to the store of maintaining a charge account department with its corps of clerks, collectors and expert credit men. And that somebody is the customer. And the payment is made through the prices of the goods you buy.

Very Frankly,
when you buy merchandise from a credit house you are spending hard cash for the privilege of buying goods from a store with the store's money. Is it worth while? Is it the newer idea of conservation of resources?

In This Store
we offer you a system of shopping which gives you all the conveniences of a charge account without its evils. Briefly, you deposit a sum of money with us to cover your shopping needs. On this we pay you 4% interest from the day of deposit until the day of withdrawal, or until your money has been absorbed by the purchases you make.

You Shop As Usual
We give you a D. A. number and register your name and address, and when buying you merely give these to the clerk. Then and there the transaction is complete, so far as payment is concerned. You have bought goods with your own money and charged yourself in the matter.

Your money earned 4% up to the day it was utilized to cover your expenditures, and those expenditures saved you at least 6% on the price charged elsewhere, for our prices are listed at least that much below others'. Ask for Particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co. Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th St.

Store Hours Until Further Notice
Store Opens 9 A. M., Closes 5:30 P. M., Except Saturdays, Store Opens 9 A. M., Closes 12 Noon.

Buy War Stamps and help win the war. Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps may be bought in any Department Store in the city and in hundreds of other places.

SENATE GIVES DRAFT BILL RIGHT OF WAY

Debate Begins Thursday and Chamberlain Expects Passage by Saturday Night.

57 ANSWER QUORUM CALL

Unanimous Consent to Speed Measure Quickly Obtained—New Training Plan for Colleges.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Quick action on the Man Power bill in the Senate was assured today when fifty Senators—more than a quorum—responding to the call to cut short the vacation taken under a gentlemen's agreement and return to the capital, voted to take up the measure next Thursday. Senator Chamberlain, Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee, expects that the debate on the bill will be ended and the vote taken by Saturday night.

Of the fifty-seven Senators present, twenty-nine were Democrats and twenty-eight Republicans.

Senator Chamberlain, after the quorum had been announced, moved that the unanimous consent by which the Senate, on July 15, embarked on its Summer recess, to terminate next Monday, be set aside. This was done by unanimous vote and without a word of debate.

The Senate, under another unanimous consent agreement, has as its exclusive business for next Monday Senator Gore's amendment to the Food Stimulation bill, providing for nation-wide prohibition after Dec. 31 next. Under the unanimous consent agreement, this is to hold the stage in the Senate until it reaches a final vote. Senate leaders, it was said today, will agree to have the prohibition amendment deferred until the Man Power bill is disposed of, if the debate on the latter should run over into next week.

The Senate Military Affairs Committee believes the Man Power bill will be passed substantially as offered in the Senate last week, with the draft ages fixed at from 18 to 45 years. Some Senators have voiced opposition to the extension of the age limit to 18 years, but it is expected that they will yield or be out-voted. The War Department's insistance that the 18-year limit is necessary to obtain the fighting force necessary to beat Germany is expected to prevail.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma drafted an amendment today to provide that men of 21 years and over shall be drawn before those of from 18 to 21. He would separate the draft below 21 into three classes—men of 20 years, those of 19, and those of 18, to be called in that order after the rest of the draft has been exhausted.

It is not expected that this amendment will be adopted, the majority of the Senate apparently preferring to allow the President to determine how the classes are to be called, as provided in the bill as now before the Senate.

Training of College Men.

In evidence given before the Senate Military Affairs Committee, made public today, Dr. C. R. Mann, ex-Professor of Physics at Chicago University and later engaged in investigations into engineering education in New York for the National Engineering Societies, who for the last nine months has worked with the Council of National Defense in organizing the training of young college men in technical war activities, told of the work of training in fitting the country's youths for army service.

Dr. Mann said that of approximately 700,000 young men in the high schools and colleges, about 350,000 were from 18 to 21 years. In the colleges and universities, he said, there are approximately 165,000 young men between those ages.

There are already established, Dr. Mann said, 147 military training posts throughout the country where young men are being trained in skilled work that would make them readily adaptable to special service in the army. These training posts, Dr. Mann told the committee, are supplying about 20,000 men to the army every month. They are not connected with the colleges or universities. Men in the colleges, he said, are now being trained apart from the others, and it is expected to have 359 colleges on the list before many months.

The project to train the college men, Dr. Mann said, is backed by the War Department. The scheme is to allow the college men—and also high school boys, when they are organized, later on—to remain at college or school, learning technical work, in addition to the established curriculum, until needed by the army for the draft. When the army wants them, he said, the young men will have had the advantage of several months of training and will be equipped to take places of greater responsibility in the service.

Senator Reed asked Dr. Mann if the idea was to concentrate on courses that would have military value.

"That is exactly it," replied Dr. Mann. He wanted it made plain that the colleges did not want exemption for any of their students, nor did the latter want it. The colleges simply feel that they can render a service to the country by equipping their men in technical work before their entry into the military service.

The committee expressed itself as deeply impressed with the scheme. It will probably be urged during debate in the Senate later in the week.

House May Amend the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—Chairman Dent said tonight that he hoped to report the Man Power Bill Wednesday or Thursday, probably with amendments. If sentiment in the committee for provisions specifying the order of classes to be called and to specifically defer calls for 18-year-old boys shall prevail, Representative Kann of California, ranking Republican member, plans a minority report in favor of the Administration plan.

General Crowder told the committee that men now in Class 1 would be exhausted after the September call and urged speedy action on the bill to provide sufficient men for future calls. although General March said he thought there would be enough men to last until November, without the new legislation. By Jan. 1, General Crowder said, he hoped to complete "classifying the nation."

General Crowder said that by Sept. 1 there would be 216,000 men left in Class 1, while the September call planned is for more than that number. Weekly registrations of men becoming 21, he said, will furnish 80,000 more men. For October calls, he said, therefore there will be a deficiency unless the bill provides a new supply.

After the bill is enacted, General Crowder said, he would ask the President to order the new registration in ten days, to provide for drawing of numbers as soon thereafter as possible.

"Within thirty days after questionnaires are distributed," he said, "I probably would have enough men for future calls."

On the question of volunteer enlistments, which some committee members said should be discontinued for the navy and Marine Corps, as well as the army, if the new bill should be passed, Secretary Baker said the navy opposed prohibiting volunteer enlistment, and he had withheld an expression of opinion. He pointed out, however, that the bill would place every man between 18 and 45 under control of the War Department, and that it would be possible for him and Secretary Daniels to work out in harmony a program to supply men for the navy for the fighting branch and also the merchant ship service.

Secretary Baker and General March explained that calls are planned for first, the men in the class from 19 to 30 years, next from 36 to 45, and last of eighteen-year-old youths. The greater task of classifying men over 36, it was explained, led to the policy of calling them later than those between 19 and 36.

The bill, General March said, would not interfere with men between 18 and 45 going into training camps to seek commissions.

M'ADOO REJECTS TAX REVISION

Writes Kitchin Increased Excess Profits Rate Is Unjust to Small Business.

INCOME TAX CRITICISED

Says Normal Rate Should Be Higher—Member Predicts Secretary Will Have His Way.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—In a letter sent to Chairman Kitchin of the Ways and Means Committee today, Secretary McAdoo reiterated his insistence that the committee write into the $8,000,000,000 Revenue bill now being drafted the war profits plan, with the alternative excess profits system recommended to the committee by the Treasury Department.

This letter was sent in response to the submission by the committee of another plan containing slightly higher excess profits rates. It caused the committee to delay consideration of war profits taxation until the controversy between Mr. McAdoo and the committee could be adjusted.

Chairman Kitchin is reluctant to abandon his plan for placing a high excess profits rate in connection with a war profits tax. In the tentative plan submitted to Secretary McAdoo the 80 per cent. flat war profits tax is adopted, with the excess profits tax as an alternative plan, the rates in the latter having been fixed at from 40 to 60 per cent.

Secretary McAdoo called the attention of the committee to his argument that with the excess profits rate fixed at 40 to 60 per cent. great hardship would be placed on small business, and said the lower rate should not be made higher than 20 per cent., as in the present law.

It is expected that the committee will accede to the Secretary's wishes to some extent, if not entirely. Members of the committee, while agreeing with Mr. McAdoo's conclusions, are not disposed to affront their Chairman. For that reason there is a chance that the committee will increase the lower rate in the excess profits section slightly over 20 per cent.

In his letter Mr. McAdoo declined to accept the proposed normal tax on personal incomes. The committee had tentatively fixed the normal rate on earned incomes at 10 per cent., and on unearned incomes at 13 per cent. Mr. McAdoo said he thought these rates should be fixed at 12 and 15 per cent., respectively.

Mr. Kitchin appeared provoked at the attitude taken by Secretary McAdoo. He said to newspaper men that there was nothing to give out. The committe, he said, had made no further progress. It was learned later that Mr. Kitchin had received the Secretary's letter and that the committee had been impressed with the idea of keeping silent as to this development.

After it had become known that the letter had been received Mr. Kitchin was asked to make it public. He declined, saying that the letter should be given out, if at all, by Secretary McAdoo. It is expected that Mr. McAdoo will furnish copies to the press tomorrow.

One member said the committee could have finished its work today if the dispute between Chairman Kitchin and Secretary McAdoo had been adjusted.

"We know perfectly well," said this member, "that Mr. McAdoo is going to have his way, either in the bill we write or in the Senate bill. I think we might as well bow to his wishes gracefully, rather than keep up the losing struggle against his dictation."

Mr. Kitchin authorized the clerk of the committee to announce that the committee had decided to increase the tax on playing cards from 70 to 80 cents a pack.

"We also fixed a tax of 10 per cent. on the gross price of the fare charged by sight-seeing cars," said a member of the committee. "This will mean that it will cost $1.10 to ride on these 'rubber neck wagons.'"

ROBBERIES GROW IN VIENNA.

Thieves Eager to Get Clothes, Which Cost $375 or More a Suit.

BERNE, Aug. 19.—Public insecurity is greatly increased in Vienna because of the war, according to a traveler who has just returned to Switzerland from the Austrian capital. Thefts are reported every night, the thieves being especially anxious to obtain clothes, the price of which has risen fabulously.

A good suit for a man costs from 1,500 to 2,000 crowns. Shoes are worth 300 crowns, and a pound of bread, bought secretly without a bread card, costs from 12 to 15 crowns.

On the other hand, the ordinary worker is earning from 400 to 500 crowns a week and often more. As a result ironworkers and coal carriers are seen drinking champagne at fashionable bars.

Coopers are greatly needed in view of the excellent harvests in the wine district. Hungarian vineyard owners are offering master coopers 80,000 crowns a year.

CALL 5,709 SELECTMEN.

Eighteen States to Furnish Draft Registrants for Special Training.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Eighteen States were called upon by the Provost Marshal General today to furnish 5,700 white draft registrants of grammar school education for general military service. The men will entrain Sept. 6. Voluntary enlistments will be accepted until Aug. 26. All of these men will be sent to training centres for instruction in special lines of service.

Following are the calls upon the Eastern States and the points to which the men were ordered:

Massachusetts.—255, Wentworth Institute, Boston; 103, Franklin Union, Boston.

New York.—206, New Hampshire College, Durham, N. H.

Pennsylvania.—206, Newark, Del.; 206, Cambridge Springs, Penn.; 237, Spring Garden Institute, Philadelphia.

In addition, Ohio and the District of Columbia were directed to furnish fifteen white registrants each, to report Aug. 26 at Wilbur Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, and the 88th Aero Squadron.

LINCOLN IN A BRITISH COURT

Barrister Quotes "Lost Speech" as a Principle in Contracts.

LONDON, July 25, (Associated Press Correspondence.)—In the course of a hearing in the Prize Court yesterday, Sir Samuel Evans drew the attention of the Attorney General to a legal dictum of President Lincoln. Sir Samuel, examining a law book, came across a manuscript note and said:

"I see I have here a note from President Lincoln's lost speech. President Lincoln was not only American President, he was also a lawyer. He stated: 'It is, I believe, a principle of law that when one party to a contract violates it so grossly as to destroy the object for which it is made, the other party may rescind it.' The speech was made in 1856, and is called the 'Lost Speech.'"

FIRE AT ACID PLANT LAID TO ENEMY PLOT

Explosion Outside the Building Blows Wall In—Company Busy on Government Contract.

GRAVE DISASTER AVERTED

Blaze Kept from Chemicals with Difficulty—N. Y. Juvenile Asylum Half a Mile Away.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y., Aug. 19.—A mysterious explosion, which occurred at noon today at the Strausser Chemical Company's plant at Chauncey, near here, where a big Government order for acids used in manufacturing explosives is being filled, has caused the policee and Federal authorities to begin an investigation.

The explosion did not occur in any of the tanks of chemicals, but on the outside of the main building, which is of brick, blowing the wall in and setting fire to the frame part of the adjoining buildings. The fire was not put out until 5 o'clock this evening. Water was scarce, as the pipes in that section had gone dry, and water had to be pumped from Sawmill Creek, on which the building stood, by engines from here and Ardsley.

The chemicals used in making the acids are stored in big cement underground tanks. Had any of these caught fire a terrific explosion would have followed and might have endangered the lives of the 1,000 or more inmates of the New York Juvenile Asylum, just over a small hill and half a mile from the plant, but the fire was kept from these with difficulty.

It was not until the fire had been put out that a hasty investigation showed the explosion was not caused by chemicals in the plant. An electrician was working near the wall where the explosion occurred. He says he heard a terrific explosion, and that the wall caved in. He ran and gave the alarm.

Arthur Walters, manager of the plant, said tonight that he felt certain the explosion and resulting fire were of incendiary origin. He stated positively that the explosion did not originate within the plant, and consequently could not have been from anything but an outside source.

There were only about fifteen men in the building when the explosion occurred. None was hurt. The damage to the building could not be estimated, but the main mixing room was wrecked and will have to be rebuilt.

Federal agents arrived this evening and made an investigation, but would make no statement. The order which the company is filling is an important one, it is said, and because of this the belief that German plotters or spies are responsible for the explosion is given much credence.

MENNONITES FACE CHARGE.

Bishops May Be Indicted for Anti-War Declaration.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, Ind., Aug. 19.—Expecting to obtain evidence upon which to secure indictments before a Federal Grand Jury in Cleveland of 185 bishops, ministers, and deacons of the Mennonite Church of the World, F. E. Fortune of Wooster, Ohio, a United States Department of Justice agent, arrived in Goshen today. Charges against the men are based on a pamphlet which they signed following the annual convention of the Mennonite Church of the United States, Canada, and India at Yellow Creek Church, westof Goshen, a year ago.

The conference devoted much time to a discussion of war subjects, especially the Army draft, and in the pamphlet, which was circulated throughout the United States, advised Mennonites in the draft to respond to calls from draft officials, but to decline to give military service, basing their refusal upon their church teachings. Several Mennonites who followed this advice are now serving terms in Fort Leavenworth Federal Prison, having been tried before courts-martial at training camps.

PROTEUS SUNK IN COLLISION

3,000-Ton Steamer Struck Off Hatteras—No Lives Lost.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The merchant steamer Proteus of 3,000 tons was sunk last night in a collision, the Navy Department was informed today. The announcement of the Navy Department said:

"The Navy Department is informed that the merchant steamer Proteus, 3,000 tons, was sunk last night in collision with another steamship about thirty-four miles southwest of Diamond Shoals, off Cape Hatteras, N. C. The other vessel was not seriously damaged and stood by to rescue the crew of the Proteus."

NEXT YEAR TO END WAR, SAYS MARCH

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

France, are sufficient to win the war?" asked Mr. Kahn.

"If you put eighty divisions in France on the western front, we can go through the German line. That is my firm belief."

"Can you give the approximate number of men required to win the war?" continued Mr. Kahn.

"When Germany started this drive she was superior in riflemen. The allied armies are now becoming superior. Eighty divisions of Americans should be able to bring the war to a successful conclusion in 1919. The war will be won or lost on the western front, without taking into consideration conditions in Russia."

Youngest Men to be Called Last.

Secretary of War Baker, who opened the hearing, broadly defined the Administration's policy respecting the men to be drafted under the new Man Power bill. He said that the registrants would be divided into three classes, and that, while the junior class, 18 to 19 years, would be called into actual service last, it would be almost at the same time as those in the other classes.

Men subject to military service under the pending bill who had married since the extension of the ages had been proposed, Secretary Baker said, would not be able to avoid military duty because married. The War Department, he said, would disregard the marriage as making the registrant eligible for deferred classification.

Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, registered a protest against the bill on the ground that through the anti-strike amendment it "conscripted labor."

Secretary Baker declined to oppose the anti-strike amendment, which was added to the bill by a Senate committee. He said there was no objection to the amendment, inasmuch as the War Department was now proceeding under regulation in the way it was now proposed to prescribe by law. This amendment, which is opposed by organized labor, reads:

"Provided, That, when any person shall have been placed in a deferred or exempted class for any of the reasons in this paragraph set forth, he shall not be entitled to remain there, unless he shall in good faith continue, while physically able so to do, to work at and follow such occupation, employment, or business, and, if he fails so to do, he shall again become subject to the draft. The President shall make regulations for enforcing this provision."

Secretary Baker took exception to the assertion that the measure was intended to conscript labor.

Representative Lunn of Schenectady, N. Y., who represents labor interests on the committee, flatly opposed the anti-strike amendment. He said he was "afraid of it" and urged that it be stricken from the bill. He asked Secretary Baker his attitude on the amendment.

"I see no particular objection to it," said Mr. Baker, "in view of the fact that the regulations of the President are to be relied upon in carrying it into effect."

Representative Lunn insisted that in the event of a strike the language of the Senate amendment would make it mandatory upon the President to draft any striker who was within the draft age. Secretary Baker did not agree to this construction, and said.

No Sympathy With Slackers.

"I would be opposed to using the draft law as a method of adjusting differences between capital and labor, if these difficulties arose in good faith. While I have no sympathy with the use of the draft law to regulate general relations between labor and capital, still I do have a very strong feeling against any one who is given an industrial exemption and then does not work in that industry. Slackers should be prevented from using the industrial exemption to escape the draft."

Secretary Baker said that the policy of the War Department now was to force a man to work or fight. He said that principle should continue to prevail, and he saw no objection to writing it into the law. He said he believed labor itself was in accord with that view.

"The attitude of labor is and has been fine, wholesome, helpful, and patriotic, so far as my attention had been called to it," said Secretary Baker.

Representative Hull of Iowa sharply challenged the drafting of men employed on the farms, and insisted that in his own State, where the agricultural interests are large, thousands of young men essential to farm work had been drafted.

"What is your policy with regard to agricultural labor?" asked Representative Hull.

"The policy is to take men working on farms in such a way as will still permit the farmers to operate," replied Secretary Baker.

"That question is left entirely in the hands of the district boards," interjected Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder. "It is up to them to determine from the evidence placed before them as to whether the place of the men drafted from the farm can be taken by some one else."

Mr. Hull insisted that the rules were not definite enough and suggested that the law be made specific on the question of drafting farm labor. Both Secretary Baker and General Crowder opposed this.

"There are two ways of fighting this war," said Mr. Baker. "One is to make every possible effort to win quickly, and the other is to proceed leisurely and win it late. Financial, economical, and other considerations induce us to put forth every effort to win it early. That is the reason for asking for this law, providing for the maximum effort. It was determined that the maximum military effort at present should be ninety-eight divisions, of which eighty were to be used abroad and eighteen were to be in training here. In order to secure the necessary men for an army of that size it was determined that the age limits should be eighteen to forty-five.

"There is a sentiment in the country that men of 18 are too young to be taken, unless they are absolutely necessary. I have placed the men between 18 and 19 in a separate class, with a view of deferring their call until necessary.

"Ought this classification be written into the bill or made a regulation?" asked Representative McKenzie of Illinois.

"I can see no objection to putting it into the bill, provided it is not made too rigid and gives the War Department full discretion as to when this class shall be called into active service. The time might come very quickly when those in the class from 45 down would be exhausted, and if the bill is rigid the department might be prevented from going into the junior class to make up the shortage."

Marriage and Exemption.

Secretary Baker said there was a public misconception of marriage as a reason for automatic exemption from military service. He said the idea he had was to relieve patriotic married men of the necessity of claiming exemption when rightly entitled to it.

"How about the men who are working the marriage license clerks overtime?" demanded Representative Field of Kentucky. "I see in the New York papers that there is an unprecedented rush for marriage licenses since plans for the new draft have become known, on the theory that all married men will be put in deferred classifications automatically."

"That situation will be met," said General Crowder, "by a regulation disregarding all such marriages."

"Why not provide in the bill that marriages contracted subsequent to the introduction of the bill shall not be cause for exemption?" suggested Representative McKenzie of Illinois.

"That will not be necessary," Secretary Baker said. "The regulations will provide fully against exemptions in such cases. I realize that there are some married men who ought to go into the army, and provision will be made for them. If you leave the matter to regulations, we can get those men, but if you make a hard and fast rule in the enactment of the law we cannot touch them."

"What consideration has been given to the education of drafted men between 18 and 20 years?" asked Representative Crago of Pennsylvania.

"I suppose you mean as to the continuation of their education. That is one of the unsolved problems in connection with this draft."

"Could these boys have their education carried along with their military training?"

No Time for More Than Training.

"That is not possible. Their education cannot be carried along with the intensive training which will be necessary. There will not be sufficient time to give them any real educational facilities. If they get six months training in this country that is all they can expect.

"It would be a public misfortune if academic education should be suspended during the war. Of course, it will not be necessary to suspend it entirely, because some unfit for military duty will be able to continue their courses. This is a scientific war, and many scientific and technical men will have to be exempted to continue their courses. I think it would be admirable, if practicable, to have a national examination to determine who should be exempted and allowed to continue a college or university career.

"No such question of exempting men to continue their college courses should be considered if it would interfere with military efficiency. The first consideration is to obtain a maximum army."

Representative Kahn of California said only 20 per cent. of men after 18 years of age continue their education.

"Is it not possible to relieve the younger army officers in the department here and elsewhere with older men?" asked Representative Lunn.

"It is being done now. We are taking out of home service every man capable of active duty and replacing him with a man of limited capability."

"Would you favor replacing military men with women and commissioning the latter?" asked Mr. Lunn.

"I would not. I do not believe it necessary, and do not believe women could do effective work. Women are now being used wherever possible."

"Would it not be good policy for Congress to revoke all exemptions made for clerical purposes?" asked Representative McKenzie.

Exemption of Specialists.

"I do not think so. These exemptions have been made with care. Most of the men in deferred classifications in Washington are men who have been very hard to get. They are highly trained specialists who are needed for skilled work in connection with scientific problems. We are replacing them as fast as we can, but if the present orders for deferred classification were revoked suddenly the result would be little short of chaos, so far as the work of the department is concerned."

Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor at the conclusion of Secretary Baker's testimony asked to be heard, and before his request could be considered made a brief statement. He said:

"There is no question about labor doing the right thing by the Government. The President and Secretary Baker and all officers of the Government have been working along splendid lines, and labor has been doing its level best. President Gompers entered a protest against this measure, which is nothing more than the conscription of labor."

Chairman Dent halted Mr. Morrison, but the latter added before taking his seat that he wished to be heard later. He then asked Secretary Baker what he would do in case a strike occurred when the employer refused to arbitrate.

"There is no question what the War Department would do in such a case," Secretary Baker replied. "The men would not be taken into the military service if they were prevented from working by such a lockout."

Mr. Morrison, as the representative of organized labor, will be heard by the committee tomorrow.

Provost Marshal General Crowder said he would be able to register those subject to the new draft ten days after the bill was passed, and hoped to be able within two months to begin calling the men between 18 and 45 years into military service.

There is no indication that the committee will change the age limits in the bill, although there is a disposition in the House to fix the ages at from 20 to 40 years.

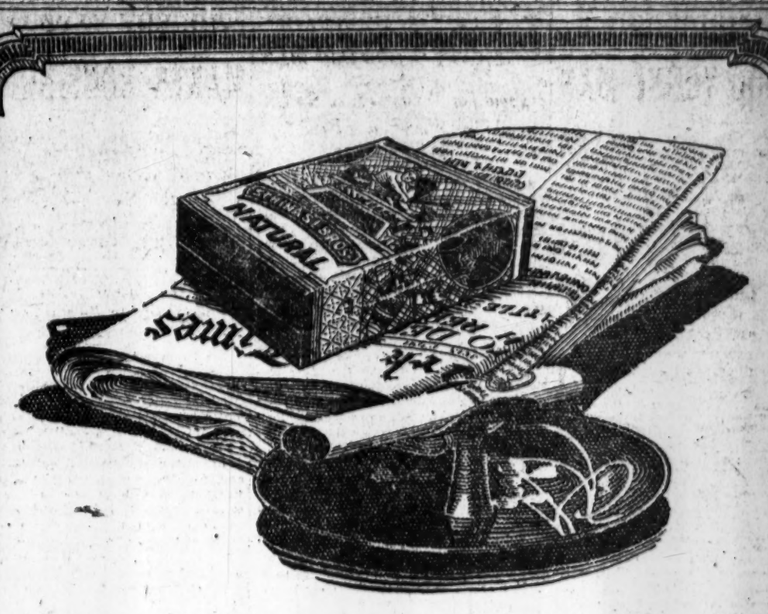
Status of Married Men.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—(Associated Press.)—In answer to a letter from Chairman Chamberlain of the Senate Military Committee, asking whether it was true that the War Department proposed to exempt married men as a class under the new man-power bill, Secretary Baker today informed the Senator that the existing regulations as to married men would continue in force. Senator Chamberlain had written to the Secretary saying if it was true that deferred classification for married men generally was contemplated, many Senators would oppose lowering the present draft age to 18 years.

"The present situation," Mr. Baker replied, "with regard to married men in Class 1 is that four classes of married men are included within the limits of that class: First, married men who do not support their wives or families; second, married men whose wives support them; third, married men whose wives have adequate and independent means; fourth, married men engaged in useless occupations, and who are not the main or principal support of their families.

"There is no intention to change this situation. In construing the regulations with regard to dependency of wives and children, financial dependency has been looked upon as the reason for deferred classification. This will continue to be the case.

"I am told that in some parts of the country there is an abnormal increase in the rate of marriages, which suggests the possibility of a desire to use marriage as a basis for a claim of exemption. The status of registrants married at a time or under conditions suggesting any such purpose will be that of unmarried persons, so far as their classification is concerned."



Just as I said—It's not merely good form, but it's mighty good judgment to smoke Natural Cigarettes. *Just twenty cents.*

SCHINASI BROS.

NATURAL

The *Original* Egyptian

CIGARETTE

The Dictaphone solves vacation troubles

To Secretaries and Stenographers

You have to pay for the time you lose going back and forth to take dictation—and waiting to take dictation—with overtime work and constant strain and anxiety. Send for free book "One Way to Bigger Pay."

Look at this waste! The typewriter is absolutely idle. One stenographer has been taking dictation continuously for nearly two hours. The second stenographer is puzzling over her shorthand notes. And all this time, not one letter is *actually being written.*

No wonder that every stenographer away on her vacation adds greatly to the burden of short help, mail congestion and overtime work.

What is the remedy? *Stop writing each letter twice.* The Dictaphone makes it necessary to write each letter only once—on the typewriter. Result—from 50% to 100% more letters per day—better letters, too, and at one-third less cost. Phone or write for demonstration in *your* office, on *your* work.

THE DICTAPHONE

Registered in the U. S. and Foreign Countries

Phone, Worth 7250 Call at 280 Broadway

Write for booklet, "The Man at the Desk," Room 224, 280 Broadway, New York

It is not a Dictaphone unless it is trade-marked "The Dictaphone," made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Company

Food will win the war. Don't waste it.

Resinol

the *tested* skin treatment

"Resinol is what you want for your skin-trouble—Resinol to help *stop* the irritation and burning—Resinol to *heal* the trouble. This gentle ointment has been so effective for years in treating irritating, burning skin ailments that it has become a standard treatment. It contains nothing that could irritate the tenderest skin."

Your druggist will also tell you that Resinol Ointment is excellent for relieving the smart and burn of mosquito-bites, and insect-stings. It soothes and cools skins burned by wind or sun. All dealers sell Resinol Ointment.

Men who use Resinol Shaving Stick find soothing lotions unnecessary.

Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

helps make your blood a rich, pure red stream of nourishment which carries new vigor and energy to all parts of your body.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by

M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York

Manufacturing Chemists

Sold by druggists everywhere

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

DEVITALIZED WHEAT GLUTEN

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, as Alien Property Custodian, on the 26th day of August, 1918, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., at the Rossiter Stores, of the Terminal Werehouse Co., foot of 59th Street, N. R., New York City, New York, will offer for sale at public sale to the highest bidder, all or any part, as shall be determined at the sale, of 7,549 bags (more or less) of devitalized wheat Gluten, said to weigh 1,057,000 lbs., now located at the said Rossiter Stores.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

For further information concerning terms and conditions of the above sale apply to Horace O. Kilbourn, Room 518, 110 West 42nd Street, New York City.

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY,
Director of Sales

CRITTALL STEEL CASEMENTS AND WINDOWS

DETROIT

Lion Collars

OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Aug. 17th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 18.40 cents per pound.—Advt.

THE COMEDY OF A GOOD YOUNG MAN

Too Flawless Virtue Finds Its Redeeming Vice at the Plymouth.

WALLACE EDDINGER ERUPTS

Amusing Character Sketches of Society in the Very Darkest Brooklyn.

A VERY GOOD YOUNG MAN, a comedy in three acts by Martin Brown. At the Plymouth Theatre.

Mrs. Hannigan.....Josephine Meyer
Pearl Hannigan.....Ruth Findlay
Walter Hannigan.....Frank Longacre
Katie Hannigan.....Fannie Bourke
Dutch Grogan.....Harold Salter
Mrs. Mendelharper.....Ada Lewis
Osprey Mandelharper.....Lydia Dickson
Leroy Gumph.....Wallace Eddinger
Elmer Erdwurm.....Alan Dinehart
Alex.....William Williams
Julius.....Louis Fletcher
Lute.....Timothy Daley
Fred Pantzer.....William H. Elliott
Birdie Pantzer.....Marion Dyer
Al Binn.....Eddie Meyers
Platina Gonne.....Virginia Curtis
Mr. Honey.....Glenn Kunkel
Minnie Pintitten.....Grace Knell
George Weems-Daigerfield.St. Clair Bayfield
Pebolita Berrigan.....Eleanor Boardman

Oscar Wilde, among others, has spoken in scorn of men "without a redeeming vice." Such was Wallace Eddinger in the first act of "A Very Good Young Man." And the social circles of darkest Brooklyn, in which he moved, shared the very common prejudice. So great was the odium of his virtue that the fair maid whom he adored, and who adored him, finally came to feel it. And she wanted to be sure that he had dispelled from his system all possible wild oats before she trusted him with her happiness. So the very good young man, to redeem his character, set out to make a night of it in company with a vulgar little flirt.

The second act saw him in the process, and the third witnessed the sad morning after. Dramatic complications intervened, among them a demand on the part of the flirtatious fair one that he marry her to save her reputation. But the end was that the very good young man and the lady of his heart were reconciled to each other, and to virtue.

This phase of the play, its more serious groundwork, will not contribute much to the success of the new piece at the Plymouth. The idea, to be sure, is fresh, and the start unusually promising, but the action proceeds somewhat wildly, even preposterously, and runs down in talk long before the final curtain.

What delighted the audience last night—and it laughed loud and incessantly during the first two acts—was the humorous sketching of social life in Greenpoint, Sheepshead Bay, and among the Mandelharpers of East New York. The comedy consisted not in acts but in three "parties." The first was the evening "at home" in which the good young man was stung by the taunts of his social circle into producing wild oats out of his hitherto blameless soul. Josephine Meyer gave a somewhat overemphasized but very funny portrait of a mother who mingled hysterics with the profoundest cynicism as to men folk. Harold Salter contributed a very skilfully rendered portrait of a local politician and bruiser.

The scene in Pantzer's Pier Pavilion at Sheepshead Bay was a most spirited rendering of the humors of the popular restaurant. The leading feature was a quartet of waiters, ably led by Alan Dinehart, who at intervals suddenly ceased the prosaic serving of food and drinks to burst into soulful melody. It is said on high authority that there really are places where song thus mingle with service. The business was very comically managed, and the scene in general had a real flavor of popular humor or at least of caricature.

The party at the Mandelharpers' suffered an irruption of drama and heart interest and the humorous details came at rarer intervals. Yet the touch that had inspired the preceding acts persisted, and was now chiefly embodied in Ada Lewis, who gave a very broad but vital and irresistibly funny rendering of Mrs. Mandelharper. So the evening ended with what appeared to be a novel and very real success of laughter.

Mr. Eddinger bestowed a very valuable touch of simplicity and artistic sincerity upon the good young man. One liked him always, and, in his wildest extravagances of attempted evil, actually believed in him. The scene in which he "broke out" at Sheepshead Bay was really an achievement in eruptive comedy. Even his love scene of the final "party" had the touch of genuine feeling.

A part of his success here may have been contributed by Ruth Findlay. Reputed to have won the prize as the prettiest girl in Brooklyn, she might have been equally successful in any burg, and she also played with simplicity and true feeling. The humor of the play were no more fresh and enlivening than the quality of the acting.

The finical may object that this is the kind of comedy in which one laughs at the characters, rather than with them. One shuddered a bit to think what Greenpoint, Sheepshead Bay, and East New York would say to such a rendering of their social life. Yet it is much if one laughs at all, and there is a good prospect that the caricatures in "A Very Good Young Man" will delight many audiences. It may even become familiar to the actual locale of those parties.

SHOW 'OUR BRIDGE OF SHIPS'

Government's Film Reveals the Magnitude of Shipbuilding.

"Our Bridge of Ships," a two-reel motion picture presented by the Division of Films of the Committee on Public Information, was shown privately yesterday afternoon in the projection room of the Kineto Company, at 71 West Twenty-third Street, and will be released at once for exhibition throughout the country. In this film the Government has probably done more to emphasize the importance of shipbuilding, the magnitude of the work involved, and what has already been accomplished than could be done in a speaking campaign that extended from coast to coast.

The pictures show shipbuilding in many of its stages, from the cutting of great trees and the preparation of steel in the mills to the launching of nearly completed vessels. There are also panoramic views of the shipyards at Hog Island and other places, and scenes of congregated workers that give an idea of the number of men employed in building the bridge of ships. Incidentally, the film includes some of the best animated pictures of President Wilson, Secretary Daniels, E. N. Hurley, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, and Charles M. Schwab, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, that have been shown on screens since the beginning of the war. Several of the scenes give the uninitiated illuminating glimpses of how ships are constructed.

All together "Our Bridge of Ships" has interest for any one interested in the big things going on in the world, and would be a picture worth seeing if there were no war and its purpose of propaganda were absent.

American Company for Yorkville.

The German company which has held the boards of the Yorkville Theatre in Eighty-sixth Street for the last three or four years will give way to an American company this season, it was announced yesterday. Adolf Philipp, who has long been a well-known figure here on both the German and English-speaking stages, is the manager of the theatre. The opening attraction will be "Tell That to the Marines," a play by Mr. Philipp and Edward A. Paulton, which will be presented next month. Philipp is an American citizen.

WAR LABOR SHORTAGE NEARLY 1,000,000 MEN

Appeal for Volunteers to Do Unskilled Work as a Patriotic Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—That the shortage of labor in war industries, estimated at nearly 1,000,000 men, is seriously curtailing production, and unless quickly remedied, threatens to result in a shortage of supplies and equipment for the army when it is increased under the new program, was emphasized today in a statement of the Department of Labor.

The shortage in skilled labor is becoming almost as acute as that in unskilled labor. The available supply of unemployed labor is now practically depleted, the department said, and the one remedy lies in the patriotic recognition by non-war employers that they must release labor to war industries in order not to imperil the supply of the military forces.

Solution of the problem has been put up to the individual States, Nathan A. Smyth, Assistant Director General of the employment service, today notified all State Directors that "the seriousness of the situation can scarcely be exaggerated."

"Instance after instance," Mr. Smyth added, "has come to our attention, where the lack of unskilled labor threatens to cause some highly essential war project to close down.

"What, perhaps, is most needed in our war industries is an infusion of men who will undertake to work as common laborers because of our country's need. Americans, like the English and the French, must learn that 'common labor,' when performed for one's country in time of war, is worthy of any man, whatever his prior position or experience."

FAIL TO STOP HEARST PAPERS

Newsdealers' Boycott Plan Makes Little Progress.

About 100 newsdealers from the upper west side of Manhattan voted last night at a meeting at Juliet Hall, 103 West 117th Street, in favor of laying an embargo on all Hearst publications. No date was fixed for the embargo, this and other details being left to a meeting to be held tonight, at which, it was said, dealers from all parts of the city would be represented.

The project of the Newsdealers' Association of Brooklyn to boycott Hearst publications was launched yesterday by a number of newsdealers in Brooklyn and some dealers on the Manhattan side of the Brooklyn Bridge, but the Hearst publications continued on sale at most of the stands. In the afternoon stands which had displayed placards saying, "Because We Refuse to Sell Hearst Publications the Publishers Will Not Serve Us," resumed the sale of The Evening Journal.

Joseph A. Sultan, President of the Brooklyn organization, asserted, however, at a meeting of newsdealers of Manhattan at Juliet Hall, at 103 West 117th Street, last night, that the strike had started successfully.

FALSE NOSES FOR SHELLS.

Germans Are Using Them to Increase Heavy Artillery Range.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Aug. 19, (Associated Press.)—The Germans are now using false noses on shells of certain calibres of heavy artillery. The shells used in the bombardment of the Paris region had false noses in order to increase the range of fire. Official documents captured at the front show that a considerable part of the German armament has been provided with this device.

Ten, twelve, and sixteen inch projectiles have been found to be provided with false noses, some of them longer than the shell itself. They also appear to have been provided with a double-acting fuse.

LAKE COAL MOVEMENT LAGS

Total Is Nearly 9 Per Cent. Behind the Schedule.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—With a comparatively short period remaining of the Great Lakes navigation season, the movement of bituminous coal is 8.8 per cent. behind schedule, the Fuel Administration today announced. An extra effort is being made to speed up shipments of coal on the Great Lakes before Winter sets in.

The Ohio operators, who ship most of this coal, will meet district representatives of the Fuel Administration Thursday and Friday in Cleveland, when the coal situation will be discussed.

Mr. Garfield will be represented by Director of Distribution Morrow, C. P. White, in charge of the Lake distribution, and A. W. Calloway, Director of Bituminous Distribution.

Disputes Connolly's Petitions.

Arthur E. Keating, who is opposing Maurice E. Connolly, the Democratic leader of Queens and candidate for Supreme Court Justiceship on the Democratic ticket, applied to Justice Lazansky yesterday for a writ of mandamus restraining the Board of Elections from accepting certificates designating the Connolly candidates for State and County Committeemen from Queens. He alleged that not enough registered voters signed the petitions. Justice Lazansky set the hearing for today. The Justice also will hear at that time the complaint of George P. Jewesson of the Twenty-first Assembly District, Brooklyn, that Benjamin Elwin, the Republican candidate for State Committeeman from that district, did not have the requisite number of signers to his petition and therefore it should be thrown out.

ADVERTISEMENT.

KEEP TEETH CLEAN IN HOT WEATHER

Propagation of Germ Life in Mouth Increases, so Teeth, Gums and Mouth Should Be Kept Sterile.

High authorities in the dental profession advise more frequent brushing of teeth during hot weather.

But of course you should use a toothpaste that is an enemy of vicious germ life.

Senreco toothpaste is prescribed by many dentists because it not only helps to keep the teeth radiantly white and clean, but helps to speedily remove from the teeth the germ infested film that seldom yields to other dentifrices.

Senreco sterilizes the teeth, gums and mouth and makes the whole oral cavity cool, clean and refreshed.

People who use Senreco for a few days seldom care to go back to ordinary teeth cleaners because the refreshing cleanliness lingers and lasts.

It is highly recommended to check the ravishes of Pyorrhea, that vicious mouth disease so common now-a-days. Senreco comes in large two-ounce tubes at all drug and department stores anywhere in America, 25 cents—why pay more?—Advt.

'YIP! YIP! YAPHANK!' MAKES ROUSING HIT

Sergt. Irving Berlin's Musical Comedy at Century Has Points on the Service Shows.

ITS MUSIC BEST FEATURE

All of the Numbers Are Patriotic and Its Chorus "Maidens" Are One Long Laugh.

The induction of Irving Berlin into the National Army naturally marked the beginning of a new era in musical military affairs, and some of the results of the amalgamation were revealed at the Century Theatre last night in the shape of a rousing show given by and for the men from Camp Upton. Previous service shows have demonstrated that this type of entertainment requires no handicap from the musical comedy of Broadway, and the Uptonites, with the professional hand of Berlin at the helm, have turned out an entertainment which is in all respects the equal of the service shows which have gone before, and in several particulars their superior. "Yip! Yip! Yaphank!" is the name of it, and the audience of theatrical notables who made up the first night audience received it with the acclaim which only Broadway knows how to lavish.

Merely to say that these shows are as good as the average Broadway piece is grossly to undervalue them. "Yip! Yip! Yaphank!" for example, is vastly better. It has, of course, one immeasurable advantage over the commercial musical show, for the fact that it is being played by men in service can never for a moment be lost sight of. This fact is of greatest value, of course, when the "female" chorus is on the stage, and then, assuredly, no one can forget that these chorus maidens are soldiers. The chorus of "Yip! Yip! Yaphank!" is guaranteed to be one long laugh, whether one regards the third from the left, the fourth from the right, or the ensemble in general. Whoever picked its members was nothing less than inspired.

But the piece does not depend solely upon such obvious points for its merit. It is at its best when the music is playing, for Berlin is first of all a song writer, and a librettist second. Army life and its adjuncts are the theme throughout, and the author has found plenty about which to lyricize. The most appreciated number was an old one, Berlin's classic bugler lyric, but half a dozen others ran a close race for second place. Most of them will probably soon be more than familiar, for they are certain to find their way into vaudeville or musical comedy when "Yip! Yip! Yaphank" is permitted to pass.

The author appeared twice during the evening, once to sing the bugler number and again as a member of the despised kitchen police. The military police were there as well, and so were the cooks, the doctors, and the various other addenda of a training camp. There were also the girls from the "Follies," who are not generally regarded as a necessary camp adjunct. They brought with them the "Follies" principals, the best of whom were Ann Pennington and Eddie Cantor, impersonated by Privates Kendall and Cutner, respectively.

The nature of the specialties indicated the presence of more than one regular performer in the company. There was, for example, a juggler, a workmanlike imitation of Joe Jackson, and a troupe of acrobats, to say nothing of some clever dancing and some varying singling. Benny Leonard, prizefighter, gave an exhibition of his skill somewhere around the hour of 11, after which a patriotic number, although they were all patriotic, brought the show to a close.

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell made an address from his box following the performance, and vain efforts were made to coax a speech from Sergeant Berlin. "Yip! Yip! Yaphank!" will be played at the Century for the rest of the week, with matinées tomorrow and Saturday, and the proceeds will be used for the erection of a community house at Camp Upton.

12 HURT IN WRECK OF BUFFALO EXPRESS

Engine and Eight Coaches Leave Track on New York Central, but Nobody Is Killed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 19.—An eastbound New York Central express train, which left Buffalo at 3:25 o'clock this afternoon, was wrecked from a cause not yet determined two miles west of Bergen, near Mann's Crossing. The engine and eight coaches left the rails and all but one of the coaches overturned in the ditch, yet not more than a dozen persons were injured and none of them seriously.

The engine came to a standstill 500 feet away from the nearest coach. It ran 1,500 feet after leaving the rails and stopped in an orchard after crashing through two telegraph poles, cedar fence posts, and trees.

Fireman W. K. Skelley came out without a scratch. Engineer Charles Wilkie was scalded about the feet by steam from a broken pipe, but was otherwise unhurt.

The injured brought to the Batavia Hospital included Mrs. Mary McMillan of North Bay, Ontario; Corporal Thomas C. Meagher of the training detachment at the Oswego Normal School; W. H. Jones of Buffalo, an express messenger; V. Tartagley, New York Central Labor Agent, of Syracuse; Tony Mazzarisi of Buffalo, and Engineer Wilkie.

U-BOAT LEFT MEN TO DIE.

Norwegian Sailor Tells How Eight Perished on a Raft.

LONDON, July 31, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—A story of nine sailors, four of whom were wounded, left by a German submarine commander to perish on a ramshackle raft in the North Sea, where eight of them died, is told by Haakon Ohlson, the sole survivor of the Norwegian bark Eglinton, now recovering in a British naval hospital. When near death, Ohlson was rescued by a British motor boat patrolling in Heligoland bight.

The Eglinton was carrying coal to Norway when attacked by the submarine, firing shrapnel. The Captain's right arm was shattered, the steward was badly wounded in the leg, a seaman was shot through the body, and the second mate's arm was torn by splinters.

The ship filled rapidly, but the crew put out a raft made of five planks and supported by barrels. A barrel of water and a case of biscuits were placed on the raft. The submarine came up, fired into the sinking bark, and passed within twenty feet of the unfortunates as it circled about the raft.

"Not a word did the Huns say to us," said Ohlson, "although they could see our wounded and the plight we were in. There was a stiff breeze blowing, and I expected the raft to break up. The submarine steamed away.

"The wounded seaman died soon afterward, and we threw his body overboard. The next morning, after a sleepless night for all, the steward died, and then the second mate. We shoved their bodies into the water also. On the third day the Captain died. Then I must have lost count of time, for on the afternoon of the fourth day I found myself alone with the chief mate.

"I did my best to cheer him up, but he only said, 'I am going down into the cabin to get my pipe,' and I knew his mind was failing. He died that afternoon, and I managed to get the body clear of the raft."

One of the barrel buoys had leaked, and that end of the raft settled low in the water. Brine got into the biscuits and into the barrel of fresh water.

"I was alone on the raft for five days," Ohlson went on. "I didn't see a single ship all that time. I must have been a little delirious, because I lost count of the hours. I was wet through."

On the ninth day he heard distant firing. He managed to get to his knees to look about him and saw a British patrol boat. When Ohlson was taken aboard he collapsed.

MUSIC NOTES.

The University Settlement at 184 Eldridge Street has an open-air concert tonight by Edith Joanne, Debora Nadworney, Leon Fastovsky, and Albert Bretz.

The Union of Jugoslav Singing Societies, founded 1916 at Youngstown, Penn., will be heard for the first time in New York on Sept. 1 at Aeolian Hall.

Queena Marié, a pupil of Mme. Sembrich, is to make her debut with the San Carlo Opera Company in "Tales of Hoffman" on Sept. 2 at the Shubert.

INTOXICATION PLEA IN SEDITION TRIAL

Ex-Health Commissioner of Mt. Vernon Says He Does Not Recall Alleged Remarks.

DR. WEISS ASSERTS LOYALTY

Dr. von Strensch, Wealthy Friend of Kaiser, Recommended for Internment for Period of the War.

Dr. George C. Weiss, former Health Commissioner of Mount Vernon, was placed on trial in the Federal District Court before Judge J. C. Hutcheson yesterday charged with having stated that although he was an American citizen he was pro-German and that if his son was drafted and sent overseas with the American forces he, Dr. Weiss, would "start something." The remarks which Dr. Weiss is alleged to have spoken were uttered, according to the indictment, on June 16 last, in the Villa California, a restaurant near the Empire City Race Track at Yonkers.

The jury to try the case was quickly obtained and Assistant United States District Attorney James S. Johnson, who is prosecuting the case for the Government, called as his first witness Dal Hawkins, the proprietor of the restaurant in which the alleged seditious remarks are said to have been spoken. Mr. Hawkins testified that Weiss, after buying and drinking a pint of wine, made the remarks charged and that in order to prevent the other people in the restaurant from attacking Weiss he ordered him out of the restaurant. When counsel for the defense asked Hawkins if Dr. Weiss was drunk when he made the remarks charged, he replied:

"I would not say that he was drunk, although his actions indicated that he had been drinking."

Other witnesses called by the Government corroborated what Hawkins had testified, and said that Dr. Weiss had said that "Germany will win the war and the Dutch in me is coming out, and I intend to make trouble," and other remarks of a similar nature.

Dr. Weiss, in answer to questions by his lawyer, said that he had bought Liberty bonds, that he had contributed to the Red Cross, that the American flag flew from a staff on his home place, and that he had taken part in many patriotic exercises and gatherings. He read a letter written to his son on Memorial Day of last year, in which he said that now that the United States "is involved in the fray there is but one path, and that all medical men, old as well as young, will soon be called to the colors."

Testifying as to what happened on the day he is alleged to have uttered the seditious remarks, Dr. Weiss put in a defense that he was intoxicated. He said he was a victim of "periodical sprees" and that he had twice taken the whisky cure. On June 16, 1918, the date named in the indictment, he asserted that he had had an automobile trip to Rye Beach and New Rochelle, and that in various places he had drunk cocktails and straight whisky. He said that he had no recollection of having visited the Villa California.

"Now that you have heard Hawkins and the other witnesses testify about what they say you said in the Villa California, I wish to ask you if those remarks, if made, indicated your real feeling toward the United States?" Weiss was asked.

"They are not my sentiments," he replied, "and I have not a drop of disloyal blood in my veins and I have always stood ready to do my bit for the country."

John Fraser, the chauffeur who drove Dr. Weiss on June 16, also testified. He said that Dr. Weiss was under the influence of liquor the day named in the indictment.

In summing up for the Government, Mr. Johnson told the jury that if Dr. Weiss's plea of drunkenness was accepted as an excuse for making disloyal statements the whole purpose of the Espionage Act would be defeated.

Judge Hutcheson will charge the jury at 10 o'clock this morning.

Dr. Friedrich August Richard von Strensch, recently arrested on a Presidential warrant as a dangerous enemy alien, was recommended for internment for the rest of the war yesterday. Dr. von Strensch is 61 years old, and is said to be a member of one of the wealthiest families in Würtemberg, Germany. Under examination by agents of the Department of Justice he said that when he was twenty-one years old his father had given him $100,000 with which to start in business. Instead of going into business he rejoined the Royal Saxon Artillery as an officer, and he said that in 1886 he was summoned to the Foreign Office in Berlin and directed to go to Africa and make an inspection of commercial conditions there. Subsequently he said Emperor I., grandfather of the present Kaiser, conferred on him the title of "von." Subsequently he said Emperor Wilhelm I., grandfather of the present Kaiser, conferred on him the title of "von." Strensen came to this country in 1891. He admits that he wrote to the Kaiser soon after the present war started and offered to do anything he could for the Fatherland. He also wrote to von Papen and other German plotters, and is said to have suggested the organization of a German force in this country to invade Canada.

CAPT. FISH IN THE FIGHTING.

His Helmet Hit by Shrapnel—Narrow Escape from a Shell.

A letter received from Captain Hamilton Fish, Jr., now in service on the western front in France, by a friend in this city shows that Captain Fish is one of the officers in the thick of the fighting there. Writing under date of July 25, he says:

"The last two weeks have been sleepless preparing and waiting for the German offensive. Consequently, when it broke loose we were ready for them and gave them a bad beating, which I hope will hasten the end of this fiendish war. My company was holding first line position the night of the 15th, and if the boches had attacked in force we would have all been sacrificed. It was not a pleasant anticipation to go through for ten successive nights, but luckily for us the boches did not attack in force and contented themselves with smothering us with shells. My company lost three killed, six wounded and four badly gassed. The men conducted themselves bravely.

"We are now acting as support for a French regiment in an active sector and the shells are constantly crashing overhead. I have had several narrow escapes, being hit by shrapnel on the helmet, and being covered by dirt from a big German shell in an open field. My horse, a fine, powerful bay, was killed a few days ago in a barn a couple of miles behind the lines. War is no respector of men or animals. We have held the boche all along the Champagne front in the intermediary positions and his losses have been very severe.

"I hope to get my permission about the first of August or as soon as this battle has become stabilized. For the last five months I have been at or near the front and am ready for a change of environment."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The cast of "The Woman on the Index," which will be presented at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre on Thursday night of next week, includes Lee Baker, Julia Dean, Amy Ricard, Alison Skipworth, Eugenie Blair, Camilla Dalberg, Lester Lonergan, George Probert, Walter Ringham, Henry Miller, Jr., Harry Hadfield, and George Le Soir.

Three matinees will be given weekly at the Shubert-Riviera Theatre — Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. The house will be opened on Labor Day with "Eyes of Youth."

The first performance of Wilde's play "An Ideal Husband" will be given in Stamford on Sept. 6. The piece will begin an engagement at the Comedy on Sept. 16.

Sunday night concerts at the Winter Garden will be resumed Sept. 1.

Joseph Miller has been engaged for "Fiddlers Three," coming to the Cort.

PLAN FOR POLICE FUND.

Commissioner Enright Speaks at Luncheon at Bankers' Club.

Speaking at a luncheon given by the New York Police Association at the Bankers' Club yesterday, Police Commissioner Enright declared that the draft had made the police situation in this city serious. Every man taken was a dead loss, he said, because it was impossible to replace him. The purpose of the gathering was to consider the question of raising $500,000 for the purchase of uniforms for the reserves who take the places of the regular policemen called into the service of the country.

The Police Field Days to be held at the Sheepshead Speedway on Aug. 24 and 31 are for this purpose.

Among those present were William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants Association; E. E. Olcott, R. A. C. Smith, F. W. Woolworth, Bernard Gimbel, Major Michael Friedsam, Colonel T. S. Williams, Robert Grier Cooke, William C. Breed, C. B. Alexander, and Cleveland H. Dodge.

Deputy Police Commissioner Wallis announced that Ralph de Palma, who won the International Sweepstakes at the Speedway on Saturday afternoon, had agreed to appear in his racing car and attempt to break his own ten-mile record. He will also race an airplane driven by a military pilot from Mineola.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
POP. MATS. TOM'W & SAT. 50c. to $2.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
ALL SEATS SOLD AT BOX OFFICE
ROOF ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC PHONE 240 BRYANT.

LYCEUM W. 45 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE

COHAN & HARRIS THEATRE, West 42 St.
TONIGHT AT 8:20. MATS. TOM'W & SAT. 2:20
The Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written.
Three Faces East
Seats Selling 8 Weeks Ahead.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES LOUIS MANN

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
GOING UP
The Talk of the Town
The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

CENTURY Theatre, 62d St. Nr. B'way. Phone Col'm. 8800.
5 NIGHTS—2 MATINEES.
Evgs. 8:10. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:10.
YIP, YIP, YAPHANK
A Musical "Mess" Cooked Up by THE BOYS OF CAMP UPTON.
Words and Music by SERGT. IRVING BERLIN
Evenings and Saturday Mat. 75c. to $2.
Professional Bargain Mat. Wed.—Best Seats $1.

"Everything" SEATS NOW ON SALE
AT THE
OPENING THURSDAY NIGHT HIPPODROME

Loew's American Roof 43d St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15
"A Night in the Trenches," Arthur Sullivan & Co., Merritt & Bridewell and six others.
All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

Metropolitan Opera House.—Two subscription seats, Friday nights; fifth row, orchestra, $ 114 Times.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. at 8. Matinee TODAY at 2.
PASSING SHOW OF 1918

BROADHURST 44th St., W. of B'way. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
TONIGHT AT 8:30
GEORGE BROADHURST Presents a New Musical Play
HE DIDN'T WANT TO DO IT

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings 8:30. First Matinee Tomorrow 2:30.
BEGINNING TONIGHT 8:30
A. H. WOODS PRESENTS
UNDER ORDERS
A DRAMATIC NOVELTY WITH SHELLEY HULL & EFFIE SHANNON.

ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
A Very Good Young Man
With Wallace Eddinger and Unusual Cast.
PLYMOUTH THEATRE, 45th St., West of B'way. Tel. Bryant 40. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20.

REPUBLIC WEST 42d STREET. First Mat. Sat. | SEATS NOW
BEG. TOMORROW NIGHT 8:15
A. H. WOODS Presents
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
In WHERE POPPIES BLOOM

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2.
MAYTIME
NOW IN ITS SECOND YEAR.
With JOHN CHARLES THOMAS, John T. Murray—Laura Arnold.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
The Stuart Walker Co. in Booth Tarkington's Comedy.
SEVENTEEN
LAST 2 WEEKS after 8 MONTHS.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
Blanche BATES Holbrook BLINN in GETTING TOGETHER Last 2 Weeks.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
"Appealingly funny."—N. Y. Sun.
She Walked In Her Sleep
"That rarest of things in farce, a new idea."—N. Y. Times.
"Honest laughs kept sounding like a nest of machine guns."—N. Y. Herald.

WHO STOLE THE BLUE PEARL?
Try and find out by going to Longacre Theatre, West 48th Street. Mats. Tom'w & Sat.
Its lustre will dazzle you.
GEORGE NASH, Police Commissioner.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tomorrow 2:30.
William Faversham & Maxine Elliott Present
ALLEGIANCE
"A Stirring Patriotic Play."—Herald.

ASTOR THEA., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:20.
MR. & MRS. SIDNEY DREW
Personally in a spoken comedy "KEEP HER SMILING"

HARRIS West 42d St. | BEG. FRI. EVE. 8:30
SEATS NOW. First Mat. Sat.
A. H. WOODS Presents
WHY WORRY?
A MELODRAMATIC FARCE WITH SONGS
With FANNIE BRICE.

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30.
CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE
BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING

WILLIAM A. BRADY'S PLAYHOUSE 48th, East of B'way. Tel. Bryant 2628.
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat. 2:30.
THE ONE BIG LAUGHING HIT!
! ! ! - - - **** ! ! ! ?
! ! - - - * - - - * - - - ! ! ! ?
! ! ! ! ! - - - ******* ! ! ! ?
. . . . . ?
SHE WALKED IN HER SLEEP
"CLEVER WRITING, FRESH HUMOR, GOOD TASTE AND REAL CHARM."
—Times, Aug. 13.
"Honest laughs kept sounding like a nes tof machine guns."
—Herald, Aug. 13.
"Appealingly funny—one of the entertaining hits of the season."
—Sun, Aug. 14.

P. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Daily Mats. 25c-$1.
McINTYRE & HEATH | EMMA CARUS | Fred V. Bowers' Revue | A. Robins, others, and VAN & SCHENCK.

P. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST.
MLLE. DAZIE & CO. | TOMBES & PARKER | ALLAN ROGERS | DUFFY & INGLIS.

East 177th Street Bronx Subway Station.
N. Y. EXPOSITION INT'L
Exhibits, Concerts, Entertainments, Sea Water Bathing, Restaurants, Dancing.

? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?
? FOLLY CAPRICE ?
? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. | Popular Prices.
LIBERTY GIRLS with Jack Conway

STEEPLECHASE
CONEY'S FUNNY PLACE
Ocean & Pool Bathing, Dancing, Roller Skating & 25 other attractions.

New Mat. To-day BRIGHTON Brighton Beach
HYAMS & McINTYRE, Ryan & Lee, Joe Jackson, Delro, Sybil Vane, Kramer & Morton, Others.

MOTION PICTURES

NOTE: Lieut. Geo. Stegman, who plays the German Spy, Von Strohm, in "Hearts of the World," appears personally on the stage of the 44th St. Thea. Mat. and Eve.

44TH ST. THEATRE D. W. Griffith's SUPREME TRIUMPH
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
TWICE DAILY Mats. at 2:10 Nights at 8:10 Nights & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1.50 Other Mats. (ex. Sun.) 25c to $1

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43d St. LAST WEEK
TWICE DAILY (incl. Sun.), 2:30 & 8:30
MATS 25c & 50c. NIGHTS 25c to $1.
2D U. S. OFFICIAL WAR PICTURES
AMERICA'S ANSWER
PRESENTED by the DIVISION OF FILMS COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION GEORGE CREEL, Chairman

"CRASHING THROUGH TO BERLIN"
The Mighty War Spectacle of the Hour!
BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41ST ST.
CONTINUOUS 12 NOON to 11 P. M.

RIVOLI B'way and 49th St. 20-30-50c. Loges $1 | ELSIE FERGUSON in "Heart of the Wilds." Review, Comedy, Soloists. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square 20-30-50c. | NORMA TALMADGE in "Her Only Way." Review, Comedy, Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
ANNA Q. NILSSON and FRANKLYN FARNUM in "IN JUDGMENT OF."

STRAND B'way at 47th St. Ethel Barrymore in "Our Mrs. McChesney." Review, Soloists, Comedy. Strand Orchestra

81 st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3993
GLORIA JOY in "The Locked Heart" OFFICIAL PICTURE, 4th July in France. Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

Plaza Madison Ave. at 58th St.
MABEL NORMAND in "BACK TO THE WOODS." Also The Means of the I. W. W.

ENOZ Kills Moths Instantly
Use It Now

and destroy the moth-eggs and larvae, or worms, which are buried deep down in your garments.

It isn't the moth-millers that do the destructive work. It is the larvae, or worms, and they *are active throughout the year.*

ENOZ is a powerful liquid chemical that is sprayed on goods of every kind, **without stain or damage.** ENOZ penetrates *all* fabrics and its antiseptic odor will disappear within a short time.

ENOZ is used by prominent rug dealers, furriers, woolen merchants, clothes makers, feather dealers and upholsterers with entire satisfaction. Names if desired.

Spray Your Garments With ENOZ and Let Them Hang

Use ENOZ every thirty days and be protected against moths. It is non-poisonous and non-explosive.

Sprayer and Liquid sold in combination for $1 at drug, department and hardware stores. Additional liquid, pint size, 75c; quart size, $1.00. West of Rockies and in Canada 25 cents extra.

If your dealer hasn't it—we will send it to you prepaid upon receipt of price.

Good-Bye Moth | The Phenol Chemical Co. Inc. Established 1899 705-707 N. Wells St. Chicago. | Good-Bye Moth Ball

ENOZ KILLS MOTHS

New York Branch: 41 Union Square Telephone Stuyvesant 1416

Are *you* looking ahead?

Schwab is. He says,[1] "it is easier to get big orders than it is to get big men to fill them."

Schwab thinks more of the men he has made than of the money he has made.

He says, "the man who works with his hands today, and works hard and intelligently is the man who will be working with his brain tomorrow."

His men know he believes that and they will do anything for him.

That's why he succeeded.

That's why he is rich.

That's why the President asked him to build ships.

Somebody like this is always saying something worth while to you in every number of The American Magazine.

The September number of The American Magazine now on sale.

1—Charles M. Schwab Takes a Look into the Future.

The American Magazine

The Crowell Publishing Co.

To make sure of your copy each month—Place a standing order with your newsdealer Or, subscribe by the year.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. FRANCK, Secretary.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, AUG. 20, 1918.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex...424 St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....1 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem...2,120 Seventh Av., near 125th St.
Bronx.....2,614 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....4,032 Broadway
Brooklyn.....451 Fulton Street
Staten Island...50 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....50 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....80 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....12 Park Avenue
Washington.....Riggs Building
Chicago.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....406 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit.....463 Ford Building
San Francisco.....742 Market Street
London.....15 Bedford St., W. C.
Paris.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonniere

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (15 mile radius). Three Cents within 300 miles. Four Cents elsewhere, Sunday. Five Cents, City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 25c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 20c.			
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30

The above rates apply to U. S. soldiers and sailors abroad.

CANADIAN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 25c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 20c.			
SUNDAY only	3.00	1.75	.30

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$13.50	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	9.00	1.60
SUNDAY only	8.70	5.10	.90

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25. THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 24 issues, one volume, $1.25. TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2. TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays), per year, $1; Canada, $1; other countries, $2.00. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25. THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c. THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8. Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

CONGRESS AND THE COUNTRY.

Congress continues to please itself rather than the country by insisting upon its original ideas regarding taxation rather than those suggested to it by representatives of the taxpayers, and by the collectors of the taxes. The Treasury as administrator of the existing tax laws, and the commercial organizations of the taxpayers, are in the best position to know the hardships under the tax laws, and to suggest changes for their convenience and for the enlargement of the Government's income with least disturbance to the activities from which the taxes result. Yet Congress is so indifferent to the Treasury's suggestions that its Ways and Means Committee is asking the Treasury to accept as a compromise a proposal to make worse the excess profits tax. The Treasury went as far as it should in accepting the excess profits tax in its original form as a complement to the war profits tax. To accept an increase in the tax on the lower classes of excess profits would be to increase the discrimination against them under the original tax.

The discrimination was not intentional, for Congress prefers to discriminate against wealth. But the returns under the excess profits law show that the largest proportion of corporations taxable under the proposed increase of excess profits tax would be found among concerns of smallest invested capital, and that the smallest proportion would be found among concerns in excess of $500,000 invested capital. No concern of over $5,000,000 capital would be found among the corporations paying the largest percentage of proposed taxes on excess profits. The Treasury dissented from that discarded proposal, and it should also dissent from the proposal to raise the tax on the lower brackets. It is true that the taxes must come mainly from the smaller taxpayers, and that it is futile to discriminate against great wealth in the hope of increasing revenues. If all the income of the very wealthy were confiscated by taxes it would still be necessary to tax the smaller incomes and profits. But that is no reason or excuse for increasing a tax which has been shown to be disproportionately burdensome to the moderate profits. The Treasury has been generous in saving the face of Mr. KITCHIN, but if he insists upon defeat instead of compromise he should be allowed to have his way in that rather than in going further in a wrong direction.

No complaint comes from the largest taxpayers, against whom the present law was designed to be punitive, respecting the taxes they must pay. Their complaint is only against the method in which their taxes are laid. Assuming that they are silent about the amount of their taxes from prudential reasons, it remains true that they have a right to ask that their taxes shall be collected from them with no unnecessary burdens from perplexity and discouragement of business, and that other taxpayers shall bear a fairer share of the total. The United States Chamber of Commerce and the Investment Bankers' Association have made formal and detailed suggestions for the betterment of Chairman KITCHIN'S proposals, but there is not the least reflection of the advice in the news from Washington. For example, the consumption tax. It would fall on necessaries, and would be unpopular, Congress thinks. Taxes on luxuries would be popular, and therefore are preferred by those who think that the connection between popularity and taxation is closer than it really is. Congress has gained no popularity by discriminating against wealth, and it will gain none by discriminating in favor of the millions who are thinking more about winning the war than about politics. The moderately well-to-do will pay taxes as readily as the rich if once they are persuaded that the taxes laid are the best for the purpose.

The commercial organizations think that the laying of few and productive taxes on large classes of taxpayers is the best and fairest way to get money for the war. Congress prefers to raise taxes from many small classes of goods and consumers. The catalogue of luxuries which must pay under pending proposals would bring in small revenue, despite its portentous length compared with the list of consumption taxes. The taxes on gems, furs, silks, and so on do not suffice to justify the exemption of tea, coffee, sugar, and other articles of universal use, the consumption of which would enable all to contribute toward the support of the men in the trenches. The Council of National Defense has made a study of popular purchases, with results corresponding to experience in other countries. The wealthy are spending less on their accustomed luxuries as the taxes rise. The extravagance now is among those who are spending unaccustomed sums on what are luxuries for them. The wealthy buy but a small part of music machines, jewelry of moderate price, such as diamonds under half a carat, the cheaper watches, and things of that sort. They are among the list of luxuries bought by those whom Congress wishes to exempt from consumption taxes, and are bought by those whose wages surpass their most generous expectation. Such expenditures stimulate nonessential industries, increase the cost of living for those inclined toward economy, and show that consumption taxes can be borne by those whom Congress would exempt, contrary to the practice of other nations which are older in the war and its lessons than we are.

PICNIC WHEREASING.

Hear the enemies of virtue. Why, you can't go to a picnic, even to the annual picnic of the Dairymen's League at Mexico Point, Oswego County, without having to listen to the patter of "Resolved" and "Whereas." Will it be believed in this Christian land that "two thousand voters, men and women of Central New York, jeered Governor CHARLES S. WHITMAN and cheered the name of Attorney General LEWIS" at this Mexico Point festival?

Sad to read are those resolutions charging "political agents of the Whitman administration" with trying to prevent the farmers from organizing; charging that "State moneys secured by farm taxes have been used in this propaganda to defeat the best interests of farmers and farm organizations." What was the use of adopting unanimously a resolution, started by such whereases, demanding that "the administration of our agricultural affairs be taken out of political control"? Can crops grow without political control? Isn't Mr. WHITMAN the farmer's best friend?

And what was the use of asking Governor WHITMAN to give his reasons for vetoing the Wicks bill, which authorized the Commissioner of Agriculture "to license and bond milk dealers"; of telling Governor WHITMAN that the farmers have lost a pot of money by failures of milk dealers this year?

Whatever Governor WHITMAN does or refuses to do is for his own best interests. Why try to poke into the mysterious silence where his wisdom broods? Milk, of all things, is most, is quintessentially, Whitmanian. Fresh, pure, sincere, iced, prohibition, a glass of milk makes every good soul think of Governor WHITMAN.

Why can't a dairyman, at least why can't an admirer of WHITMAN, milk, and water, go to a picnic without having his feelings trodden on by elephantine and malignant resolutions?

THE BOMBING OF FRANKFORT.

"It is our own nerveless policy "which exposes us to the outrages of "the Huns," wrote Sir ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE in May. "They will "do what they think they can do "with impunity, and they will avoid "that which entails punishment." The Kaiser's telegram of sympathy to the Burgomaster of Frankfort, which has been bombed by enemy airplanes, is the All-Highest's worst exhibition of hypocrisy. It was "contrary to international law and "claimed many victims." Germany from the firing of the first shot has conducted her war—the war she provoked and started—in accordance with the principle laid down by General VON HARTMANN in his "Military Necessity and Humanity," published in 1873:

> It is a gratuitous illusion to suppose that modern war does not demand far more brutality, far more violence, and an action far more general than was formerly the case. When international war has burst upon us, terrorism becomes a principle made necessary by military considerations.

The codes of the Geneva and Hague conventions were never accepted by Germany in good faith. The hour her troops invaded France and Belgium the mask was thrown away, and international law became a ribald gibe. It will never be possible to catalogue, much less to describe with fidelity to truth, the atrocities which the Germans have perpetrated in every State invaded by them. The Kaiser is familiar with the monstrous story. To compare him with ATTILA is defamation of ATTILA'S character. ATTILA had some compunction, he could stay the hand of rapine, he spared some things; but no relic, no monument, neither merit, honor, nor virtue, childhood nor old age, has been spared by the armies of Germany, and the Kaiser, in the name of military necessity, defends all the crimes his soldiers have committed. He was callous to the enormity of bombing defenseless towns in England and France until, protests proving unavailing, reprisals were resorted to, on the same principle that it became necessary to use poisonous gases in defense of helpless troops.

In the British raids there has always been an objective, railway stations, munition factories, steel works, barracks, military headquarters, aerodromes, as appears from an official report of the British Air Ministry of eleven weeks of raiding such towns as Zweibrücken, Mannheim, Karlsruhe, Thionville, Metz, Conflans, Treves, Saarburg. Doubtless there was an objective when Frankfort was bombed. However, the French and British do not deny that in their raids noncombatants are killed, nor are they shocked when such casualties are reported. Reprisal is a part of their program. Retribution it might be called.

It is not international law that the Kaiser is concerned about in his whine to the Burgomaster of Frankfort. The destroyer of cathedrals, works of art, monuments, and ancient relics, who thanks GOD in interviews dictated to KARL ROSNER that the fair Fatherland has been spared the horrors of war, is fearful for the treasures of Frankfort, the Römerberg market place, the Gutenberg Monument, the Kaiserplatz, the Goethe and Schiller statues, the Cathedral of St. Bartholomew, the Nikolaikirche, built in the thirteenth century; the Kaiserssal, the house in which GOETHE was born, the picture gallery of the Städel Institute, and many other treasures not to be touched by vandal hand. The Kaiser can regard devastated Belgium and despoiled France with equanimity, but let bombs be dropped upon historic Frankfort and he stands aghast at the enemy's wanton disregard of international law.

WHY THEY WANT HIM.

There is a queer misapprehension among some of the opponents of Mr. HENRY FORD'S burst into the Michigan primaries. Thus The Detroit Free Press ascribes to him a contempt for the political processes by which the Government is carried on. "Mr. FORD," says The Chicago Tribune, "has indulged himself for years in "the gratification of not knowing anything about the country's political "procedure, of not connecting himself "with it, or having anything to do "with it."

This is a little unjust. Mr. FORD remembers that he cast his first vote for President "for GARFIELD" in 1884. If his memory, busy with so many weightier matters, has mislaid his candidate's name, at least Mr. FORD once voted, and he knows that there are Presidents.

But it is not as an authority on politics, on the American political system, that he has been picked for Senator by an expert and an illustrious hand. Just as the Prussian Herrenhaus includes a number of life-peers who are chosen by the King from among great landholders, rich industrials, "national celebrities"; just as the House of Lords has among its members great men of business, of letters, so should not our Senate be in part a Chamber of Notables, of Magnates, a House of Fame, in another than CHAUCER'S sense?

Few men are better known than Mr. FORD. In the matter of swift, romantic, inexhaustible riches Monte Cristo was Lazarus compared to this Wolverine machinist. He is one of the greatest carriers in the world. In what hamlet is the sound of his wheels unheard? His experience on the ship of peace makes him an authority on shipping. His Christmas evacuation of the trenches makes him an authority on military affairs. Yet not as a common politician, but as a rare, a natural, an unconscious genius do his enthusiasts push him toward the Senate.

AN OLD HUMBUG.

How loud is the roaring of the German League for Freedom and Fatherland against the Pan Germanists, the annexationists, the Fatherland Party, "the inner enemy." Wicked, wicked VON TIRPITZ, Junkers, militarists, coveters of NABOTH'S vineyard! We, the gentle leaguers, "declare that the German people, for whose overwhelming majority we speak, see the goal "of this defensive war in a peace honorable for all—a peace of understanding, without violent annexations or compulsory indemnities, a "peace safeguarding our Fatherland's "integrity and our people's freedom "for development in the same degree "that it guarantees our enemies the "same blessings."

Something nice in the Brest-Litovsk-Bucharest style. Bait for gudgeons is the pretense of a desire for a league of nations; but the essential part of the manifesto is the repetition of the old falsehood that Germany's enemies wish to annihilate her, that she is fighting a defensive war. Now, "every German man and woman" must realize that Germans must "strain their forces to the uttermost" for the Fatherland's defense.

When Germany is winning, practically all Germans are annexationists, Pan Germanists. When Germany is losing, we get such camouflage as this proclamation of the League for Freedom and Fatherland. See, the Pan Germans are not the majority! See how we sail into them!

It won't work. It is a "put-up job." Compare Abbé WETTERLE'S description of the fierce pretended rage of Reichstag Centre and Left against the Tirpitzian navy increase bill of 1906, finally accepted without a murmur. In Germany all parties and newspapers are essentially one; and that one is the Government.

FINLAND'S FRIENDS.

The proposal of the Finnish Government to send captured soldiers of the Red Guard army which fought in the Finnish civil war last Winter to work in the German potash mines not unnaturally found considerable opposition in the Finnish Diet. Finland needs German potash, Germany needs labor which does not have to be paid and which can be worked to death if need be; but despite the bitterness felt against the Finnish Bolsheviki, there were those in the Diet who denounced the proposed arrangement as a slave trade in the bodies of fellow-citizens.

The troubles of Finland began with the Bolshevist rising last Winter, supported by Russian Bolsheviki from Petrograd. But to an outsider it would seem that a Government which ended the civil war with German aid and practically turned the whole country over to Germany did not better matters much; a view which seems to be held by such distinguished Finns as General MANNERHEIM and other national leaders. Such evidence as we have available indicates that the great mass of the Finnish people are sadly dissatisfied with the German domination brought upon them by the Svinhufvud Government; but the Finnish White Guard propaganda in this country is not helping the cause of the Finnish people by attempting to exculpate SVINHUFVUD. His acts speak more loudly than their words; a gentleman who confers the Grand Cross of Finnish Liberty on the Kaiser and proposes to send fellow-countrymen to forced labor in German mines is hardly to be trusted with the wholehearted support which Finns in this country think we ought to give him. Of the excellent intention of the Finland Constitutional League of America there can be no doubt, but they would gain more support for their cause by backing up the anti-German majority, whose size was impressively shown by the opposition to the institution of monarchy, than by attempting to convince Americans that there are no Germans to speak of in Finland, and that any who may be there went in against the opposition of the present Government.

THE GRAIN HARVEST.

"There will be war bread of better "quality than last year's, practically "without rationing, for all who are "fighting Germany," said Mr. HOOVER in London last Saturday. Our wheat harvest is nearly completed. While the official report for Aug. 1 showed a slight reduction of estimate, the crop will exceed last year's by at least 225,000,000 bushels, owing to an acreage increase of 28 per cent. The early promise of a great yield in Canada has not been fulfilled, for reduction has been caused by drought and untimely frosts, but the Government's estimate is 232,000,000 bushels, or only 2,000,000 less than the crop one year ago. From the two countries 350,000,000 bushels can be sent to our war partners in Europe.

Their own crops exceed those of 1917. In France there is a gain of 25 per cent., and there was a large addition to British acreage. A great accumulated surplus in Australia will be available when ships to carry it can be spared. In our Western fields wheat has been more fortunate than corn. Since the August report, which indicated a reduction of 171,000,000 bushels of that crop in a month, severe hot weather has caused additional loss, estimated by a prominent crop expert to have been 400,000,000 bushels in seven States. But last year's crop was a great one, and much has been carried over. There will be corn enough to keep up the supply of meat.

Our farmers were urged by the Government to increase their Winter wheat acreage for next year's crop by about 10 per cent. In Kansas, Missouri, and parts of the Northwest they are now plowing for that crop, which should be larger than the one now coming to market. There must still be, as Mr. HOOVER says, "economy in "consumption, so that we may carry "over from this harvest a stock of "foodstuffs that will form positive "insurance" against possible weather losses next year. Increase of seeded acreage will be additional insurance, and farmers should be commended for planning the increase, although the supply of hired labor is small.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Life Is Not What They Want.

Patriotism could hardly be carried further than it was by the 114 Polish officers and privates who, captured by the Austrians after they had deserted to the Russians and later joined the Czechoslovak forces in Siberia, now demand that no consideration of their impending—and legally deserved—fate shall move the Poles at home to any compromises in the struggle they are making for Polish independence.

This takes a sort of courage not greater, perhaps, but certainly different from and rarer than that which enables men to face death in battle without a tremor. The prisoners know the Austrians well, and that they certainly will be shot or hanged unless by sparing them their captors can gain political and military advantages of real and great importance. And those advantages can only be derived from utilising the natural desire of the Poles still in Austria to save the lives of men whom they regard not as criminals, but as heroes. That in such circumstances the captives scorn to have their lives saved shows an utter devotion to the cause on which they staked everything when they turned to what was then the Entente side.

Comparable with their spirit of self-sacrifice is that displayed a few weeks ago by a group of French soldiers who, when surrounded by an overwhelming force of Germans and unable longer to hold the village in which they had been stationed, signaled that the French cannon should be turned on it, as the only way of preventing its loss. That meant that every one of themselves would be killed by the shells from their own artillery, but that fact did not count with them as against the mere hated fact that so only could the loss of the position be prevented.

What the French gunners did was not told, but the presumption is that they accepted the sacrifice so nobly offered, opened fire and drove the Germans back. That, however, was in the heat of battle, and not to save the Polish prisoners, if it could be done at not too great cost, would require a virtue more hard and stern than any except that which the ancient Romans claimed and sometimes revealed.

Publicity Will Do No Harm.

As regards the lamentable affray between white and colored soldiers at Camp Merritt there is little that now can be said profitably except that the effects of it can best be minimized, not by a policy of concealment of what happened, but by a clear and simple statement from the military authorities of the facts and the action they took on them. That the responsibility will be fixed and the break in discipline properly and justly penalized can be taken for granted by the well-disposed, but any secrecy, any attempt to hush the thing up and to leave the public in ignorance as to where the blame lay, will give opportunity for endless talk by those who delight in exaggerating anything of this kind.

The public is quite competent to hear and understand the truth, whatever it may be, and it will be neither surprised nor alarmed at indications of occasional friction between different military units. Similar troubles occur in all armies, but they are least serious when dealt with frankly as well as promptly.

There is no real prejudice in this country against negro soldiers. Their courage and loyalty have been proved on too many battlefields to be doubted now, and any quarrel that may arise between them and white troops serving the same flag means next to nothing as to racial incompatibilities and is significant only as to the ordinary frailties of human nature as illustrated in individuals.

Whether black man or white in this instance started the fight is a question of no importance except as it will determine where—in this instance—the remedial measures should be applied. As a rule, the relations between the two colors in our army are excellent, and that they do not always agree means no more than do like happenings that have been reported from the French and British armies, and again and again from that of Germany. For every "scandal" of this sort, however, full ventilation is the best cure, and it is the quickest one as well.

A Soldier Praises a Soldier.

It is equally natural and commendable that General PERSHING, an old friend of Colonel ROOSEVELT, should have written to him at some length in regard to the death of his son QUENTIN, and should have told in full the young man's record of achievements as a member of America's fighting force. And surely no father could have more compensation, or better, for the loss of a son than was offered in this case.

There is emotion in the letter, but it is almost wholly between the lines. On them is only soldierly appreciation of a soldier—recognition of duty promptly assumed and effectively done until there came the retirement from service that was so honorable as almost to preclude regret. "Lieutenant QUENTIN ROOSEVELT," the father read, "during his whole career in the air service, both as a cadet and as a flying officer, was a model of the best type of young American manhood. He was most courageous in his conduct, clean in his private life, and devoted to his duty."

That this career was only from Aug. 8, 1917, to July 17, 1918—less than a year—does not prove it short, for in that time the boy lived more than will many a man who goes to his grave at three score and ten.

Not long ago somebody down in Oklahoma dared to write and print that the ROOSEVELT boys had been provided with the soft and safe places that influence—in the estimation of suspicious and jealous minds—can provide in armies for the sons of such as Colonel ROOSEVELT. That man was accurately characterized by the Colonel and nothing has been heard from him since—not even an expression of apology and regret. But perhaps his silence is wise. Already his name is forgotten, and that, for him, is wonderful good fortune—so much more than he deserves that he is well advised not to ask forgiveness for his miserable gibe.

The Times Anniversary.

From The Brooklyn Times.

Our neighbor, THE NEW YORK TIMES, celebrated yesterday the twenty-second anniversary of the beginning of its history under its present management. Its circulation is beyond half a million. It is one of the greatest newspapers in the world. A newspaper complete in its news service; that has served its public by reporting this war in all its complexity and magnitude with generosity, fidelity, and a literary quality of the highest order; that possesses an editorial page of great brilliancy and power; THE NEW YORK TIMES well deserves the flattering success of which it makes modest mention in the announcement of its twenty-second anniversary.

A Gold Star Instead of Mourning.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the saddening sights over here is the heavy crepe worn by the women of France—the omission of the word some before women was not an oversight. When we come home, after Germany's defeat, we hope our women will not depress themselves and us by adhering to this old, unwise custom. Will you suggest that the American woman who has lost a son, a brother, a husband over here wear, instead of gloomy black, a small gold star on the left sleeve above the cuff? May she wear it in pride, not sorrow.

FREDERICK STUART GREENE.
Headquarters, 1st Battalion, 302d Engineers, A. E. F., France.

A NEW RUSSIAN LEADER.

Tchaikovsky Lived Here Several Years—Trusted by the Allies.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With the greatest pleasure I read in today's TIMES that "the Government of Northern Russia" has been formed, with Mr. Tchaikovsky as President and Minister of Foreign Affairs. Nicholas Vasilievitch Tchaikovsky, an old friend of mine, is the right man in the right place. His reputation at home and abroad and his high moral character are a sure guarantee for raising Russia again in the estimation of the world at large. Tchaikovsky is a graduate of St. Petersburg University.

If Mrs. Breshkovsky is called the grandmother of Russian revolution, then Tchaikovsky should be called its grandfather. He was one of the first organizers of the revolutionary movement among the workmen and peasants in Russia. In the early seventies he was forced to emigrate. He came to this country in 1875 and settled in Kansas with his friends, who tried to do farming. The experiment failed, and Tchaikovsky returned to New York on foot, thus having learned personally all the hardships of tramping. He lived in New York several years. Then he went to London, where he settled with his family for good. Tchaikovsky, Krapotkin, and the late Piekhanoff were the most authoritative Russian revolutionists who repeatedly had been called to judge Russian traitors and to settle the most important questions of Russian revolution.

Well known and trusted both in London and Paris, Tchaikovsky will find no difficulty whatever in resuming the friendliest relations with the Allies. All loyal Russians will hail Tchaikovsky, from Vladivostok to Warsaw and from Murmansk to Tiflis.

PETER J. POPOFF.
Minnewaska, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1918.

No Flags in the Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Quite recently I have made a trip through the Central West, the granary of the nation, where Nature this year has smiled a bounteous yield. Fat cattle browsed in the fields. Latest models of automobiles spun up and down the roads. Prosperity was, with few exceptions, everywhere. Troop trains, some of them on the first lap of the journey "over there," passed these villages and farms. Bronzed, clear-eyed defenders of the nation and our national faith filled the cars, eager, if necessary, to make the highest sacrifice. And yet, in all of the communities through which I passed, with practically no exceptions, I did not see a single American flag in front of any farm house. It is true that Red Cross and Liberty Loan placards and flags were numerous, but why recognize only these special activities and not the great national emblem? It seems to me that a movement on the part of American farmers to display an American flag in every farmyard would be additional, visible, and incontrovertible evidence of their feelings in these times of national crisis.

D. ARTHUR BOWMAN.
St. Louis, Aug. 16, 1918.

Joyce Kilmer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The name of Joyce Kilmer should be numbered among America's illustrious sons who have given all for the cause for which she fights. His death is a distinct loss to our literature, which is sorely in need of men of originality such as was his. When he wrote in prose or verse he could lift his standard higher than the commonplace writers of today and take his place with those who really amount to something in literature. To his friends who know what a brilliant intellect he had his noble death brings home the real cost of this struggle for liberty and democracy. He was a democrat in the finest sense of the word and has given his greatest contribution to the cause which he loved. Elsa Barker speaks for all his friends in her poem in a way that the rest of us cannot.

GARDNER K. BYERS.
New York, Aug. 19, 1918.

A Form of Reprisal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The press states that American troops in German prison camps are being brutally treated and tortured. Is America to submit to this? Terror can be put into the cowardly hearts of the German high military command, who are responsible, by informing them directly from our President that a prelude to peace will be the surrender to us for courtmartial of 100 German Generals and staff officers and Princes, whom alone we hold responsible.

R. J. CALDWELL.
Danielson, Conn., Aug. 18, 1918.

NO PEACE TILL VICTORY.

Dedicated to the American Expeditionary Force.

Who dares to speak of peace while the pale moon
Looks down upon a new-made grave in France,
Where lies my soldier son? He died for us,
And I, his mother, stand alone and lift
His flag, and plead no peace until his cause
Is won—no peace till Victory! And not
Alone for him this plea; for every man
Who bears our Country's flag, freemen and knights
Of this fair western world who give their oath
And faith and life. For Country's sake they pledged
Allegiance to her now, and she will pledge
Fulfillment of their cause. Who dares to sing
Of peace while Prussia's "shining sword" is raised
For might against all right? For Victory
Complete speak out, and leave the peace to God!
Oh, that blind Milton, whose far-seeing soul
Called out to God to avenge his slaughtered saints
On Piedmont's mountains cold, could speak to us
And say: "Fight on for Victory till wrong
Is conquered." Let us keep faith with all our men
Who bear our flag across the sea to stand
In France for freedom. Never Homer sang
An Odyssey so great! O Belgium, speak!
O Poland, speak! And every human heart
That dares to beat for freedom, speak for God
And Victory! Who speaks of peace is but
The traitorous mouthpiece of the German lie.
And shall it be for naught we pour the cup,
Scarce tasted, of young manhood's life in rich
Libation on the soil of France to faith
For which our fathers came to this fair land;
To liberty for which old Holland fought
Three hundred years and won, and brought to us:
To Mayflower Pilgrims' faith; to all the hope
Of Huguenots; to all who since have kept
Their faith and held their flag untarnished still?
And shall this nation now, in fullness of
Fruition of their toil, fall of their faith?
Forbid it, O just God! Give Victory!

CHARLOTTE SAYRE BOORMAN.

CRAIG OPPOSES BOND TAX.

Sends Message to Congress on Levy on Municipal Securities.

Controller Craig sent a telegram to each member of the Congressional Ways and Means Committee yesterday protesting against the proposed tax on municipal securities. It read in part:

"The City of New York has aided the Federal Government in every way in the prosecution of the war. Large and valuable properties have been turned over without charge for army and navy purposes. The co-operation of the municipal authorities is continued and unreserved. A tax direct or indirect upon municipal bonds is in effect a tax upon the government of the City of New York. It is a tax upon public schools, hospitals, charitable and correctional institutions, and upon fire and police protection, and upon water supply, rapid transit and waterfront improvements. A certain amount of such improvements are vital under war conditions.

"The power to tax is the power to destroy. It is inconceivable that Congress should prostrate the credit and cripple the functions of a great and devoted municipal government. The gain cannot possibly offset the injury of a tax that so clearly appears to be unconstitutional. I earnestly urge that no tax be laid directly or indirectly upon municipal bonds."

NEWS PRINT PRICES IN JULY.

Contracts at $3.50 to $3.80—Production Low for Seven Months.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—News print manufacturers in July made contracts at $3.50 to $3.80 for rolls and $3.50 to $4.05 for sheets a hundredweight, f. o. b. mill, for car lots, the Federal Trade Commission announced today. Deliveries extend to 1921 at an adjustable price. The price ranges were reported in twelve contracts for 92,045 tons. Current shipments for roll news were at $3.50 to $3.75 and sheet news at $3.80 to $4.10.

Jobbers' prices on the Pacific Coast were much higher than elsewhere. In the East and Middle West rolls in ton lots sold at $3.25 to $3.88 and sheets at $4.25 to $4.75. On the Pacific Coast rolls were $4.00 to $4.75 and sheets $5.50 to $10.

Production during July was reduced by labor trouble and the Government taking over power at Niagara Falls. The lost production the first seven months of 1918, as compared with 1917, was 60,408 tons of total print and 70,058 tons of standard news. Publishers' stocks increased during the month, but mill stocks decreased.

LETTER FROM JOYCE KILMER

Believed to Have Been His Last, Written Before Battle.

Special to The New York Times.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Aug. 19.—A letter written by Sergeant Joyce Kilmer, author, and member of THE NEW YORK TIMES staff, whose death in France has been reported, was received by Mrs. Kilmer at the Summer home at Oak Bluffs today. It was written before the allied offensive, and described the country and its flowers, with few references to the war. Mrs. Kilmer gave out a few excerpts from the letter.

"If you get a cablegram soon saying I am dangerously wounded, don't worry," he wrote, "because our Lieutenant is just back from the hospital—he has a little touch of trench fever—and he says that when he was in the hospital he was fed strawberries and cream. But perhaps that does not sound as exciting to you as to me.

"The intelligence section is back from its post, the beautiful place from which I wrote you many letters. Now we are in very flat country, the flattest I ever saw, with very violent flowers, chiefly scarlet poppies and small blue things, corn flowers, I believe. Gloriously hot, with good swimming nearby, and the best sort of shower bath obtainable by merely sitting under the spout of a pump where an obliging friend turns the handle."

Henry Mills Alden, editor of Harper's Magazine, today paid high tribute to Kilmer.

"American literature, nay, the world's literature, suffers a tremendous loss in his death," he said. "John Masefield said that most of the poets would be killed in the war, and here is one great man gone."

Mrs. Kilmer has learned that her husband was killed on her birthday, Aug. 1. She is the stepdaughter of Mr. Alden, and her mother has written poems under the name Ada Foster Murray.

CALL TO PHYSICIANS.

Meetings to Expedite Enrollment in Medical Service Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Dr. Franklin Martin of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense and Chairman of the General Medical Board has arranged for a series of meetings to be held throughout the country as part of the campaign for expediting the enrollment of physicians in the reorganized Volunteer Medical Service Corps.

These meetings will be held Aug. 22 and Aug. 29 "at the most central and accessible place" in each State. Their purpose is to arrange for enlargement of State Executive Committees to handle the active campaign for the corps, to arrange for the appointment of a representative in each county, and to acquaint the State and county representatives with the details as to the reorganized Volunteer Medical Service Corps.

"The campaign is being launched at once," said Dr. Martin today, "as many members of the medical profession not already in the service are anxious to be enrolled as volunteers for the Medical Department of the army before the registration under the new draft law taking men up to and including the age of 45 goes into effect."

AIRCRAFT INQUIRY REPORT.

Subordinate Officials Blamed for Delay in Production.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The report of the Senate Military Affairs Committee's sub-committee on the recent aircraft production investigation is promised for tomorrow.

The sub-committee, among other things, will touch, in the report, upon disclosures relating to flagrant mismanagement of the aircraft program by certain subordinate officials who, it is alleged, were responsible for long delay in getting production under way.

The report will be offered to the Senate, it is expected, the latter part of this week.

SUGAR RULES VIOLATED.

Food Board Reports Many Restaurants Still Using Bowls Here.

The Federal Food Board called attention yesterday to the fact that many public eating places still kept the sugar bowl on their tables in violation of the conservation rules of the Food Administration.

While the sugar bowl has been banished from tables in dining cars, hotels, and most of the large restaurants, there are still numerous public eating places in the city which have failed to follow this patriotic example. Continuance of this practice on the part of these places, according to the Food Board, is not only harmful to the sugar conservation program of the United States Food Administration, but it is unfair to those places which are co-operating with the Government by serving only a fixed quantity of sugar to each patron.

GREAT FALLING OFF IN LUXURY IMPORTS

War Has Cut Shipments of Works of Art, Automobiles, and Precious Stones.

DROP IN CHINA AND LACES

Foodstuffs, Cheese, Olives, and Olive Oil Are Far Below Ante-bellum Figures.

Americans are getting along without luxuries from Europe and elsewhere, according to a compilation issued yesterday by the National City Bank. This shows that in virtually all the imports usually classed as luxuries the 1918 Government fiscal year figures fall materially below those of the preceding year and are far less than those of the year before the outbreak of the European war.

Just how great the actual reduction had been was difficult to state, the bank said, due to the fact that many of the articles usually classed as luxuries were stated only in the Government reports in figures of value. As prices of these per unit of quantity have advanced the lower value figures do not adequately represent the decline in quantities imported.

In almost all articles in which quantities were stated the fall-off was very large, and in these measured only by value figures there was in most cases a heavy reduction.

The Decrease Only Natural.

"That luxury imports should be less than before the war," the bank's statement said, "is quite natural by reason of the fact that many of the articles of this character originated in European countries, some in the countries with which we are now at war, and some in those of our allies, now too busily employed to manufacture or otherwise accumulate materials of this class for exportation."

Coming to details of the 1918 luxury importations into the United States, it is shown, for example, that this country imported only $11,000,000 of art works in the fiscal year just ended, against $23,000,000 in 1917 and $35,000,000 in the fiscal year 1914, just preceding the start of the war.

In automobiles the value in 1918 was only about $50,000, against nearly $2,000,000 in 1913, and more than $2,000,000 in 1912, while the average value per machine imported in 1918 was less than one-half that before the war. Decorated chinaware imported in 1918 was only about $3,500,000 in value, against about $8,000,000 in 1914. Of cotton laces imported in 1918 the value was only about $10,000,000, against $16,500,000 in 1917 and nearly $34,000,000 in 1914. Of silk laces the 1918 imports were valued at but little more than one-half those of 1914.

Fewer Precious Stones Coming.

Of cotton plushes and velvets the quantity imported in 1918 was less than 1,000,000 yards, against more than 3,000,000 in 1917 and practically 5,000,000 in 1914. Of ostrich feathers, in 1918 the imports were valued at nearly $1,000,000, against nearly $4,000,000 in 1914 and over $8,000,000 in 1913. In precious stones the total for 1918 was only about $32,000,000, against $47,000,000 in 1917 and $50,000,000 in 1913, while of pearls alone the value in 1918 was less than $2,000,000, against over $8,000,000 in 1917, and more than $10,000,000 in 1913.

In the articles of food usually classed as luxuries when imported, there was also a marked falling off. Cheese imported in 1918 amounted to about 9,000,000 pounds, against 15,000,000 in 1917 and 64,000,000 pounds in 1914. The 1918 entries of currants aggregated 5,000,000 pounds, against 25,000,000 in 1916 and 52,000,000 pounds in 1914.

Dates received here in the last fiscal period were down to 6,000,000 pounds, compared with 34,000,000 in 1914, while olives and olive oil showed totals in 1918 of about one-half those of the year before the war.

CUT REFRIGERATOR STYLES.

War Board Suggests Manufacturers Curtail Use of Steel.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Manufacturers of household refrigerators were today advised by the Conservation Division of the War Industries Board that no new patterns and styles should be added during the war, and that the number of patterns and styles should be reduced to conserve materials, especially iron, steel, tin, solder, and porcelain.

Two grades only for refrigerators are suggested. Grade 1 is to consist of refrigerators with sheet metal, porcelain, opal glass, stone, monolithic, or other substances, not more than two of these linings to be used. Grade 2 is to consist of cheaper refrigerators, lined with sheet metal, either plain or enameled. The use of wood for all exteriors and the discontinuance of manufacture of steel and porcelain refrigerators, refrigerators with double lids and metal coolers, are among the suggestions.

As it is deemed imperative that the use of steel be confined to war industries, except where it is required to meet the essential demands of the civilian population, the conservation division particularly requests manufacturers to discontinue using iron or steel wherever it is practicable to adopt a substitute. It is requested also that manufacturers curtail their consumption of block or pig tin and tin oxides. This country is dependent upon overseas shipments for supplies of this metal and large quantities are required for the war program.

Steps have been taken to ins

ROYALTIES ON ENEMY OPERAS SEIZED HERE

Incomes from Many Plays and Broadway Musical Hits to be Put in Liberty Bonds.

NEW JOB FOR CUSTODIAN

Proceeds of Emmy Destinn's Talking-Machine Records and Some Books Also Taken Over.

A. Mitchell Palmer, the Enemy Alien Property Custodian, invaded the field of light and heavy operas yesterday, not as an impresario, composer, or advocate of "art for art's sake, but as the collector of hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of royalties which formally accrued to enemy holders of American rights to Broadway hits.

All the royalties thus collected will be invested promptly in Liberty bonds, for which reason Uncle Sam's interest in the success of the Viennese operetta "Pom Pom," or Richard Strauss's "Salome" will be every bit as keen as that of any producer.

Versatile as they have been in reconstructing the management of most every type of German-owned business up to the present time, Mr. Palmer and the members of his staff had to confess yesterday that the manipulation of a crop of operettas, operas, plays, and playlets, not to speak of talking machine records, offered something entirely new to their experience.

However, just as they have been compelled to learn by experience how to continue the income producing powers of a German-owned shoe factory, so they expect to learn by further experience how to preserve the box office prestige of "Little Boy Blue," "Springtime," and others, even after the enemy interest in these successes ceases to exist.

Making Exhaustive Inquiry.

Francis P. Garvan, Director of the Bureau of Investigation, is now conducting an exhaustive inquiry into the entire field of royalties, copyrights, patents, &c., as he is convinced that much enemy property of this kind is still lying about on Broadway, unreported to the Enemy Alien Property Custodian's office. Without impairing their box office values, Mr. Garvan will quietly seek to transfer all enemy control of American rights to musical and dramatic productions to the Government, no matter what they are.

On the list of enemy owned operettas in which Custodian Palmer seized the American rights yesterday are "Her Soldier Boy," "Alone at Last," "The Star Gazers," "Gypsy Love," "The Dollar Princess," "Pom Pom," "The Gay Hussars," "Sardi," "Little Boy Blue," "The Chocolate Soldier," "Miss Springtime," and "The Riviera Girl." Among the plays in the list are "Madam X" and "The Concert," and the grand operas include "Salome," Wolf Ferrari's "The Jewels of the Madonna," and "The Secret of Suzanne."

"The German theatre in this country will suffer heavily, because the Alien Property Custodian has also taken over the American rights to whole repertoires of German plays, among them being many which have been produced at the big German theatre in Milwaukee and the German theatre in New York. They include "Das Kuckuck's Ei," "Das Buch Einer Frau," "Der Rettungsengel," "Griechisches Feuer," "Der Weibsteufel," "Des Pastors Rieke," "Fraulein Chef," "Die Schwebende Schwester," "Die Schwebende Jungfrau," "Der Meister," "Die Spanische Fliege," "Eine Ehe," "Laura-Massiert," "Das Ratsel Weib," "Magdalena," "Frau Majas Rache," and "Lottchens Geburstag."

Talking Machine Records Affected.

In the matter of royalties on talking-machine records the Alien Property Custodian's most notable seizure was that of the records of Mme. Emmy Destinn, the Metropolitan Opera prima donna, among the records being "Wiegenlied," "The Wedding," "My Homeland," "Good Night," "Pique Dame—Es dammert," "Pique Dame—O viens non," "Trovatore — Miserere," "Mignon—Kennst du das Land," "Madama Butterfly—Un bel di vedremo," "Aida—O patria mia," "Tosca — Vissi d'Arte e d'Amore," "Tannhäuser — Elizabeth's Gebet," "Magic Flute—Pamina's Air," "Pique Dame—Ich gehe auf Mitternacht," "Rusalke—Lieblicher Mond," "Trovatore—D'amor sull'ali rosee," "Ave Maria," "Die Bekehrte," "Quand je dors," "L'ultima Canzone," and "Guarany—Sento una forza indomita."

Among the musical compositions on the list are "Andante Religioso," "Berceuse," "Elegie," "Indian Lament," Dvorak-Kreisler's "Studien" for violin, and Mendelssohn's "Schuler Konzert Op. 213."

Custodian Palmer also took possession of the American royalties on the following books:

Professor A. Gudeman's "Latin Literature of the Empire," Arnold Kutner's "Commercial German," Mrs. K. C. H. Dreschel's "Grimms Simbads," Josepha Schrakamp's "German Readings," German juvenile books, Moritz's "Professor Max Walker's "Beginners' German," John L. Stoddard's lectures, "Influence of the Bible on Civilization," and J. Weingren's publication, "Electric Power Station."

Mr. Stoddard is an American citizen, but is now living at Meran, Austria, hence his property is subject to seizure.

Old Guard Off for Rifle Practice.

The Old Guard Veteran Battalion, commanded by Major Edward Havemeyer Snyder, will leave its headquarters at 229 West Fifty-first Street this morning for Seagirt, N. J., for rifle practice until Aug. 24. On the last day of the practice, the Veteran Military Rifle Association, composed of teams from the 7th, 13th, 22d, 23d, and 71st Regiments, and the Old Guard Battalion will shoot for the Spencer Trophy, given to the association by General Bird W. Spencer of New Jersey, Inspector General of Rifle Practice of New Jersey, to be competed for annually.

Cadet Coit Weds Miss Vermilye.

Gladding Bailey Coit, a cadet in the United States Army Air Service, and a son of Mrs. Samuel B. Coit, formerly of Englewood, N. J., and Miss Louise Rowland Vermilye, a daughter of H. Rowland Vermilye and the late Netty de Milt Vermilye, were married yesterday afternoon at Englewood by the Rev. Harris E. Adriance.

Fifth Ave. Floors for Offices

for Large Single Tenants.

New Fireproof Building near 53d Street

Almost 5,000 Feet on a Floor
Wonderful Light
Will Divide

Immediate Possession

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 4700 John

REFER MITCHEL MEMORIAL.

Executive Board, After Discussion, Leaves Matter to Committee.

The form of the memorial to be erected in commemoration of the life and public service of John Purroy Mitchel, former Mayor of New York and Major in the Aviation Corps of the United States Army, has been referred to a special committee for settlement. A long session of the Executive Committee was held yesterday in the office of Robert Adamson, Chairman, 511 Fifth Avenue. He said that plans ranging from a public bath to a big water gate had been submitted. Proposals to use the old reservoir in Central Park for a playground, scholarships in some of the universities, and other suggestions have been offered.

"I was empowered to name a special committee of five," Mr. Adamson said after the meeting. "This committee will thrash out all the proposed plans and agree on one that to them seems most fitting and report back. I have asked George McAneny, Lamar Hardy, George W. Perkins, Alfred E. Smith, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Frank L. Dowling, President of the Borough of Manhattan, to act. When they will be ready is still indefinite."

WILL CONTINUE STRIKE.

Attempt to Settle Trouble at Rosenwasser Bros. Plant Fails.

Although 2,000 employes of Rosenwasser Brothers, at a meeting in Long Island City yesterday afternoon, continued their strike, after refusing to accept a compromise proposed by members of the firm, nearly normal production of gas mask bags, army leggings, shoes and aviators' coats was reported at the factory. The strike is now in its second week, and since it began the management of the plant, which has been working exclusively on war contracts, has been filling vacancies caused by the strike. The strikers are members of United Shoe Makers of America. Their local representative, following the meeting yesterday, made this statement:

"We met today in pursuance of the direction of Professor William Z. Ripley, Chairman of the Board of Administration of Labor Standards for Army Clothing. We invited a representative of the Rosenwasser firm to be present, and this invitation was accepted. The representative said the firm would continue to keep in its employ all the men who had been taken on since last week, but that they would give employment to former employes as vacancies occurred. We feel that the jobs belong to us. As we could not come to an agreement, we decided to present the matter to Professor Ripley at the conference which has been arranged for Thursday."

It was asserted yesterday that the strike had for a week held up production, not of gas masks, as previously reported, but of gas mask bags, the knapsacks in which the masks are carried by the soldier.

RUSSELLITES TO TESTIFY.

Two Leaders Arrive from Atlanta to Appear at Hudgings's Trial.

Accompanied by several deputy wardens from the penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., Alexander H. McMillan and William E. Van Amburgh, two of the leaders of the International Bible Students' Association, founded by the late "Pastor" Charles Taze Russell, arrived in Brooklyn yesterday.

The two men, with the six other leaders of the Russellite organizations who were convicted of conspiracy to defeat the purposes of the Selective Draft act, have been serving their terms in prison to which they were sentenced by Judge H. B. Howe last June. They have been brought to this city to testify at the trial of William F. Hudgings, a worker of the society. The trial will begin today before Judge Thomas I. Chatfield.

JAPANESE FETE AT CAPITAL.

Benefit for Free Milk for France in Club de Vingt Garden.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand entertained a small company of officials of the Embassy staff in their box for the Japanese fete in the garden of the Club de Vingt, given tonight for the benefit of the Free Milk for France Fund. The Japanese play was followed by the fox dance done by Michio Itow.

Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. McAdoo came to Washington this morning from White Sulphur Springs, where they have a cottage for the Summer.

Secretary of War Baker and his daughter, Miss Betty Baker, returned this morning from Pottstown, Penn., where, with Mrs. Baker, they motored on Sunday. Mrs. Baker returned this evening by motor. During their stay in Pottstown they were the guests of Mrs. Baker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Leopold.

Dr. Elizalde, the Minister from Ecuador, went to Charnian, Penn., Saturday, to spend several days with Mme. Elizalde and their children.

WED AT PELHAM BAY CAMP.

Daughter of Commander Franklin Marries Lieut. Wm. M. Black.

Pelham Bay Naval Training Camp had its first wedding yesterday afternoon when Miss Grace Franklin, daughter of the Commandant of the station, Commander William B. Franklin, and Mrs. Franklin, was married to Lieutenant William Murray Black, Jr., of the Field Artillery Corps, U. S. A., son of Major Gen. and Mrs. William Murray Black of Washington, D. C.

The ceremony was attended by all the picturesqueness of army-navy nuptials, the Rev. Lea Luquer and the Rev. McVickar Haight, camp chaplain, officiating.

The bride, gowned in white satin and Limerick lace, which was owned by her great-grandmother, was attended by a flock of [illegible] Miss Lilias Kent, who wore a frock of white mulle over pink.

The scene of the marriage was in the living room of the officers' clubhouse, formerly the old Adee homestead, which was decorated in pink and white. Officers of the station formed an aisle through which the bridal party passed. The meditation from "Thais" was played during the ceremony, and the bridal march, composed by Bandmaster William Schroder, was rendered by an orchestra of forty pieces.

Army and navy officials attended the ceremony, which was followed by a reception.

MEHETABEL S. EVARTS WEDS

Late Senator's Granddaughter Marries Shelton Hale.

Shelton Hale, a son of Mrs. Annie Riley Hale of 12 East 85th Street, New York, and Miss Mehetabel Sherman Evarts, a daughter of the late Maxwell Evarts and of Mrs. Margaret A. S. Evarts, were married last Saturday in St. Paul's Church at Windsor, Vt., where the Evarts country place, Juniper Hill Farm, is situated. The engagement was announced last March.

Mr. Hale has been in Washington, D. C., as Assistant Secretary of the War Trade Board.

Mrs. Hale is a granddaughter of the late Senator William M. Evarts, and the ceremony was performed by her uncle, the Rev. Prescott Evarts, and the Rev. P. C. Manzer. The bride is the sister of the Misses Margaret, Mary and Josephine Evarts and of Sherman and Jeremiah Evarts.

Phillips-Fitzgibbon Engagement.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Margaret Louise Phillips, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob L. Phillips, of 40 East Sixty-seventh Street, this city, to Lieutenant James E. Fitzgibbon, 310th Cavalry, U. S. A., now stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Fitzgibbon of New York, and a nephew of ex-United States Senator O'Gorman.

Miss Phillips' marriage will take place tomorrow in the Lady Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, and a small reception will be held at the Plaza.

'ZOOMING' THRILLS A FLIER IN FRANCE

American Aviator Out for Evening Stroll Skims Walls of Chateau.

THE HOME OF JACQUELINE

Hedge Hopping in View of Waving Friends Marks End of This Flier's Perfect Day.

The training of American aviators in France has been marked by much kindly interest on the part of the French people who see them at close range, just as others here at home are observed almost daily by hundreds of persons in the suburbs of New York and all cities near the camps. The following letter describes some experiences of one of our new fliers in an aviation instruction centre oversea:

"I went 'hedge hopping' last night. 'Hedge hopping' is the fanciful name for flying low. I think it is perhaps the most exhilarating—and dangerous—of all phases of flying, even including acrobatics. It is the splendid sensation of tremendous power and matchless speed. No other sensation is to be compared with it.

"I had a nap in the mid-afternoon, and when I came out and found the air balmy I felt exceedingly fit. I climbed into machine No. —, and, finding her turning up 1,300 revolutions per minute, I even felt coltish. I taxied out to the line, the starter gave me the 'Come across,' and I jumped her off the ground.

"The air was lying as level as the Dead Sea. I sat there in the boat and tried to single, but gave that up when I could not hear my own voice for the motor.

"Then there flashed across my mind the idea of giving Jacqueline a thrill. Jacqueline, you remember, is the 'Rose of France' who live in the big chateau on the hill. I climbed until I could see her tower and then, straight as a bee, I made for it. When I came near I did a few Coney Island scenic railway dips, by way of a greeting. She says she can always tell when it is I by the way I 'sign myself' in the air. I didn't get any answer—apparently they were all inside—so I went down where they could hear me. They came out on the terrace and waved as I went by with a rush.

"Then I then climbed up to the regulation 1,200 meters and pulled my very best bet—a 'renerversement.' It is not difficult with these machines because they take their time and one can go through the formula, 'Pull—kick—cut—and give 'em the gun' again, quite deliberately. The old bus pokes her nose up into the air to a stall, the kick on the rudder turns her over on her side, and she slips quite naturally into a straight dive, which is the only terrifying moment, and then comes the pull of it as smooth and easy as sliding down the bannisters.

"I prefer to do my stunts over 'her' house because, if I must fall, it would be an ideal place, and to wake up and find her holding me by the hand wouldn't be half bad. I would 'carry on singing, 'Je ne veux pas guerir,' or as Americans sing it, 'I don't want to get well.'

"I dived down by the château and waved and headed for home because I was supposed to be doing some 'hops.' I hadn't been missed, so I did my quota of 'hops,' which have nothing to do with malted liquor but are merely practice landings.

"It was 9 o'clock and the sun was down, but it was not yet dark when I climbed into another machine and went up for the last time for the 'mechano' who was trying to discover what was the trouble. It was dirty spark plugs, and when he had replaced them she tuned up so beautifully I decided to take her around once. He pulled the blocks out, and everybody else, including the 'Chef,' had gone in, there was no one to say me nay when I took off.

"Still feeling coltish, I headed again for Jacqueline's. As I was almost there an impudent little 'pup' from the Observers' School came up where I was and nosed around. To throw him off the scent I went on over the château and, when he turned for the camp, I dropped down low over Jacqueline's beautiful Corot forest and, just skimming the trees, I came back. Looking down, I could see the backwash of my 'prop' waving the trees.

"They came running out on the terrace and waved. I turned sharply and, putting one wing down almost on the weather vane, I made circles above them. Then I went down the valley and came back on a level with them. I gave 'er all the gun' and 'zoomed' the château—that is, I almost went up the front of the place. It was too close for comfort, and I don't know what they thought of me, because I probably gave them a fright.

"That 'zooming' was fun, and going back I tried it some more. Technically, it is contour-flying and is strictly 'defendu' for such as me. I know I shall be ruined for anything else from now on. In Middle Tennessee they say if you teach a horse to jump fences he is no good after that because he likes it too well.

"I dipped into the valley, picking up speed all the way. I headed straight for some tall Lombardy poplars and actually climbed them, or, rather, jumped them. After that I zoomed every lone tree in a field and hopped every hedge, although, in fact, it was getting so dark it was risky. I went down to speak to every farmhouse, and when the barnyard fowl began to run for cover I would shoot up into the sky again.

"It is as different from ordinary flying as riding an Indian or Harley-Davidson is from motoring, only it is a hundred thousand times more thrilling than motor-biking. It is smooth like motor-boating and you have the same wave motion and the sensation of rushing movement. It is more thrilling than aquaplaning—that kingly sport, consisting of being towed on a board behind a fast motor boat. It partakes of the elements of all these.

"The ground flows past in a magnificent stream. Flying at an altitude is like floating, and if it were not for the beauty of the clouds above and landscape below it would be monotonous; but not so with flying low, where one has to be alert and quick. It is really dangerous because, if the motor 'poops,' it means either sudden extinction or miraculous escape. There is no time to think, and, even if you thought, there is nothing that you could do about it.

"Don't worry, I won't do it often—I can't afford to take the chance when I am needed up front.

"I found the field—it was not easy—and circled and landed into where the wind should have been if there had been any. I was coming down on a beautiful glide. I began to redress, when—bump! it was the ground ten feet closer than I had expected. It was really too dark to see well, but nothing was hurt.

"My fountain pen, 'Il ne marche pas.' Excuse the pencil.

"Your son, ——

"Somewhere in France."

San Salvador Reforms Urged.

SAN SALVADOR, Aug. 18.—United action by the cities of San Salvador in pressing social reforms upon the President is urged in a telegram sent to the various cities of the country by the municipality of Santiago de Maria. The cities are asked to convoke meetings to pass resolutions requesting the Chief Executive to convoke a constituent assembly that shall frame and sign a political constitution based on the demands of social reform.

"Big Bill" Edwards to Run.

The feature event at the annual outing of the employes of the Third, or Upper Manhattan, Internal Revenue District, to be held next Saturday at Donnelly's Grove, College Point, according to the Committee of Arrangements, is to be a one-mile race between Collector Mark Eisner of the Third, who weighs 175 pounds, and ("Big Bill") William H. Edwards, Collector of the Second, or Wall Street, Revenue District. Mr. Edwards, who tips the scales at 300 pounds or more, was formerly a well-known Princeton football player. In addition to this event, the committee announces a baseball game, potato races, knitting contests for the women employes, shot-put and hammer-throwing contests. Collector Henry P. Kaith of the Brooklyn Revenue Office and others have been invited.

FIXES PRICES OF RAGS.

War Industries Board Schedule Effective at Once.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The price-fixing committee of the War Industries Board today fixed the maximum prices upon various grades of rags, effective on all sales made from Aug. 19, and remaining in effect until Oct. 1, 1918, and thereafter, pending the compilation of data, which is to be furnished by the Federal Trade Commission. These prices are net f. o. b. shipping point and are to apply to sales made both to the Government and to the public.

The prices, in cents per pound, are: Mixed soft, 21½; blue serge, 25; brown serge, 23; green serge, 22; red serge, 20; black serge, 22; white soft, 32; white flannels and serges, 50; white knits, 36; red knits, 27½; blue knits, mixed, 26½; silver gray knits, 45; brown knits, 32; fancy knits, 21; black dressed knits, 30; light hoods, 35; light gray undwear, 18; fine light merinoes, 25; fine dark merinoes, 25; coarse dark merinos, with serges, 16; coarse light merinos, with serges, 24; thibets, 28½; rough cloth, 8½; skirted cloth, ripped from rough cloth, 11½; skirted cloth, sorted from mixed rags, 10; light skirted cloth, 15½; black and white skirted cloth, 17; fine light skirted cloth, 18½; brown skirted cloth, 16; dark skirted cloth, 8½; black skirted cloth, 10; blue skirted cloth, 10; tan skirted cloth, 25; light skirted worsted, 25; blue skirted worsted, 21; black skirted worsted, 22; brown skirted worsted, 23; dark skirted worsted, 17; wool carpets, 10½; soft black carpets, 4½; mixed linseys, 4½; white linsey flannels, 7; wool bodies, 8½; skirted delaines, 6½.

TO STABILIZE OIL PRICES.

Fuel Administration Accepts War Service Committee's Plan.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Plans for the stabilization of petroleum prices, recommended by the National Petroleum War Service Committee in New York last week, were accepted today by the Fuel Administration, which announced its belief that the agreement would prevent any radical change in prices of gasoline and other oil products to consumers.

The plan provides generally for maximum premiums for oil of various grades in the fields throughout the country. As far as practicable, the flow of oil through existing channels will continue and protection as to prices and supplies is assured to small refiners.

The Fuel Administration, the statement says, is also endeavoring to have established fair differentials for refiners and distributers.

McCALL QUITS SENATE RACE.

Massachusetts Governor May Retire from Political Arena.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—Governor McCall today announced he had reconsidered his decision to become a candidate for the Republican Senatorial nomination. An intimation that he contemplated withdrawing from the political arena altogether was contained in his statement, which said:

"As it is most unlikely I shall ever again appear before the people of the commonwealth for their suffrage, I take this occasion to thank them most deeply for the generous confidence they have given me."

Governor McCall's withdrawal leaves the field clear at present for Senator John W. Weeks, whose campaign for renomination is already under way. The Governor, in explaining his withdrawal, said that he had desired to dispense with a personal canvass, but had been advised that under the present conditions one would be necessary.

"I feel strongly," he continued, "that to do this would be out of tune with the time. The hearts of our people are beyond the seas. Poor time it is to drag out personal claims into the day and shriek out one's virtues to the passer-by."

MRS. BELMONT PROTESTS.

Suffrage Leader Deplores Treatment of Women Arrested in Washington.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, at the headquarters in this city of the National Women's Party yesterday, deplored the conditions in the Washington jail where suffragettes were locked up following a demonstration held opposite the White House on Aug. 14. She declared that women would continue "to demand justice in spite of arrests and imprisonments." On Saturday Miss Vivian Pierce, editor of The Suffragist, the organ of the National Woman's Party, announced that another demonstration was to be held in Washington this week, probably on Thursday, and that she had come to New York to enlist the support of women here. "The five by seven cells," said Mrs. Belmont, "in which the prisoners are confined are lit only from the corridor, the windows being twelve feet above the floor, with no sky visible. In addition all suffrage prisoners are refused books, papers, warm clothing, or visits from friends. Enemy alien in our internment camps are treated with more consideration than these women, who are simply contending for the right of free speech."

EX-GOV. G. H. PROUTY KILLED

Vermont Man's Auto Hit by a Train in Dense Fog.

SHERBROOKE, Quebec, Aug. 19.—G. H. Prouty, formerly Governor of Vermont, was killed when an automobile in which he was riding was struck by a Grand Trunk train near Waterville today.

Mr. Prouty was on his way from Newport, Vt., to take a train at Lennoxville for Jackman, Me., when the chauffeur failed to observe the approaching engine, owing to a dense fog. Mr. Prouty was instantly killed. The chauffeur, J. W. Blay, was taken to the Sherbrooke Hospital, suffering from concussion of the brain.

NEWPORT, Vt., Aug. 19.—Former Gov. Prouty, who was killed near Waterville, P. Q., today, had left his home here to go to the Moosehead Lake region in Maine. Mr. Prouty was manager of a large lumber business. He had served in both branches of the Vermont Legislature and as Lieutenant Governor, and was Governor from 1908 to 1910.

GALLINGER'S BODY IN STATE

Senator's Funeral to be Held in Concord Tomorrow.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 19.—The body of United States Senator Gallinger, who died in Franklin Saturday, will lie in state in Doric Hall at the State House here next Wednesday between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. All State offices will be closed during that time. The funeral service will be held at the First Baptist Church at 2 o'clock on that day.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Tribute to the late Senator Gallinger, minority leader, was paid in the Senate today by Senator Nelson of Minnesota, in moving that adjournment be taken at once out of respect to his memory. Senator Nelson introduced a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, eulogizing the New Hampshire Senator, and providing for the holding of memorial services.

Both the Senate and House adjourned after appointing committees to attend Senator Gallinger's funeral, which will be held at Concord Wednesday.

250,000 Chinese Flood Sufferers.

HONG KONG, Aug. 17. (Associated Press.)—Five thousand persons are homeless and 250,000 are without proper food as a result of a flood in the Tung-Kiang River. The American Red Cross is providing temporary relief.

PERSHING DEMANDS CLEAN LIFE IN ARMY

Tells Men That Duty Requires It and Takes Steps Against Improper Resorts.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 19. (Associated Press.)—In a general order just issued, General Pershing addresses the army frankly on the social evil, and urges continence as "the plain duty of every member of the American Expeditionary Forces, both for the vigorous conduct of the war and the clean health of the American people after the war."

General Pershing directs the commanding officers to urge moral cleanliness on the men as their duty as soldiers and the best training for enforced cleanness of life at the front. The order prescribes more rigid control of leaves of absence and directs courts-martial to exercise severity in dealing with infected men.

The order makes all immoral resorts "off limits," and in co-operation with the French police, both military and civil, takes steps to repress clandestine evasion of the order.

PERSHING THANKS KNIGHTS.

Message to K. of C. Tells of Substantial Aid Rendered Army.

James A. Flaherty, Supreme Knight of the Knights of Columbus, yesterday received the following cable message from General Pershing:

Aug. 17, 1918.

James A. Flaherty,
K. of C. Headquarters,
461 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

I wish on behalf of the troops under my command to thank your organization, not only for the generous and inspiring message, but for the substantial service it is rendering for the army in France.

PERSHING.

The dispatch was in reply to one sent to General Pershing on Aug. 6, when the Knights opened their "Victory" convention at the Waldorf-Astoria. The message conveyed the good wishes of the organization, and gave assurance that all of the 420,000 members of the order were behind the American forces to a man, and were pledged without qualification to back them to the limit, both as an organization and as individuals.

Chairman William J. Mulligan of the Knights of Columbus War Activities Committee, and William P. Larkin, National Director from New York, issued a statement yesterday, saying that the Knights of Columbus were not engaged in any drive at present for funds in Manhattan and the Bronx, and were in no way interested in block parties or any other functions purporting to produce funds for K. of C. purposes in these boroughs.

BAKER REPLIES TO K. OF C.

Denies Religious Distinction is Involved in Dual Drive.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Replying to a criticism by James A. Flaherty, Supreme Knight of the Knights of Columbus, that religious distinctions were involved in the plan of the War Department for a combination campaign in January to raise funds for the war recreation work of the Knights of Columbus and the Jewish Welfare Board, following a similar drive in November for the Y. M. C. A., and three other agencies, Secretary Baker telegraphed Mr. Flaherty today that "no religious distinctions were thought of when the plan was framed."

The Secretary pointed out that dual campaigns had been arranged because it had been found impracticable to have a single drive for all agencies, and that campaigns for the Catholic and Jewish funds had been placed in January simply because a preference had been expressed for that time. The Secretary expressed the hope that next year there could be a common drive to raise funds for all agencies.

REV. DR. WM. S. JONES DEAD.

Former Senior Curate of St. Thomas's Church Dies in Virginia.

The Rev. Dr. William Strother Jones, senior curate of St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, until his resignation in June because of ill-health, died yesterday at his home in Alexandria, Va. Dr. Jones was about 66 years old. He is survived by his wife and three sons, who are in the navy. Dr. Jones had been in frail health for more than a year.

He had been senior curate at St. Thomas's since 1914. Born in Fauquier County, Va., a son of James Fitzgerald Jones and Anne Lewis Marshall Jones, he was graduated from Washington and Lee University, and later from Virginia Theological Seminary. He was ordained a priest of the Protestant Episcopal Church in 1877. In 1894 he received the degree of D. D. from Washington and Lee.

Dr. Jones was first appointed rector of the Episcopal Church at Casanova, Va., serving there until 1879, when he took charge of a parish in Maryland. From 1888 to 1894 he was pastor of St. Paul's at Fairfield, Conn. From 1896 to 1908 he was rector of St. Michael's Church, Trenton, N. J. In 1910 he went to St. Paul's at Erie, Penn., coming to St. Thomas's in 1914. Dr. Jones was a delegate to the General Conventions of the Episcopal Church in 1904, 1907, and 1913.

John William Devoy.

John William Devoy, Treasurer of the Brooklyn Public Library Board for the last eighteen years and Treasurer of the Andrew Carnegie Commission of Brooklyn for the construction of Carnegie Libraries, died suddenly on Sunday at Watertown, N. Y., in his fifty-fifth year. His home was at 320 Adelphi Street, Brooklyn.

Drowns in Central Park Lake.

John Fleming, 9 years old, of 438 West Forty-ninth Street was drowned yesterday in the big lake in Central Park. He had been in swimming and he afforded amusement to the soldiers and sailors rowing about the lake by giving imitations of a sailor leaping from a torpedoed ship. According to the boy's companions, he was attacked by cramps and went down before any one could reach him. The police recovered the body.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ANNIE CUSACK CARMAN, 65 years old, wife of Ringold W. Carman, head of the Perfection Chemical Company, died on Sunday at St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, L. I.

Mrs. LILLIAN BARRO, identified with the management of Carlson's Pavilion and Picnic Park, College Point, died on Sunday at Brooklyn.

GEORGE J. MULLER, once Chief Clerk of the Municipal Bureau of Statistics, died yesterday at his home, in his thirty-eighth year.

The Rev. JOHN SMYER, pastor of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church, Yonkers, died yesterday at his home in Yonkers, in his forty-fourth year.

LEVI BLUMENAU, 84 years old, a real estate dealer of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at his home in Sheepshead Bay.

FREDERICK A. FRISK, 68 years old, for twenty-five years with the Maltine Manufacturing Company, died on Saturday at his home, 22½ Walnut Place, Brooklyn.

ARTHUR BERRY, a lawyer, died on Saturday at his home, 30 West Seventieth Street.

AUSTIN J. MURRAY, of F. D. Cooney & Co., died yesterday in Saratoga, N. Y. His home was at 478 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn.

Dr. JOHN JOSEPH KEATING, 42 years old, of 122A Union Street, Brooklyn, died on Friday at Saranac Lake, N. Y. He had been connected with the New York Department of Health as supervisor of milk inspection.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1600 Bryant.

Born.

BROOKE.—To Mr. and Mrs. C. Brooke, a son, Murray Hill Hotel, Park Av., New York.

GREENMAN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Saul Greenman (nee Rose Sadowsky), Aug. 17, a son at their Summer home, 104 Sea view Av., Arverne, L. I.

Married.

BIGELOW—SIMPSON.—Mr. and Mrs. William G. Simpson of Frankfort, Ky., announce the marriage of their daughter, Elizabeth, to John Ogden Bigelow, First Lieutenant, Quartermaster Corps, U. S. A., on Thursday, Aug. 15, at Frankfort.

COIT—VERMILYE.—On Aug. 19, at Englewood, N. J., Louise Rowland, daughter of H. Rowland Vermilye and the late Netty de Milt, to Gladding Bailey Coit, by the Rev. Harris E. Adriance.

HALE—EVARTS.—On Saturday, Aug. 17, 1918, at St. Paul's Church, Windsor, Vt., by the Rev. Prescott Evarts, assisted by the Rev. Parker C. Manzer, Mehetabel Sherman, daughter of the late Maxwell and Margaret A. S. Evarts, to Shelton Hale.

Died.

ALCOTT.—On Sunday, Aug. 18, Edward Alcott of Manassas, Va. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St., between 5th and Madison Aves., on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 1 o'clock. Interment Kensico.

BLUMENAU.—On Sunday, Aug. 18, 1918, after a short illness, at the residence of his son Max, 2,674 Elmore Place, Sheepshead Bay, Levi Blumenau, in his 85th year, beloved father of Max and Herman Blumenau. Funeral services to be held at the Temple Beth Elohim, 8th Av. and Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 2 P. M. Relatives, friends, and members of various organizations he was connected with are invited to attend. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at Machpelah Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

BYARD.—At St. Luke's Hospital, on Monday, Aug. 19, 1918, William V. Byard. Funeral service at the Chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, Amsterdam Av. and 113th St., on Tuesday evening, Aug. 20, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

CAHILL.—On Aug. 19, 1918, Ann Frances, beloved wife of John Cahill, (nee O'Rourke.) Funeral private, Wednesday, Aug. 21, at 8:30 A. M., from her late residence, 1774 54th St., Brooklyn, thence to the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, where friends are invited to attend a solemn requiem mass at the Church on Thursday, Aug. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

FELLMAN.—Leopold, on Aug. 18, 1918, at Lenox, Mass. Remains lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Campbell Building.) Interment Galveston, Texas.

FICHTER.—Edna, Aug. 18, 202 43d St., Edgemere, L. I. Funeral private.

FIELD.—At Roselle, N. J., Aug. 17, 1918, Lydia Purdy Field, wife of the late Elbert Field, in her 79th year. Funeral services at St. Luke's Church, Roselle, N. J., on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 10:30 A. M. Carriages waiting on arrival of 9:30 A. M. train, C. R. R. of N. J., foot of Liberty Street, N. Y. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

GILBERT.—On Aug. 19, 1918, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Frederick William Wright of 362 Upper Mountain Av., Upper Montclair, N. J., Augusta Frances Conant, widow of William Warren Gilbert and daughter of the late Frederick Josiah Conant and Amanda Young. Funeral Wednesday at convenience of the family. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers. Detroit papers please copy.

HARBURGER.—On Saturday, Aug. 17, 1918, Jonas W., beloved husband of Jeannette Harburger, in his 59th year. Funeral services at 488 Lincoln Av., Midland Beach, S. I., on Wednesday, Aug. 21, at 3 P. M.

HIGGINS.—On Aug. 19, at his residence, 235 West 103d St., Dr. William R. Higgins, beloved husband of Lena A. and father of Dr. William Madison Higgins. Remains will lie in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th and 67th Sts., (Campbell Building,) Tuesday, Aug. 20. Interment East Concord, Vt.

HOLLAND.—Friday, Aug. 16, Jean M., youngest daughter of the late Richard J. and Besse Macdonnell Holland, at the residence of Captain Stanley J. Keyes, U. S. A., Fort Wood. Interment Cypress Hills.

ISAACS.—Bernard, on Aug. 19, 1918, in his 72d year. Funeral from his late residence, 224 Foster Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, at 3 P. M. Washington Cemetery.

JONES.—At his residence, Aug. 19, 611 Prince St., Alexandria, Va., Rev. Dr. William Strother Jones, Associate Rector of St. Thomas Church, 5th Av. and 53d St. Funeral Wednesday afternoon.

KEATING.—On Aug. 16, John Joseph Keating, M. D., beloved second son of James F. Keating and the late Catherine Duncan Keating and brother of Stephen H., Richard D., and William F. Keating, Mrs. Thomas F. Murray and Mrs. William Clark. Funeral from his father's residence, 1,808 Avenue O, Flatbush, (Kings Highway Station,) on Tuesday, Aug. 20; thence to St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St., near 3d Av., New York City, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul at 10:30 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

KLARNER.—Clemens H., after lingering illness, at his residence, 583 Teasdale Place, near 164th St., in his 68th year. Funeral Wednesday afternoon, 1 o'clock.

LAIRD.—On Sunday, Aug. 18, 1918, Jessie Smith, beloved wife of John Laird. Funeral service at her late residence, 31 Alexander Av., Yonkers, N. Y., today, (Tuesday,) Aug. 20, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

LEFKOVITZ.—Samuel, on Sunday, at his residence, 133 Edgecombe Av., father of Fannie Davis of Chicago, Maud Kamber, Sara L. Greenberg, Armand, Jacob, and Morton. Funeral Tuesday, at 10 A. M. Burial at Union Field.

McCORMICK.—Charles T. A., Jr., private 80th Company, 6th Regiment, U. S. Marines. Killed in action, near Belleau Wood, July 19, 1918. Only son of Chas. T. A. and Lucy W. Lewis McCormick.

McGIVERIN.—Maria, the sister of the late Patrick McGiverin, died on Sunday, Aug. 18, 1918, at her residence, 112 Milton St., Brooklyn. Friends and relatives are invited to attend a solemn requiem mass at St. Anthony's Church, Greenpoint, at 10 A. M., Wednesday. Kindly omit flowers.

MacKELVIE.—Passed away suddenly at his home, Cedar Knoll, Sands Point, L. I., Neil Bruce MacKelvie, 1879-1918. Canadian papers please copy. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MADDEN.—On Aug. 18, John Madden, in his 76th year, beloved husband of Mary Madden. Funeral from his late residence, 802 Forest Av., Wednesday, at 9:30 A

JACK QUINN HELPS PLACE FORMER TEAM MATES AMONG THE ALSO RANS OF LEAGUE

YANKS LOSE BERTH IN FIRST DIVISION

White Sox Settle Only Issue Left to Teams by Winning Game, 4 to 1.

CALDWELL IS A BUSY MAN

Ray Works for Shipyard and Tries to Keep New York Club in Race.

The only thing at issue between the Yanks and the world's champion White Sox at the Polo Grounds yesterday was the little detail about staying in the first division. Chicago decided that it wanted to get up among the first four, so it won the game, 4 to 1, and shoved the Yanks down among the also-present bunch.

Jack Quinn, who used to pitch for the Yanks on the old Hilltop years back, has been dug out of the bushes, dusted off, polished up a bit, and set to work pitching again, and hasn't lost a game since he was thoroughly renovated. The funny part of it is that Manager Miller Huggins maintains that Jack Quinn is the property of the Yanks. Arguing along that line, Quinn's victory yesterday might go to the credit of the Yanks by a stretch of the imagination, but, as baseball imaginations are not stretching just now, it doesn't.

Jean Jacques Fournier, who is now first-basing for the Yanks, has been awarded to the Chicago White Sox, but he is still playing with the Yanks. It would seem to a man up a tree that whatever the National Commission says nowadays goes for Sweeney. One word from the commission, and the players do as they please.

Another funny case is that of Ray Caldwell. Ray is said to have pitched a game for a shipyard team in Weehawken on Saturday, and is also said to have played centre field on the same team Sunday. Yet he was back in his Yank uniform losing a game yesterday. The only time that Ray isn't playing baseball is when he eats his meals.

While Jack Quinn, claimed by the Yanks, was beating the same Yanks, Fournier, claimed by the White Sox, was trying his best to beat the same White Sox. Jacques crashed out a triple, a double, and a single, but they didn't do much good. It was not until the Yanks grouped two hits in the ninth that they were able to score on an infield out.

The White Sox got their first run in the third, when Schalk got a pass and Quinn skied to Lamar. Good propelled a two-bagger to left, which gave Schalk a ride all the way home. Another was hatched in the seventh. Gandil singled to left, while John Collins filed to Hyatt. Mostil, a semi-pro player from Chicago, whacked a triple to centre and scored Gandil.

Quinn walked in the eighth and Good fanned. Liebold walked, and Weaver rolled an easy grounder to Caldwell, who tossed to Fournier, Jacques allowing the ball to waft through him. Quinn counted on the play, Liebold went to third, and Weaver to second. Gandil lofted a sacrifice fly to Lamar, and Liebold scored.

Pratt opened the ninth with a single to left. Fournier filed to John Collins, and Pratt scored when Ham Hyatt banged a two-bagger to right.

There is no game at the Polo Grounds today, and the Detroit Club will open a series tomorrow.

The score:

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Good,cf	4	0	1	4	0	Gilhooley,rf	3	0	0	0	0
Leibold,lf	3	1	1	1	0	Lamar,cf	4	0	0	6	1
Weaver,ss	4	0	0	3	5	Baker,3b	4	0	0	0	4
Gandil,1b	3	1	1	13	0	Pratt,2b	4	1	1	3	2
J.Collins,rf	4	0	0	3	0	Fournier,1b	4	0	3	10	1
Mostil,2b	4	0	2	0	3	Hyatt,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Pinelli,3b	3	0	0	1	0	Pfpaugh,ss	4	0	1	2	3
Schalk,c	3	1	0	2	3	Walters,c	4	0	1	3	0
Quinn,p	2	1	0	0	2	Caldwell,p	3	0	0	0	5
Total	30	4	6	27	13	Total	34	1	10	27	16

Errors—Weaver, Fournier.

Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	—	4
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	1

Two-base hits—Good, Fournier, Mostil, Hyatt. Three-base hits—Fournier, Mostil. Stolen bases—Fournier, Lamar. Sacrifice hit—Pinelli. Sacrifice fly—Gandil. Double plays—Weaver and Gandil; Mostil, Weaver and Gandil; Lamar and Walters. Left on bases—New York, 7; Chicago, 4. First base on error—Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 3; off Quinn, 1. Struck out—By Caldwell, 2; Quinn 2.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Shotton,lf	6	0	1	2	1	Tobin,lf	6	0	0	2	0
Foster,3b	5	2	2	1	3	Maisel,3b	7	0	2	1	3
Judge,1b	5	0	0	15	0	Sisler,1b	5	1	3	17	1
Milan,cf	4	1	0	1	0	Demmitt,rf	4	0	0	4	0
Schulte,rf	5	0	4	1	1	Dendrix,cf	6	0	2	2	0
Shanks,2b	5	0	0	3	2	Gedeon,2b	4	1	0	6	12
Lavan,ss	5	0	0	3	3	Austin,ss	5	0	1	5	2
Ainsmith,c	5	0	0	13	3	Severeid,c	6	0	1	2	3
Johnson,p	5	0	1	0	5	Rogers,p	6	0	2	1	2
Total	45	3	8	42	18	Total	49	2	12*	41	22

*Two out when winning run scored.

Errors—Foster, Lavan, Ainsmith, Severeid.

Washington	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1—3
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Foster, Sisler, Rogers. Three-base hit—Foster. Stolen bases—Gedeon, Austin, Sisler, Schulte. Sacrifice hits—Gedeon, Demmitt, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Judge. Double plays—Johnson, Ainsmith and Judge. Johnson, Foster and Judge; Schulte and Judge. Left on bases—St. Louis, 13; Washington, 4. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 4; Rogers, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson. (Sisler.) Struck out—By Johnson, 12; Rogers, 1. Passed ball—Ainsmith.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Jam'son,rf,p	4	1	3	3	0	Bush,ss	4	1	1	2	1
Kopp,lf	5	1	1	3	0	R.Jones,3b	4	1	1	1	1
Walker,cf	4	1	0	0	0	Cobb,cf	4	1	0	2	0
Burns,1b	5	1	1	13	1	Veach,lf	3	1	0	3	1
Gardner,3b	4	2	2	0	3	Griggs,1b	3	1	2	8	1
McAvoy,c	3	1	1	2	1	Harper,rf	3	1	0	4	0
Dykes,2b	3	1	0	5	4	Young,2b	3	1	1	4	4
Dugan,ss	4	0	1	1	5	Spencer,c	3	1	1	0	1
Watson,p	2	0	1	0	0	C.Jones,p	3	0	0	0	5
Gregg,p	0	0	0	0	0	Kallio,p	1	0	0	0	0
Adams,p	0	0	0	0	0						
Acosta,rf	1	1	0	0	0	Total	31	8	6	*24	14
Total	35	9	10	27	14						

*None out when winning run was scored.

a Batted for Adams in sixth.

Errors—Bush, (3,) Griggs, Young.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	4	—	9
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	—	8

Two-base hit—Griggs. Three-base hit—Bush. Stolen base—Young. Double plays—Dykes and Dugan; Dykes and Burns. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 4. Bases on balls—Off C. Jones, 4; Kallio, 2; Watson, 6; Gregg, 3. Hits—Off C. Jones, 6 in 5, none out in sixth; Kallio, 4 in 3, none out in ninth; Watson, 2 in 5 1-3; Gregg, 1; Adams, 1 in 2-3; Jamieson, 2 in 3. Struck out—By Watson, 1; Jamieson, 1. Winning pitcher—Jamieson. Losing pitcher—Kallio.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; New York, 1.
Boston, 6; Cleveland, 0.
Philadelphia, 9; Detroit, 8.
Washington, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Fourteen innings.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh, 8; New York, 1.
(First Game.)
New York, 2; Pittsburgh, 1.
(Second Game.)
Cincinnati, 8; Brooklyn, 4.
Chicago, 2; Boston, 0.
Philadelphia, 7; St. Louis, 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	67	45	.598
Cleveland	64	50	.561
Washington	62	52	.544
Chicago	55	57	.491
New York	53	56	.486
St. Louis	53	58	.477
Detroit	49	63	.437
Philadelphia	45	68	.398

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	73	39	.652
New York	64	47	.577
Pittsburgh	59	53	.527
Cincinnati	56	55	.505
Brooklyn	51	60	.459
Philadelphia	48	61	.440
Boston	48	63	.432
St. Louis	43	69	.410

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at Boston.
St. Louis at Washington.
Detroit at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Chicago.

MARQUARD FLAYED BY REDS.

Dodger Moundsman Forced to Accept Defeat by 8 to 4.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 19.—By bunching nine hits with three passes and a wild pitch, in the sixth and seventh innings, Cincinnati scored eight earned runs off Marquard and defeated Brookly ntoday, 8 to 4. Schneider was hit hard but tightened up in the pinches.

The score:

CINCINNATI. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	BROOKLYN. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Groh,3b	4	1	3	1	0	Johnston,rf	4	2	3	1	0
Cueto,lf	2	2	1	3	1	Olson,ss	4	0	0	2	1
Rousch,cf	4	1	2	5	1	Daubert,1b	4	1	1	6	2
S.Magee,1b	3	0	2	10	0	Wheat,lf	3	0	1	3	0
L.Magee,2b	4	0	0	0	1	Myers,cf	5	0	1	3	1
Griffith,rf	5	0	2	1	0	O'Mara,3b	4	0	1	4	3
B'kburne,ss	5	1	3	1	5	Doolan,2b	3	0	2	4	4
Wingo,c	4	2	2	6	2	Archer,c	4	0	1	1	3
Schneider,p	5	1	1	0	3	Marquard,p	3	0	1	0	3
						a Coombs	1	1	1	0	0
Total	36	8	16	27	13	Total	35	4	12	24	17

a Batted for Marquard in ninth.

Errors—O'Mara, Doolan, Blackburn.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	0	0	—	8
Brooklyn	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	—	4

Two-base hits—Johnston, Doolan. Three-base hit—Blackburne. Home runs—Roush, Daubert. Stolen base—Wheat. Sacrifice hits—Cueto, Rousch, Olson. Sacrifice fly—Daubert. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 10; Cincinnati, 13. First on error—Cincinnati. Bases on Balls—Off Schneider, 3; Marquard, 6. Hit by pitcher—By Schneider, 1; Marquard, 1. Struck out—By Schneider, 2. Wild pitches—Schneider, Marquard.

AT ST. LOUIS.

PHILADELPHIA. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Bancroft,ss	2	1	0	5	5	Anderson,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Williams,cf	3	2	0	3	0	Betzel,3b	4	0	0	2	3
Stock,3b	5	3	2	0	2	Paulette,1b	3	0	2	10	2
Luderus,1b	5	1	3	10	1	Hornsby,ss	4	1	0	2	4
Meusel,lf	4	0	2	0	0	Fisher,2b	4	0	0	6	6
Cravath,rf	5	0	2	2	0	McHenry,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Pearce,2b	3	0	1	4	3	Heathcote,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Adams,c	4	0	0	6	0	Brock,c	3	0	0	3	3
Prendg'st,p	3	0	1	0	1	Ames,p	1	0	1	0	4
						aGrimm	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	7	10	27	13	Tuero,p	0	0	0	0	1
						Total	33	1	6	27	23

a Batted for Ames in eighth.

Errors — Bancroft, Williams, Paulette, Hornsby, Fisher, Heathcote.

Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	8	—	7
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	1

Three-base hit—Meusel. Stolen bases—Meusel, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Williams, (2,) Pearce. Double plays—Bancroft and Luderus; Betzel, Fisher, and Paulette. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Prendergast, 1; Ames, 5. Hits—Off Ames, 7 in 8; Tuero, 3 in 1. Struck out—By Prendergast, 4; Tuero, 1. Passed ball—Brock. Losing pitcher—Ames.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Flack,rf	4	0	0	0	0	Herzog,2b	4	0	0	3	4
Hollocher,ss	4	0	2	2	7	Taggert,lf	3	0	1	3	0
Mann,lf	4	0	0	3	0	Chadb'ne,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Paskert,cf	3	1	1	3	0	Terry,ss	4	0	0	2	4
Merkle,1b	4	1	2	13	0	J.C.Smith,3b	3	0	1	2	2
Pick,2b	3	0	1	0	5	Konetchy,1b	2	0	1	12	1
Deal,3b	3	0	1	0	0	Wilson,c	3	0	0	1	1
O'Farrell,c	3	0	1	3	1	Rawlings,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Martin,p	2	0	1	0	2	Crandall,p	2	0	0	0	5
Total	30	2	9	27	15	Total	27	0	3	24	17

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—	2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Two-base hits—Pick, Hollocher, Martin. Three-base hit—Merkle. Stolen bases—Chadbourne, Deal. Sacrifice hits—Pick, Konetchy, Martin. Double plays—Pick, Hollocher, and Merkle; Crandall, Konetchy, Herzog, Wilson, Terry and Herzog. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Chicago, 7. Bases on balls—Off Crandall, 1; Martin, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Martin, (Taggert.) Struck out—By Martin, 6; Crandall, 1.

AT BOSTON.

BOSTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Hooper,rf	4	1	0	8	0	Graney,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Shean,2b	4	1	2	1	2	Chapman,ss	4	0	0	2	2
Strunk,cf	5	1	2	3	0	Speaker,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Ruth,lf	3	2	1	1	0	Wood,rf	3	0	0	1	0
McInnis,1b	3	0	2	7	0	Johnston,1b	1	0	0	10	1
Scott,ss	4	1	2	1	1	Evans,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Coffey,3b	4	0	0	0	2	Turner,2b	3	0	0	3	4
Agnew,c	3	0	1	6	0	O'Neill,c	3	0	1	4	1
Jones,p	3	0	1	0	2	Coveleskie,p	1	0	0	1	4
						McQuillan,p	0	0	0	0	1
						Enzmann,p	0	0	0	0	0
						aBeacher	0	0	0	0	0
						bThomas	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	11	27	7	Total	28	0	2	24	14

a Batted for McQuillan in eighth.

b Batted for Turner in ninth.

Error—Chapman.

Boston	0	0	4	0	0	0	2	0	—	6	
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Two-base hits—Strunk, Ruth. Sacrifice hits—Coveleskie, McInnis. Left on bases—Cleveland, 7; Boston, 10. Bases on balls—Off Coveleskie, 4; McQuillan, 1; Jones, 5. Hits—Off Coveleskie, 8 in 5; McQuillan, 3 in 2; Enzmann, 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Coveleskie, (Agnew.) Struck out—By Coveleskie, 2; McQuillan, 3; Enzmann, 1; Jones, 5. Passed ball—O'Neill, 1. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie.

GIANTS AND PIRATES DIVIDE DOUBLE BILL

McGraw's Men, Beaten in First Game, 8 to 1, Nose Out Victory in Second Clash.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 19.—The Giants got an even break with the Pirates in today's double-header, losing the first game, 8 to 1, and winning the second, 2 to 1. In the opener Cecil Causey was hit hard, while two errors committed by Eddie Sicking helped to swell the total of Pittsburgh runs. Ralph Comstock, who opposed Causey, yielded nine safe blows, but kept them so well scattered that a minimum of damage was done. Fred Toney hurled the second game for New York, and was in good form, while Wilbur Cooper was only a trifle less effective.

The Pirates got to Causey for a run in the second inning of the first game, when McKechnie reached first on a fumble by Sicking, stole second, and scored on a single by Schmidt. They were overtaken by McGraw's men in the third on Burns's single, his steal of second, Kauff's out, and an infield hit by Doyle.

In the fourth, McKechnie's triple, a pass to Schmidt, and an error by Sicking gave the Pirates a run and put them again in the lead. They scored three runs in the fifth. Carey beat out a hit, and and raced to third on Southworth's double. Cutshaw tripled, scoring Carey and Southworth, and on the squeeze play Cutshaw scored. McKechnie singled and stole second, and Schmidt also singled, but McKechnie was out trying to score.

In the sixth a single by Comstock, a pass to Bigbee, Southworth's single and steal of second, and a single by Cutshaw scored three runs. Causey retired in the seventh to allow Wilhoit to bat for him, and Al Demaree finished the pastime and prevented further scoring.

The Giants hopped on Cooper in the first inning of the second game and bumped him for a run. Burns opened with a single, and after Thorpe had filed out Kauff walked. Doyle forced Kauff, Burns reaching third, and on a double steal Burns scored. In the sixth Burns again led off with a single; but was forced by Thorpe. Kauff was thrown out by Cutshaw, but Doyle doubled, scoring Thorpe.

For eight innings Toney held the Pirates to three hits. In the ninth, however, the Pirates nicked him for three hits in a row and had him in a bad hole, but he extricated himself, with the aid of Arthur Fletcher. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Boone,ss	4	0	2	0	5	Burns,lf	4	1	2	2	1
Bigbee,lf	3	1	0	1	0	Compton,rf	4	0	0	0	1
Carey,cf	5	1	2	4	1	Kauff,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Southw'th,rf	3	2	2	1	0	Doyle,2b	4	0	1	2	6
Cutshaw,2b	4	1	2	0	2	Fletcher,ss	4	0	2	2	2
Mollwitz,1b	3	0	0	13	0	Zim'man,1b	4	0	0	8	1
McKech.,3b	4	2	2	0	1	Sicking,3b	4	0	2	2	2
Schmidt,c	3	0	2	8	0	Rariden,c	4	0	0	6	1
Comstock,p	4	1	1	0	2	Causey,p	2	0	0	0	1
						aWilhoit	1	0	1	0	0
						Demaree,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	8	13	27	11	Total	35	1	9	24	15

a Batted for Causey in seventh.

Errors—Sicking, (2.)

Pittsburgh	0	1	0	1	3	3	0	0	0	—	8
New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

Two-base hits — Fletcher, Southworth. Three-base hits—Cutshaw, McKechnie. Stolen bases—Burns, Kauff, Bigbee, Southworth, McKechnie, (2,) Schmidt. Sacrifice hits—Bigbee, Mollwitz. Double play—Carey and Mollwitz. Left on bases—New York, 7; Pittsburgh, 7. First on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Causey, 3; Demaree, 1. Hits—Off Causey, 12 in 6; Demaree, 1 in 2. Struck out—By Causey, 1; Demaree, 2; Comstock, 7. Winning pitcher—Comstock. Losing pitcher—Causey.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	PITTSBURGH. (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Burns,lf	4	1	3	4	0	Boone,ss	4	0	2	2	3
Thorpe,rf	4	1	3	3	0	Bigbee,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Kauff,cf	3	0	0	1	1	aHinchman	1	1	1	0	0
Doyle,2b	4	0	1	0	3	Carey,cf	4	0	2	5	0
Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	2	4	S'worth,rf	4	0	3	3	0
Zim'man,1b	4	0	1	13	0	Cutshaw,2b	4	0	0	1	2
Sicking,3b	4	0	0	0	0	Mollwitz,1b	4	0	1	8	1
Rariden,c	2	0	0	4	0	McK'nie,3b	3	0	0	1	3
Toney,p	3	0	0	0	3	Smith,c	1	0	0	4	0
						Schmidt,c	2	0	0	3	0
						Cooper,p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	32	2	6	27	11	Total	33	1	7	27	10

a Batted for Bigbee in ninth.

New York	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	2
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	1

Two-base hit—Hinchman. Three-base hits—Doyle, Southworth. Stolen bases—Burns, Doyle, Carey, Mollwitz. Double play—Kauff and Zimmerman. Left on bases—New York, 5; Pittsburgh, 5. Bases on balls—Off Cooper, 2. Struck out—By Toney, 3; Cooper, 6.

E. COLLINS JOINS MARINES.

Chicago Second Baseman Will Soon Leave for Training Camp.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19.—Eddie Collins, second baseman of the Chicago Americans, passed his physical examination today for service with the United States marines. He expects to leave for the training camp at Paris Island, S. C., within a few days.

Collins was 31 years old last May. He is married and has two children.

International League.

Binghamton, 12;	Jersey City, 1.		
Newark, 3;	Baltimore, 2.		
Buffalo, 5;	Rochester, 1.		
Toronto, 9;	Hamilton, 8.		

CAMP POOL IS CHRISTENED.

Local Swimmers Help Soldiers Open New Tank.

Lieutenant Ludy Langer of Camp Gordon, Ga., and Leo Giebel and Cyril Carroll of the New York A. C., gave soldiers stationed at Camp Mills exhibitions of their aquatic prowess yesterday. The occasion was the inaugural swimming meet of the newly constructed camp pool, under the combined auspices of the New York A. C. and the War Camp Community Service.

Langer and Giebel were opponents in a 300-yard swim, which was won by Langer, who just managed to touch off ahead of Giebel at the finish, after a nip-and-tuck race, in 3:34 2-5. Carroll, without competition, plunged 65 feet in his best trial, while Giebel gave the soldiers an exhibition of back-stroke swimming.

The soldiers' races were at 33 yards and 66 yards. The shorter race was won by Private A. C. Gault of the Headquarters Division, 64th Infantry, who swam the 33 yards in 0:23 3-5. He was followed by Private James Traher of Camp Mills, while Corporal H. T. Johnson, Quartermaster's Corps, gained third prize.

In the 66-yard race Private H. J. Przystalski, Company H, 50th Infantry, was the winner, in 1:03 3-5. Field Clerk W. A. Stephens, Camp Headquarters, finished second and Private J. C. Korns, Company H, 50th Infantry, was third.

TO ARRANGE WORLD SERIES.

National Commission to Meet in Cincinnati Today.

John A. Heydler, acting President of the National League, went to Cincinnati yesterday to attend a meeting of the National Commission, which will be held there today. The commission has been called to discuss plans for the world's series, as it is pretty certain now that the contests will bring together the Chicago Cubs and the Boston Red Sox.

Arrangements will probably be made to begin the series on either Sept. 3 or 4. Some of the players on both the Chicago and Boston clubs still have some doubt whether the Government sanctions the series, and they will ask the commission for some assurance that there will be no interference on the part of the draft boards before any consent to play.

Both President Heydler and August Herrmann, Chairman of the commission, are in favor of playing the series, but there is some doubt about Ban Johnson's position in the matter. Johnson wanted to close the season today and play the series before Sept. 1, but was overruled. Johnson may object to the American League playing after Sept. 2 unless baseball leaders get the sanction of the Government.

DIRECTUM J. FIRST IN PACE.

Murphy Drives Favorite to Decisive Victory at Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Spirited racing marked the opening day of the Grand Circuit at Poughkeepsie. Directum J., piloted by Thomas W. Murphy, won the Belmont, 2:05 pace, with comparative ease, but the other races were all hard fought.

In the 2:07 pace Lizzie March took the first heat, with four horses finishing abreast. In the second, Rowe went out in the lead with Baron Atta and was never headed. Baron Atta also led to within a few feet of the wire in the third heat, Betsy Hamlin, driven by Cox, beating him by a neck. With the three heat winners starting in the final heat, Betsy Hamlin again outstayed Baron Atta.

The summaries:

2:07 PACE. PURSE $1,000.

Betsy Hamlin, (Cox)	3	4	1 1
Baron Atta, (Rowe)	4	1	2 2
Lizzie March, (Lawrence)	1	2	5 3
Budlight, (Murphy)	2	5	3 ro
June Bug, (Berry)	5	3	4 ro

Comsewogue Hal also started.

Time—2:05; 2:06; 2:05¾; 2:07¼.

THE BELMONT 2:05 PACE. PURSE $2,000.

Directum J., (Murphy)	1	1	1
Little Hattie, (Cox)	3	2	2
Mary Roseline Parr, (Valentine)	2	3	4
Walter Cochato, (Maple)	4	4	3
Edward P., (Leese)	5	5	5

Time—2:04¼; 2:04¾; 2:05¾.

2:10 TROT. PURSE $1,000.

Lord Stout, (A. Stout)	1	1	1
North Spar, (Cox)	2	2	2
Bell Stanford, (Halstead)	3	3	3
Winnatoma, (Murphy)	4	4	4

Opera Express and Silvermine distanced in the first heat.

Time—2:09¼; 2:11¾; 2:09¾.

2:04 PACE. PURSE $1,000.

Ben Ali, (Pitman)	4	1	3 1
Hal Boy, (Murphy)	2	2	1 2
Baxter Lou, (Valentine)	1	3	5 3
Jay Mack, (Cox)	3	5	2 ro
Peter G., (Snow)	5	4	4 ro

Time2:04¾; 2:06¼; 2:06¾; 2:06¾.

Dundee Outpoints Touhey.

Johnny Dundee outpointed Tommy Touhey of Paterson in an eight-round bout at the Armory A. A. of Jersey City last night. Four of the rounds were undeniably Dundee's, while two of the others showed Touhey at his best. The remaining two rounds were even. In the fifth round Dundee scored a knock down, but the damage done was only slight.

LONG SHOTS REVEL IN RACING AT SPA

Three Horses at 12 to 1 Romp to Victory—Slippery Elm Outruns Hollister.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, Aug. 19.—This was Red Cross Day at the races, all receipts being turned over to the war charity, as was the case on Red Cross days at the New York tracks. The layers of odds shared in the plunder, for only one favorite won and three of the successful horses were quoted at 12 to 1 or better.

One of the big surprises came in the Red Cross Handicap at a mile in which A. K. Macomber's Hollister was an odds on choice. Buxton had the mount on Hollister, but after getting away well and racing with the Woodland Stock Farms' Slippery Elm for the first quarter, he dropped back and was neatly pocketed in the run along the back stretch. Buxton came on the inside at the home turn, but without advantage, as he was forced to go to the outside again.

There was a close finish in the last race, won by A. K. Macomber's War Kiss, a 20 to 1 shot. R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s Minuet, the favorite, came with a rush at the finish and most of the spectators thought she had gained the verdict. There was a hostile demonstration when the number of War Kiss was placed at the top of the board.

Andrew Miller's Roamer, which is to try for the mile record on Wednesday, had his last speedy workout for the test today. Carrying more weight than he will pick up in the trial, he went a mile and a furlong in 1:51 1-5.

The

INSTRUCTION.

Associated Schools for Secretaries

Secretarial Training for Educated Women

KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL of SECRETARIAL TRAINING
Architects' Building
101 Park Avenue New York
Tel. Vanderbilt 5567

BOSTON SCHOOL for SECRETARIES
Nottingham Chambers
25 Huntington Ave. (Copley Square)
Boston Tel. Back Bay 2913

All work individualized so that each student advances as rapidly as she is able.

Fall term opens Sept. 16th. Send for booklet.

INSTRUCTION.

PACKARD COMMERCIAL SCHOOL

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 3.

PACKARD means THOROUGH in everything pertaining to Business Education — Bookkeeping, Banking, Business Practice, Business Arithmetic, Correspondence, Commercial Law, Civil Government, Penmanship, Stenography, Typewriting, Commercial Spanish, Higher Accounting, Cost Accounting, and Auditing.

The Packard Reference is the Packard Record—60 years of faithful work.

No Solicitors.

Send for Prospectus.
Lexington Ave. and 35th Street.

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH SPANISH ITALIAN

QUICKLY ACQUIRED ON ANY PHONOGRAPH.

You hear the exact pronunciation and learn to speak with perfect accent. You waste no time on appointments, for your teacher is always ready. Use your spare moments this Summer and speak another language next Fall.

LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD
and Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry.
A system of disc records to fit all phonographs. Simple, inexpensive and convenient.
F. M. C.—French Military Conversation.
A short course for war service.
Call for free demonstration or write for booklet.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD,
90 of Putnam Bldg., 2 West 45th St., near 5th Ave.

The Ely School

In the country, one hour from New York City

Upper School—
girls from fifteen to twenty.

Junior School—
girls from ten to fifteen.

ELY COURT
GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

Ethical Culture School

Normal Training Dep't

Learn to guard the Health and Lives of Children. Courses in Conservation of Childhood, Home, Nursing, Story Telling, Crafts. Many calls for teachers. Kindergarten, Primary and Play Ground Courses. Fall term opens September 17, 1918. Address Jessica Beers, Principal.

Central Park West at 63d Street.

LEARN AVIATION MECHANICS WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

MEN & WOMEN.

Aviation Mechanics' Course..$60 (6 weeks)
Aero-Engine Course.....$35 (3 weeks)
Wireless Course.....$25 (4 weeks)

NEW CLASSES NOW FORMING.
Write, Call or Phone for Free Illustrated Booklet "G"

EAGLE AVIATION SCHOOL
Phone Bryant 9078
110-114 West 42d St.

Mason Point Military Academy

For Boys. Catholic Boarding & Day School. Directed by the Christian Brothers. Located within the environs of the city, centred in beautiful 110-acre Park, bordering on waters of Long Island Sound. Prepares for College and Business; combines religious training, military discipline. All Athletics. 36th year opens Sept. 11. Catalog on request.
REV. BROTHER ROBERT, Director.
Mason Point Military Academy,
(Bronx.) New York City.

The Clark School for Concentration

A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE

Boarding and Day Pupils.
Catalogs on Request.

Summer School now in session.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave.
Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
Main Office at Boys' School—Phone 744 Columbus.

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Civil Service and Stenotype Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Call or write for Catalogue.

Eastman-Gaines

123d St. & Lenox Ave.

Rose L. Fritz School

Registered by the Regents.
Personally supervised by Miss Fritz
Winner of 40 Championships
Stenographic and Secretarial Training
Fall Term Opens Sept. 3
Send for Catalog 334 Fifth Avenue

Bookkeepers and Credit Office Assistants.
DOUBLE YOUR SALARY
Personal Evening Training. Practical Bookkeeping. Credit Investigation. Moderate Rates. Write for Prospectus.
EDWARD LEVI—Manager
ROOM 619—200 FIFTH AVENUE

Dictaphone and Typewriting

(instead of Shorthand) Pays Double the Salary Learned in half the time! New Catalog Free. Special Summer Rates. Positions Guaranteed. Days: 9:30 to 3. Nights: Come from Business. DICTAPHONE SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 309 Broadway, cor. Duane

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL

542-544 Fifth Ave. (45th St.) Oldest and preeminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent positions. Write for Catalog T. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St.

Secretarial training, individual instruction; reservation must be made in advance; reference required. Enroll now for Fall session.

Pace Potter Schools

REMINGTON SECRETARIAL COURSE, also Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, and Telegraphy taught individually Day and Eve. 1931 B'way, cor. 65th.

Bookkeeping, Stenography

Catalog of Evening Business Courses now ready. Write or telephone for copy.
23d St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.

KIMBALL SCHOOL, 116 W. 14th St. Stenography, bookkeeping. Secretarial courses. Civil Service. Day and evening. Booklet.

BRONX COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, 880 Westchester Av. Shorthand, Bookkeeping; day, night. Catalog.

"L'Ecole Francaise" Native Teachers. Private Lessons. Small Classes. School of French
Moderate Rates. Day and Evening. 420 W. 121st St., near Columbia University. Tel. M'side 4660.

CARSON LONG INSTITUTE

80th year. College, Preparatory, Business courses. Separate building for boys under 13 years. $345 up; Junior, $280. Boys taught how to learn and to live. Carson Long Institute, Box 16, New Bloomfield, Pa.

KINDERGARTEN-PRIMARY TRAINING SCHOOL.
Affiliated with New York University.
Course accredited by N. Y. City and State. Address Miss Harriette Melissa Mills, Principal, New York University, Washington Sq., N. Y. City.

SERGIO SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES

Our Logical Method makes pupils SPEAK 11th Year at 315 Fifth Ave., 32nd St.

STEVENS SCHOOL

SIXTH ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.
Reopens September 16. Register Now.

THE HART SCHOOL Day and boarding school for both sexes. Small classes. Tutoring. Rapid preparation for college. Summer session begins July 1.
261 West 75th St. Tel. Columbus 9360.

FRENCH ITALIAN, SPANISH, &c., taught at Berlitz School of Languages to intellectual pupils, wishing to avoid disappointment. Call now. 220 West 59th St. Est. 1878

FRENCH, SPANISH, ITALIAN, RUSSIAN taught privately. Native teachers. Afternoons, Evenings by appointment. N. Y. School of Languages, 1,416 Broadway.

CLARK COLLEGE.
War Time Courses for men preparing for Army Commission.
Edmund C. Sanford, Pres., Worcester, Mass.

NEWTON ACADEMY for boys 9 to 16. Modern equipment. Personal attention. Catalog. Address Principal, Box U, Newton, N. J.

The Ely School

In the country, one hour from New York City

Upper School—
girls from fifteen to twenty.

Junior School—
girls from ten to fifteen.

ELY COURT
GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

BALLARD SCHOOL

For Practical Education

FALL COURSES.

Secretarial Training, Art, Cookery, First Aid, Trained Attendance, Languages.
Dressmaking and Dress Designing.
Commercial Law, Banking, Foreign Trade, Merchandising, and Bible Study.

CENTRAL Y. W. C. A.
610 Lexington Ave. Plaza 10,100

SCHOOL ADVICE FREE

Call and consult with school specialist. Free information and catalogs of all boarding schools in the U. S.

AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION

Bureau maintained by the schools to help you.

1012 TIMES BLDG.,
NEW YORK

POLYTECHNIC PREPARATORY COUNTRY DAY SCHOOL

7TH AVE. AND 92D ST., BROOKLYN

The school that cares for a boy all day.

Catalogue sent on request.
Alexander M. White Joseph Dana Allen
President Board of Trustees Headmaster

Collegiate School

Is a College Preparatory School with strong Primary and Junior Grades. Modern school building. Large Gymnasium. Military Drill and Supervised Athletics. Afternoon outing classes. 241-43 W. 77th St., N. Y. 280th year begins Oct. 1 Catalogue.
A. P. Warren, Headmaster

For Boys
Founded 1638

McBURNEY SCHOOL

518 W. 57th Street
Phone 7920 Columbus

Links school with actual life. Write for booklet, "That Boy of Yours," and catalogue. Member of Faculty will call on parents by appointment.

Law School Fordham University

WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK.
Afternoon Classes 4:15 to 6:15
Evening Classes 7:45 to 9:45
Term Begins Sept. 26. CASE SYSTEM.
WRITE FOR BULLETIN N.

WINNWOOD SCHOOL

for Boy and Girls
to 1st year High School
Tuition $425. Open Sept. 23d.
Conducted by Christian Scientists.
EARL J. WINN,
Lake Grove, L. I., N. Y.

Brooklyn Law School

305 WASHINGTON ST.
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Fall Term Begins Monday, Sept. 30th
Send for Catalogue

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

The Brown School of Tutoring

241 West 75th St. Tel. Columbus 8894.

Open all Summer. Also lessons given at any residence along the Jersey Coast, Long Island, etc. Preparation for September examinations.

MASSEE COUNTRY SCHOOL. Individual attention. Rapid preparation for college; 2 years work in one; 15 miles from New York. New Gym. and dormitories. All sports. Manual training. Manual Training Junior Department for young boys 6 years up. Unusually successful record. Address W. W. Massee, Ph. D., Box 200, Bronxville, N. Y.

Mercersburg Academy Offers a thorough physical, mental and moral training for college or business. Under Christian masters from the great universities. Located in the Cumberland Valley, one of the most picturesque spots of America. New gymnasium. Equipment modern. Write for catalog. Address Box 121. William Mann Irvine, LL.D., Headmaster, Mercersburg, Pa.

Kelvin School

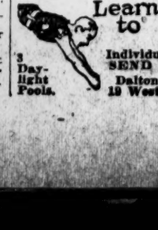
G. A. L. Dionne, Headmaster, 331 W. 70th St.
Preparation for September examinations of all colleges. 15th year. Laboratory. Highly experienced instructors. Office hours, 9:30-11:30 daily. Telephone, Columbus 3396.

WILBRAHAM ACADEMY.
Fits for all 700 college work. Five brick buildings, modern gymnasium. Athletic field, campus and farm of 250 acres. Enrollment—60 boys. Moderate rates.
GAYLORD W. DOUGLASS, Headmaster,
Box 286, Wilbraham, Mass.

LANGUAGES Berlitz School

MANHATTAN:
28-30 West 54th St
BROOKLYN: 215-220 Livingston St.
Terms may be begun at any time.

INSTRUCTION—Swimming.



3 Day-light Pools.

AT ONCE.
Individual Private Instruction
SEND FOR BOOKLET T.
Dalton Swimming Schools,
19 West 44th, 308 West 59th.

GOVERNMENT SEEKS RE-EDUCATION DATA

Results of Work Among Deaf Mutes May Be Applied to Disabled Soldiers.

MANY TURN TO FARM WORK

Surprisingly Large Number of Occupations Open to Those Bereft of Hearing.

The term "re-education" is often a misnomer for what turns out to be the primary initial education of the soldier. In many cases the cripple, the nervous wreck, will receive for the first time in his life the vocational training that he should have received early in life, when in possession of all his faculties. But re-education is the complete, albeit tardy, recognition of the right of the citizen to be fully equipped for the economic struggle. The disabilities resulting from the ordeal of the battlefield may in many cases be no more severe than the congenital defects of many a man who has stayed peacefully at home. Yet the latter has seldom enjoyed the advantages of a specialized education which would take into account his specific defects and prescribe for them. The surest path to the effective solution of the problem of the returned soldier is found in the complete and expert analysis of the effect of the training which has already been given in greater or less degree to those among the civilian population who have suffered from similar defects.

Such an analysis has just been made and published by the Government Census Bureau. It concerns the deaf mute, and in its survey of the occupations and the means of communication of this type of defective it throws light upon the problem of the soldier who has had his hearing destroyed by shell fire. Obviously there are differences between the congenitally deaf and those who have lost their hearing after many years of schooling and practice in the use of language, but the general problem remains the same. First, the loss of hearing may incapacitate the man for the occupation in which he was formerly engaged. Investigation of the trades in which the deaf are now profitably employed should throw light upon the work to which he may turn his hands after the Government has thoroughly trained him in it. Second, he must be given new and effective means of communicating with his fellow men. The standard practice and the results obtained therefrom are enlightening.

According to the census enumeration, there are 44,708 deaf-and-dumb persons in the United States. To each of these there has been sent a schedule of thirty-six questions. About half the number answered the questions, and, although this may seem a small proportion, it is felt, from the character of the answers and the kind of people that made them, that the information obtained is typical for the whole group. The answers were classified with respect to geographic distribution of the deaf and dumb, color, race, and nativity, country of birth of foreign-born white deaf-mutes, age, marital condition, age when hearing was lost, cause of deafness, heredity and deafness, education, means of communication and ability to read lips, and occupations and economic status.

That there is no dearth of jobs for the deaf mutes is shown by the number of kinds of work they are already engaging in. The farmers are the most important numerically and it is striking to note that in just this field where they excel the deaf mutes will find the greatest number of opportunities, and also may render the highest patriotic service. The farmers represent about one-seventh of the total number of deaf and dumb males gainfully employed who returned schedules to the Bureau. It is interesting to note that this percentage is approximately the same as the corresponding proportion for the general male population 10 years of age or over gainfully employed.

Agricultural laborers, not including those on the home farms or connected with the stock raising industry, ranked next, forming about one-eighth of the total, and agricultural laborers on the home farm third, with 8 per cent. of the total. These three occupations together comprised about one-third of the total, a proportion practically the same as that for the total male population 10 years of age or over gainfully employed. Then there are the printers, lithographers, pressmen, custom workers on boots and shoes, carpenters, tailors, painters, glaziers, lumber mill workers, cabinet workers, tobacco and cigar workers, foundry and metal workers.

Obviously there are certain general classes of occupations from which deaf mutes are by reason of their defect more or less debarred, whereas in others their defect would be little, if any, handicap. The returns show that deafmutism constitutes less of a bar to employment in manufacturing and mechanical pursuits and building and handicrafts than in any other broad occupational group since nearly one-half of the deaf mutes were in them, while only one-third of the general population were so engaged.

We too often think of the deaf as going through life making gestures in order to get themselves understood, but it has been proved over and over again that even the congenitally deaf can be taught to speak in the vast majority of instances, and moreover can be made to understand others by watching the lips. In this sense the defective is put upon exactly the same plane as the normal person. In fact, 25 per cent. of the deaf can now communicate by speech, and 33 per cent. of them can read the lips of others. So if the worker is taught a trade and be as efficient at it as his hearing neighbor, and can communicate with every one by the use of ordinary speech, he enjoys the essentials of democracy, that is, equal opportunity. Since we are fighting for democracy, the policy of the Government in bringing about this state of affairs by re-education conforms with the aims of the war.

That the country has not been unmindful of its afflicted is attested by the fact that the laws of twenty-two States provide especially for the compulsory education of the deaf, while in the Constitutions of twenty-nine there are references to institutions for the deaf, stating, usually, that such institutions must be established and maintained by the State, or that it is the duty of the Legislature to provide by law for the education of the deaf.

Throughout the United States there are now 47 public residential schools, 37 private residential schools, 76 public day schools, and 4 homes for the aged deaf.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

NOTICE.

To the Creditors of The Batavia Rubber Company and The Simplex Rubber Company of America, Inc.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order of Hon. Julius M. Mayer, Judge of the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated August 16, 1918, all creditors of the claimants against The Batavia Rubber Company and The Simplex Rubber Company of America, Inc., or either of them, are required to assert their claims on or before October 7, 1918, and on or before said date to present and file duly verified proofs of their claims with a statement of any preference or priorities claimed, to Maxwell H. Bochow, Receiver, at the office of his solicitors, Breed, Abbott & Morgan, 32 Liberty Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and that creditors or claimants who fail to file verified proofs of claims as hereinbefore directed, will not be permitted to assert any claim against the estate of The Batavia Rubber Company or The Simplex Rubber Company of America, Inc., in the hands of the Receiver, or share in any distribution thereof.

MAXWELL H. BOCHOW, Receiver.
BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Solicitors of Receiver, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

RECEIVER'S SALE

AUGUST 24TH, 1918,
COVINGTON, LOUISIANA.

Consisting of 1,000 tons 45 lb. steel rails, 68,000 lbs. of 2/0 and 3/0 copper trolley wire: Two 120 H. P. Chalmers crude oil engines; together with rolling stock, tanks, pumps, tools, real estate, &c. Right to remove same.

WHITAKER RIGGS, Sr., Receiver.
St. Tammany & New Orleans Railways & Ferry Company, Covington, Louisiana.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	98½	99	4s, registered, 1925	106½	107
2s, coupon, 1930	98½	99	4s, coupon, 1925	106½	107
2s, coupon, '38, reg	98¼	99¼	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	98¼	99¼
3s, registered, 1946	85	89	3s, Panama, '61, reg	86	89
3s, coupon, 1946	85	89	4s, Panama, '61, coupon	86	89
3s, conversion, 1947	85	89	5s, Fed Land Bank, '38	103½	103⅝

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	99⅛	100	99⅛
4½s June, 1965	99⅛	100⅛	99⅜
4½s Mar., 1963	99⅜	100⅜	99⅜
4½s Nov., 1957	99⅜	100⅛	99⅜
4½s May, 1957	99⅜	100⅛	99⅜
4½s Mar., 1960-30	94⅝	95	94½
4½s Mar., 1964	94⅝	95	94⅝
4½s Apr., 1966	94⅝	95⅛	94⅛
4½s Mar., 1962	94⅝	95⅛	94⅝
4½s Sept., 1960	94⅛	95⅛	94⅝
4s May, 1959	89⅝	90⅛	89⅜
4s Nov., 1958	89⅝	...	90
4s May, 1957	89⅝	90⅛	89⅝
4s Nov., 1956	89	90⅜	89
4s Nov., 1955	89	90⅜	89
4s Nov., 1936	92⅛	93⅜	92⅛
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99⅛
4s Nov., 1918	99¼	..	99⅛

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
3½s Nov., 1955	81	..	81
3½s Nov., 1954	80½	81½	81
3½s May, 1954	80½	..	80½
4s 1924-1951	4.60	4.45	4.60
4s 1921-1928	4.60	4.45	4.60
4s 1919-1926	4.60	4.45	4.60
4s 1919-1923	4.60	4.45	4.60
4s 1924-1932	4.60	4.45	4.60
4s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s 1930-1950	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s 1922-1929	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s 1918	4.50	..	4.50
4s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s 1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s 1918-1925	4.70	4.55	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
182	Cities Service	210½	210	210	212
375	Cities Service pf	74¾	74½	74	74½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	16
Adiron Elec Power pf	67	69
Am Gas & Electric	81	83
Am Gas & Electric pf	39	40
Am Light & Traction	185	187
Am Light & Trac pf	91	93
Am Power & Light	41	43
Am Power & Light pf	67	70
Am Public Utilities	..	25
Am Public Utilities pf	..	50
Am W W & Electric	4½	5½
Am W W & E 1st pf	59	60
Am W W & E partic	12	14
Carolina Pow & Light	22	25
Carolina Pow & L pf	82	87
Colorado Power	20	23
Colorado Power pf	95	100
Columbus Electric pf	70	78
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	22	23
Com Pow, Ry & L pf	41	43
Conn Power pf	74	80
Consumers Power pf	80	85
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55
Eastern Texas Elec pf	70	75
El Paso Electric	90	92
El Paso Electric pf	80	85
Electric B & S pf	90	92
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	10	12
Federal L & Trac pf	35	40
Galveston-Hous Elec	19	20½
Galveston-Hous El pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities	200	250
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96½	98	
Appalach Power 5s, '32	63	67	
Cin Gas & El 5s, '56	89	92	
Cities Serv deb 7s	101	102½	
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	70	76	
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s	97	100	
Conn Power 5s, 1963	84	90	
Dallas Elec 5s, 1922	84	88	
East Tex Elec col 5s	83	88	
El Paso Elec col 5s	85	92	
Gt West Pow 5s, '46	73	76	
Gt West Pow 6s, '25	87	90	
Int-M Ry, Lt & P 6s	88	90	
Middle W U 6s, '25	85	90	
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	69	71	
Miss V G & E 5s, '22	78	80	
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	89	91	
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	85	87	
Nor Tex Elec col 5s	70	85	
Omaht & C B 5s, 1923	90	97	
Pug Sd Tr, L & P 7s	96	98	
Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96	96½	
So Cal Edison 5s, '30	87	90	
Twin States Gas & El 5s, 1953	..	77	82½
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	..	77	80
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	..	83	87
Un Util ev 6s, '43	..	90	93
Utah Securities 6s	..	85	87
Wash I W L & P 6s	..	94½	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Con Power	96½	96½	96½	20	Houston pf	73	72¾	73
12	Cowden	6½	6¼	6½	100	United Rys	20	20	20
100	Elkh'rn C pf	41½	41½	31½	10	W B A	30½	30½	30½

Bonds.

$10,000	Con Coal 5½s	87	87
1,000	Kirby Lumber 6s	96¾	96¾

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
24	Ahmeek	76	75¾	76	10	NewArcadian	1¼	1¼	1¼
3	Alaska Gold	3	3	3	20	Nipissing	8½	8½	8½
100	Ariz Com'l	15½	15½	15½	20	North Butte	14¾	14¾	14¾
25	Cal & Ariz	68	68	68	10	Old Domin	40	40	40
10	Cal & Hecla	460	460	460	300	Dpnd Creek	18¾	18¾	18¾
25	Cop Range	48	48	48	40	S nta Fe	60c.	60c.	60c.
186	Daly-West	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	75	Shannon	3½	3½	3½
1,800	Davis-Daly	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	200	South Lake	1¾	1¼	1¼
40	Erst Butte	9¾	9¾	9¾	5	St Mary's L	50	50	50
5	Franklin	37½	37½	37½	50	Super Copp	5½	5	5½
40	Isle Royale	26	25½	26	600	Sup & Bost	1⅝	1½	1⅝
15	Island Ck pf	81	81	81	45	U S Smelt	42¼	42½	42½
35	Mohawk	56	56	56	40	Wolverine	22½	22¼	22¼

Railroads.

15	Botson Elev pf	70½	70½		180	N Y, N H & H	42½	42¾	42½
50	Mass El pf	16½	16½		44	West End	49	48½	49

Miscellaneous.

4	Am Ag Ch	96	95⅝	96	7	Pac Mills	142	142	142
392	Am T & T	95	94½	94⅝	601	Swift & Co	112½	112	112⅝
10	Am Wool pf	95½	95½	95½	7	Torrington	51	51	51
275	Cent Steel	14½	14	14½	5	United Drug 2d pf	78	78	78
255	Eastern S S	7¼	7	7	63	Unit Fruit	127⅝	127	127
102	Fairbanks	45½	48	48	7	United Shoe	40	39¾	40
10	Mass Gas pf	65	64	65	50	Ventura	7¼	7¼	7¼
30	N E T & T	83½	83½	83½	50	West Union	80½	80½	80½
20	Punta Sugar	34	34	34					

Bonds.

$1,000	Mass G 4½s	81	81	81	4,250	1st 4½s	94.14	93.74	94.14
6,100	Lib 3½s	100.88	100.24	100.64	1,450	2d 4½s	94.00	93.64	93.90
1,950	1st 4s	94.00	93.64	93.74	47,550	2d 4½s	95.60	95.24	95.50
14,650	2d 4s	93.90	93.64	93.64					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	C C & C pf	17	17	17	1,154	Swift	112¾	112	112¾
20	M Ward pf	102¼	102¼	102¼	73	Carbide	57	56¾	57
65	People's G	44	44	44	100	Un Paper'd	19¼	19¼	19¼
20	Q Oats pf	94	94	94	15	Wilson	57	57	57

Bonds.

$2,000	Chi Ry Ser 1	59	50	50	$3,000	Swift 1st 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾
	Ry Ser 1 5s				2,050	U S Liberty 3d 4¼s	95.30	95.20	95.30
1,000	C Ed 1st 5s	88⅞	88¾	88⅞					

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am Gas	60¾	60¾	60¾	10	Phil Co cum 6% pf	32½	32½	32½
10	Cramps	80	80	80	1,065	P R T	28¼	27½	27½
25	Elec & Bat	53	53	53	100	Ton Mining	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
50	Key Tel pf	47	47	47	72	U G Imp	65	65	65
370	Lake Sup	20½	20	20½	20	Union Trac	37¼	37¼	37¼
60	Lehigh Nav	69	69	69	20	West Coal	72½	72½	72½
46	Phil Elec	24¾	24¾	24¾					

Bonds.

$1,000	Equi Illum'g Gas 5s	102½	102½	102½	$1,000	Lib 2d 4s	93.90	93.90	93.90
2,000	L V gn 4½s	88	88	88	1,000	Read gen 4s	83	83	83
					1,000	S-Am 1 6s	101	101	101

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	14⅜	15¼	14⅜
Atlantic Refining	925	950	925
Borne-Scrymser	450	470	450
Buckeye Pipe Line	88	92	88
Cheesebrough Mfg	350	380	380
Colonial Oil	10	40	10
Continental Oil	425	445	425
Crescent Pipe Line	32	36	32
Cumberland P L	140	150	140
Eureka Pipe Line	185	190	185
Galena Signal Oil	105	110	107
Do pf, new	100	105	100
Do pf, old	105	110	105
Illinois Pipe Line	145	155	150
Indiana Pipe Line	90	95	90
Int. Pet., Ltd	13¾	14	13
National Transit	12¾	13¼	12½
N Y Transit	190	200	190
North Pipe Line	100	105	100
Ohio Oil	313	318	314
Penn-Mex Fuel	28	30	30
Prairie Oil & Gas	510	520	500
Prairie Pipe Line	253	258	250
Solar Refining	300	310	300
South Pipe Line	172	177	172
South Penn Oil	255	260	255
S W Penn	92	96	92
Stand Oil of Cal	214	218	214
Stand Oil of Ind	600	610	600
Stand Oil of Kan	435	460	435
Stand Oil of Ky	320	330	320
Stand Oil of Neb	425	450	425
Stand Oil of N J	518	523	518
Stand Oil of N Y	268	272	267
Sand Oil of Ohio	400	410	400
Swan & Finch	96	100	96
Union Tank	95	98	95
Vacuum Oil	325	330	323
Washington Oil	34	38	34

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION OF JEAN BRY IMPORT CO., INC.

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the JEAN BRY IMPORT CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on the 15th day of August, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

C. W. TAFT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

All persons having claims against the above named corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of Eugene L. Bondy, Attorney, No. 360 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO.

New York, July 23, 1918.

A Dividend on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company has this day been declared, payable October 1, 1918, to all preferred shareholders of record at the close of business on August 31, 1918, of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. in cash and a distribution, by way of dividend, of United States Liberty Loan 4% Bonds, equivalent at par to $2 per share, to be made only upon the filing with the Company of an instrument in writing by each holder of preferred stock who shall receive his pro-rata share of bonds, agreeing to accept the same in lieu of cash in payment of a dividend of TWO PER CENT. upon his stock. In lieu of any fraction of a bond less than $50 the company will pay cash to the face value of such fraction. GEORGE A. HILL, Treasurer.

WAYLAND OIL & GAS CO.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Wayland Oil & Gas Company, held August 19th, 1918, a dividend of 2% was declared on the Common Stock of this Company, payable September 10th, 1918, to the holders of record at the close of business on September 1st, 1918.

F. CAULFIELD, Secretary.

AMERICA A THRIFTY NATION.

Milton W. Harrison, Secretary Savings Bank Section of the American Banking Association, writes of the economic lessons that the war teaches in The Annalist this week. On news stands 10 cent—$4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times Company, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Exchange yesterday closed dull but firm. Final quotations in the standard issues were about the highest for the day, but the gains registered were fractional. The market was narrow throughout the session, and the volume of trading was confined to a few stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alas Juneau	2	2	2
10	Allis-Chalm	33½	33½	33½
20	Am Can	46¼	46¼	46¼
50	Am Ice Secur	34	34	34
30	Am Linseed	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
25	Am Sum Tob	125⅜	124⅝	125⅜
10	Am T & T	94¾	94¾	94¾
10	Anaconda	65⅝	65⅝	65⅝
1,250	B'dwin Loco	94	92¾	92⅝
120	Beth St

Abreast of The Times

The investor who keeps abreast of the times is always in a position to know a good investment opportunity when he sees it.

Shrewd investors will be quick to see in the country's coal situation some of many reasons why we especially recommend an issue of Two Year 7% Notes, secured by mortgage on operating coal properties of great value, to yield

8%

Ask for Circular TH

A.H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

7% Preferred Stock
of a
Hydro-Electric Company

having equity of invested cash equal to over five times par value of Preferred Stock outstanding.

Price 99 and dividend

Details on request

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

$980 (and accrued interest) invested today will pay you $70 per year for five years, and on June 3rd, 1923, $1,000. In all for the $980 invested you will have received **$1350.**

At the price the yield is 7½%

This investment is in the bonds of an established company, furnishing without competition a necessary service to one of the country's largest industrial centers.

The bonds are secured by a first mortgage on over 75% of the entire property.

Write for Circular T 22

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Conv. 6s at 94 and interest to yield 7.10%

New York

Phone Rector 5080

Josephthal & Co.
120 Broadway, New York

Members
N. Y. Stock Exchange
N. Y. Cotton Exchange
Phila. Stock Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade

Private Wires to Principal Cities

Canadian
Government, Municipal and Corporation
Securities

A. E. AMES & CO.
Established 1889
74 Broadway
Toronto NEW YORK Montreal
Telephone 8045-6 Rector

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities.
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo
Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Drag, with No New Influences at Work—Government Bonds Stronger.

The new week opened with the market situation unchanged in any respect. The war news continued good over Sunday, with hopes of allied success in Russia; the differences between the Secretary of the Treasury and Representative Kitchin over the exact form of the new war profits tax seem likely of settlement shortly; and money was still to be had at 6 per cent., provided the brokers did not require too much. Under such conditions it was hardly surprising that the usual mid-summer dullness was not disturbed by performances on the Stock Exchange. The usual amount of professional business was supplemented by a very small amount of outside buying. All told, the day's transactions could easily have been cleared away in the forenoon without putting any undue strain on the brokers.

Price changes in such a market mean nothing, except as they reflect firmness. There is unquestionably a latent buying power which is awaiting the beginning of a broader movement, but the average investor is frankly puzzled by the question of adjusting business to meet the increasing dominance of Government orders in almost every line, and he prefers to hold aloof until the course of probable after-war developments is indicated.

The recommendation from Mr. McAdoo that State and municipal issues be made subject to Federal income taxes has divided opinion among bankers and bond experts both as to the advisability of such a change, and as to the Government's constitutional right to make it. In the meantime the supply of Liberty 3½s, carrying the tax exemption privilege, has not been increased by offerings from investors to whom the exemption has no direct value as rapidly as orders for this issue. Yesterday's sales were made at from 101 at the opening, an advance of a full half-point over the last price recorded on the Stock Exchange, though sales were made over the counter at that figure on Saturday, to 101.06. Municipals were inclined to heaviness by way of discounting the possibility of their removal from the favored class of tax exempts. Dealers say that if Secretary McAdoo has his way it might make a difference of from 1 to 2 per cent. in the price of outstanding municipals.

TRADING IN LONDON FIRM.

Activity Confined to British Railway Stocks—Money Quiet.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Trading on the Stock Exchange developed firmness today. Activity was confined to British railway stocks, notably those of the non-dividend paying division.

In view of monetary conditions, funds were firmly held. Russian securities were neglected, pending developments. Honduran bonds took a fresh stride forward, but speculative Brazilian railway issues experienced another relapse. Oil stocks showed renewed strength.

Occasional profit-taking lent irregularity to mining stock quotations. Money was quiet.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6½
Low	6	Low	6
Renewals	6	Renewals	6½
Last	6	Last	6

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days 4½@4¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days 4½@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days 5¼@5¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	6
4 to 6 months	6
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7560	$4.7555	$4.7555	—.0005
Cables	4.7680	4.7655	4.7655	—.0005
France—				
Demand	5.66	5.66	5.66	—.00¾
Cables	5.65	5.65	5.65	—.00¾

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Demand or Checks.	Close. Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7555	$4.7655
5.1826	Paris	5.66	5.65
	China—		
	Hongkong	$4.00	$4.25
	Yokohama	127.50	128.00
	Shanghai	120.00	120.50
19.50	Greece	10.45	10.50
40.20	Holland	51.625	52.125
32.44	India—	37¾	38
	Bombay	35.73	35.78
	Calcutta	35.73	35.73
5.1826	Italy	7.50½	7.50
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.50	53.75
	Yokohama	53.50	53.75
19.30	Spain	24.60	24.80
40.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	35.25	35.60
	Copenhagen	31.10	31.40
	Christiania	31.20	31.60
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.50	44.65
24.42	Rio	24.50	24.75
5.1826	Switzerland	4.06½	4.04½
51.46	Russia—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	13.40	13.55
	500 rubles	13.30	13.45

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73	$4.71¼	$4.72¾	$4.70½

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $391,194,734; balance, $45,895,206; United States Treasury credit balance, $63,792,922; Federal Reserve credit balance, $29,722,993.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 13-16d, unchanged; in New York, $1.01½ up ½c; Mexican dollars, 78@81.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$8,036,450	$23,874,349
Inc. & exc. pr. taxes	15,908,176	518,399,552
Miscellaneous	49,602,318	155,550,384
Miscellaneous rev.	16,880,051	38,854,862
Toal receipts	90,423,006	731,679,149
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	689,471,322	1,307,996,779
Exc. of total disb. over total receipts	81,438,382	159,158,259
Expenditures	779,893,329	2,039,675,920

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4	@4½	5.30
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'33	4½@5	6.50	5.90
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.65	6.00
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	6.35	5.75
Chicago & N. W.	1918-'37	4½	6.00	5.50
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1918-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.35
C., St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	6.15	5.75
Chickasaw Refin.	1918-'21	6	8.00	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.75	6.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.50	5.75
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
Illinois Central	1918-'26	4½@5	6.12	5.75
Louis. & Nash.	1918-'23	5	6.15	5.60
Mich. Central	1918-'30	5	6.50	6.00
Mo., K. & Texas	1918-'23	5	7.25	6.25
Mo. Pacific	1918-'22	5	7.25	6.25
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'26	4½@5	6.75	6.00
N. Y. Central	1918-'23	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Norf. & Western	1918-'24	4½	6.00	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½@6	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. P'gbt.	1918-'23	4	@4½	6.00	5.50
Seaboard	1918-'28	5	@6	7.00	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1918-'21	6		7.50	7.00
South. Pacific	1918-'26	4½		6.25	6.75
Southern Railway	1918-'25	4½@5		6.75	6.00
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5		6.75	6.00

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, AUG. 19, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	176,423	268,783	863,331
Year to date	85,239,514	120,619,489	102,009,464

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
17	17½	500	Advance Rumely	17	17½	17	17¼	+ ¼
45¾	46	1,700	Ad. Rumely pf	45	45½	45	45¾	+ ¾
3	3¼	300	Alaska Gold Mines	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	...
1½	2	1,000	Alaska Juneau	2	2	1¾	1¾	...
25¾	26¼	1,100	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	26	26¼	25¾	26	...
83	83½	200	Allis-Ch. Mfg. pf	84	84	83½	83½	...
96	96¼	1,000	Am. Agricul. Chem.	96	96½	96	96¼	+ ¼
46¾	46¾	300	American Can	46¾	46¾	46¼	46¾	+ ⅝
84½	85	400	Am. Car & Fdry	84½	85	84½	85	+ ½
107	108¾	100	Am. Car & F. pf.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	+ ¾
85¼	85½	500	Am. Hide & L. pf.	85½	85½	85½	85½	+ ½
34	35	200	American Ice	34	34	34	34	+ ½
54¾	54¾	820	Am. International	55	55½	54¾	54¾	+ ⅛
41¾	41¾	300	American Linseed	41	41¾	41	41¾	+ ¾
78¾	78½	2,000	Am. Linseed pf	78½	78½	78	78½	-1
78	78¼	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	78	78	78	78½	+ ½
72¼	74	200	Am. Steel Fdries	72	72	72	72	- ⅝
100¼	116	200	Am. Sugar Ref.	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
126½	126¾	3,000	Am. Sumatra Tob.	125¾	126½	125¾	126½	+ ¾
94¾	95¼	1,400	Am. Tel. & Teleg.	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	+ ⅛
94	94¾	200	Am. Wr. Paper pf.	94	94	94	94	...
17¼	18¼	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	18	18	18	18	- ½
66	66¾	800	Anaconda Copper	65¾	66¾	65¾	66	+ ¼
14	15	100	Angos. Dry Goods	15	15	15	15	...
81¾	81¾	100	At., Top. & S. F. pf.	81½	81½	81½	81½	- ½
98	98	200	Atl. Coast Line	97	97	96	98	+ ½
102¾	103¾	300	Atl. Gulf & W. I.	103¾	104	103¾	103¾	+ ⅝
93¾	94	6,400	Baldwin Locomo	93½	94	92¾	94	+ ¾
54¾	54¾	200	Balt. & Ohio	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	+ ¼
55½	56	100	Balt. & Ohio pf.	56	56	56	56	+1
1¾	1¾	100	Batopilas Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	- ⅛
84	86	100	Bethlehem Steel	85¾	85¾	83¾	83¾	- 1½
83¾	84¼	1,300	Beth. Steel Cl. B	83½	84	83¾	84	+ ¾
103	104	500	Beth. St. 8 p. c. pf.	102½	103	102¾	103	...
25¾	27	100	Booth Fisheries	26	26	26	26	- ¼
30½	30¾	200	B'klyn Rap. Tran.	29½	30¼	30¼	30¾	+ ¼
10½	12	100	Bruns. T. & R. See.	11	11	11	11	...
144¾	145	600	Burns Brothers	144¾	145¼	144¾	144¾	+ ⅞
11⅞	11¾	800	Butte Cop. & Z.	11¾	11¾	11½	11½	...
26	26½	100	Butte & Superior	26	26	26	26	...
18¾	20	100	Cal. Petroleum	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	- ⅛
158	158¼	2,000	Canadian Pacific	157	158¾	157	158¼	+1¾
68½	69¼	200	Cent. Leather Co.	68¼	68¾	68¼	68¾	...
34¾	35	400	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	34¾	35	34¾	35	+ ⅛
57¾	57¾	100	Chesapeake & Ohio.	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	+ ⅛
46½	46½	3,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	47⅜	48⅜	47⅜	48⅜	+ ⅞
78½	79¼	1,000	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	78¾	79	78¼	78¾	+ ⅜
92½	93	100	Chi. & Northwest	92½	92½	92½	92½	- ¼
25½	25¾	200	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	...
77	77½	200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf.	77	77	77	77	...
65¼	65¾	1,400	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf.	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	+ ⅛
16¼	16¾	500	Chile Copper	16½	16¾	16¼	16½	- ⅛
39	39½	700	Chino Copper	38⅝	38⅝	38¾	38¾	- ¼
46¾	47	100	Colo. Fuel & Iron	47	47	47	47	...
21½	23	100	Colorado Southern	22	22	22	22	...
34¾	35	200	Colum. Gas & Elec.	35	35	35	35	...
89½	90	900	Consolidated Gas	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¾	...
71	72¼	200	Continental Can	72	72¼	72	72¼	+1¼
43¾	44	500	Corn Products Ref.	43½	43¾	43½	43¾	+ ⅛
96¼	100¼	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	99½	99¾	99¾	99¾	+ ⅛
68	68¼	1,700	Crucible Steel	67½	68¼	67½	68¼	+ ⅝
29¾	30	800	Cuba Cane Sugar	29¾	30	29½	30	+ ⅛
80¼	80¼	900	Cuba Cane Sug. pf.	80½	81	80½	80½	...
170	175	100	Del., Lack. & West.	170	176	170	176	+1
6¼	6¼	100	Denver & Rio G. pf.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
58¾	58¾	100	Distillers Securities	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	+ ⅛
28	30	100	Elk Horn Coal	30	30	30	30	...
15¼	15¼	800	Erie	15¼	15¾	15¼	15¾	+ ⅜
32½	32½	100	Erie 1st pf.	32½	32½	32½	32½	...
23	23½	200	Erie 2d pf.	23	23	23	23	+ ⅛
34¼	35	100	Fed. Mining & S. pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ⅛
36¼	36¾	200	Fisher Body	36½	36½	36½	36½	- ½
51	51½	100	General Cigar	51	51	51	51	-1
140½	141¾	1,600	General Electric	145¾	145¾	145¾	145¾	- ⅛
157¾	158¾	2,600	General Motors	155½	158	155½	157¾	+1½
81¾	82	200	Gen. Motors pf.	81¾	82	81¾	81¾	+ ⅛
45¼	45½	100	Goodrich (B. F.)	45¾	45¾	45¼	45¾	- ¼
80	81	200	Granby Consol.	80½	80½	80½	80½	-1
92	92¾	300	Gt. Northern pf.	92¾	92¾	92	92	- ½
46½	48¼	1,600	Haskell & Barker	47	47	46½	46½	-1
51½	51⅞	100	Inspiration Copper	51¼	51⅝	51¼	51½	...
7⅞	7¾	100	Interboro Consol.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	...
127	128¾	300	Inter. Harv., N. J.	127	127	126¾	126¾	- ½
64½	64½	100	Inter. Harv. Corp.	64½	64½	64½	64½	...
27¾	28¼	11,800	Inter. Mer. Marine.	27¾	28¼	27¾	27¾	+¾
101¼	102	33,000	Inter. Mer. Mar. pf.	101¼	102⅜	101¼	101¾	+ ⅛
35⅞	36	400	Inter. Paper	35⅞	36¼	35⅞	36	- ⅛
48	50	100	Kelly Springfield Tire	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	- ½
33¼	33⅜	600	Kennecott Copper	33⅜	33½	33¼	33¼	- ½
87	90	12	Kings Co. E. L. & P.	87	87	87	87	...
87	90	12	Do. odd lot	89	89	89	89	...
58½	59½	100	Lehigh Valley	59	59	59	59	...
27	27	300	Lorillard (P.) rets.	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	...
57	57	100	Maxwell Motors	26½	26½	26½	26½	...
102	103⅛	200	Max. Mot. 1st pf.	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾	...
101	101½	100	Max Mot. 2d pf.	20	20	20	20	+ ¼
95½	97	2,100	Mex. Petroleum	100¾	101¼	100¾	101¼	+ ⅜
27¾	28	100	Mex. Petroleum pf.	96	96	96	96	...
52½	53	200	Miami Copper	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	...
90	92	1,600	Midvale Steel	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	- ¼
5½	5⅝	300	M., S. P. & S. S. M.	89¾	91½	89¾	91¼	-2
9½	10	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5½	5½	5½	5½	- ¼
24	24¼	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	9½	9½	9½	9½	...
50¾	51½	300	Missouri Pacific	24	24	24	24	+ ⅛
51	51	500	Nat. Enam. & Stp.	51	51	51	51	+ ½
58¼	58½	500	National Lead	58¼	58½	58	58¼	- ¼
5	5	200	Nat. Rys. of M 2d pf.	5	5	5	5	...
20¾	21	700	Nev. Consol. Cop.	20½	20¾	20	20	- ¼
72¾	73	1,300	New York Central	72¾	73	72½	72¾	...
42¼	42¾	7,400	N. Y. N. H. & H.	42	42¾	42	42¾	+ ⅛
90	90	400	Northern Pacific	90	90	90	90	+ ⅛
66	66	300	Nova Scotia S. & C.	66	66	66	66	-2
37¾	37¾	1,100	Ohio Cities Gas	37¾	37¾	37¼	37¾	+ ½
31¾	32	100	Pacific Mail	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾	...
43¾	43¾	600	Penn. Railroad	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	+ ¼
14¼	15	400	Pere Marquette	14¼	14¼	14¼	14½	...
59	59	100	Pere Marquette prior pf.	59	59	59	59	...
38	38	100	Pierce-Arrow	38	38	37	38	+ ⅛
97¾	97¾	100	Pierce-Arrow pf.	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	+ ⅛
82	82	100	Pitts. Coal pf.	82	82	82	82	+ ½
35½	35½	300	Pitts. & West Va.	35½	35½	35¼	35¼	...
60½	60½	100	Pressed Steel Car	60½	60½	60½	60½	+ ½
61¾	62¼	1,000	R'way & Steel Spring.	61¾	62¼	61¾	62¼	+ ⅝
24	24	400	Ray Consol. Cop.	24	24	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
80½	80½	2,400	Reading	80½	80¾	80½	80½	+ ⅛
91¾	91¾	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	+ ⅜
104	104	100	Roy. Dutch tr. rcts.	104	104	104	104	...
7	7	100	Saxon Motor	7	7	7	7	...
31¾	31¾	1,200	Sinclair Oil Ref.	31½	31¾	31¼	31¼	- ¼
87	87	900	Southern Pacific	87¾	88¼	87¾	88¼	...
23½	23¾	1,300	Southern Railway	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	...
63¾	63¾	800	Southern Ry. pf.	63¾	63¾	63½	63½	- ⅛
45	45	100	Studebaker Co.	45	45	45	45	+ ⅛
90	90	800	Studebaker Co. pf.	90	90	90	90	+⅝
19	19¼	800	Tenn. Cop. & Chem.	19	19¼	18¾	19¼	+ ⅛
151½	151½	100	Texas Co.	151½	151½	151	151	-1
180	180	100	Tide Water Oil	180	180	180	180	...
71¼	71¾	1,200	Tobacco Products	71¼	71¾	71	71¾	+ ⅛
124¾	125	2,100	Union Pacific	124¾	124¾	122¾	124½	+ ¼
102½	102¾	600	United Cigar Stores.	102½	102¾	102½	102¾	+ ⅛
125	128	100	United Fruit	125½	125¾	125½	125½	+ ½
127¼	128	300	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	127½	127½	127½	127½	+ ½
60	61	100	U. S. Rubber	61¼	61¾	61¼	61¾	+ ⅛
104	105	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	105	105	104¾	104¾	+ ⅛
111¼	111¼	35,700	United States Steel	110¾	111½	110¾	111½	+ ⅝
110¾	110¾	800	U. S. Steel pf.	110¼	110¾	110¼	110¾	+ ⅛
80¾	80¾	300	Utah Copper	80¾	80¾	80	80¾	+ ⅛
51	51	200	Va.-Caro. Chemical	51	51	51	51	...
73	73	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	73	73	73	73	...
9¾	9¾	100	Wabash	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
39	39¼	1,800	Wabash pf. A	39	39¼	38	38	+ ⅛
80¼	80¼	200	West. Union Teleg.	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ⅛
42¾	43	900	Westinghouse E. & M.	42¾	43	42¾	43	+ ⅛
9	9	100	Wheeling & L. E.	9	9	8	9	+ ⅛
44¼	45½	100	White Motors	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	- ½
57½	60	100	Wilson & Co.	57½	57½	57½	57½	+ ½
19¼	19¼	700	Willys-Overland	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
36	36	100	Wisconsin Central	36	36	36	36	+ ¾
62	63¼	300	Worthington Pump	63	63¼	63	63	+1

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15, '20	99¾	99⅝	8.00
Bom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	97¼	97½	7.70
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	95	97	5.10
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	102½	103½	5.10
Prov. of Q.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.60
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	60	61	...
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	59	...
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	119	123	...
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	100	100¾	4.75

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1918	99¾	100	5.00
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	97½	97¾	7.40
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	95	7.50
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99½	99¾	6.85
Am. Thread	4	Jan., 1919	99	99½	5.95
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	95	97¼	8.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	98¼	98¾	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb. 15, '19	99⅞	100	5.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100¼	100¾	6.80
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	99¾	100¾	6.90
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	99¼	99¾	7.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	98	99¼	7.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	98¾	99¼	7.20
C. B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	93¾	94¼	6.10
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	99	99	...
Can. North.	6	Sep. 2, '18	99¼	100	6.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	99¾	99¾	6.15
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	99¾	100	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	98¼	99¼	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	98	99	6.45
Del. & Hud.	5	Apr., 1920	97⅝	98	6.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	98½	98¾	8.00
Pen. Rap. R.		Jan., 1920	97¾	98	7.10
Gen. El. Co.	6	Dec., 1919	100	100¼	5.85
Gen. El. Co.	6	July, 1920	99¾	100¾	5.90
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	99½	99¾	5.75
Gt. L. & P.	6	June, 1921	97	99	6.35
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97¾	97¾	6.20
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	99¾	100	6.00
K. C. T. Ry.	4½	Nov. 15, '18	98¾	99¼	6.10
L. G. & E.	5	Sep., 1920	95¾	97¾	8.00
M. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	78	80	9.00
N. Y. C. R. R.	5	Sep., 1919	97¾	98¼	6.00
Pac. Gas & El.	5	June, 1919	98¼	98¾	5.75
Phil. El. Co.	6	Mar., 1919	94	96	...
P. & S. R. R.	6	Mar., 1920	97¾	98¼	7.10
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100¾	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100¼	100¾	6.50
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100¼	100¾	6.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	101	101¾	6.55
Rem. & Un. Mer. Co. C.	5	Feb. 1, '19	97¼	98	...
Read. T. & L.	6	Aug., 1919	94½	98¼	7.50
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	95	100	6.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	98¾	99¼	6.90
United L. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	94½	97¾	7.50
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	99¼	99¾	6.50
Wa. R. A.		Mar., 1919	99	99½	7.80
Wis. Edison.	6	May, 1924	88	92	7.50
W. V. T. & E.	6	May, 1919	94½	98¼	6.75

EARNINGS.

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gr. output	$29,104,428

Santa Cecilia Sugar
Common-Pfd.
Bought—Sold
Lamborn & Co.
Seven Wall Street New York
Tel. 6310 Rector
Philadelphia New Orleans Savannah Havana
Members
N. Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex. N. Y. Cotton Ex. N.Y.Cof.& Sug.Ex. Chicago Board of Trade London Produce Clearing House, Ltd.

The Future of the Export Business
The Graphite Industry and its Possibilities
Attractive Foreign Government Bonds
American International Corporation
Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc.
Maxim Munitions Corporation
The Part Payment Plan
Our semi-monthly financial publication Securities Suggestions, featuring these subjects, sent free upon request for 21-Q.
R.C.MEGARGEL & CO
Established 1901
Members New York & Chicago Stock Exchange
27 Pine Street—*New York*

GALENA SIGNAL OIL CO.
New 8% Preferred Stock
Circular on request.
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange. 14 Wall St., N.Y.

GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION
CHANGE OF NAME.
After April fifteenth, with the approval of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, the Secretary of State and the Superintendent of Insurance, the above corporation will be known as
CONTINENTAL GUARANTY CORPORATION.
This involves no change of ownership, management or operation.
244 Madison Avenue, New York City.

Buy
War Savings Stamps
Metropolitan Trust Co.
60 Wall St. 716 Fifth Ave.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

SMALL BANK ACCOUNTS INVITED
Write or call for booklet
BICELOW & COMPANY BANKERS
25 PINE STREET NEW YORK

Mark A. Noble — Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. — New York
Guaranty Trust — Equitable Trust
Nat. Bank Commerce — Columbia Trust
Telephone 1111 Broad

We Can Use	We Offer For Sale
100 Penna. Coal & C.	100 Phila. Co. Pfd.
100 Gt. Lakes Trans.	50 Atlantic Holding
50 Gillette Saf. Raz.	100 Detroit Edison
25 Amer. Cyanamid	100 But'w'th-Judson
50 Niles-Bem't-Pond	100 Indiana Refin'g

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA Land Title Building *Tel. Spruce 381* — NEW YORK Equitable Building *Tel. Rector 5354*

Consolidated Cities 5s, 1962
Fairmont Coal 5s, 1931
Russian Government 6½s, 1919
Washington Water Pr. 5s, 1939
DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 4501-2-3 Hanover.

Poole Engineering
Bought—Sold
Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

Publication by
EMPIRE CITY SAVINGS BANK,
281 West 125th St., New York (Formerly
Twelfth Ward Savings Bank)
of full names of depositors of additional Dormant Accounts not previously reported, and their last known places of residence, pursuant to the provisions of Section 274 of the Banking Law:
John F. Halfferty, 204 Lenox Ave., New York City.
Sarah Cuff, 2355 Eighth Ave., New York City.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a meeting of the stockholders of the REGAL CUSTOM SHIRT CO., INC., will take place at the office of the corporation, No. 883 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3rd day of September, 1918, at 12 M., for the purpose of changing the name of the said corporation, REGAL CUSTOM SHIRT CO., INC., and to assume in lieu thereof the name of the REGAL SHIRT CO., INC., and for such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.
Dated, New York, August 19th, 1918.
MAX FISHEL, President.

DIVIDENDS.

At a Meeting of the Board of Directors held August 15, 1918, at London, England, it was decided to pay an Interim Dividend of six (6%) per cent. free of British Income Tax on Ordinary Shares on September 30, 1918. Coupon No. 68 must be used for dividend. All Transfers received in order at London on or before September 7, 1918, will be in time to be passed for payment of dividend to transferees.
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED
August 19, 1918.

WANTS ONE SYSTEM FOR ALL PHONES

Postmaster General Burleson Plans Elimination of Competition with Bell System.

EXPERTS ARE INVESTIGATING

Much of 25,000,000 Miles of Independent Lines May Be Joined to 50,000,000 A. T. & T. Miles.

Postmaster General Burleson has undertaken the unification of all telephone lines in the United States into a single system. With the American Telephone and Telegraph Company's lines as the central unit, it is planned to bring the numerous lines now competing with the Bell telephone network into the system, a project which the Bell management has long supported as a development of the greatest importance to the telephone in this country. Several months of negotiations with the owners of numerous independent companies are expected to pass before details of the plan are ready for announcement.

N. C. Kingsbury, Vice President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and George W. Robinson, President of the Tri-State Telephone and Telegraph Company, have been asked by Mr. Burleson to examine into ways and means for uniting the lines in a practical way. These telephone experts will undertake the work this week, and it is expected that many conferences will be held in this and interior cities as the situation is presented to officers and stockholders of the concerns which do not now exchange service with the Bell companies. There are approximately 19,719 telephone lines spread over the country, including everything from the main toll lines of major concerns to the short rural wires which are especially numerous in the Middle and Southwest. Of these, 1,289 are listed as competing, some with members of the Bell system and others with outside independent concerns.

It is expected that consolidations of lines which compete directly will be recommended in some cases and in such consolidations it is probable that certain lines of the Bell system will be subordinated to present outside lines, the purpose being to give the quickest and best service at the least possible expense in the way of overhead costs. The Government may arrange to buy some of the independent lines which at present compete with the Bell companies, but the expectation is held that, for the most part, traffic agreements will be urged upon the owners of the outside properties on terms which will be of advantage to them.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company is dominant in the telephone business of the nation through its own long-distance and local lines and the interest which it has in numerous companies. The company's own property, together with the property of its subsidiaries and the concerns which connect with their lines form the Bell system. The Bell telephone organization comprises about 50,000,000 miles of wire, with nearly 10,000,000 stations. It is estimated that nearly 25,000,000 miles of wire is owned and operated by independent concerns which do not work with the Bell companies, and under the new program a large part of this mileage will be joined to the Bell service.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	1.61⅞	1.60⅜	1.60⅜	1.61¼
September	1.62⅝	1.61⅜	1.61⅜	1.62⅛
October	1.64	1.62⅜	1.63⅛	1.64

OATS.
In the local cash market standard was quoted at 80@80½c; No. 2 white, 80½c; No. 3 white, 79@79½c; No. 4 white, 78½@79c; ordinary, clipped, 79½@81½c.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
August	71	70⅛	70¼	69¾	..
September	71¾	70⅛	70⅜	70⅝	54⅛
October	73⅛	72⅛	72⅝	72⅛	..

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Sept.	26.80	26.70	26.72	26.55	23.00
Oct.	26.90	26.72	26.82	26.57	23.12
Ribs—					
Sept.	24.75	24.50	24.75	24.37	23.70
Oct.	24.95	24.70	24.90	24.55	23.70
Pork—					
Sept.	44.00	43.90	43.90	43.40	43.40
Oct.	44.15	44.10	44.13	43.75	43.00

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	8.27	8.30
September	8.41	8.36	8.37	8.43
October	..	..	8.48	8.54
November	..	..	8.60	8.66
December	8.71	8.71	8.71	8.78
January	9.01	9.00	8.96	9.01

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,308 packages. Market strong for high grades of fresh creamery, with a lessened supply of that class of stock. Medium grades comprise a larger proportion of the receipts and show weakness. Ladles and packing stock steady to firm. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 46¼@47c; extras, 92 score, 46c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 44@45¼c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 42@43½c; thirds, 40@41c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47¼@48¼c; extras, 47@47½c; firsts, 45¼@46¼c; seconds, 43@45c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 45¼@46¼c; good to prime, 43¼@45c; common to fair, 39@43c; renovated, extras, 41½@42c; firsts, 39@41c; lower grades, 38@39c; imitation creamery, firsts, 38½@39c; ladles, current make, firsts, 37@38c; seconds, 36@36½c; lower grades, 34½@35½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 36c; No. 2, 35@35½c; lower grades, 33@34½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, reported by the Mercantile Exchange, 10,869 cases. The scarcity of high-grade heat-free eggs continues, and prices for such rule firm and in sellers' favor, with some further improvement realized on the better qualities of high grade. The market is still burdened with accumulations of medium and lower qualities, which are pressed for sale at a wide range of prices. Much of the supply is still selling in range of 35@41c, and a good many lots, containing a large proportion of hatched and badly heated eggs, have sold at lower and irregular prices. Storage eggs are firm, with a fair demand, and prices are held with considerable confidence. Some lots of especially fancy goods have drawn bids a little above recent quotations. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 48@50c; regular packed extra firsts, 45@47c; regular packed firsts, 42@44c; seconds, 37@41c; poor to fair, 20@36c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 35@38c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@34c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 31@32c; undergrades, 30@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 64@66c; ordinary to prime, 48@62c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 45@62c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 44@55c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby browns, 51@53c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 38@50c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 42½@43c; firsts, 41½@42c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Jacket	.07
Alta	.01	Justice	.01
Andes	.04	Mexican	.18
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.05
Bullion	.01	Overman	.02
Caledonia	.04	Potosi	.04
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.06	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Virginia	.22	Union Con.	.04
Gould & Curry	.01	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.02	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.75	Goldfield Cons.	.21
Cash Boy	.05	Goldfield Merger.	.01
Halifax	.12	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.56	Jumbo Exten.	.09
McNamara	.01	Kewanas	.03
Midway	.04	Lone Star	.06
Mispah	.07	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.04	Spearhead	.01
Montana	.09	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.07	Big Four	.02
Rescue	.14	Consolidated	.04
Tonopah Divide	1.55	Mustang	.01
Tonopah Exten.	1.65	White Caps	.25
West End	1.05	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.24	Nevada Hills	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.27
Atlanta	.03	Rochester	.53
Booth	.04	Round Mountain	.18
Florence	.11	United Eastern	2.35

COTTON UP AND DOWN, WITH NEW HIGH RECORD

Day Shows Net Losses of 3 to 20 Points by Recovering Nearly All of Sensational Drop.

After making a new high record, not only for the current season, but for the entire history of the Cotton Exchange, in contracts for most of the active months, (the exceptions being May and July,) the local cotton market yesterday gave way under heavy selling and realizing, and dropped over 100 points from the high level of the morning. There was a very strong undertone to the market, however, and heavy trade buying on a scale down, profit taking and covering by shorts, and new purchases for long account brought prices back strikingly in the last hour, recovering nearly all the loss. The strength and activity in December was the market feature, but it was a very broad and active market all down the list. The close was firm, at net losses of only 3 to 20 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Aug.	....	....	....	32.60 bid	32.70
Sept.	....	....	....	32.55 bid	32.58
Oct.	32.45@32.60	33.10	31.80	32.45@32.48	32.48
Nov.	32.55	32.55	32.55	32.00 bid	32.17
Dec.	31.90@32.02	32.75	31.15	31.85@31.91	32.02
Jan.	31.90@31.95	32.90	31.10	31.80@31.85	31.95
Feb.	....	....	....	31.70 bid	31.85
Mar.	31.90@31.95	32.50	31.10	31.70@31.75	31.90
Apr.	....	....	....	31.68 bid	31.88
May.	31.89	32.40	31.48	31.68 bid	31.88
July.	31.97	31.97	31.97	....	..

The local market for spot cotton was 10 points lower at 35.60c for middling upland; sales, nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 33.25c; New Orleans, 30.25c; Savannah, 32.50c; Augusta, 31.50c; Memphis, 31.00c; Houston, 33c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	9,135	8,041	11,605
Exports	11,300	....	....
Exports season	158,312	87,668	158,405
N. Y. stocks	87,728	119,452	77,347
Port stocks	826,628	885,278	805,162
N. Y. arrivals	2,487	4,963	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 108 points advance; middling, 24.17d; good middling, 22.50d. Sales, 1,000 bales; American, 1,000 bales. Futures opened firm, 90 to 100 points advance; closed firm, 100 points advance; August, 23.77d; September, 23.50d; October, 23.24d; November, 23.04d; December, 22.94d. Manchester: Yarns firm; cloths quiet.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; gentle winds, not much change in temperature.

S. C.—Partly cloudy Tues. and Wed.

Ga.—Probably local rains Tues.; Wed. partly cloudy and warmer.

Fla.—Local rains Tues. and Wed.

Ala. and Miss.—Probably local rains Tues. and Wed.

Tenn. and Ky.—Local thunder showers Tues., and probably Wed.

Ohio—Fair Tues., warmer in north; Wed. fair.

Ind. and Lower Mich.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; not much change in temperature.

Upper Mich.—Fair Tues.; Wed. showers; not much change in temperature.

La.—Tues. and Wed. cloudy; scattered showers.

Ark. and Okla.—Tues. scattered showers; Wed. cloudy.

E. Tex.—Tues. and Wed. cloudy; scattered showers in E.

W. Tex.—Tues. and Wed. cloudy.

NEW SHIPS HEARTEN ARMY.

Pershing Cables "Well Done" in Reply to Hurley Message.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—General Pershing has cabled to Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, his praise of the work of the American shipbuilders. The dispatch, received today, reads:

The cable of the splendid achievements of the shipbuilders of America has been received and published to the forces. The news thrills every American in France. Well done.

The American Commander's message was in response to one sent by Mr. Hurley, in which he told of the launching of four ships, as follows:

August 3, 1918.

General Pershing,
Paris:

The splendid achievements of your troops the past month have been backed to the utmost by American shipbuilders. Today first launching at big fabrication yard Merchant Shipbuilding Corporation at Bristol, Penn. Tomorrow Alameda Shipyard, California, launches 12,000 to steamer Invincible, built in production and record-breaking days. Keel laid July 4 on shipway that launched Defiance forty working days. Invincible will join our bridge of boats under steam in September. On Monday Hog Island launches its first hull. Four big fabrication shipyards on Atlantic, built in production and strongest friendly rivalry between Atlantic and Pacific to put tonnage behind the American spearhead in France.

HURLEY.

FEAR CONFISCATION OF LAND

Officers of Oil Concerns with Properties in Mexico Anxious.

Officers of oil companies with properties in Mexico are still much concerned over the taxation program announced by the Carranza Government on July 31 ,although news from Mexico City during the last few days has indicated a modification of the decree to be made in the near future. The oil producers maintain that the original program, if followed out, would bring about the confiscation of the lands on which their wells are situated, and they say they are waiting with anxiety for the results of negotiations between the Department of State, the British Foreign Office, and the Foreign Department of Mexico.

The Mexican Petroleum Company, the Pierce Oil Corporation, the South Penn Oil Company, the Penn-Mex Oil Company, and other American concerns are vitally interested in the current developments south of the border. The Mexican Eagle Oil Company is one of the largest British corporations to be affected. There have been numerous consultations between interests representing the American and British companies at the office of the Mexican Petroleum Company and other places. The oil men say there is little they can do pending the result of diplomatic proceedings. It is understood that they meet to exchange information which comes from their representatives in Mexico. A committee of American oil producers is working in Mexico to ameliorate the situation in respect to the tax, if a way can be found to that end.

TO PROTECT HOLDERS OF BONDS OF RUSSIA

Committee Named by Investment Bankers May Confer with State Department.

$100,000,000 SOLD HERE

When Funds of Imperial Government Here Are Exhausted It Is Believed Interest Will Stop.

The announcement of the appointment by the Investment Bankers' Association of America of a committee to act in the interest of American holders of foreign securities, aroused considerable interest yesterday in banking and investment circles. Besides the statement of Warren S. Hayden, President of the association, no definite information regarding the plans of the committee was forthcoming. Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., the Chairman of the committee, is away on his vacation, and in his absence his associates were reluctant to comment on their proposed activities.

It was learned, however, that the primary purpose of naming a Protective Committee at this time was to consider what measures could be taken in regard to the bonds of the Imperial Russian Government that have been sold to Americans. As far as the other foreign Government securities are concerned, there is no apprehension regarding their standing and worth, but in view of the political changes that have taken place in Russia and the avowed intention of the Bolsheviki to repudiate the imperial loans, the situation in respect to Russian bonds is uncertain. Precisely what the committee could do is not known, but it is believed that a representative body of bankers, such as has been named, would be in a position to confer with the State Department and take effective measures for the protection of American bondholders.

There have been floated in the United States two Russian loans, totaling $75,000,000, and there have been sold Russian internal bonds to an amount estimated from $15,000,000 to $35,000,000. The total is, therefore, approximately $100,000 000.

In June, 1916, there were sold here $50,000,000 of three-year 6½ per cent. notes due June 18, 1919. In December of the same year a syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., the National City Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, Lee, Higginson & Co., and Harris, Forbes & Co., sold $25,000,000 of five-year 6½ per cent. notes of the Imperial Russian Government at 94½. These mature Dec. 1, 1921.

The Russian internal bonds sold here bear interest at 5½ per cent. and mature in February, 1926. They are payable in rubles in Russia.

The 5½s closed yesterday at 58 and the 6½s at 61. The 5½ per cent. ruble bonds were quoted at $109@112 per 1,000 rubles.

The National City Bank of New York, the chief American depositary for funds of the Imperial Russian Government, has thus far paid regularly and promptly the interest on the two Russian dollar loans and also the interest on the ruble bonds which had been registered with it. Although the bank officials have never made any public announcement in respect to the source of the funds used in the payment of interest, it has been generally understood that the payments were made out of balances held here in the name of the old Russian Government. Each interest payment has been authorized by an agent of the Russian Government. The size of the balance of the account now remaining is not known, but it is presumed that when it is exhausted the National City Bank will be forced to stop paying the interest on Russian bonds.

WARNS OF EXPEDIENTS TO LESSEN WAR TAX

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Reports to the Treasury Department from all parts of the country tend to show that in expectation of an 80 per cent. war profits tax business men and corporations are discussing how they will be affected. Already in some sections steps have been taken to adjust business investments to the new tax.

The uncertainty that exists as to what standard of comparison of war profits with ante-war profits will be set up or what years will be taken to afford a comparative ratio of profits is believed by experts of the Internal Revenue Bureau, it was said there today, to have prompted a resort to various expedients to anticipate the tax and obtain some measure of relief from its burdens.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper today issued a general warning against suggested increases of capital or any reorganizations that are designed to assist in diverting profits from a legitimate taxable status. Mr. Roper's statement follows:

"It has come to the attention of the Bureau of Internal Revenue that corporations in different parts of the country are being advised to increase their capital stock to cover surplus and undivided profits. Corporations which act on advice of this kind in the belief that they can thus place themselves in a more favorable position with respect to the excess profits tax will incur needless expense without securing any advantage whatever in the matter of taxation.

"It should be borne in mind that the present excess profits tax is based upon the returns from capital actually invested in the business, in the determination of which surplus and undivided profits are included. An increase in capital stock to cover these items does not result in an increased invested capital, and, therefore, will not change the status of the corporation with respect to the excess profits tax. It is also pointed out that an increase in the amount of capital stock outstanding to cover such items as good-will, value of patents, trade marks, copyrights, &c., not previously capitalized, must under the law be excluded in determining the invested capital of a corporation under the excess profits tax.

"Corporations should not undertake any reorganization nor increase their capital stock to cover items already included in their assets without first assuring themselves that they thoroughly understand the law and regulations pertaining to income and excess profits taxes. No special advantage with respect to taxation should accrue to any business because of its form of organization, whether individual, partnership or corporate. It is believed that any inequities of this character that may have resulted from the operation of the present law will be fully guarded against in the revenue measure now before Congress."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 19.—Twenty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $690,500, were chartered today. They include:

F. Bauman & Co., Inc., Manhattan, storage and warehousing, $100,000; J. Levy, F. B. and H. J. A. Bekkers, 709 West 180th St.

J. K. Welding Works, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; J. A. Klevensky, T. T. Moorris, M. Negri, 208 West 55th St.

The Graphermatics Corp., Manhattan, job printing, $25,000; H. Spengler, A. G. Maul, F. J. Kent, 271 Broadway.

Autophor Co. of New York, Inc., Manhattan, make signal devices for autos, $5,000; J. Israel, M. Grossman, F. W. Alger, 601 West 184th St.

Jones, Cross & Palmer, Inc., Jamestown, flour, feed and produce, $50,000; E. N. Cross, M. F. Jones, H. E. Palmer, Jamestown.

John Allen Co., Inc., Buffalo, contracting and building, $10,000; C. M. Allen, C. W. Mann, Jr., E. Reynolds, Buffalo.

Berth Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; D. Solomon S. and C. Rothman, 321 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

John F. Walsh Amusement Company, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; A. Werner, H. E. Diamond, M. Klein, 817 West End Av.

Daniel Saks, Inc., Manhattan, deal in machinery, $5,000; L. B. Levake, D. Saks, J. M. Delaney, 103 Park Av.

Neil Chemical and Color Works, Inc., Manhattan, $100,000; H. A. Murray, F. H. Platt, G. W. Field, 120 Broadway.

Liberty Motors Service Corp. of New York, Manhattan, $5,000; M. Neimark, A. and M. Levey, 369 Linden Av., Brooklyn.

Marine Provision Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Geodrich, W. E. Parremore, A. L. Cole, 308 8th St., Brooklyn.

Remick & Abels, Inc., Lackport, realty, $10,000. A. J. Abels, E. A. and F. N. Remick, Buffalo.

Bread Equipment Co. of New York, Manhattan, general contracting, $25,000; F. D. Smith, H. H. Barroll, J. J. Reiher, 1,004 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Wolf & Levien, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $25,000; H. Levien, A. and J. L. Wolff, 33 East 59th St.

Treo Hat Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; L. Lieban, A. Arlow, A. Gluck, 39 Great Jones St.

Cundall, Powell & Mosher, Inc., Buffalo, consulting engineers, $25,000; R. N. Cundall, W. B. Powell, W. H. Mosher, Buffalo.

Gale Paper Co., Inc., Brooklyn, $5,000; A. Bletzer, G. and L. Galewitz, 160 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

Laurel Paint Works, Manhattan, $50,000; C. A. Christophers, E. J. Parsons, F. Rosenblum, 850 East 167th St., Bronx.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Protection Paint Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $30,000.

Weisen & Goldstein, Inc., Manhattan, $150,000 to $400,000.

The Knaier Shoe Co., Inc., Buffalo, $15,000 to $150,000.

A. A. Maillett Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $15,000.

Claude M. Smith & Co., Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

Anglo-Saxon Supply Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Rome Metallic Bedstead Co., Rome, $600,000 to $1,500,000.

Warner Jewelry Case Co., Buffalo, $20,000 to $50,000.

Witherbee Storage Battery Co., Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $30,000.

S. I. Hyman Importing Co., Inc., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Cassella Color Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $1,500.

CHANGE OF NAME.

American Raw Silk Co., Manhattan, to Tersco Corp.

George Kaiser Lumber Co., Far Rockaway, to George Adams Lumber Co., Inc.

Pentecostal Church of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., to Grace Pentecostal Church of the Nazarene of Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

AUTHORIZATION.

Art Film Studios, Inc., Ohio, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, active capital $100,000; representative, O. M. Barnes, 115 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

J. G. Auto Trucking Corp., Manhattan.
E. O. Burian Pharmacy, Inc., Manhattan.
Bethlehem Snap Fastener Co., Inc., Brooklyn.
Sol Young Photographer, Inc., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 19.—Charters filed: American-British Security Co., to deal in and with securities of all kinds, $4,000,000; Dorman T. Connit, White Plains, N. Y.; Clarence E. Bahn, New York; R. Condit, Yonkers, N. Y.

McClellan Refrigerator Co., to manufacture and deal in and with all kinds of refrigerators and ice making machines, $800,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. A. Armstrong, B. A. Spangler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Samson Oil Corporation, to refine and market crude petroleum, $750,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. A. Armstrong, B. A. Spangler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

The Craig Tractor Company, to manufacture agricultural implements of all kinds, $600,000; Norman Craig, Arthur Judson, Roland T. Meachan, all of Cleveland, Ohio.

American Art Gallery of Philadelphia, Inc., to buy, sell, and deal in and with portraits, etchings, paintings, &c., $500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. A. Armstrong, B. A. Spangler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

United States Decorative Marble Co., Inc., to manufacture, sell, and deal in and with cement, stone, marble, &c., $500,000; F. A. Armstrong, C. L. Rimlinger, B. A. Spangler, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Martin Bros., Inc., to plant, cultivate, and dispose of vegetables, fruits, grains, &c., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, H. A. Spangler, F. A. Armstrong, local Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

Mediator News Publishing Co., to carry on business of the Mediator News Publishing Co., $50,000; Arthur Few, J. F. Dredge, T. J. Aerske, all of Pittsburgh, Penn.

Change in name of Steel Alloy Syndicate of America to the American Chemical Mining Corporation, New York, and increasing capital stock from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Georgia Oil and Gas Co. of St. Louis, Mo., from $10,000 to $300,000.

The Petroil Co., from $25,000 to $50,000.

Change in name of Booking Corporation of Rocky Mountain Pacific States to Exhibitors Booking Corporation of Western States, and increasing its capital stock from $24,000 to $48,000.

G. B. Mallon in Bankers Trust Staff.

Seward Prosser, President of the Bankers' Trust Company, announced yesterday that George B. Mallon had become a member of the staff of that company. Mr. Mallon was city editor of The Sun for twelve years, and for five years was associated with Edman J. Ridgway in editing the group of five Butterick magazines and as Secretary and Treasurer of the Ridgway Company, which publishes Everybody's Magazine and Adventure. He has been State Publicity Director for the National War Savings Committee of New Jersey and editor of War-Thrift, which is published in Newark twice a month to help along the War Savings campaign. He is President of the Amherst Alumni Association of New York and of the Sun Alumni Association. He lives in Montclair, N. J.

Interstate-Callahan Mining Profits.

The Consolidated Interstate-Callahan Mining Company reports profits of $179,567 for the quarter ended June 30, 1918. This is equivalent to 39 cents a share, ($10 par value,) or at the annual rate of $1.56. The profits of the preceding quarter amounted to $149,596, and for the corresponding quarter last year $408,987. During the quarter ended June 30 there were mined 23,215 tons of zinc and lead-silver ores.

"Passed by the Capital Issues Committee as not incompatible with the National interest, but without approval of legality, validity, worth or security."

EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES
$500,000
CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON
5½% Gold Bonds
Dated August 1, 1918 — Due August 1, 1928
Optional as shown below
Coupon Bonds Payable in New York City

$150,000	optional	on	and	after	Aug.	1, 1921
150,000	"	"	"	"	"	1923
200,000	"	"	"	"	"	1925

Prices to Yield 4.90% to Optional Date and 5½% Thereafter

Hornblower & Weeks — 40 Broadway, New York — Chicago — Boston
R. M. Grant & Co. — 31 Nassau St., New York — Chicago — Boston

Canada, the Land for a Vacation

Tourist traffic in Canada is estimated to be worth $50,000,000 yearly to the Dominion. From Nova Scotia to British Columbia there is an endless variety of natural beauty—sea, river, lake, prairie and mountains—whose attractions, added to an extremely healthful and exhilarating climate, appeal to people of all tastes and inclinations.

There are more than 300 branches of the UNION BANK OF CANADA located in the most important cities and towns, each offering to the American traveler in the Dominion a complete banking service.

Travelers' Cheques and Travelers' Letters of Credit may be obtained at the New York Agency

Union Bank of Canada

New York Agency, 49 Wall St. — Head Office, Winnipeg, *Capital and Surplus, $8,500,000* — Geo. Wilson, F. T. Short, Agents

$3,750,000
The Amalgamated Sugar Company
First Mortgage 7% Serial Convertible Gold Bonds
Total Authorized Issue $3,750,000

Dated August 1, 1918. Due $750,000 Annually, August 1, 1919, to 1923, inclusive.

Interest payable February 1st and August 1st. Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin at the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, or the Chase National Bank, in New York City. Coupon bonds registerable as to principal only in denominations of $1,000 and $500. Callable as a whole or in part on any interest date, upon sixty days' published notice, at 102½ and accrued interest.

INTEREST PAYABLE WITHOUT DEDUCTION FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAXES NOW OR HEREAFTER DEDUCTIBLE AT THE SOURCE, NOT TO EXCEED 4%. UNDER PRESENT LAWS ONLY 2% IS NOW DEDUCTIBLE AT THE SOURCE.

Tax Refund in Pennsylvania.

Convertible at the holders' option, on and after September 15, 1918, par for par, into the 8% First Preferred Cumulative Stock of the Company.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO, CORPORATE TRUSTEE

For detailed information regarding these bonds, attention is directed to a letter of L. R. Eccles, Vice-President of the Company, a copy of which will be sent on application, from which the following is summarized:

The Company is one of the large and successful beet sugar producers of America, its business having been in successful operation for a period of twenty years. The physical property of the Company consists of eight sugar beet manufacturing plants located at Ogden, Brigham City, Logan, Lewiston and Smithfield, Utah, and Burley, Twin Falls and Paul, Idaho. The officials of the Company estimate that its 1918 production will approximate 120,000,000 pounds of sugar.

These bonds, which will constitute the only funded debt of the Company, will be secured by a *closed first mortgage* upon physical properties appraised at more than $10,000,000. Total assets are over $16,960,000, or more than four times the amount of this issue.

The Company covenants that it will, at all times, maintain quick assets as defined in the trust deed equal to at least 100% of all outstanding indebtedness, including these bonds.

The book value of the Common Stock of the Company, as shown by an independent auditor, indicates an equity behind the bonds of more than $13,000,000. As the bonds mature in five annual installments of $750,000 each, the mortgage will be rapidly decreased, thus increasing the equity in the property for the bonds remaining outstanding.

Average annual net profits of the Company applicable to interest charges for the last three fiscal years were $2,156,414.75. The annual interest on these bonds is $262,500.

The entire proceeds of this issue of bonds will be devoted to the reduction of current liabilities, thereby not increasing the present indebtedness of the Company.

MATURITIES AND PRICES

	Price and Interest	Approximate Yield
$750,000 Due August 1, 1919	99½	7.50%
$750,000 Due August 1, 1920	98⅝	7.75%
$750,000 Due August 1, 1921	97⅜	8.00%
$750,000 Due August 1, 1922	96⅛	8.00%
$750,000 Due August 1, 1923	96⅜	7.90%

All statements herein are official or based on information which we regard as reliable, and while we do not guarantee them, they are the data upon which we have acted in the purchase of these securities.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., Incorporated—Successors to N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Detroit, St. Louis, Milwaukee

George H. Burr & Co.
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, San Francisco, St. Louis, Seattle

Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank
CHICAGO

"Passed by the Capital Issues Committee as not incompatible with the national interest, but without approval of legality, validity, worth, or security. Opinion No. A1236."

LONE STAR GAS
TEXAS PACIFIC COAL & OIL
J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Singer Manufacturing
Lone Star Gas
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 16 Broadway, New York
Private telephone to Boston.

BUTLER BROS.
STANDARD PAINT
U. S. MTGE. & TRUST CO.
REPUBLIC MOTOR TRUCK PFD.
GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER 1ST PFD.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER COM. & PFD.
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway, Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

Gillette Safety Raz.
Stock & Notes
Poole Engineering
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 — 68 Broadway

Burns Bros. Ice, All Issues
Fisk R

W. S. S. SALE A BIG SUCCESS.

Campaign Probably Will Be Consolidated with Bond Drive.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Sales in the War Stamp campaign are progressing at the rate of $150,000,000 a month. If this rate is maintained for the remainder of the fiscal year, the entire authorization of $2,000,000,000 will be taken up.

It is now regarded as a foregone conclusion that in view of the success of the War Stamps sale, it will no longer be conducted as a separate campaign, it probably will be incorporated with the Liberty Bond Publicity Bureau and conducted as an adjunct of that organization. Much work and expenditure now carried on in the bond and the stamp propaganda duplicate effort.

The total amount of War Stamps sold down to today is $697,578,000, which is over one-fourth of the total authorization, and represents the work of nine months. A great part of the success of the sale is due to the excellent organization effected in the latter part of last year, when Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York, came to Washington and personally took charge.

With the consolidation of the war savings work with the Fourth Liberty Bond sale organization, Mr. Vanderlip will formally retire from charge of the War Stamp campaign. He has been resting in Lower California since March.

Hygiene Bureau Has Anniversary.

The personnel of the Bureau of Hygiene of the Department of Health celebrated the tenth anniversary of the founding of the bureau yesterday. Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland called attention to the fact that the bureau, now in charge of Dr. Josephine Baker, was the first of its kind in the world and early set a standard in the conservation of child life and health. In 1907, a year before the founding of the bureau, the baby death rate for the city was 144 out of every 1,000 babies born. In 1917 there were 88 deaths out of every 1,000, and up to date this year the mortality average has been set at 85, said to be the lowest infant death rate of any large city in the world.

EXHIBIT BRITISH CLOTHS.

Commerce Bureau Shows Samples of "Standardized" Suits.

Through the efforts of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, New Yorkers are to be given an opportunity to see samples of the "standardized" clothing for male civilians originated by the British Government for its citizens for the purpose of conserving wool for army and navy requirements. Commercial Agent MacLean, in charge of the New York office of the Foreign Commerce Bureau, announced yesterday that he had received from the American Commercial Attache, London, samples of the British standard cloths, along with a man's and a boy's suit made up. These are now on exhibition in Room 734, Custom House, and may be viewed by those interested for a limited period.

"There is a fairly wide range of patterns for men's, youths' and boys' suits and overcoats," Mr. MacLean said, "and the material is of much better quality than that formerly used for ready-made clothing, although selling for considerably lower prices. Thus the demand of the fastidious dresser for something new now may not be gratified, but the average man in Great Britain will be well clad and better off financially. Of course, an example proportion of the standard suitings is reserved for those who want their clothes made to order."

A part of the bureau's exhibit consists of two complete suits. One of these is a man's suit, selling at retail at about $15. The material is gray worsted, Winter weight, and of a neat pattern. The other is a youth's suit, retailing at a little less than $12. The material and workmanship are somewhat inferior to those of the man's suit, a cheaper lining being used.

Egypt Limits Cotton Acreage.

CAIRO, Aug. 19.—The Egyptian Government has decided to limit cotton cultivation to one-third of the perennial area. The limitation is to remain in force through 1919.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

ASTRACHAN Wanted.—Remnants only; will pay spot cash. Franklin 4957.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted. — H. & H. 1117, Farragut 9902.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Kerami crystal cloth and cord, Evora and American serges, spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Also will exchange 0360 taupe for burgundy and brown. N. Hurwitz & Son, 709 West 26th St.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Clark & Dana, black only, or will exchange for burgundy or taupe. Farragut 9872.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany or F. and H., all colors; also gabardine. Farragut 9339.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. geralda black cloth. Phone Greeley 4342.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany and F. & H. dark brown, Murray Hill 3799.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Rose, tan, and kelly green. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

BURELLA Wanted.—09057, brown, black, for cash or exchange taupe, green, navy. Farragut 613.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber buying coats of the better kind, call with samples, between 9:30 and 12 A. M., 3d loft. 30 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber now placing orders on smart new Fall coats, popular price. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at ladies' and misses' coats. 105 Madison Av., 5th fl.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Remnants only; any width; colors navy, brown, Copenhagen and black; will pay spot cash. Franklin 4557.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Cambrics, nainsooks, pajama checks, and white shirtings, all constructions; also Lonsdale and peperal jeans, any quantity, for cash. A. B. C., 888 Times.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Denims, cottonades, export suitings, voiles, fancy cotton goods. Export Department, General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th St.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted.—Will exchange beaver, brown, black burgundy or taupe for navy and green. Gramercy 6510.

COTTON LININGS Wanted.—Black only; embossed or flowers; Murray effects. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Open for a quantity of 3 and 4 thread in white, flesh, navy, and black, at a price. Schulman Waist Co., 18 West 27th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—At $1.40, white and flesh; open for quantity. L. Goodman & Bro., 6 West 20th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Open for large quantity white, flesh, and black. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Open to buy quantity. A. Stein, 220 5th Av.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden & Leonard, Fall shades, quantity for cash. Greeley 2137.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay cash for sample line or close out for serge and gingham, children's dresses, popular department store, Billings, Montana. New York Office, 200 5th Av., Room 657.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles satin and serge dresses. Call with samples, Tuesday and Wednesday afternoon, L. 2 R., 129 West 27th, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on new models in satin, jersey, tricolette and party dresses; samples 9 to 10 daily. Wiener, 55 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy for spot cash jersey dresses, any quantity; submit samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 55 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles, serge and satin dresses. Call with samples Saturday and Monday, 270 5th Av., fifth floor.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Skirts, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, 4343 Franklin.

DRESSES Wanted.—Snappy models satin. Take freight elevator. L. Bernstein, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Stock orders placed on velvet and serge dresses. 21st floor, 6-8 East 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges, satins, jerseys; spot cash; any quantity. Farragut 5154.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Open to buy domestic georgette in all colors. Samuel Finkelstein, 220 5th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted for cash, $1.17½. Call after noon. Kavner Co., 366 5th Av.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Will pay cash for men's, ladies' and children's underwear, hosiery, ready to wear, &c. Popular Department Store, Billings, Mont. na, New York office, 200 5th Av., Room 657.

JERSEY WOOL Wanted.—Desirable shades such as navy, &c.; dress weights; will pay spot cash. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

JERSEY Wanted. — Will exchange 1 piece taupe, 1 piece rookie for 2 pieces navy jer- Chelsea 6778.

JERSEY wanted; can use 100 pieces of jersey for cash. Rabinowitz Apparel & Co., 37-39 West 28th.

JERSEY WOOL Wanted, all shades, suitable for dresses. Robbins Dress Co., 136 Madison Av.

JERSEYS Wanted.—Redfern Costume Co., 22 West 27th St. Chelsea 9350.

JERSEYS Wanted.—All colors, all makes. I. J. Rubin & Co., Gramercy 4154.

KIT-COONEY DOLLARS Wanted.—Pay in cash. Call between 11 and 3. Rothstein & Nelson, 120 West 29th.

OXFORDS Wanted.—All wool. Murray Hill 3709.

PALM BEACH CLOTH Wanted.—All cotton, 34 inches, in colors; no stripes. Export Department, General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th St.

PEAU DE CYGNE AND SATIN Wanted.—T. Weinberg & Sons, 38 West 26th.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Buy for cash, both Spring and Fall shades, any quantity serges, poplins, tricotines, gabardines, broadcloath, velours, silvertones, mixtures and checs. Eqal 4th floor, 1 East 28th.

PLUSH Wanted.—Navy cotton plush, Timmes, H. & H., or similar. Chelsea 1858.

PLUSH Wanted.—Peco, Madison Square 3149.

POM POM Wanted.—American, 0816, all colors. F. ragut 2616.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for all colors; also lightweight wool jersey, in all shades. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—American black and navy, velours K 544; burgundy and taupe. Farragut 588.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange American black for navy. Madison Square 9087.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for quantity. T. Weinberg, 38 West 26th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610. Stuyvesant 7850.

SATIN Wanted.—Open for 36-inch piece dye satin. Monarch Dress Co., 6-8 East 27th.

SATIN Wanted.—Open to buy quantity. A. Stein, 220 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—All-wool and cotton warp serges wanted, all shades. 1123 Broadway, Room 512. Farragut 4669.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, navy only, original tickets, $2, spot cash. Phone Chelsea 7320. Mr. Appleton; 424 West 33d.

SERGE Wanted.—Amoskeag 7614 navy; cash if right price. Store, 41 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted.—90, 09070, 838, 54280; broadcloth, F. & H. botany. Gramercy 845.

SERGES Wanted.—Will exchange Gilbert 9234, navy for black. Madison Sq. 9087.

SERGES Wanted.—100 pieces 11433, 104, 7120, for cash, must be cheap. Farragut 613.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for quantity 11433 and 104. Telephone Vanderbilt 3732.

SERGES Wanted.—1408 julliards, spot cash. Vendome Costume Co., 142 West 24.h St.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy 0609 and 09070 for cash. Call Mr. Robey, Stuyvesant 3138.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, for cash. Franco-American Dress Co., 50 West 22d St.

SERGES Wanted.—4408; also wool jerseys. Feller, 30 West 32d St.

SERGES Wanted.—87, 94, 99, 104, and similar makes for cash. Chelsea 6549.

SERGES Wanted.—Gilbert 8200; also 11433 serge. Farragut 5750.

SERGES Wanted.—S. B. G. L. 7301 V. S. L. Stuyvesant 2916.

SERGES Wanted. — 84280-7120, 11433-87; must be cheap for cash. Gramercy 6544.

SERGES Wanted.—8200, 7301, 6301, 4040. Farragut 5231.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy silks of all descriptions, small or large lots. Madison Square 377 or 376.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy discontinued lines of silks, large or small lots; must any shade. Spring 7934.

SILVERTONES Wanted, and F. & H. velours, all colors. Louis Goldstein, 84 W. 20th St.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Lightweight, all shades. Farragut 9805.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Farragut 4078.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall lines; snappy styles. Call all week between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., 510 6th Av., seventh floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Looking at all wool suits, $16.50 to $22.50, all week, beginning Monday, Aug. 19, mornings only. Syndicate Trading Co., Ready-to-Wear Department, 200 5th Av.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Spot cash, any quantity. Farragut 5154.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of black and navy taffetas for spot cash. J. Blumenthal & Brother, 14 West 24th st.

TAFFETA BLACK SILK Wanted. — Any quantity, at price. Fancy Waist, 143 West 30th.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—All shades, for cash. Franco-American Dress Co., 50 West 22d St.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Walworth, F. & H., and Garfield. Madison Square 8390.

TWEEDS Wanted. — Fisher-Kennedy 1800s and 3400s, lowest cash prices. 6424 Gramercy.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Coatings and suitings. S. Miller, Hotel Latham.

UNDERWEAR, SHIRTWAISTS Wanted.—Ladies' job lots, all kinds. Telephone Rector 6031.

VELOURS Wanted.—Burgundies only; American heavy weight or Saxonia; any quantity; also Strook's zibelines, all colors; pay best market price. Greeley 4582. Piece Goods Department.

VELOURS Wanted.—K 544; will buy or exchange any color, broadcloth for taupe, brown, also American poplin. Merit, Greeley 1121.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, all colors, at a price; quantity. Greeley 8133. Piece Goods Department.

VELOURS Wanted.—Highest prices for 544, 13009 taupe and burgundy. Madison Square 8578.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will exchange reindeer F. & H. velour for other color. Gramercy 980.

VELOURS Wanted.—Peking Oxford No. 87, at price. Madison Square 2439, Ext. 2.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 Pekin or similar grades. Farragut 257.

VELOURS Wanted.—American style 032. Phone Farragut 3885.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Open for quantity 24 and 27 inch twill back, all colors. Call 23 East 26th St., Roop 1111.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Black only; quantity. Franklin 1774.

WANTED.—New materials for our middy blouses and smocks. Abe Millman, successor to Bloom & Millman, 20 West 32d.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Any quantity, will buy for cash, Spring or Fall shades, poplins, velours, mixtures, silvertones, serges, tricotines, broadcloths and checks. F. H., 123 Times.

WOOLENS AND SILKS wanted in job lots, at a price. Call with samples. Commercial S lea Co., 404 4th Av.

WOOL GABARDINE AND VOILE Wanted.—54 inches. Export Department, General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th St.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—100 pieces, dress weight, all shades. Leo Finkenberg, Inc., 135-9 West 29th. Farragut 6216.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All colors; highest prices spot cash on delivery. Marion Dress Co., 2-16 West 38d St.

WOOL PLAIDS Wanted.—Jamestown 5882, assorted colors, immediate delivery. Madison Square 4360.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All shades, for cash. Juanita, 114 West 27th. Fed. 3093.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted.—Any quantity, for cash. Perlman & Tiffany, Chelsea 330.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted. — Open for velveteens. Monarch Dress, 6-8 East 27th.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All colors; quantity no object. Princess, 19 West 24th.

YALAMA Wanted.—Plum and navy. Madison Square 3091.

YARN Wanted.—Qu ntity 2-30 and 2-18 or 2-28 and 2-32 worsted yarn; quarter-blood oil or colors. Franklin 5945.

$100 REWARD.

A reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person publishing an advertisement in The Times containing false or misleading information.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES.—Will sell 10 dozen men's Indians and plaids, cheap. Gramercy 2871.

BELDING SATIN.—Quality 178, all shades, $1.05. Mad. Sq. 9258.

BOTANY BROADCLOTH, No. 315; color X777 cranberry, three pieces; color X579 burgundy, four pieces; color XX771 taupe, two pieces, at $3.50 net. The John Anisfield Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, and Columbia, all shades. Halden & Leonard Bolivia. Madison Square 7950.

BROADCLOTHS, Velours, and Serges.—Will sell cheap for cash. F. Bernsweig, 1,121 Broadway. Farragut 8946.

BROAD CLOTH.—Stevens, 50 inches, 18 navy, 9 black, 4 green, and plum; $2.90 net cash. Farragut 9142.

BROADCLOTH. — Columbia; good assortment; $3.25 net, cash. Phone Madison Square 8206.

BROADCLOTH, all colors; also duvet de laine and velours. Farragut 5759.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315; also velours, poplins, serge, and Panamas. Stuyv. 3335.

BROADCLOTH. — Botany 315, F. & H., Stroma 7022. Gramercy 4404.

BURELLA.—American 0310 and all kinds of velours, and also American serge. Farr. 2661.

BURELLA.—Andrews 5077, all colors, green poplin. Madison Square 6375.

BURELLAS.—All shades; also American pom pom, No. 0816. Madison Square 1080.

BURELLA.—Brightwood 4050, black, $1.60 net. Farragut 3678.

CHARMEUSE.—Good assortment; will sell any one color if wanted. Mad. Sq. 684.

CHEVIOTS.—Flagler's 1500 and 24, Kessel's 500, Stoney & Barker 21, 2200, 1700, all colors, below market price. Greeley 4582. Piece Goods Department.

CHEVIOTS.—¾ goods, all shades; also black thibets. Stuyvesant 1624.

CHIFFON VELVET.—High shades, 42 inches, silk back. Madison Square 7950.

CHINCHILLAS.—French & Ward A B C, 20 pieces, gray and navy, 52 inch, $1.20 net. Gramercy 2871.

CLOTH.—Black w 98, about 20 pcs., cheap; also burellas. Chelsea 2745.

COATEES AND STOLES, plushes, Keramí, Behring seal, and all fur effects. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATS.—Velour, broadcloth, 300 best styles and shades, fur trimmed, silk lined; reasonable. Schwartz & Schaffer, 13 West 17th. Farragut 6272.

COATS, 400 wool velour, fur collar, all lined, $14.50; also jobs on hand; immediate delivery. Rubin & Horowitz, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Silvertones, broadcloth, velours, and plushes; very fine selection at a low price. J. Lesser, 47 W. 34th St.

COATS.—200 coats and suits of the better grade to close out at sacrifice. 1,170 Broadway, Room 600.

COATS.—1,000 silk and cotton plush, also velour; ready for immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th St.

COATS AND DRESSES.—Newest Fall models; wonderful bargain for special sale. Immanuel, 433 West 37th St.

COATS.—Plush coats of the better kind; reasonable prices. A. L. Schulman, 27-33 West 20th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—For immediate delivery; also jobs. Wechsler, 279 5th Ave.

COATS.—1,000 wool velours, assorted styles, 4 to 14, $13.75 and $16.75. Wm. Wolf, 36th.

COATS.—Children's coats, immediate delivery. Goldfinger & Friedman, 34 East 3d St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stouts, at popular prices Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—All-wool velour, half-lined, $13.75. Chel. 976.

COTTON CREPE, Jap, 36 inches, large quantity, plain colors; also good assortment of satin venetians, quantity 50 pieces; also 17,000 yards of colored handkerchief linenes; attractive prices. Phone Mr. Schwartz, Main 8632.

COTTON PLUSHES.—Pearson's mercerized 8041, black and colors; also pom pom, American 12075, all colors, below market price Greeley 4582. Piece Goods Department.

COTTON FLANNEL.—Various weights; will sacrifice. Madison Square 8832.

COTTON PLUSH.—50-54 inches, wide wale corduroy, H. Gold, Spring 9694.

COTTON VELVETS.—Various qualities, 56 and 64 inches, all shades. Gramercy 2871.

DRESSES of all wool jersey, $9.75 to $18.50; of all wool, French made, pleated and embroidered, $6.90 to $15; immediate delivery. Mariette Dresses, 30 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Beautiful models in high-grade satins and serges at prices that can't be duplicated, for commercial delivery. Klit Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—We have our line of children's dresses ready for the jobbing trade; look us over for our mutual benefit. David Harris Sons, 38 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Better kind of novelty voiles, org ndies, Anderson's, Scotch; also imported ginghams; special prices. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Pure silk fibre tricolette dresses, $18.75 up; also all wool jersey and serge dresses for immediate delivery. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in satins, serges, jerseys, from $6.50 to $10.75; immediate delivery. Loeb-Nussbaum, 31 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Job of Georgette and satin dresses at a price. 14 West 17th, 8th floor.

DRESSES.—500 dresses for immediate delivery, satin, serges, jerseys, at a low price. 12 West 17th, 8th floor. 4776 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—Special offering in 2,000 silk, taffeta, satin, and serge; snappy styles. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Job of silk dresses to close out; satins of latest models at a price. Royal Wear Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—300 beaded georgette; close out; large sizes, in all materials, always on hand. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—To close out, cotton and serge, at a sacrifice price. Wellmade Dress and Costume Co., 13 East 16th.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

DRESSES, jerseys, serges, satins, clever styles; right prices. Vendome Costume Co., 142 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—Satins, jerseys, serges, incidding stouts; values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, satins; immediate delivery; wonderful values. London Apparel Co., 22 West 15th St.

DRESSES.—Georgette and satin; high-grade merchandise at a price. J. Lesser, 47 W. 34th St.

DRESSES.—6-14 gingham and crash, $9 to $15.50 doz., spot delivery. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d St.

DRESSES.—Job 250 cotton French serge, to close out cheap. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES, satin; close out reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLINS, American 90610 and others; also 11433 serge. Farragut 5750.

DRESSES.—100 good serge and satin dresses to close out. Irene Dress, 36 East 22d St.

DRESSES.—Jersey serge satin, georgettes, $10.75 up. Annetta, 111 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75 all wool French serge dresses. Queen, 140 West 36th.

DRESSES.—See our all-wool serge dresses at $7.75. Nivel, 151 West 86th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, and serges to close out. Queen, 140 West 36th.

DRESSES, gingham and voile, close out. Tip Top, 134 West 37th St.

DRESSES.—Job of 100 satin, serge dresses sacrificed. Room 404, 1,182 Broadway.

DUVET DE LAINES, botany and F. & H.; also 0636 serge. Farragut 5750.

GEORGETTE.—Quality ivory and flesh, $1.10. Export Sales Co., 135 5th Av. Gramercy 4190.

GINGHAM.—Bates, 4,500 yards plaids and checks, desirable patterns; also two cases 68x72 muslin, net 30 days. Abe Millman, successor to Bloom & Millman, 50 West 17th St. Chelsea 8858.

GINGHAM.—Waverly, 10 original cases, assorted blue checked; price 22c cash. C. A., 273 Times Down own.

GINGHAM.—Waverly, 6 cases stripes, 4 cases plain blue, at 20c per yd. L 612 Times Downtown.

GINGHAMS.—Clarence Whitman's World's Zephyrs; 200 pieces at sacrifice. B 252 Times.

IMPORTED VENETIAN LINING for sale, 32 inches. Farragut 2657.

JERSEYS.—Wool, in shades, to close at $2.25. 9000 Farragut.

KERSEYS.—Julliard's 110, $3.40; Botany broadcloth, taupe, brown, &c., $3.35. Madison Square 1520.

KHAKI.—Cloth for sale; 7 pieces, 54 inches wide; sponged and examined; price $1.65 net cash. Kaufman Bros., 122 W. 26th St.

KITTEN'S EAR.—Julliard's 2085, black, $3.75 net. Farragut 3018.

OUTING FLANNEL.—Large quantities outing flannel, ginghams, and percales below market price. Georgia Textile Mills, Inc., 385 Broadway. Tel. 3503 Franklin.

OXFORDS, Serges, Velours, Poplins, &c., to cutting-up trade; also leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av., Mad. Sq. 203.

OXFORDS Julliards 2086, Julliards Kitten Ear 2085. Madison Square 7950.

PANAMA.—Amoskeag, 50-inch, all wool, $1.65 net. Murray Hill 6799.

PANAMAS, 100 pieces, navy and black, S. P. A. 228. Gramercy 6544.

PEAU DE CYGNE.—Plain and striped, all colors, $1.07½. Elite Silk Fabric Mills Works, 303 5th Av. Madison Square 6942.

POM POM.—American 12075 at $3 net; navy 10, black 9, taupe 4, burgundy 1, brown 1. The Keller-Kohn Co., Cleveland.

POM POMS.—Will close out American 0816, brown, $5.10. Madison Square 1520.

POPLINS.—36 inches wide, silk and cotton, high lustre, all colors, immediate delivery, 92½ cents. Republic Textile, 244 5th Av. Madison Square 1504.

POPLINS—Saxonia, Seide-Jolesch, Lorraine Gabardines, 09070, 0609, Storm Serges. Greeley 1121.

POPLIN, $2.15; panama, $1.10; serges, $1.05; cheap; call immediately. Chelsea 9192.

POPLINS.—Brightwood 4016, Dobson 568, Scotia 0302, American 6000½. Gramercy 4401.

POPLINS.—American 90610, navy; cash. Farragut 3378.

POPLIN.—503 Dobson's; original tickets; 50 pieces navy, cheap for cash. Canal 9647.

SATEEN.—Have 100 pieces 36 in. black sateen, 32½c; 100 pieces 44 in. cotton serge, 42½c; 30,000 yards 27 in. Homewood blue chambray, 21½c, to sell. Merchants' Textile Exchange, 147 North 12th St., Philadelphia.

SATEENS in the grey Farish make, 64x72, 36½c., $5.25; 45,000 yards immediate delivery; 43,000 yards September delivery. Telephone 3640 Madison Square.

SATINS.—40 inches, good assortment, navy, black, and taupe, 35 pieces. Hyman W. Ginsberg, 25 West 31st St.

SERGES.—All shades, 54289, 104, 1404, 528, 7120, Jamestown 9302, Para 10433; also velours, kerseys, broadcloths, poplins, Panamas, and big variety fancy skirtings, plaids, stripes, and checks. Henry Samson, 650 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES, 36-inch cotton warp, 4050 and G. 4, mostly navy and black; also 54-inch Oxfords, khaki, and tricotine. Newport Mills, 215 4th Av.

SERGES.—All wool and cotton warps, 1717, 1210, 2654, 3650, K. S. XX, 9058, 9288, 3702, 0696, 09070, 838. Telephone Gramercy 2001-2002.

SERGES. — 8135, 1210, 7002, 41-1, 2002 velveteens; 680 Julliard's. Stuyvesant 2153. Freidberg.

SERGES.—WFX 4421, 4061, 4408, 3674, XX, CFC, and others; also Julliards, 40 and 48 inch plaids, on regular terms. Farr. 2591.

SERGES, 1404, 3850, 4032, 9, 99, 0600, 800, 11433, 0656, 7008, 7302, broadcloth, velours, poplins; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES. — 20 pieces 764 botany, original tickets, cheap for cash. Phone Canal 9617.

SERGE.—7120, 54289; one hundred pieces, each $2 a yard. 1337 Gramercy.

SERGE.—11433 Botany, 80 navy, 6 tan, 5 brown, $2.40 cash. Gram 3614.

SERGE.—0696 American, $2.47½ net. Phone 3588 Madison Square.

SERGES.—American 09070, navy, reasonable price. Farragut 852.

SERGES, 0636, 2 pieces, black, best class offer accepted. Farragut 5173.

SERGES.—6120, cheap; also other serges. Levy. Stuyvesant 3327.

SILKS of every description for the dress, waist, underwear, and retail trade, for immediate delivery; buyers are invited to call at our showrooms; lowest prices. M. Marks Emanuel, 433 West 37th St.

SILKS.—Fancy poplin linings, to close out. Madison Square 7950.

SILK NETS, 72-inch black and colors, special price. Export Sales Co., 135 5th Av. Gramercy 4190.

SILVERTONES. — Sell cheap; Lausser's brown, burgundy, green; Andrews's brown. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES and PLUSHES to close out, call 1,133 Broadway, 13th floor, Room 1307. Farr. 5920.

SILVERTONES. — Holden-Leonard silvertones for sale. I. Arbus & Sons, Farragut 3334.

SILVERTONES and Forstmann & Hoffmann duvet de laine. Madison Square 8215.

SILVERTONES for immediate delivery, all colors. Madison Square 9087.

SILVERTONES. — All shades. Madison Square 8930.

SKIRTS.—Woolen and silk; close out; Fall line, complete, $3.75 up. Pioneer Skirt Co., 3 West 20th St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Finest quality "O," $2.25 per gross. B 243 Times.

SOL. SATIN, 32 inch, quantity of black; will sell at a price. Farragut 3758.

SUITS.—Hirschorn Bros., 12 West 27th, Farragut 2389, are showing suits for $10.90 and $16.50 that cannot be beat; don't fail to see their six new numbers; coolest showroom.

SUITS.—American Woolen Co.'s all-wool poplin suits, nicely trimmed, $13.75. Abraham-Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

SUITS.—Broadcloth, poplins, and serges; new models at a low price. J Lesser, 47 W. 34th St.

SUITS.—American poplin suits, Venetian lined; $11.75 up. Excello, 142 West 24th.

SUITS, job 25 poplins, to close out; very reasonable. Ulius Bros., 37 West 32d St.

SUITS AND COATS (200).—To close out cheap. 1170 Bway, room 407.

TAFFETAS.—All colors; reasonable. Republic Textile, 244 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 1503.

TRICOTINE. — Garfield 4718, taupe, $3.35; 4066 gabardines, taupe, $2.85. Madison Square 1520.

VELOURS, poplins, and broadcloths, H. W. F. 767, 5866, 4281, 11050, 0360, 7022; also 36 and 54 inch all wool and cotton warp Panamas, brown, lightweight jerseys. Gramercy 2091.

VELOURS.—American 0360, all shades; De Lands 4900, 255, Lawrence 621, Grant's, S. Kelly's 3000, all colors, below market price. Greeley 4582. Piece Goods Department.

VELOUR.—American 0360, 15020, 12075, 09070, all colors; also Grant S. Kelley 3000; also Cox & Schreiber heavy weight velour, below market price. Farragut 9408.

VELOURS.—American 0360, Stevens 5990, all shades, $3.25 net cash. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight burgundy, taupe; quantities; immediate delivery. Quaker Woolen Mills, Gramercy 2118.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight 14 Coating, Flagler's, below cost. Mad. Sq. 2096.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

VELOURS.—0360 and F. & H., original tickets; taupe, burgundy, and plum; also heavyweight velours, 4 navy, 3 brown; cheap for cash. Canal 9617.

VELOUR, American 032 and 0360, in all shades, and Holmes Black River kersey, 28 ounces, 7 navy, 1 brown, for cash. Gramercy 3236.

VELOURS—Parker Wilder W102, W125, Stoney Starkey 305, 2270, Valentine 110, Kelley 3000, 701, ¾-goods. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS. — American 13049, green, $3.20; K 544, green, $3.40; F. & H. rose, taupe velour, Shade 858, $3.40. Madison Sq. 1520.

VELOUR BROADCLOTH COATS, fur trimmed; close out cheap. Bruckner & Brill, 24 East 12th.

VELOURS.—F. & H., all shades. Nat Gottlieb. Farragut 5170.

VELVETEEN.—Twill back, Worrall dye, all shades, quality F. P. M., 27 inches wide. Madison Square 2322.

VELVETEEN.—Twill back, 27-inch Worral dye, in all colors, for immediate delivery. Hyman Bauman & Co., 93 5th Av.

VELVETEENS.—English worrall dye, all widths, all colors, straight and twill backs. Phone Gramercy 3445.

VELVETEENS.—Stockdale for English manufacturer. Jaffe, 374 Broadway. Gramercy 3734.

VELVETEENS.—36-inch Jullliards, quality 660; cheap. Mad. Square 9656. Kramer.

VELVETEENS.—27 inches, twill back, all colors, $1.25. Republic Textile, 244 5th Av.

VENETIANS and Yarn Dyed Satin for sale, in colors. Farragut 554.

VENETIANS.—Hyde's black Dura satin, 36 inch, 65c net. Farr. 2357.

WAISTS.—2,000 dozen voiles, organdies, and striped novelties at $9.50 a dozen; also big bargains in silk waists. Belmore Waist Co., 24 West 24th St.

WASH DRESSES.—Job, values up to $5, for sale at a price. 1,161 Broadway, Room 307. Chelsea 7389.

WOOL JERSEYS.—Will exchange beige for other dark shades Annetta. Far. 3093.

YARN DYE SATIN.—Cotton back, good quality; in black, navy, brown, green, and taupe; immediate delivery; also all kinds of fancy linings, prints, stripes, and plaids. Monroe Silk Mills, A. Israel, 127 West 26th St. Farragut 4197-8-9.

Contracts Offered.

Contractors on Georgette waists; large quantities to right people; steady work. B 201 Times.

Allied Industries.

Elegant oak showcase, with drawers; suitable any line; dimensions 21x78x87 ft. Mode, 35 East 20th St. Gramercy 2864.

NEEDLES.—Hand sewing, English, sizes 5 to 9 solid; million in stock. Telephone Rector 6534.

NEEDLES Wanted.—Hand sewing, any quantity, quality, brand, size; cash. Hanover 972.

SEWING MACHINES AND MOTORS Wanted.—1,000 machines. Address J. Weinberg, 128 West 30th St.

Help Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady understanding controlling accounts and capable to take full charge wanted by coat and suit house; only those not afraid of work need apply; state full experience and salary desired. Z 237 Times Annex.

BUYER for knit goods, towels, and dry goods department wanted by large wholesale house; must have experience and possess executive ability to be eligible. Berg Bros., 478 Broadway.

BUYER for notions and small wares wanted by large wholesale house; must have experience and possess executive ability to be eligible. Berg Brothers, 478 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted, men's neckwear, who has a large following with wholesale dry goods houses; state territory you travel; commission basis. B 244 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Only those who have had experience in ladies' apparel line need apply. Lindenman, Gross & Hindes, 15 East 26th St.

TEXTILES.—Wanted, a man, draft exempt, thoroughly acquainted with the production and manufacture of textiles of this country, especially cotton goods, yarns, and knit goods; we prefer a man with experience in cotton converting and sampling work; good position for the right party in large concern; state full details and complete record. A 696 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with knowledge of silks, to act as assistant buyer. Pressman & Oppenheimer, 423 4th Ave.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN wants lines for household goods, electrical and hardware trade, to sell on Pacific Coas t. L 556 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN traveling Middle West number of years, with large following, wants good dress line; straight commission. S 77 Times.

SALESMAN wants novelty and ready-to-wear lines, Pacific Coast. L 555 Times Downtown.

$100 REWARD.

A reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person publishing an advertisement in The Times containing false or misleading information.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 per cent. for the best names
Saturday .....6 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Asks Who Has the Cloth.

"There are a great many buyers of men's wear fabrics from all over the country," said an authority in this trade yesterday, "who come to market for additional Fall materials or for Spring goods and are forced to return home without having obtained so much as a yard of cloth. One of our old customers came in here this morning and literally begged me for just a few yards of anything at almost any price. He said he had tried every mill and wholesaler in the city that he knew of and that they had long ago been cleaned out. Of course, we are in the same position. There may be, as Washington says, enough cloth made up to last the civilian trade for a year, but I would like to know who has it."

***

Gray Goods Market Quiet.

There was comparative quiite in the local gray goods market yesterday. Though there is reported to be a good demand for twills, jeans, drills and heavy weight sheetings, none of these is obtainable in any quantities, even second hands having little or nothing to offer. In printcloths there was some trading from first hands in 38½-inch, 64-60s at 10¼ cents, the Government price. A little business also developed in 38½-inch 64-60s at 15½ cents, which is the Government figure for this construction. About the only business done by second hands was in 36-inch 48 squares and in 36-inch

GOVERNMENT MAY TAKE POWER PLANTS

Bill Introduced with President's Indorsement Provides for Building of New Facilities.

$200,000,000 APPROPRIATION

Construction at Mines Planned to Save Haulage—Hearings on Plan Begin Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—A bill introduced in the House today by Representative Thetus W. Sims of Tennessee, would give authority to take over all power plants in the United States, whether steam, electrical, or hydraulic, and to control them for the period of the war. Representative Sims said the bill was prepared by experts of the War Industries Board, and was indorsed by President Wilson, Secretary Baker, and heads of boards directing conservation and war activities.

The bill carries an initial appropriation of $200,000,000 for acquiring power plants. A large portion of this would be used to build or acquire power plants at the mouths of coal mines. Refuse coal would be used for fuel and electric power transmitted to factories doing war work.

Representative Sims said that the Administration was anxious to have the bill passed speedily. Hearings will be held, starting on Wednesday, at which Secretary Baker and the heads of the Shipping Board and War Industries Board will appear.

"We are facing a power shortage which is acute, and has been for a long time," said Mr. Sims in a formal statement accompanying the bill. "This shortage is hampering our program of essential war production and this measure authorizing the President to erect superpower stations at the coal mines and other places where he may deem them necessary, or to extend financial aid to persons and corporations about to do so, is designed to obtain results of tremendous immediate and ultimate value to America.

"It is introduced with the indorsement of the Administration, has been most carefully prepared, has been considered in conference with executive officers of the Government and representatives of the great power companies, and is indorsed by all of them.

"This bill must not be understood as in any sense taking the place of the Water Power bill now before the House. What is planned is to confer upon the President all necessary power to deal with our urgent power situation promptly and effectively, and to place at his disposal adequate funds with which to begin operations."

Four pressing military needs for the enactment of this legislation were defined by Representative Sims, as follows: Increased production of power available for war industries in shipyards; economy in the consumption of fuel; reduction in the railroad freight load, especially in the fuel load; increased production of metallurgical coke, ammoniacal liquor, all recovered from coal.

The bill provides "that the President may construct or acquire power plants and transmission lines, and incidental property necessary for the production of material and commodities essential to the national defense." He is empowered either to take over privately owned power plants or to advance funds from the appropriation to assist in their private operation. The measure specifies further that the power to construct or acquire any power plant, transmission lines or incidental property shall terminate at the end of the war, and that the power to operate and maintain the plants shall continue only for such time as the President shall deem necessary for the public interest.

Compensation when the plants are taken over is to be fixed by the President. In the event of a dispute, 75 per cent. of the amount fixed by the President shall be paid, and the owner has the right to sue for the remainder in dispute.

STAMP TAXES INTERPRETED.

Collector Gets an Explanation from Washington to Aid Stockholders.

William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second, or Wall Street District, yesterday received from Commissioner Daniel C. Roper in Washington a comprehensive interpretation of the stamp taxes as they apply to certificates and transfers of stock. It is shown, for instance, that the tax on the issue of capital stock attaches to the issue of certificates of stock representing stock never before issued, no matter when authorized. The tax applies to the issue of certificates of shares in co-called Massachusetts trusts and other unincorporated associations.

It is pointed out that the tax on the transfer of capital stock attaches to sales of transfers of stock, whether ro not represented by certificates. Furthermore, the tax on the issue of capital stock attaches to the issue of preferred and common stock, upon a reorganization of a corporation under Section 24 of the New York Stock Corporation law for the purpose of issuing stock without par value, but the tax on transfers of stock is inapplicable to the surrender of old stock in exchange for new stock pursuant to such reorganization.

The Commissioner rules that the stamp tax, whether on issue or on transfer, is measured, not by the amount paid in, on, or for, the stock, but by the face or par value in the case of shares having a face or par value, and by the actual value, determined by the market price or otherwise, in the case of shares having no face or par value but an actual value in excess of $100 a share.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABBEVILLE, S. C.—Hadden & Wilson; W. D. Wilson, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 34th; Collingwood.
AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill Co.; Miss A. B. Dalton, silk dresses; 31 W. 26th.
ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Bros.; J. Scheeline, clothing; 23 E. 26th.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; Mr. Epstein, suits; 37 W. 26th.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Holzheimer & Shaul; Miss M. C. Thomas, laces, 1,250 B'way; Hyman.
AMSTERDAM—Max Gray; M. Gray, coats, suits; Miss P. Cohen, waists; R. Gray, dresses; Continental.
ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; W. H. Rich, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; A. Kahanow, dress goods, silks; 353 4th Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—L. & L. Mfg. Co.; I. Lipschutz, cotton goods; Grand.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.; W. H. Allen, dress goods, silks, velvets; B. Davison, mdse. mgr.; 1,150 B'way; Woodward.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; R. B. Smith, leather goods, books, stationery; 23 East 20th.
AUSTIN, Texas—M. Frank, general mdse.; Grand.
BALTIMORE—M. L. Bloom & Co.; M. L. Bloom, skirtings; Breslin.
BAY CITY, Mich.—Hawley D. G. Co.; S. C. Musical, dress goods, silks, notions, jewelry; Flanders.
BENNINGTON, Vt.—M. Lurie & Co.; Mr. Miller, dresses; 37 W. 26th.
BILLINGS, Mon.—Roe D. G. Co.; D. Roe, ready-to-wear, general mdse; 44 East 23d.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros. & Weiden Co.; Mrs. D. H. Raymond, coats, suits; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Caheen Bros.; A. T. Sumner, white goods; 1,150 B'way.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; F. E. Lee, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Mr. Cohen, jobs dresses, wash skirts; Miss E. Kettner, muslin underwear, infants' wear, house dresses; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—H. H. White Co.; U. D. Slocum, furs; 470 4th Av.; Lath m.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; A. G. Sanborn, silks; W. G. Myers, waists, sweaters; W. F. Varnum, boys' clothing; C. Sweeney, general mdse.; R. J. Trimple, petticoats, cotton underwear; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts; 432 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; H. C. Henkel, furniture; G. L. Hooley, housefurn. goods, china; Mrs. E. Keeney, art goods; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; F. Brost, lighting fixtures; B. E. Evans, house furn. goods, china; 2 W. 37th.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's"; Miss Holt, coats, suits, skirts; E. I. Levy, jewelry, leather goods; 277 5th Av.
CHICAGO—The Fair; H. A. Levy, ladies', misses', children's clothing, basement; F. Wise, fancy goods, linens, pillow tops; J. Godfrey, men's, boys' clothing; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; H. W. Hoch, G. H. Kettlewell, wbrk clothing; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; D. C. Litt, carpets, rugs; W. G. Speeri, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; Miss Carey, muslin underwear; 105 Grand.
CHICAGO—Wurzburger Bros.; J. Wurzburger, hosiery, underwear; Breslin.
CHICAGO—E. Eisinger & Co.; W. Brodkoeb, notions, furn. goods; 258 Church.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; A. J. Hoelscher, coats, suits; 309 4th Av.
CHICAGO—A. Weiss & Co.; A. Weiss, waists, dress materials; Holland House.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—J. Shillito Co.; C. W. Sprowls, house furn. goods; 432 4th Av.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—The McAlpin Co.; J. F. Hoppen, linens; 23 E. 26th.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; Mr. Hartenian, Oriental rugs; 350 B'way.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. H. Frost, domestics; 116 West 32d.
CINCINNATI—Ettlinger Co.; M. Rosenberg, women's garments; Majestic.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. Backmeyer, hosiery, women's knit underwear; 116 West 32d.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; H. R. Tyroler, general mdse.; Miss Altfeld, dresses; Mr. Gerber, laces; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss Vincent, waists; 37 West 26th.
CLEVELAND—J. Brock & Co.; J. Brock, skirts, dresses; Breslin.
COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—Kaufman & Co.; B. S. Kaufman, coats, suits, furn. goods; 621 B'way.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; M. Kridel, waists, house dresses, muslin underwear; 225 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Z. L. White Co.; J. G. Likes, jewelry, leather goods; Imperial.
COLUMBUS, Miss.—Kaufman Brothers; Mr. Kaufman, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.
CONCORD, N. C.—Parks-Belk Co.; J. G. Parks, G. G. Rubenhauer, R. M. Block, general mdse.; 116 West 32d; Aberdeen.
CONNELLSVILLE, Penn.—H. Kobacher & Sons; Mr. Kobacher, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.
CORINTH, Miss.—A. Rubel Co.; S. Rubel, notions, cloaks, laces; 43 Leonard.
DAYTON, Ohio—O. & H. Margolis; H. Margolis, furn. goods; Breslin.
DES MOINES, Iowa—J. Mandelbaum & Sons, Inc.; G. E. Smith, silks, dress goods; 105 Grand.
DETROIT—The J. L. Hudson Co.; Mrs. Morris, leather goods, stationery; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. Burrows, skirts, dresses; Breslin.
DETROIT—La Mode Shop; M. S. Kraus, waists, dresses, skirts; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—Kline Garment Co.; Mrs. Brooks, dresses; 404 4th Av.
DILLON, S. C.—M. Fass, coats, suits; 1,178 B'way.
EL PASO, Texas—H. Rosenberg, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
FITZGERALD, Ga.—H. Garber Co.; H. Garber, general mdse.; Grand.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Rurode D. G. Co.; C. M. Mills, domestics, ribbons, infants' wear; 44 E. 23d.; Flanders.
FRESNO, Cal.—Radin & Kamp; T. H. Conners, coats, suits, dresses, infants', children's wear; 404 4th Av.; Holland House.
GALVESTON, Texas—Garbade, Ehland & Co.; H. A. Elband, silks, wool and cotton dress goods; general mdse.; 1,170 B'way.
GRAFTON, W. Va.—W. Archdeacon Co.; W. Archdeacon, men's, boys' clothing; Wallick.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Wuraberg D. G. Co.; S. Stroup, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; H. T. Stemon, housefurn. goods; 1,170 Broadway; York.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Friedman-Spring D. G. Co.; W. R. Wittenberg, notions, leather goods; G. G. Sergeant, dry goods; 1,150 B'way.
GREENSBORO, N. C.—McLean Co.; C. C. McLean, general mdse.; St. Andrew's.
GREENVILLE, S. C.—R. M. Varnon Dept. Store; R. M. Varnon, ready-to-wear millinery; Aberdeen.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss I. C. Schaeffer, corsets, muslin underwear; 250 5th Av.
HAVERFORD, Penn.—S. S. Allen & Co.; J. J. Egan, hosiery, gloves, underwear; F. J. Killian, representing; 404 4th Av.
HOMESTEAD, Penn.—Lasbusky Dept. Store; J. Lasbusky, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
HONOLULU, Hawaii—McInerny, Ltd.; A. I. Silva, furn. goods; Prince George.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Babcock & Davidson; Mr. Davidson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
HOUMA, La.—L. Heyman; millinery; 43 Leon rd.
HOUSTON, Texas—Foley Brothers D. G. Co.; H. C. Dollahite, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
INDIANAPOLIS—National Importing & Mfg. Co.; R. M. Buchanan, china; Imperial.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Pettis D. G. Co.; C. B. Howard, upholstery goods; 250 5th Av.; Great Northern.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss S. Parish, bloomers, petticoats; Miss F. Brice, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.
JACKSONVILLE—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; A. Faust, notions, fancy goods; 353 4th Av.
JONESBORO, Ark.—Heineman Dry Goods Co.; Mr. Heineman, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—G. Bernheimer Bros. & Co.; L. J. Schiff, children's, misses' furs; 7 W. 22d.
KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak & Suit Co.; Mrs. Schulz, dresses; 404 4th Av.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—M. M. Newcomber Co.; N. W. Pugh, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,230 Broadway.
LANCASTER—Leinbach & Co.; C. Simmons, millinery; 34 W. 32d.
LAWRENCE, Mass.—Maston Garment Shop; S. Samuels; Prince George.
LEXINGTON, Ky.—Wolf-Wile Co.; G. G. Wilson, linens; 116 W. 32d; Latham.
LEXINGTON, Ky.—J. D. Purcell Co.; K. D. Denniston, house furn. goods; 1,230 B'way; Grand.
LOCKHAVEN—Klewans's Dept. Store; B. Klewans, gen. mdse.; Latham.
LOS ANGELES—"Bullock's"; F. E. Bacon, silks; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—Geuiter D. G. Co.; J. Kelly, domestics, linens; 1,170 B'way; Collingwood.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Herman Strauss & Sons Co.; A. J. Strauss, ready-to-wear, jobs skirts, silk plaited hosiery; 1,133 B'way.
LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss Opdyke, underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 2 W. 37th.
LOUISVILLE—Durand-Perry Co.; E. Perry, ready-to-wear; Latham.
LUMBERTON, N. C.—R. D. Caldwell & Son; Miss A. Lindauer, millinery; Marlborough.
MANKATO, Minn.—Fisher Clothing Co.; G. Fisher, clothing; McAlpin.
MARION, Ind.—Pair Sex Apparel Shop; A. W. Dorfman, ready-to-wear, silk, silk fibre hosiery, jobs sport skirts, jersey dresses; 1,133 B'way.
MARION, Ind.—Boston Big Store; E. S. Kinnear, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; M. J. Starr, millinery; 1,150 B'way; Imperial.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Wrubels'; Miss R. Wrubels, ladies' wear; Park Av.
MILWAUKEE—E. Schuster & Co.; C. G. Odell, laces, neckwear, gloves, ribbons; 404 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS — Powers Mercantile Co.; Mrs. K. Austin, waists, muslin underwear, 2 W. 37th.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Mr. Fisher, toilet goods; 250 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; O. W. Rector, coats, suits; 2 West 37th.
MOBILE, Ala.—L. Hammel D. G. Co.; J. Hammel, domestics, blankets, coats, suits, waists; 1,150 B'way.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Montgomery Fair; Mrs. J. Harp, millinery; H. Danziger, representing; 23 E. 26th.
MONTREAL—D. Jackel, dress trimmings, novelties; 6th floor, 42 East 14th.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—W. S. Riddle Notion Co.; P. Riddle, white goods, notions, furn. goods; Flanders.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—The Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; Miss K. A. Bentley, gloves, umbrellas; E. Zeller, art embroideries, stationery, books, notions, toilet goods; 203 E. 26th.
NEWARK, Ohio—A. Schiff, dry goods; Imperial.
NEW ORLEANS—Kreeger Stores; Miss M. L. Kreeger, millinery; 1,140 B'way.
NEW ORLEANS—C. A. Kaufman Co.; A. Marx, fancy goods, notions; 116 West 32d.
NEW ORLEANS—Kreeger's; F. C. Kreeger, coats, suits; Collingwood.
NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Rettew & Clay; T. H. Motz, Jr., furn. goods, hosiery; 23 E. 26th.
NORFOLK, Va.—The Spot; Mr. Emanuel, georgette waists; 1,178 B'way.
NORFOLK, Va.—D. Sumler, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; York.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; D. D. Newman, millinery; 404 4th Av.
PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; I. Martin, bargain basement; 1,133 B'way.
PERU, Ind.—Peru Mercantile Co.; F. W. Senger, dry goods; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; Miss Korman, Fall skirts, white corduroy; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; G. Levy, Fall suits; Miss Ransdorf, dresses; M. Hirsch, Fall skirts, waists; 470 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; Miss Mulvey, misses' silk, serge dresses; 230 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Feldman, Kohn & Co.; H. Feldman, waists, dresses; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—Ulman Bros.; B. H. Ulman, skirtings; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Lowenstein & Granich; S. H. Lowenstein, woolens; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Frank & Co.; M. Frank, children's cloakings; 1,182 B'way; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Gross & Co.; M. Gross, suitings; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Gross Bros.; I. Gross, silks; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Cravis & Sons; J. Cravis, mfg. cloaks, suits; 33 West 34th; Collingwood.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. Norwick, piece goods; 1,182 B'way; Aberdeen.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; Miss Hats v. dresses; 1,201 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. Cohen, jobs wool jersey, silk, serge dresses; Mrs. Clancy, waists; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; S. G. Kerngood, millinery; 1,201 B'way.
PITTSBURGH — Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss Flatow, dresses; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—American Trouser Co.; J. W. Goldbloom, trouserings; Wallick.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; A. C. Foster, blankets, 470 4th Av.; Wallick.
PITTSBURGH—M. A. Berman & Co.; M. A. Berman, furn. goods; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufman & Baer Co.; S. Kordon, jobs underwear, corsets, negligees; Mr. Hornberger, talking machines; F. Kornfelder, house furn. goods; Miss F. Looby, dresses; L. Ferber, millinery; H. J. Katzman, jersey dresses; 404 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; G. A. Hinkley, notions; Miss Coyne, jewelry; 432 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; C. M. Billings, toys; H. B. Lowell, furn. goods, hosiery; 404 4th Av.; Prince George.
ROANOKE, Va.—George MacBain Co.; C. H. Smith, upholstery goods, rugs; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; J. P. Farrell, groceries; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Michaels, Stern & Co.; H. W. Storm, woolens; 220 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy & Robinson; E. Noel, notions, toilet, leather goods, jewelry; 353 4th Av.; Cumberland.
SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Cowan & Hunt; W. R. Cowan, ready-to-wear, dry goods; 1,133 B'way.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—The Vogue; M. Hinshurg, coats, suits, waists, skirts; 30 West 26th.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Scranton D. G. Co.; H. D. Ehrlich, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.
SEATTLE—Baker & Bresselman; Mr. Baker, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Baker & Bresselman; Mr. Baker, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
SOUTH BOSTON, Va.—Stebbins, Lawson & Spragins Co.; J. M. Coot, W. B. Lawson, mfgr, shirts; Aberdeen.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—McCourtney D. G. Co.; P. McCourtney, notions; 1,133 B'way; Breslin.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; C. Rosenberg laces, ribbons; 1,201 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; J. Oberdorfer, laces, embroideries, ndkfs.; 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co.; W. A. Ramelkamp, candies, novelties; 116 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; Miss R. Lewis, notions; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort-Barney D. G. Co.; Miss O'Fallon, ribbons, notions, umbrellas, parasols; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; C. J. Stanger, remnants, suting flannels, table oilcloths; 377 B'way.
SUNBURY, Penn.—H. Rice & Sons; L. Rice, clothing; Imperial.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse Wholesale Notion House; I. Blumberg, notions, hosiery, underwear; Herald Square.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—A. Herz, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss B. Sidenberg, waists; 225 5th Av.
TOLEDO—Parsons Garment Co.; W. Grossman, coats, suits, dresses, waists; McAlpin.
TOLEDO—Neuhauser Bros.; M. J. Giladorf, coats, suits; Wallick.
TORONTO — Boyd-Brumell Co.; J. C. Boyd, art needlework, wools; Imperial.
UNIONTOWN, Penn.—I. Silverman, general mdse.; Imperial.
UTICA, N. Y.—John A. Roberts & Co.; W. J. Hazlett, men's, women's furn. goods; Breslin.
UTICA, N. Y.—Doyle & Knower; L. G. Knower, W. E. Doyle, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
WASHINGTON—Palais Royal; Mr. Isaacs, neckwear; C. Hirsch, muslin underwear; 220 5th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Kings Palace; Miss M. Becker, millinery; Cumberland.
WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Aishuler Co.; C. S. Aishuler, A. Aishuler, cotton piece goods; Claridge.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Colvig Bros.; M. L. Colvig, notions, millinery; Breslin.
WICHITA, Kan.—Rorabaugh Dry Goods Co.; Mrs. C. J. Miller, dressmaking; McAlpin.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Miss A. Lattimer, Mrs. E. Conner, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.
WILMINGTON, N. C.—L. Slossberg & Bro.; L. Slossberg, ready-to-wear; Grand.
YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; Miss F. Pearse, petticoats, house dresses, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.
YORK, Penn.—J. McLean & Sons; C. Chambers, dress goods, silks; 432 4th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co.; W. L. Brenn, house furn. goods, toys; Miss M. Appel, ribbons, laces, embroideries neckwear, hdkfs.; E. L. McKelvey, gen'l buyer; H. M. Green, women's hosiery, gloves, notions, leather goods; 1,270 B'way.

Take Advantage NOW of this
UNUSUAL
OPPORTUNITY
Shoninger Brothers, Inc.
Closing Out Several Departments.
Entire Stocks at SWEEPING REDUCTIONS
Novelties—Laces—Embroideries
Chiffons—Nets—Beaded Goods
Fifth Ave. & Broadway, at Nineteenth Street

LEVINE & GINSBURG Inc
115-125 W. 30th St.
Our Fall Line
On EXHIBITION
Now
Wool Jerseys
Serges Satins
Black Laces
Cotton Dresses.
in all desirable materials, ready to ship to
Midsummer Sales

DRESSES
Good Dresses!
—Our Slogan.
Our "values" are our attractions.
Serge Dresses $6.75 up
Silk Dresses, $6.75 up
Call on us and see why our sales this season beat all records.
M. Weisman & Sons
118 West 22nd St. New York

Knowledge of value
Has caused many
A manufacturer to
Know that there
Is not on the market
an equal to our
Standard Khaki
Denger-Nathan
611-21 Broadway, New York

HATS
for Chicks
Flappers
Chickens
MAX MAYER, Inc.,
352 Fourth Ave., N. Y.

BELTS
For Women and Children
We are naturally pleased at the enthusiasm displayed over our latest French Novelty Sweater Belts, in their smart combinations of assorted leathers lined with silk. Have you seen them yet?
SLOTE & SCHAFFER
"The BELT HOUSE of New York"
49-53 E. 21st St. New York City

H. MARGOLIN & CO. Inc
1237-39 BROADWAY
OUR NEW LINE OF VELVET BAGS & POCKET BOOKS NOW READY FOR YOUR INSPECTION
STOCK FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

SUIT No. 1852. F. & H. Broadcloth $21
All colors; detachable velvet collar and cuffs.
D. M. JONAS, 3 EAST 38TH ST.

PRISCILLA COATS for MISSES
The Priscilla line offers numerous original and distinctive models that combine the best selling fall style features.
Shown in broadcloths, duvet de laines, silvertones and velours, at prices unusually moderate.
Let us show them to you.
H. COLDWATER & COMPANY
36-46 WEST 25th STREET NEW YORK CITY

DRESSES
$13.75
GINSBERG BROS
6-8 WEST 32nd St. NEW YORK

Hickson INC.
FRENCH HATS
But Five American Hat Buyers were in Paris for Models this season. Our buyer has just returned.
The Hickson Collection is unquestionably the most interesting in the City.
PATTERN HATS READY
Fifth Avenue
AT 52nd STREET
NEW YORK

See our present display of
All Wool French Serge Dresses
$8.75
They're the talk of the trade.
Dresses of Serge, Satin or Novelties.
$8.75 to $18.75
BOOTH, BREGMAN & SUMBERG
129-133 West 27th Street
New York City

Seymour Fabrics
Our new line of NOVELTY and STAPLE GOODS complete.
Printed Voiles
for immediate delivery.
Cotton Goods—Handkerchiefs
The Seymour Mfg. Co. Inc.
31 West 21st St. Gramercy 5916

SUIT NO. 274
$23.75
Fisher & Kennedy Tweed
Fancy Silk Lining
Man Tailored Dresses
MICHAEL SENFT & CO.
Suits—Coats—Dresses
29 W. 35th St., N. Y.

DIMITIES
An unusually attractive array of stripes and checks in several grades —36 inches wide.
THE PRICE IS RIGHT!
POTTER TEXTILE CO. Inc.
72-74 Madison Ave.

BATH-ROBES
for delivery
$36 to $120 per dozen.
Ab. & A. Franklin
151 West 26th St., New York

COTTON FABRICS On Prices
R. SERIL & SONS, 486 B'way, N. Y.

DRESSES for GIRLS & FLAPPERS
SERGE GINGHAM
VELVETEEN SILK
Come and See Our No. 710
Biggest Value in the Market
SAMILSON BROS.
12 W. 17th St. Phone 9557 Chelsea

RAINCOATS
Staples and novelties; snappy models and patterns; also jobs.
Goodwear Raincoat Mfg. Co.
682 Broadway, N. Y. City

DRESSES for Immediate Delivery
2,000 Wool Mixed Serge, $5
Imitation Jersey Cloth, Special, $6
Also Poplin Dresses on hand.
IPP & KWINT
118 West 22d.

RUBBERIZED KHAKI
materials for military novelties and raincoats under priced.
MERIT MFG. CO.
682 Broadway, N. Y. City

RAINCAPES
Largest Mfgrs. in the U. S.
Buy at Today's Prices for Future Delivery
Large Stock on Hand.
FLIGEL & SON, 40 E. 12 St.

HOLLSTEIN, YOUNG AND COMPANY
WOOL AND TWEED AUTO COATS
TWEED AND SILK RUBBERIZED COATS
NOVELTY RAIN & AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27th STREET

OFFICERS' MILITARY UNIFORMS. Gabardine, Moleskin and Khaki. Immediate Delivery. U. S. UNIFORM CO. 38 Fifth Ave. New York

HEGLA FABRICS
Our Line of
WASH FABRICS
for
Spring and Summer
1919
is now ready
HENRY GLASS & CO
44-46-48 WHITE ST. Phone: Franklin 1397-1399

What a Complete Line Means
On our racks are 5,000 dresses. The smart and popular all-wool serges are priced from $7.50 up. Superb Silks are from $6.75 up.
This is one of the greatest collections ever presented to buyers at one time.
PIONEER
LADIES' GARMENT COMPANY, INC.
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.
6-8 WEST 32ND ST., N. Y. C.

TOYS NOVELTIES FAVORS
Lanterns, Paper Hats, Horns, Noisemakers, Glass Balls, Xmas Trees, Tree Decorations, Turkeys, Kewpies, Flags, Patriotic Novelties, Dolls, Snapping Mottoes, Celluloid Toys, Dolls' Sundries, Tinsel of all kinds.
STOCK IN THE HOUSE READY FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT.
B. SHACKMAN & CO.
906-908 BROADWAY, Between 20th & 21st Sts., NEW YORK CITY

LINSK DRESSES
Ginghams, Serges and Silks at popular prices.
for CHILDREN and INTERMEDIATES
6 to 16 Years
UNCO
H. LINSK & CO.
New York Showrooms—1182 Broadway
Philadelphia Showrooms—Broad and Wallace Streets.

DON'T WONDER! SEE IT.
GENUINE ALL SILK
TRICOLETTE DRESS
Black, Navy, Rookie Tan, Taupe,
At $16.75 Net
TIP TOP WAIST & DRESS CO. (Inc.)
134 WEST 37TH ST., N. Y.

"Cash In" On Your Open Accounts
This is no time to be carrying inert capital. I'll pay you spot cash for your accounts receivable. I'll charge you less than the usual discount you allow customers. My contract is non-binding. No "red-tape" and strictest confidence. Telephone Chelsea 327.
UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.,
100 Fifth Ave., New York.

Commercial Investment Trust
Merchandise Loans
Acceptances Discounted
Accounts Financed
347 Madison Avenue at Forty-Fifth St.
Telephone Murray Hill 1138.

NEW LOAN PLAN: 90% on accounts Best Finance Co. 1133 B'way.

THE ROLL OF HONOR.
Every week Mid-Week Pictorial presents 24 photographs of officers, noncoms. and privates who have laid down their lives for their country. This weekly contains 24 pages of fascinating war scenes, etched in rotogravure. Published by The New York Times Company. At news stands, 10 cents a copy—$5.00 a year.—Advt.

IMPORTED LINEN SUBSTITUTE THAT CANNOT BE MADE IN AMERICA (NAME STAMPED ON SELVEGE)
Lino Mulo Suiting . . . LIGHT WEIGHT
W. & M.'s English Suiting . MEDIUM WEIGHT
ORIGINAL QUALITY WHITE ROSE
Jumbo Suiting . . . . HEAVY WEIGHT
Linen Finish, Snowy Whiteness, Original Texture, Guaranteed Unimpaired After Washing, Unequalled Strength & Durability. AT ALL DRY GOODS STORES.
A. E. NATHAN CO. 66-72 LEONARD ST. NEW YORK

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

GRANT HOUSE
Jefferson Heights, Catskill, N. Y.
"Where tired people grow strong and strong people enjoy life."
3 Hours by rail. Fare $2.25 by boat.
Wonderful location and views. Private park of 25 acres of lawns and shade trees. Own vegetable and fruit farm. Broad, cool porches 800 feet long. Well appointed bath suites. Tennis, Golf, Baseball and Croquet on hotel grounds. Motor boating and canoeing. Deep water and bathing beach. Fine orchestra. Dancing afternoon and evening. Fine state roads.
Capacity 300. Now Open. Garage.
PETER G. CORNELL, Manager.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Ideal country resort. OPEN ALL YEAR. Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.; 45 min. to 42d St.; sleeping porches; tennis, dancing; capacity 150; $12 and up; special rates for families. Homer White Plains 1105. Booklet.
NEW YORK—Long Island.

KEEP COOL AT
Belle Terre,
PORT JEFFERSON, L. I.
Bathing, Motoring, Horseback Riding, Tennis, Golf and Dancing.
Under New Management.

THE SUNSET
SEA GATE, NEW YORK HARBOR
Will Remain Open during September.
Select Hotel. Every Room Faces the Water. Reservations can now be made.
A. K. BONTA, Proprietor.

South Shore Hotel Freeport, L. I. 40 min.; modern; all outside rooms; boating, bathing, golf, &c.; excellent cuisine; reasonable. Tel. 2824 Chelsea.

TERRACE HALL, FLEISCHMANNS, N. Y. Modern. Excellent Table. Music. Dancing. $18.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

Dutcher House
AND COTTAGES
GOLF PAWLING, N. Y. LINKS FREE TO HOTEL GUESTS
Family and Tourist House. Home Garden Supplies. L. W. Blankinship, Phone 4 Pawling.

Grand View Hotel
LAKE PLACID, N. Y
Exceptional table; orchestra; private baths. FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. All out-of-door Adirondack diversion. Circular.
M. B. MARSHALL, Lake Placid, N. Y.

NEW SARANAC INN
ON UPPER SARANAC LAKE.
COTTAGES AND CAMPS FOR RENT.
All modern improvements. Certified Milk.
Harrington Mills, Mgr., Upper Saranac, N.Y.

RAQUETTE LAKE HOUSE,
On Beautiful Raquette Lake, N. Y.
The "centre" of life and home congeniality. Modern rooms with bath; table and appointments of the first order. Tennis. Every amusement. Booklet. Special Fall Rates.

McPhillips Hotel and Cottages
in the Adirondacks; booklet on request. McPHILLIPS BROS., THE GLEN, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY.

ALAMAC
In the Mountains
(formerly The Breslin)
LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J.
Nearest Mountain Resort to New York
1½ HOURS FROM N. Y.—LACKAWANNA R. R.
Entirely remodeled and refurnished. Capacity 450. Every modern comfort and appointment. FAMOUS LATZCELLAR GRILLE. Music and dancing. Bathing boating fishing, tennis, saddle horses, etc. Garage. Phone 7, Hopatcong, N. J. MACK LATZ CO.

The New MONMOUTH
Spring Lake Beach, N.J.
LARGE OCEAN FRONTAGE
SAFE SURF BATHING,
TENNIS, GOLF, FISHING, Etc.
DAILY CONCERTS AND DANCING.
FRANK F. SHUTE, MGR.

New Hollywood Hotel
West End—Hollywood, N. J.
Now open. Within easy commuting distance of New York. Special attention to week-end and automobile parties. An exclusive seashore hotel operated only on the European plan. Private golf club and golf course. Tennis courts. Garage facilities.
Dayton Resorts, Prop. John E. Graham, Mgr.

The Warren
ON THE OCEAN
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
A house that is "different" in its fine appointments, unusual and artistic decorations, homelike atmosphere and service. Surrounded by green lawns and gardens, at the edge of the sea. W. B. Stubbs, Prop.
N. Y. telephone 7140 Schuyler.

THE ALLAIRE SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Directly on beach. MAUD COLGATE HOLMES.

HATHAWAY INN
Deal Beach, N. J.
ARTHUR J. O'KEEFFE, Pres.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL
COTTAGES AND CASINO
On the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Coolest location on the Coast
Near all Piers and Amusements
Swimming Pool, Tennis, Surf-bathing
Special Diet Kitchen
Cap. 800 S. Hanstein, Proprietor

Marlborough-Blenheim
The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments. Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

ALAMAC HOTEL
OCEAN FRONT, in the HEART of ATLANTIC CITY.
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS.
Hotel St. Charles
With its new, absolutely fireproof addition. Entire block on ocean front. The final expression in hotel appointment, service and comfort. Now open. Illustrated literature.
WILLIAM A. LEECH, Manager.

The Breakers
Atlantic City's Newest Fireproof Hotel
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
THE WILTSHIRE VIRGINIA AVENUE AND BEACH.
Ocean view. Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. American plan. Open all year. Booklet and special rates upon request. SAMUEL ELLIS.
THE DUDLEY 30 So. Pennsylvania Ave. opp. Post Office. Modern. Excellent cuisine. $2.50 up. L. B. POLLOCK.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK,
The ideal resort, combining ocean, lakes and country. Write. Publicity Bureau, 307 Boardwalk, Asbury Park, N. J.
SUNSET AVE. HOUSE Asbury Park. Ocean View. Cap. 125. Ehlt. Ownership Mgt. Wm. H. Allardyce.

NEW MONTEREY HOTEL
ACCOMMODATING 500
NORTH ASBURY PARK, N. J.

NEW ENGLAND.

Tour New England
THE
Vacation Land
GOOD ROADS, MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, BRACING AIR, AND WAYSIDE INNS. MODERN HOTELS AND COMPLETELY EQUIPPED RESORTS ARE READY TO PROVIDE FOR YOUR COMFORT AND PLEASURE.
All Hotels of the New England Hotel Association are members of the United States Food Administration.
Send for a four-color New England Hotel Association Map to
WM. KIMBALL, Secretary,
Draper Hotel, Northampton, Mass.

EDGEWOOD INN
Greenwich, Conn.
45 Minutes from Grand Cen. Station
Under management of
MISSES GILLAN & EDWARDS.
Telephone Greenwich—1756

RED LION INN
Stockbridge, Mass.
NOW OPEN
Roads in Excellent Condition
Route Books and Circulars on request.
ALLEN T. TREADWAY

NEW WAUMBEK
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Jefferson, White Mts., N. H.
The Hotel De Luxe of the Mountains.
Altitude 1,600 ft., 25-mile unobstructed view. Open until Oct. 1st. 18-hole golf course, finest in New Hampshire. Tennis, horseback riding H. N. Townsley, Mgr.

PENNSYLVANIA.

KITTATINNY The Mountain Paradise.
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Open to December. Capacity 500. Finest appointed, best located and leading hotel in this famous region. Orchestra; golf; tennis; saddle horses; bathing, fishing, etc. Grill; garage. Booklet and Auto Maps mailed. JOHN PURDY COPE.
84 Miles from New York—Good Roads.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Sheppard, J.—In Room 323, Third Floor, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Cases will also be assigned to Judge Mack for trial from this calendar.
Baker, Smith & Co(
Stand Reg Co.
Thomas(N Y, N H & H RR.

Warner(Gaston Williams & Wigmore.
Farrish(Mallory SS Co.
Griffin(Penn RR.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.
U S(Wm F Hudgings.

Same(John Watkins & Charles Bafley.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Re Flynn.
Blake(McGovern.
Stevens(Ainsworth Co.
Inc(Wheeler.
Reilly(Fletcher.
Block(Rifkin.
Barbrick(P & R C & I.
Bloo(Rifkin.
Krankoska(P & R C & I.
Luch in(same.
Meyer(same.
Pavelosky(same.
Schumack(same.
Yatsco(same.
Richer(42d St & Ry.
Re Willie (Wilkinson.)
Stine(Messemer.
Re Donohue (Siegriat.)
Stine(Messemer.
Williams(Williams.
Re United Sewing Machine Co (Beekman)
Geo I Wilson & Sons, Inc(Puck Pub Co.
Kahn(Goldsmith.
Re Kellogg.
Cholmer(Cholmer.
Illuminating Indiana Flooring Co(Bruce Co.
Manning(J M Horton Ice Cream Co.
Lewis(Lewis.
Faulkner(Bingham.
Doyle(Doyle.
M lka(M lka.
NY Sav Bk(Croker.
Elsenman(Connor.
Re Cohen (Gleeksman.)
Re Cohen (Riha.))
Re Cohen (Braune.)
Raines(Raines.
Br f(M rks.
Wodd(Marks.
Wol(Doll.
Rosenthal(Kellner Realty Co.
PART II.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.
PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Est. te of Hugh W. Collender. Wills for probate; Minnie Hadewell. Ida L. Olmstead. John B. M rtin. M rtha L. T ylor. Diedrich Henningas.
Elizabeth O'Leary. Adelaide S. Lambert. Solomon Blumenthal. Rose Breier. Lavinia Noble. George A. Meyer. George W. Offermann.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Goldman-Penn RR.
H H Hudson & Co(
B Brown & Bro.
McLillie(JT Clark & Son.
Bleeck(Dazen.
Milkowitz(Posensky.
White(Cohen.
Perlmutter(Miller.
Steinberg(Goldberg.
Spielman(Bush.
Terminal Co.
Haim(M nn.
M son(Seidman.
Cl ncy(Paige, (2)
S A Jacobson Co(Bross.
Madero Bros(Edwards, (2)
Liberm n(Kingston Silk Mills.
PART II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business
TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Re Lambert—Robert Morrell.
SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Trustees of the Leake and Watts Orphan House in the City of N. Y (Hartcorn—Thomas Gilleran.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Metropolitan Trust Co.(Loretta Corp.—Joseph M. Edelson.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—Motion calendar.
Kyle(Binta.
Aulbach(Muller.
Maiden Lane Sav Bk(Walther.
Cesa(Coletti.
Burke(Burke.
Re Pfaff.
Re Bronx Parkway Com. (Petitmagnin.)
Varick(Higgins.
Stephens(Silberberg & S ul, Inc.
People ex rel Chedsey(CNY.
McBride Co(Kirk New Realty Corp.
Paul(Weil.
Silberm n(Kyle & Purdy, Inc.

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

NEW MONTEREY HOTEL
ACCOMMODATING 500
NORTH ASBURY PARK, N. J.

NEW ENGLAND.

Tour New England
THE
Vacation Land
GOOD ROADS, MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, BRACING AIR, AND WAYSIDE INNS. MODERN HOTELS AND COMPLETELY EQUIPPED RESORTS ARE READY TO PROVIDE FOR YOUR COMFORT AND PLEASURE.
All Hotels of the New England Hotel Association are members of the United States Food Administration.
Send for a four-color New England Hotel Association Map to
WM. KIMBALL, Secretary,
Draper Hotel, Northampton, Mass.

EDGEWOOD INN
Greenwich, Conn.
45 Minutes from Grand Cen. Station
Under management of
MISSES GILLAN & EDWARDS.
Telephone Greenwich—1756

RED LION INN
Stockbridge, Mass.
NOW OPEN
Roads in Excellent Condition
Route Books and Circulars on request.
ALLEN T. TREADWAY

NEW WAUMBEK
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Jefferson, White Mts., N. H.
The Hotel De Luxe of the Mountains.
Altitude 1,600 ft., 25-mile unobstructed view. Open until Oct. 1st. 18-hole golf course, finest in New Hampshire. Tennis, horseback riding H. N. Townsley, Mgr.

PENNSYLVANIA.

KITTATINNY The Mountain Paradise.
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.
Open to December. Capacity 500. Finest appointed, best located and leading hotel in this famous region. Orchestra; golf; tennis; saddle horses; bathing, fishing, etc. Grill; garage. Booklet and Auto Maps mailed. JOHN PURDY COPE.
84 Miles from New York—Good Roads.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Bill(Barnes.
Doimros(Parrotta.
135 B'way Holding Co(Ensign Imp Co.
Wullschlager(Wullschlager.
Butler(Butler.
Reyler(Seyler.
City Real Estate Co(Seiffert.
Vitale(Cottone.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Pine(Clinton Realty Co et al.—Frederick M. Thompson.

KINGS COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department.—Recess.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Peter Barrett Mfg Co(Butler.
Brown(Brown.
Roche(Roche.
Otto Wissner, Inc(Simonson.
Cossentino(Brady & Gloe, Inc.
Zaio(Rose.
Gammino(McGrath Contract Co.
Pulameno(Rose.
Lublinitz(Kaplan.
Goetz(Goetz.
People ex rel Jones(Enright, Commr.
Lublinitz(Kaplan.
Schlessman(Schlessman.
Re Regenhard.
People ex rel Di Bella(Polizzi Generosa Benefit Society.
Eagle Bindings & L Co(Trimingham.
Ruttenau(Ruttenau.
Re Bronx Parkway Com. (Petitmagnin.)
Varick(Higgins.
PART II.—Lazansky, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of Mary Sweeney, Jane Martin, Eliz Hilleman, Mary Hollbrock, George Granlick, George Pierson.
Accountings of Thomas Hondin, Louise Gueringer, Alfred Viney, Estate of Sarah Field.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

LENOX AV, 492-494, s e corner of 135th St, (68-70 West,) all; Alexander J. Bruen to United Cigar Stores Co. of America, 44 West 18th St, 11 8-12 years from Sept. 1, 1918, gross rental $9,948 to April 30, 1920, and thereafter taxes, &c., and net $8,500 to $9,000; attorneys, Strocck & S., 44 West 18th St.
OLD BROADWAY, n e corner of 180th St, (50.5x100, al); Old Broadway, e s, 50.5 ft n of 180th St, all; Michael F. Loughman to Manhattanville Garage, n e corner of 130th St, and Old Broadway, 10 years from July 15, 1918; attorneys, Cohen & Rosenachein, 141 Broadway $18,000
62D ST, 234 East, all; Lucy Luhman to Lutheran Immigrant Society, on the premises, 2 years from Aug. 1, 1918, 1 year renewal, May 29..... $1,150

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, e s, 33.6 ft n of 94th St, 42x 140.3x irregul r, and 94th St, n s, 152 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 29.4x100.8x irregular; M. R. Flooring Co. against Broadway-94th St. Realty Co. et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, M. B. Rich.
LEXINGTON AV, 1,616; Society for Relief of Poor Widows with Small Children ag inst Henrietta Stern et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.
82D ST, n s, 350 ft w of 11th Av, 25x102.2; 82d St, n s, 375 ft w of West End Av, 13.4x 70x irregular; 24th St, n s, 141.8 ft s e of 8th Av, 16.8x98.9; 7th Av, 327, and 33d St, n s, Lot 45, map 2 of land in 16th Ward of estate of Henry Stanfield; James Young Brush against Charlse A. Ackerman, individually and exr. et al., partition; attorneys, Spitz & Bromberger.
87TH ST, 340 West; Rose L. Adler against Annabilla K. Varcoe et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Dean, Tracy & Stanfield.
87TH ST, 342 West; Felicie Green against Annabilla K. Varcoe et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Dean, Tracy & Stanfield.
106TH ST, s s, 188.4 ft w of Park Av, 29.2x 100.11; Ruth A. Bruce-Brown against Jane Caroline Lee et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wilson, Barker & Wager.

Bronx.

FORT SCHUYLER ROAD, n e corner of Pilgrim Av, 25x100; Minnie Hummel against Lilly Harrot et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, L. E. French.
LOTS 465 and 466, Block P, amended map of property belonging to Hudson View Road, known as Mapes Estate; Karl Mildenberger against River Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, J. T. Hanlon.
TOWN DOCK ROAD, e s, at intersection of east boundary line of property of Henry A. Coster, at Throgs Neck, 24th Ward, also land under water, &c.; Katherine E. Turnbull ag inst Estates Development Co. et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Sayers Bros.
TOWN DOCK ROAD, e s, at intersection of east boundary line of property of Henry A. Coster, at Throgs Neck, 24th Ward, —x—; also land under water, &c.; Robert J. Turnbull, as exr., against Estates Development Co. et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Sayers Bros.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 26,087.—In the matter of HERMAN & HERMAN, INC., Bankrupt.
NOTICE OF SALE.
Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York, the undersigned receiver offers for sale the following described property of the above named bankrupt:
At No. 6 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, furniture and fixtures, and the right, title, and interest of the receiver to any unfilled orders for the shipment of chemicals, lease and good-will of the business of Herman & Herman, Inc.
At Nos. 205 and 206 Van Vordt Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, chemicals, fixtures and containers.
Sealed bids for the above described property will be received by the undersigned receiver at the office of Zalkin & Cohen, the at orneys for the receiver, No. 51 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 26th day of August, 1918, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.
TERMS OF SALE.
No bid will be considered unless accompanied by certified check or cash for at least 10% of the amount of the bid, unless the highest bid so received for the property offered shall equal or exceed 100% of the appraised value, unless confirmed by the Court. Bids equal to or exceeding 100% of the appraised value may be accepted without confirmation. The receiver reserves a right to reject any and all bids for the whole or part. Bids may be made for either all or part of the property.
The property offered for sale may be inspected at either place at any time during business hours.
No representation, guaranty, or covenant is made by the receiver as to the character, quality, or description of the property, nor is any representation, guaranty, or covenant made as to the said lease.
In the event of the acceptance by the receiver of any bid, such bidder must pay the balance of his bid at such time and place as the receiver announces at the time of the acceptance of such bid. Should such bidder fail or omit for any cause to pay at the time of the said purchase price, the receiver may at his option, withdraw the acceptance of such bid, sell the property at public auction, and charge such bidder with any loss or expense attendant thereon.
Property, if any, not sold under sealed bids will be sold at public auction on the 22d day of August, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., in the forenoon at No. 6 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, and on the 23d day of August, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., in the forenoon, at Nos. 205 and 206 Van Vordt Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer. EDWARDS H. CHILDS,
Receiver in Bankruptcy.
ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORGAN, TRUETT & CO., Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 25780.
To the creditors of the above named bankrupts:
Notice is hereby given that the sale of the personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupts under the direction of Justin L. Miner, Trustee, at public auction to the highest bidder, by Philip McMorrow, Auctioneer, at the Massachusetts Storage Warehouse Co., No. 2026 Washington Street, Boston, Massachusetts, on the 14th day of August, 1918, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, had been adjourned to and will take place on the 20th day of August, 1918, at the same time and place.
A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Office furniture and fixtures.
The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.
Dated, New York City, August 14, 1918.
JUSTIN L. MINER,
Trustee in Bankruptcy.

STERN & GOTTHOLD, Attorneys for Trustee, Office and Post Office Address No. 60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Deal for Eleventh Street Lofts —Borden Co. Buys Renwick Street Stables.

In a leading deal of a moderately active real estate market, yesterday, the eleven-story modernized loft building at 57 to 59 East Eleventh Street, on a plot 54 by 103, was sold by the United States Trust Company to I. Randolph and Everett Jacobs, operators. N. A. Berwin & Co. were the brokers in the deal.

Borden Company Adds to Holdings.

For use as a stable and garage, Bordens' Condensed Milk Company has bought from Raffaele Monaco the old buildings at 515 to 521 Renwick Street, on a plot 80 by 60, adjoining the large warehouse recently leased by the same company at Greenwich and Canal Streets. William A. White & Sons negotiated the deal.

Dwelling Buyers.

Carter Macy & Co. sold the four-story dwelling at 21 West Eighty-second Street to Mrs. Anna Quinn, the present tenant.
Max Greenwald is the buyer of the dwelling at 225 West 130th Street, which has been sold for the estate of A. Garside by Porter & Co.
The three-story house at 438 West Forty-third Street has been sold by the Ryan Estate to Michael J. Kiernan, through Joseph F. Feiat.

Apartment House Resale.

Frederick Brown resold the five-story apartment house occupying the block front on the south side of 178th Street, from Southern Boulevard to Marmion Avenue, to Louis Smith, Jr., for investment. It has been held at $100,000.

Bronx Transactions.

The Mott Haven Realty Company is reported to have sold the vacant plot, 50 by 100.3, at 240 to 242 East 146th Street.
Santo Glanci sold the five-story apartment house at 2,357 Hoffman Street.

Brooklyn.

Samuel & William Lesnick, jewelers, purchased for partial occupancy, from the William Ulmer Brewing Company, the four-story building at 5,102 Fifth Avenue. Tutino & Cerny were the brokers.
A client of the Bulkley & Horton Company bought the dwelling at 109 Ryerson Street from Jennie Hubbard.

New Jersey.

B. M. Culver bought through F. W. Crawley Brothers, the residence of Julia D. Keyler, on Porter Place, Montclair, which has been held at $20,000.

Commercial Lease.

The United Cigar Stores Company has leased a store in the building at the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street. The company's store now in the same block will be moved to the new location.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Delancey St, 308, n s, 52.8 ft e of Lewis St, 25x100, five-story tenement and stores; M. K. Bradford et al. ag inst B. H. Steinberg et al.; F. F. de Riham, attorney; due, $21,811.40; taxes, &c., $930.30; to the plaintiff for $20,000.
Delancey St, 310, n s, 77.8 ft e of Lewis St, 25x100, five-story tenement and stores; A. Kingsland against same; same attorney; due, $21,800.33; taxes, &c., $930.30; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

By Samuel Marx.

122d St, 137 West, n s, 408.6 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x100.11, four-story dwelling; M. E. Bergen, trustee, against L. F. Hall et al.; H. M. Bellinger, attorney; due, $12,679.13; taxes, &c., $442.40; adjourned to Aug. 23.

By I. Lindon Seide.

Jerome Av, e s, 225.6 ft s of 181st St, 114.9 x104.6x84.6x100, vacant; Joseph Hesdorfer against Bernstein & Kramer Realty Corp. et al.; S. A. Cohn, attorney; due, $15,-966.68; taxes, &c., $270; adjourned to Aug. 22.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, AUG. 19.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

PEARL ST, 35, n s, 126.6 ft e of Whitehall St, 34.6x75.8 ..... Bridge St, x30x86; Britannia Realty Co. to Hy. A. Kessel Co., 25 Pearl St, mtg $44,500, all liens, Aug. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1
187 AV, 2,432, e s, 25.6 ft s of 125th St, 25x75; same to same, mtg $7,500, all liens, Aug. 13; attorney, same $100
187 AV, 2,432, e s, 25.6 ft s of 125th St, 50.4x75; Mary P. Searle to Menard Realty Co., 52 Broadway, Aug. 16; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .$1
62D ST, s s, 40 ft w of Madison Av, 18x 100.5; National Realty Co. to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $53,500, all liens, July 31; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $1
72D ST, 340-342 West, s s, 425 ft w of West End Av, 70x102.2, four-story flats, Aug. 15, 1918; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Aug. 19; attorneys, Butcher, T. & T., 1 Madison Av.... $225,000
129TH ST, 249 WEST, n s, 363 ft e of 8th Av, 16x99.11; Loretta V. Boland (now Gaston) to Jennie A. Boland, 249 West 129th St, half int., all liens, Aug. 17 ..... $100
140TH ST, 202-30 WEST, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 575x99.11 ..... Hi w Cohen to Terry Holding Co., 202 West 140th St, prior mtg $499,500, P. M. mtg $35,000, all liens, Aug. 6; attorney, Samuel Horowitz, 1 Madison Av $1
151ST, 535-37 WEST, n s, 150 ft e of Broadway, 75x99.11; Conrad Hubert to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $90,000, all liens, July 31; attorney, Julius H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $1

Bronx.

CLINTON AV, w s, 57.10 ft s of 176th St, 50x100; Bronxbar Co., Inc., to Jay Tee Bee Holding Co., Inc., 1,149 Boston Road, mtg $38,700, Aug. 19; attorney, A. J. Barry, 1,149 Boston Road $100
EDWARDS AV, e s, 205.4 ft s of Balcom Av, 106.2x79.10x100x44.3; Willis Boughton to George M. Miller, Middletown, N. Y., mtg $8,600, July 22; attorneys, Durand, I. & C., Asbury Park, N. J. $1
1ST 992, s side Bronx Terrace; Calogero Mule to Amarilide Raffaeli, 689 Lexington Av $1
SCOFIELD AV, s w corner of William St, 59x100; John C. Bremen to Louis McKelson, 203 King Av, City Island, Aug. 17; attorney, Louis Mickelson, 203 King Av, City Island $100
UNION AV, 607, w s, 20x100; Theo. Golden to James Dowds, 266 West 142d, mtg $6,650, Aug. 17; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148 th St $100
WESTCHESTER AV, s w corner of Wales Av, 89.2x48.7x65.11x79.10; Dumbia Realty Co., Inc., 309 Broadway, to Isaac Cohn, 804 West 180th St, mtg $45,000, Aug. 16; attorney, Samuel Abramson, 140 Nassau St. $1
WESTCHESTER AV, s s, being Lot 384, map of Unionport, 67x310.10 to Newbold Av x67x313.10; Dollar Savings Bank to Pinkel Umbrella Frame Co., Inc., 2,534 East 177th St, Aug. 14; attorneys, Mackeller & G., 43 Cedar St $100
132D ST, n s, 125 ft e of Brook Av, 87.8x 100; Berkshire Products Co., Inc., to Pine Hill Crystal Spring Water Co., 544 West 58th St, mtg $4,000, Aug. 8; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100
139TH ST, 841 East, n s, 25x100; Carl P. Crolly to Katharina Crolly, 38 South 10th Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., mtg $14,000, May 15, 1917; attorney, Ralph W. Crolly, Pleasantville, N. Y. $1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 60.11 ft s of 120th St, 20x64.10, Aug. 15; William Hyman to H. W. Dinkman, 2,506 Broadway, due Feb. 25, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $1,100
6TH ST, 217 East, n s, 248.5 ft e of 3d Av, 23.10x90.10, Aug. 7; Ukrenian National Alliance of New York to Ukrainian Knowledge Society, 217 East 6th St, 5 years; attorney, O. H. Droege, 47 West 62d St. $4,500
140TH ST, 202-230 West, s s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 575x99.11, Aug 6; Terry Holding Co. to the Corporation of H. & A. Cohen, 172 Worth St, installments, $5,000 month, 6 p. c., prior mtg $499,500; attorneys, M. & S. Meyers, 1 Madison Av $35,000

Bronx.

CRUGER AV, 3,301; Hugo Wabst to Leslie F. Randall, 41 Meadow Lane, New Rochelle, N. Y., July 13, due as per bond; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av. $5,000
LIVINGSTON AV, n w corner 246th St, 140x 84.10x119.11x100; Kath. E. Ten Eyck, Elmendorf to Edw. C. Delafield, at Fieldston, near 246th St and Half Moon Place, Nov. 15, 1917, 3 years; attorneys, Delafield, H., & R., 27 Cedar St $9,000
SCOFIELD AV, s w corner of William St, 59x100; Louis Mickelson to John C. Bremen, 528 Minneford St, City Island, Aug. 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John C. Bremen, 528 Minneford St $2,700
WESTCHESTHER AV, s s, being Lot 384, map of Unionport, 67x310.10 to Newbold Av x67x313.10; Finkel Umbrella Frame Co., Inc., to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av, Aug. 19, due Dec. 1, 1921, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Mackeller & G., 43 Cedar St $18,000
135TH ST, n s, 129.4 ft e of Boston Road, runs n 8 x n e 48.8 x e 12.7 x s w 42.4 s 8 x w 16; Jennie E. Clifford to Howard A. Sperry, 507 4th St, Brooklyn, Aug. 12, due July 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, Howard A. Sperry, 507 4th St, Brooklyn $2,500

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

ELDRIDGE ST, 172; Leonard Weill Construction Corporation to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $13,500
ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 45, mtg $8,000; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Henry Eggers, 326 West 87th St; address, 176 Broadway $6,000

Bronx.

FREEMAN ST, s s, 134.5 ft e of Westchester Av, runs e 100x s 112.2 to Westchester Av x n e 70.10x w 94.5x n 25 to street x w 34.5 to beginning; Edgar S. Appleby and another, Glen Cove, L. I., to John S. Appleby, Glen Cove, L. I.; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St $12,212
SAME PROPERTY, John S. Appleby to Janet L. Barbetti, 511 East 140th St; attorney, same $12,360
HOE AV, s e corner of 172d St, 25x100; Arthur H. Masten and another, exrs., to John R. Spell, at Bradley and Greenpoint Avs, Blissville, L. I.; attorney, F. A. Stroh, 58 Park Row $15,000
JEROME AV, e s, 17.9 ft s of Mount Hope Place, 18.4x98.3; Grace V. Ten Eyck to Florence A. Froughton, 1 West 72d St; attorneys, Campbell, F. & T., 2 Rector St. $6,000
PURDY ST, 1,321; Louisa B. Martin to Hy. G. Langen, 101 East 106th St; attorney, M. B. McHugh, 115 Broadway $2,500
WALTON AV, 2,385; Harry Aronson, Inc., to George W. Bunting, 442 East 142d St; attorney, R. E. Bergman, 505 Willis Av.... $4,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

OLD BROADWAY, 64; Henry W. Krebs against John F. Morris, owner; James F. Morris, contractor $90.89
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 142d St, 102x140; Rapp Construction Co. against Newmark & Davis, Inc., et al., owner and contractor, renewal $3,767
53D ST, 510 to 514 West; Samuel Ascher against 510 West 53d St. Realty Co., owner and contractor; 12 West 53d St. Co., and Frank A. Brady, contractor $415.60
90TH ST, 138 West; Truscon Steel Co. against Trustees of Columbia College, owner; Lewis P. Fluhrer Co., Inc., contractor $29.81

270 PARK AVE
Group of Housekeeping Apartments
47th to 48th Streets—Park to Madison Avenues
With Ritz-Carlton Restaurant
6 to 10 Rooms, 3 to 4 Baths, $4,700 to $8,300
14 to 17 Rooms, 5 to 6 Baths, $7,500 to $14,000
Under the Management of
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Specialists in Residential Properties
At 48th Street 414 MADISON AVE. Murray Hill 5600

Adjoins Golf Course.
10 ROOM HOUSE AT REAL BARGAIN
One Hour From Broadway
For Sale or Rent, Furnished or Unfurnished.
On half-acre lot, with vegetable garden and hundreds of flowers. Adjoining 18-hole golf course and fine tennis courts. Excellent railroad service. Electricity, gas, telephone, hot water heat. Barn (or garage.) Unrestricted.
Big enough for a whole-sized family. To build it now would probably cost more than $12,000. The cost to owner has exceeded $10,000.
For sale at $8,000. Rent very reasonable.
Near Railway Station
R. H. GRAVES, 229 West 43rd Street, New York.
Half Acre Lot

MORTGAGE LOANS.
MORTGAGE MONEY
A. W. McLAUGHL

The New York Times

BROOKLYN OFFICE

At the office of The Brooklyn Citizen, 401 Fulton St., advertisements and subscriptions are received for The New York Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Dressmaker, to sublet, part establishment to corsetiers, lingerie, milliner. Helene, 12 West 47th.

FURNISHED offices and desk room; service. Suite 308, 51 East 42d St.

Very desirable, light, furnished office to rent. 160 Broadway, Room 803.

CORNER OFFICE, 12 windows, overlooking Bryant Park. 110 West 40th St., Room 1208.

OFFICES, $25 to $50; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

Store, sublease, East 46th St., near 5th Av. ROYAL SCOTT GULDEN, 542 5th Av.

Parlor floor, living or light business; near 4th Av. 108 East 31st St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

MANUFACTURING chemists want to lease equipped plant or part of for several months; we need 6 to 40 large jacketed mixing kettles, 15 to 20 h.p. live steam, elevator. Greater New York or vicinity; immediate possession; are also willing to let out manufacturing on contract basis, if our own man can supervise. L 602 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

29TH, 36 EAST.—Beautiful apartments, 2-3-4 rooms; furnished or unfurnished.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $17 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6180.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

35TH, (near 5th Av.)—My own apartment, delightfully furnished, 4 rooms, bath; seen by appointment. Phone Vanderbilt 4072.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; best building; long, short lets. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway; one room, bath, $8 up weekly. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Benton, 35 E. at 27th St.

GRAMERCY PARK, 54.—Sea breezes, unobstructed views, 8th floor, corner East 20th St., facing park; sunlit, furnished, Summer; adults; 3 rooms, 2 baths; maid's room; references. 9453 Bryant.

Furnished—West Side.

16TH, 60 WEST.—Elevator house, 4 richly furnished rooms; $100 to Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

118TH, 430 WEST.—6 rooms, beautifully furnished, all improvements. Apt. 21, Murphy.

34TH ST., 140 WEST.

Bachelor apartments, of two rooms and bath, completely furnished, with service; possession at once.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
Tel. 5700 John. 46 Cedar St.

114½ WEST 37TH ST.

Three most attractive apartments, one with living room, 6½x25 feet; 2 open fireplaces; 2 bedrooms; bath beautifully furnished; two unfurnished; 2 rooms and bath; living rooms, 20x20; open fireplaces; beautifully appointed.

50TH ST., 54 WEST.—Two and three rooms, housekeeping complete. Apply Supt.

45TH STREET, 341 TO 347 WEST.

New elevator building; cleanliness and furnishings unequaled; one, two, three rooms, bath with shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; references essential; $50 to $95 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6955.

47TH, 112 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2, 3 rooms, bath, $75, $90, including service; modern building; elevator. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

52D ST., 45 WEST.

Apartments, one, two rooms, bathroom, kitchenettes.

56TH, 508 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly-monthly rates.

56TH, (near 5th.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, (floor,) three rooms, bath; year's lease; $90 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

54TH, 130 WEST.—To Oct. 1, well furnished apartment; three rooms, kitchenette, bath.

56TH, 56 WEST.—7 rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished; 6 months' lease $250; references required; owner in service. Apply Superintendent.

59TH, 100 WEST.—2 elegantly furnished front two-room, kitchenette apartments, $6 color, $177 month; view park; Winter or yearly lease; modern 14-story building; restaurant; meals served in apartment; maid service. Apartment 11G. Phone 3015 Cathedral. Near 5th Av.

60TH, 220 WEST.—Bedroom, maid's room, dining room; kitchen privileges; elevator; $65; references.

69TH, 245 WEST.—$50-$80 up; 2, 3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary.

72D, 260 WEST.—Overlooking Drive and river; will let for the Summer months, lovely apartment, nine rooms and three baths; completely furnished and decorated in every detail.

73D, 110 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished double room with kitchenette, private bath, lavatory, electricity; summer rates.

74TH, 163 WEST.—Three rooms, kitchenette, piano, $80; two rooms, $65; one, $45.

80TH, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, nine large rooms, three baths; year's lease; $300 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80TH, 150 WEST.—Attractively furnished 5-room apartment to buy outright; lease running one year; apply at once.

150 WEST 80TH ST.—Attractively furnished 5-room apartment to sub-let; lease running one year; apply at once.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Attractive 3 rooms, kitchenette; 2d apt. Schuyler 8809.

89TH, 305 WEST. (Private House.)—Beautiful 2d floor, bath, kitchenette service, $100; 3d floor 4 rooms, $85; suites, $55.

90TH, (West End.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; year's lease, $165 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

91ST, 27 WEST.—One, two room apartments; high-class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $25-$75; references necessary.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Spacious, beautiful 2, 4, 5 and 6 room apartments; carefully furnished and complete in every detail. Telephone Morningside 8240.

113TH, (Near Drive.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; year's lease; $150. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

115TH, 600 WEST, (1 block from Riverside and subway.)—4 rooms, complete for housekeeping; piano, small lease for year or until Sept. 30.

150TH, 569 WEST.—4 rooms, completely furnished; silver, linen, phonograph, telephone; $55.

A select number of furnished and unfurnished apartments for the Winter season; on year's lease; all have been personally inspected. Apply BERLOCK CO., 46 West 49th St. Tel. Bryant 7152.

APARTMENT HOMES.

Miss ISABEL DAINTRY of LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has on her Books a few choice APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located. Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3099.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.

Two, three, four rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $45 to $80 monthly; comfortably furnished; telephone and elevator service; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.

THE WILSONIA,
223-229 WEST 60TH ST.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 536.

ARMY OFFICER will sublet completely furnished six-room apartment, Morningside Drive, overlooking park, for immediate occupancy; piano, library den, Victrola, &c.; $150; lease three to six months; no children. Telephone 6272 Morningside.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments. — Hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited; coolest and healthiest location in city.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door. Weekly rates if desired.

ATTRACTIVE APTS., PERSONALLY INVESTIGATED BEFORE LISTING, 1 TO 10 ROOMS, SEASON OR LONGER. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 176 W. 72D ST., CORNER BROADWAY. TEL. COL. 1277.

MANHATTAN AV., 215, (near 109th St.)—Completely furnished apartments, 2 to 4 rooms; elevator and nonelevator; $30 to $60 month; also weekly rate. Academy 1647.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

NEAR UNIVERSITY CLUB AND HOTEL GOTHAM.

Very light, quiet apartment in new house; two bedrooms, living room, breakfast room, kitchen and bath; unfurnished, $250 a month; will rent to correct adult tenant, furnished with lovely old and new mahogany, porcelains, rugs, books, &c. R 203 Times.

NEWLY furnished, refitted, two rooms, bath; rent $75; elevator, maid service, telephone; references required; 28th St. W. R. Francis, Room 207 World Bldg.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340.—One, two, or three rooms, baths, kitchenette; overlooking Hudson; cool, spacious, exceptional. Academy 2675, Short.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340.—One, two, or three rooms, two baths, kitchenette; overlooking Hudson; spacious, exceptional. Academy 2675, Short.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th.)—Eight, ten light, well-furnished rooms. Call or address W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

Will rent elegant furnished five-room apartment, west side, $150. Schuyler 8508.

Unfurnished—East Side.

18TH ST., 224 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Single flats; 7 large rooms; rent, $65-$80.

81ST, 157 EAST.—Nice steam-heated apartment, six rooms and bath, $42.

90TH, 62 EAST.—6-7 rooms; elevator apartment; electricity; modern improvements; $48 to $75.

128TH ST., 30-32 EAST, (Tuxedo.)—Elevator apartments, 7 rooms, $60.

Apartments of 4 desirable rooms,
35 Grove Street.
Hot water supply,
Parlor, Dining room, Kitchen, Bedroom,
$20-$22.
James Kyle & Son, Lexington Av. & 58th St.

MODERN APARTMENT, seven large outside rooms, porch, yard, $70; near Jerome Av.-1624 elevated station. Phone Melrose 6315.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 3106.

22D ST., 447 WEST.—Chelsea Studios, two rooms and bath, modern, select, hardwood floors, electricity, steam heat, hot water; $40 and $45; agent on premises 12 to 4. Reynolds.

35TH, 150 WEST.—Choice apartments, 5 light rooms; modern improvements; $32. Apply Janitor, or Ames, 26 West 31st St.

47TH ST., 43 WEST.
Handsome; two rooms, bath and kitchen.

47TH ST., 81 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large and small front rooms. Bryant 8625.

48TH ST., 126 WEST.—Housekeeping apartments, rooms and bath; rent $75. Folsom Bros., Inc., 127 East 34th St.

53D ST., 56 WEST.
Handsome floor, 3 rooms, bath and kitchen; unusually large rooms; quiet house.

30 WEST 54TH STREET.
2 ROOMS & BATH, $1,000 UP.
with services; furnished if desired.
EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOOD;
Desirable Suite Suitable for Physician.
Apply on premises, or owner,
Room 627, 30 East 42nd St.
Telephone 6488 Murray Hill.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Newly completed 14-story building; duplex studio and housekeeping apartments, 2 to 8 rooms, $1,500 to $4,400; studio living rooms, 25x30; restaurant.

PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC.,
9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

58TH ST., 112 WEST.
One, two and three-room apartments; handsome decorations, extra large rooms, moderate.

71ST, 342 West.—7, 8, 9 unusually large, light rooms; living rooms 16x22; two baths; rooms and bedroom elevator; front fireproof; immediate possession; $1,200-$1,500. Telephone Jepson, 7830 Riverside.

72D, 124 WEST.—Four, five rooms and bath, housekeeping apartment; $1,400-$1,550; doctor's suite, 2 rooms, bath, $1,250. Superintendent on premises, or J. B. Beaumont Company, owners, 286 5th Av.

72D, 14 WEST.—Two or three rooms; parquet floors; artist's studio; north light.

77TH, 103 WEST.—Fine block; next to museum; 7 rooms, bath, electricity, $10.

84TH, 15 WEST.—Seven large, light rooms, bath, electricity; $70; immediate possession.

86TH, 125 WEST.—Two floors; newly decorated residence; suitable for family and physician; electricity, phone; elevated and subway.

88TH, 315 WEST.—Elegant 3-room parlor floor; bath, kitchenette; suitable physician.

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; best value for the money in the city.

3 AND 5 WEST 104TH ST.
Elevator apartments, 4 and 6 rooms, $50-$65.

121ST, 419 West.—Attractive 6-room apartments; Columbia University neighborhood; $45 to $50. Apply premises.

127TH ST., 540-42 WEST.—Modern elevator apartments, 6 rooms, bath, $35.

ATTRACTIVE seven large, light, airy rooms, splendid view, just off Riverside; living room 30 feet long, with south, east and west exposure; sublet two years from Oct. 1; exceptionally low rental. Box L 523 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900. (Corner 161st.)—5, 6, 7, 8, 9 rooms and 2 baths; elevator house; Hudson views. Inquire office.

Washington Square district, studios; 2-room apartments; $40 up. Barnes, 2377 Chelsea.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three room apartments, with bath, maid service; references required.

312 WEST END AV.
Two and three rooms ready for immediate occupancy, $1,200 to $1,500. Slawson & Hobbs, agents.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

6-Room modern, furnished apartment; lease from Sept. 18; west side, between 72d and 110th, Broadway and Drive; $75; responsible party; references exchanged. Apt. 67, 66 Fr. Washington Av.

YOUNG ARTIST desires small apartment or studio of 2 rooms and bath; shower; furnished to suggest comfort and yet at reasonable terms; 5th Ave. section preferred. 13238 Times.

Apartments of unusual type wanted at once for clients for the Winter. please let us add yours to our list. Both furnished and unfurnished. BERLOCK CO., 46 West 49th St. Tel. Bryant 7152.

Five-six-room apartment from Oct. 1, between 72d and 82d Sts. and between Amsterdam and Columbus Avs. Answer with full particulars, to Mrs. F. W. Schaefer, Manitou-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Wanted, furnished small apartment or kitchenette; couple; near Columbia University; one outside room; Sept. 1st or Oct. 1st; references exchanged. F. J., 148 Columbus Av.

LET US RENT YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT OR DWELLING FOR YOU. List now for Fall and Winter Leasing.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 West 72d St. Columbus 2750.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED. Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

Responsible party wants 9, 10 rooms, 3 baths, furnished apartment, Central Park West or vicinity; year $4,000. Vanderbilt 1450.

TWO LADIES would like small furnished apartment on east side; state rent. Room 326 Holly Hotel, Washington Square.

COMPLETELY furnished apartment, four or five rooms, west side 72nd to 120th St., October to May, inclusive. R 321 Times.

COUPLE want modern five-room furnished apartment, about $60; describe fully. Harry Hardesty, Wayne, Penna.

Unfurnished.

AT ONCE.—Two rooms, bath; west side between 59th and 96th Sts; not over $55. Reply S 92 Times.

2 OR 4-ROOM apartment,, near subway, elevated. Box 195, 852 Columbus Ave.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH, (163 LEXINGTON AV.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service, $6 weekly up, including elegant meals, $12 weekly; front room with running water, $14 weekly; with bath $17 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH ST., 120 EAST.—Attractive, cool room, elevator apartment; southern exposure. Apartment 9.

36TH, 14 EAST.—Desirable large, small rooms, with or without bath; references.

93D ST., 51 EAST.—Desirable large, small rooms; private house; select neighborhood; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—An attractive suite with private bath; also single rooms.

West Side.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Large, cool room, private bath; also single rooms; electricity; references.

12TH, 124 WEST.—Nicely furnished small room with large closet; references.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Floor, two rooms, bath; single or en suite; small room; references.

44TH, 67 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; small rooms; central; all modern conveniences.

47TH, 47 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms, private bath; electricity; elevator; references.

47TH, 115 WEST.—Large room, private bath, modern conveniences.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience, clean, quiet house; reference.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; gentleman.

51ST, 63 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; gentlemen or couple; $7-$25; refined.

53D, 62 WEST.—Exceptionally fine parlor suite, doctor's studio or private.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable, cool room; electric light; running water; Summer rates; gentleman.

56TH, 320 WEST.—Nicely furnished, clean, large and small rooms; central location; reference.

68TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; electricity; references.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Large double rooms, second floor; electricity; also large basement front.

69TH, 63 WEST.—Attractive large room; electricity, water; smaller room; private house; references.

70TH, 213 WEST.—Beautiful room; private bath; refined private family; electricity.

71ST, 62 WEST.—LARGE DOUBLE ROOM, EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY; SHOWER, ELECTRICITY; $10; MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS, $7-$4.

71ST, 43 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; telephone, electricity, running water; desirable location.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, medium-sized room; electric light; also single. R 348 Times.

71ST, 206 WEST.—Parlor floor suite; other rooms; near subway.

72D ST., 301 WEST, (Corner West End Av.) —Non-housekeeping suites, large and small; also single rooms, with or without baths.

72D, 263 WEST.—Double and single rooms, $5 to $12 per week.

72D, 261 WEST.—Large room, private bath; small room; board optional.

73D, 158 WEST.—Attractive front room; electricity; private house; near subway, elevated.

73D, 140 WEST.—EXCELLENTLY FURNISHED LARGE HALL ROOM, ADJOINING BATH, LAVATORY; REASONABLE.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large room, private bath, select house; references.

73D, 273 WEST.—Comfortable, cool, single, double rooms; private house; near Riverside.

74TH, 3 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, private residence, select neighborhood; breakfast optional. Columbus 9051.

74TH, 242 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with private baths; Japanese service.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large room; running water; twin beds; also medium-size room.

74TH, 57 WEST.—Roomy furnished house; electricity; rooms $8, $6, $10; telephone.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large, small; adjoining bath, running water, electricity.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean back parlor, private bath, electricity, parquet floor.

76TH, (West End Av., 344.)—Select house, second floor, front room, bath, electricity.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Perfectly appointed large room; private bath; artistic home; electricity, parquetry.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Parlor floor, en suite, private bath; suitable doctor or couple.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Excellently furnished large room; water; near Columbus Av. and Broadway.

77TH, 128 WEST.—Attractively furnished large and small rooms, with or without private bath. Schuyler 7297.

77TH, 138 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, with bath; all conveniences; reasonable.

77TH, 221 WEST.—Large room, twin beds, adjoining bath, continuous hot water, electricity.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Desirable rooms, $3 to $10; telephone, reception room.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Excellent parlor floor and reception hall, suitable for professional use; also large and small rooms; conveniences; adjoining Broadway subway. Schuyler 1946.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, handsome room; private bath, electricity, telephone; reasonable; references.

81ST, 149 WEST.—Large south room, private bath, bookcases, fireplace, electricity; quiet, exclusive; permanent; American business men; references.

81ST, 22 WEST.—(Overlooking parks;) single; double; private baths; exceptional. Schuyler 1820.

81ST, 106 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, adjoining bath; convenient "L"; references.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's home, 2d floor, suite, near park; electricity; reference, Winsor.

BROADWAY, 1107TH.—Elegantly furnished four rooms en suite, for two gentlemen; twin brass beds; private family, in elegant apartment; no couples need answer; immediate. Phone 3915 Cathedral.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 808.—Corner room, bath adjoining; 11th floor; $7. Schuyler 5300. Blanchard.

EXCLUSIVE person desiring elegantly furnished rooms, private baths, board optional, in exclusive central location, phone 5078 Columbus.

EXCLUSIVE apartment home; will rent two outside rooms; private bath, with shower; near Riverside, 110th subway. Academy 8238.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76. (Between 79th and 80th Sts.)—Beautiful rooms reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 314, (94th.)—Large, handsome room, overlooking Hudson; running water. Noble.

896 WEST END AV., (108D.)
Large, sunny room, adjoining bath, $10; small, $4.

WEST END AV., 911.—Large rooms, running water, electricity, telephone; smaller room.

WEST END, 758, (97th.)—Handsome, private home, large, medium; shower; reasonable. Apartment 62.

WEST END AVE., 549.—Attractive rooms, private house, phone service.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

REFINED young man, electrical engineer, desires large, furnished, outside, quiet room; prefer Riverside, Claremont, West End Av., or Morningside Drive; other west side locations considered; about $50 monthly. R 339 Times.

Gentleman desires front room, preferably with bath, in high-class elevator apartment; no other roomers; from 72d to 96th, west side; state rate. Room 1350 Park Row.

Elderly business man, Christian, wants furnished room Aug. 31; good size, conveniences; must be in lower part of city; $5. R 666 Times Harlem.

ENGLISH LADY and gentleman, visiting New York, require two rooms and automobile accommodation in private house for one month; state terms. R 340 Times.

WANTED—Large room, private bath, for two teachers; private family preferred; state terms; permanent; highest reference. S 87 Times.

Rooming house tired gentleman, moving shortly, desires room, sole occupant; prefers share cozy home small family. R 319 Times.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Young gentleman wishes furnished room with private family; board optional. Box S 76 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; meals.

59TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent table; private house, telephone.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $12 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6180.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single, double rooms; private baths; references.

58TH ST., 41-43-45.
Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

61ST, 10 WEST.—Furnished rooms; water; board optional; private family; modern apartment.

66TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms, private bath; electricity; Southern cooking.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large room; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine; Winter reservations.

72D, 267 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, private bath; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY, TABLE BOARD, COLUMBUS 6866.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; superior board; table guests accommodated.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive double rooms, private baths; small rooms; near Riverside.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, private baths; switchboard, dining room open Sept. 1.

76TH, 129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; home cooking; parlor dining; table guests.

78TH, 256 WEST.—An unusual house for unusual people; usual prices; one single, one double; electricity; steam heat.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

87TH, 143 WEST.—One large, medium room, newly decorated, electricity; homelike; references.

92D, 124 WEST. (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

93D ST., 60 WEST.—A few choice large and small rooms, with or without bath; high-class Jewish house.

93D, 3 AND 5 WEST.—Unusually desirable suites, singly; modern; arrangement coming season.

96TH, 130 WEST.—Large room; electric lights; all accommodations; table guests accommodated; references.

96TH, 104 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suite, with bath; excellent meals; Winter reservations.

98TH, (307 Lexington Av.)—Desirable rooms, electricity; table board.

91ST, 30 WEST.—Room and board for one or two refined people.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, cool rooms, adjoining bath; board, $10 to $12. Payne.

WEST END AV., 541, (86th.)—Large and single rooms; table guests; single tables; reservations made for Winter; references.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th St.)—Rooms, suites, floors; excellent table; Winter reservations; references.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th St.)—Couple; one flight; meals, bath, $30; single, $10.

Westchester County.

"Hopsin," 245 Prospect Av., Mt. Vernon.—Reservations Fall, Winter; four minutes from New Haven Station; adults only. Phone 2625.

BOARD WANTED.

Young couple with two children and maid want first-class accommodations private home, near some park. Hall, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

A home wanted by a Jewish business gentleman with refined family; will pay liberally; please state price. R 329 Times.

Two rooms, with board, required, with private family. L 553 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway Club.—Suites, private baths, single rooms; excellent food and service. Telephone Far Rockaway 2141.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of Highest Standard 20 Minutes' Delightful Sail N. Y. Fare 5c. Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service. Gen'l Tables. Park View. Lawn. Comforts. Rates Weekly, $12-$18 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Westchester County.

Edgewood Hall, New Rochelle.—Exceptional accommodations; suites, sleeping porches, billiard room; open-air Summer dining; garage. Tel. 3899.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and cottages, 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers; convenient location, refined clientele, moderate prices. Telephone 3344 Yonkers.

MISS WORDEN'S School for Happy Children, 77 High St., Yonkers; yearly, season, thorough instruction, outdoor life; moderate. Phone 4670.

"Hopsin," 245 Prospect Av., Mt. Vernon.—Reservations Fall, Winter; four minutes from New Haven Station; adults only. Phone 2625.

New Jersey.

South Orange, 151 Scotland Road.—Pleasant rooms, with board; beautiful location; references.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and Ledger Clerk.—Five years' experience; good at figures; neat penman. Augusta Flamm, care Rothstein, 133 Rivington St., N. Y. City.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady desires position with reputable house; three years' experience; salary $16-$18. R 639 Times Harlem.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — Accuracy, competency; references furnished. Fannie Kossoff, 1,017 Simpson St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, expert accounting student, controlling accounts, financial statements, &c.; capable assuming full charge; executive ability. M. W. 643 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER.—American, 23 years old; high school graduate; 4½ years' experience, customers and purchase ledgers, monthly statements, cash and check books; $20. L 572 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Open for position Sept. 1; double entry, trial balance; long business experience; good references. S 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT.—Young lady, neat, willing, accurate, good penman, desires position. Georgiana Bantunek, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, understands double entry bookkeeping, wishes position in accounting department of large corporation; highest credentials. Box 46, 2,121 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young woman, 5 years' experience double entry bookkeeping; chance for advancement. M. Lillienfeld, 64 Pitt St., city.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough knowledge of credit, desires position where education initiative and executive ability are essential. E. B. 256 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 9 years' experience, thoroughly competent; knowledge shorthand and typewriting; salary $25. W 452 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience office manager; also efficient stenographer; trial balances, financial statements; salary $25-$30. R 311 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—Knowledge of stenography; bright beginner desires position; $10 to start. F. L., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly efficient, controlling accounts, trial balance; seven years' experience; highest credentials; salary $25. O 269 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, correspondent, office manager; 10 years' experience. S., 1,310 Boston Road.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, ledger clerk, controlling accounts, full charge; $25. L 614 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, four years' experience, double entry, controls; accountant's reference; $20. 504 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT desires permanent position where reliability is appreciated. B. A. 1,364 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; knowledge stenography. S. K. 115 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young lady of refinement having given up her own autos owing to war conditions now desires position driving; capable of handling any high-power car. R 321 Times.

COOK.—Widow, refined, good cook, half-time position. R. S. A., 1,629 Amsterdam.

COOK, woman; city or country. 237 West 15th St. May, care of Janitor.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' commercial experience; salary $25. L 591 Times Downtown.

FRENCH TAUGHT by refined Franco-American lady to those going to France for war work; reasonable. B 109 Times.

GIRL, experienced domestic worker, wants position with small family; references. S 113 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined widow, reliable, will take charge of motherless home or business couple; not servant class; excellent references. Write Mrs. P., care Alexander, 370 West 183d, or telephone St. Nicholas 3150.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Young Jewish widow wishes position refined family where maid is employed; city, country. Fried, 60 West 104th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, formerly nurse; woman of refinement, where there is no objection to boy 10. Advertiser, 407 West 145th St.

MASSEUSE (licensed) desires patient; references. Brook, 211 West 58th. Tel. 3339 Riverside.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED; ALSO OPERATOR TYPEWRITER. L 550 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE.—Russian, Red Cross graduate war nurse, wishes position in high class private American family to take care of invalid; references. R 310 Times.

NURSE, German, for invalids or convalescents. Miss Lehman, 153 West 72d St.

REFINED YOUNG LADY desires a position as office assistant, 4 years' experience; references. Selma Bloom, 511 West 139th St.

REFINED YOUNG WOMAN desires to be companion to woman; elocution teacher of recognized ability. R. T. B., S 104 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent, familiar with details of office routine, advertising experience, desires executive position with "real" opportunity, preferably in advertising line; $26. R 305 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; most capable of taking full charge of office; not afraid to work; state $21; references. Jolip, 823 Longacre Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thorough banking experience; fully competent to accept permanent position of responsibility; highly recommended; salary $30. B 411 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, exceptional executive ability, high school graduate, two years' college training, 6 years' experience, $25. P. W. Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, competent, industrious young woman, graduate business school, desires position. Sarah Kaplan, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER. — Neat, conscientious worker; a little experience; willing to start at $10. Fannie Levine, 1,672 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, competent, industrious young woman, graduate business school, desires position. Helen Healy, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — 7 years' legal and commercial experience, wishes to connect with responsible concern; salary $25. W 433 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly efficient; 7 years' high-grade commercial and brokerage experience; best references. L 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Efficient executive ability, extensive practical and commercial experience; Christian; age 24. $25 to $30. L 584 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of bookkeeping and thoroughly familiar with detail work; seven years' experience; salary $20. L 567 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, six years' present position; capable handling all correspondence; salary $26. Miss Grabow, 455 East 135th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; neat, accurate, executive ability, willing; $19. L 623 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; some experience; start $12. Miss Levisohn, 1,603 Clay Av. Phone Tremont 473.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 7 years' experience; references; $22. L 625 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Initiative, competent, conscientious; highly recommended; $25. Box 394 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, high school graduate, experienced, accurate, rapid; downtown desired. Rector 2734.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced technical stenography preferred. L 631 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience engineering work, capable, energetic; salary $25. K 612 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert law stenographer, eight years' experience, desires position; $25. O 7 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good correspondent, initiative; $22. F. F., 1,430 Longfellow Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER wishes position; 1 year's experience; high school education; $14. L 557 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, little beginner, rapid, conscientious; salary $10. Greene, 1,225 Boston Rd.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' practical experience; excellent references; American; $15. L 524 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced; good grammarian; $16. L 539 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, beginner, 17, with chance of advancement. Clarich, 310 East 19th.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, five years' experience, moderate salary, wants permanent position; good firm. E 308 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, young lady, graduate business school, wishes position. Accurate, R 321 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, seven years' technical and commercial experience; salary $25. L 592 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent; $20-$25. L 587 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR desires position; also typist and clerical work; two years' experience; best references furnished. L 563 Times Downtown.

WOMAN with stenographic experience would like position of trust requiring initiative. Box 392 Times, 2 Rector St.

WOMAN wishes to take charge of child afternoons only. Kripke, 58 West 106th St.

**YOUNG LADY desires

Want Advertisements Received up to 4 P. M.

Want Advertisements for the Sunday edition of The New York Times cannot be accepted if received in The Times Building after 4 o'clock. Those for the daily edition must be received before 8 P. M. previous to publication.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BILLING AND ORDER CLERK wanted by wholesale firm; opportunity for one of intelligence, initiative, and vim; give age, experience, education, and salary desired. Z 345 Times Annex.

BILLING CLERK and assistant in accounting department; state experience, if any; reference and salary desired. L 580 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, long hand. Hauser & Weil, 142 5th Av.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5th Av., at 38th St.,

Require the services of

MILLINERS.

Long season and excellent salary assured to those who are accustomed to the very highest class of work.

Employment Department,
Employees' Entrance,
6 East 38th St.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5th Av., at 38th St.,

Require the services of a

YOUNG LADY

who has had some experience in BOOKKEEPING, for their millinery workroom; good salary and advancement.

Employment Department,
Employees' Entrance,
6 East 38th St.

BOOKKEEPERS AND TYPISTS

OPPORTUNITY.

Wartime conditions demand more

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS.

Typists and Bookkeepers can easily qualify as ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS. No charge for this special instruction.

You cannot afford to neglect this splendid opportunity to fit yourself for good paying, high class positions with New York's best concerns.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS always in demand.
Investigate today.
Elliott-Fisher Company,
38 Park Place. Tel. Barclay 7315.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED.
Bookkeeper, with Wall Street experience, by long established stock brokerage house; state age, experience, and salary expected; give reference. "A A A," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST in a cotton converting house, to keep important records; responsible, permanent positions offered the right parties.

Address full particulars B 249 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (WOMAN, 23 TO 45,) NEAT, QUICK, AND ACCURATE, TO POST LEDGERS, WANTED BY A LONG ESTABLISHED CONCERN IN JERSEY CITY; EXPERIENCED PREFERRED, BUT A BRIGHT WOMAN, QUICK TO LEARN, WOULD BE CONSIDERED; STATE IN HANDWRITING AGE, RACE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. Y 377 TIMES ANNEX.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, capable of running ledger, in large mercantile house; do not answer unless fully qualified; must come well recommended and have experience; state age, salary expected and full particulars. B. E., 363 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for main office in large mercantile house; must be thoroughly competent bookkeeper, capable of taking full charge of ledger account; give full particulars, stating age, experience, and salary expected. B. P., 291 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; experienced, quick and accurate; is offered position with good prospects; good salary to start; apply in person with handwritten application. Geo. B. Herzig Co., Inc., 39 West 29th St. See Mr. Fries.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, understanding controlling accounts and capable to take full charge, wanted by coat and suit house; only those not afraid of work need apply; state full experience and salary desired. Z 367 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-ASSISTANT. — Experienced ledger clerk, good penman; exceptional opportunity for advancement to rapid and accurate assistant. Apply in person. Carl Ahlers, 5 Worth St.

BOOKKEEPER.—An uptown banking institution requires the services of bookkeeper familiar with the statement system; permanent position. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary desired, P. O. Box 1, Station R.

BOOKKEEPER assistant, experienced on sales ledger and general office work; one with typewriting experience preferred; good chance for advancement; state age, experience and salary expected. Box R 273 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—REFINED YOUNG LADY, ABOUT 25, TO TAKE CARE OF ENTIRE SET OF BOOKS, MANAGE CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; WRITE, STATING SALARY DESIRED AND EXPERIENCE. B 240 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent ledger clerk; knowledge of stenography desirable; excellent opportunity; good salary; state age, experience and salary desired; give phone number for interview. Z 226 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, capable of taking off trial balance; permanent position. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary expected. Carl Fischer, 46-54 Cooper Square, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; must have experience ladies' garments manufactory, quick, accurate, write legible hand; good salary; state full particulars; exceptional chance. S 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced, who is also a stenographer and typist; state particulars, age, salary desired in application letter; no beginners need apply. Box 45, Station G, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, over 25 years of age, wanted; must be competent; salary, $20. Apply by letter or call with a written application. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady who understands double entry bookkeeping. Address in own handwriting, stating nationality, age, references, and salary expected. A 702 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, accurate, capable; good penman; state experience and salary desired; answer in own handwriting. B 238 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady as bookkeeper; must be neat and accurate at figures; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address H. B., 132 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; splendid opportunity for bright young lady, familiar with controls and balances; give full details first letter. L 585 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to take entire charge bookkeeping department; double-entry books; trial balance, controlling accounts; good salary for right person. Call Binger Co., 58 West 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST, thoroughly experienced on full set of books; good position; pleasant surroundings; gentile concern. B 239 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; young girl; good position; chance for advancement. Call with references, Room 1514, 114 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, with ability, for complete charge of books; state experience and salary expected. S 106 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, for Wheeling, W. Va.; call between 5 and 6 Tuesday evening, Gen F. Lewis, 37 West 26th St.

BOOKKEEPERS.—High-class applicants for high-class positions. Hull Indexing Bureau, 220 Broadway. (agency.)

BOOKKEEPER.—Over 30 years of age, experienced on double entry, for machine shop. E 8 224 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—One to make herself generally useful in export office. R 308 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for card index account, general office work; $12; must be over 21 and have experience. R 316 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant on customers' ledger; knowledge of stenography. Oliver machine; salary $15. Sheridan, 906 6th Ave.

CLERICAL.

Refined girls for clerical work in large publishing house; ideal working conditions with plenty of light and air; short hours, half day Saturday; opportunities are presented to work up to a good paying position; parents interested in placing daughters are invited to pay a visit. Apply to

MISS CARLOCK,
326 HUDSON STREET, 2ND FLOOR.
Take 7th Av. Subway to Houston St.

CLERKS.

We are in need of a number of girls and women who can qualify for clerical positions; pay to start based on previous experience, with opportunities for rapid advancement.

Call at once.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
35 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

CLERKS.—Several required in manufacturing concern to work on stock books; also a few experienced in cost work; must be accurate at figures; good opportunity for advancement; state salary expected and age. K 614 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Experienced stock ledger clerk for a large manufacturing concern in Connecticut; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. Y 390 Times Annex.

CLERK.—High school graduate, age 19 to 21, wanted by large corporation; good hours, (9 to 4:30,) surroundings, and advancement. J. D., Box 70, Station D, New York.

CLERK.—College graduate wanted for interesting clerical work; age 23 to 25; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. C. H., Box 70, Station D, New York.

CLERKS.—High school; knowledge figuring; high-class applicants for high-class positions. Hull Indexing Bureau, 220 Broadway, (agency.)

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted in large wholesale house; state experience and salary. A 645 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, Stenographer, Secretary experienced in manufacturing department cutting-up trade; office closed Saturdays, open Sundays; state experience, reference, and salary. L 629 Times Downtown.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Attractive, experienced in toilet articles, wanted. P. S. Laboratories, Inc., 241 West 23rd St.

DESIGNER

on ladies' muslin and silk underwear; position steady; good pay.

THE WOLF COMPANY,

364 FIFTH AVE.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Permanent position; $15 to $18; only capable and experienced operator considered. Address, stating age and experience,

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

ELEVATOR RUNNERS, white girls. Apply Hotel Bonta, 2512 Broadway.

FILE CLERK.—Neat penman; permanent position; refined surroundings. Babcock Co., 116 W. 14th.

FRENCH SCHOOL requires young office girl; must have high school education; state age, experience, salary expected. R 663 Times Harlem.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, COMPETENT, PLAIN COOK, FOR SMALL FAMILY; GOOD WAGES; BEAUTIFUL, LIGHT, CHEERFUL KITCHEN; MAID'S OWN ROOM AND BATH. CALL TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY. STRAUSS, 160 WEST 95TH.

GIRLS,

50

BRIGHT,

FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS.

GOOD SALARIES, QUICK ADVANCEMENT.

Here is a fine opportunity for fifty bright girls, above the age of 16, to do filing, addressing, examining, or typing. Unusually attractive offices, good hours, every convenience, rapid advancement.

COME

TODAY

AT

9 A. M.,

READY FOR WORK.

NATIONAL SUIT & CLOAK CO.,

207 WEST 24TH ST.

GIRLS.

We need girls, (not under 18 years,) who have a knowledge of chemistry or physics,

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES PREFERRED,

to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government use. We pay beginners 25 cents per hour; those who show ability are raised within 60 days and earn from

$15 TO $18 PER WEEK
OF 48 HOURS;
HALF DAY SATURDAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.—6 blocks south of 14th St.

GIRLS, WOMEN,

FOR LIGHT FACTORY WORK AND ASSEMBLING.

Work is steady; no experience necessary; good pay while learning; advancement when experienced; half day Saturday.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GIRLS WANTED.
$2 PER DAY.
HOURS: 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
Folding circulars, no experience necessary; about 2 weeks' work.
HOWARD A. RILEY & CO.,
20 Broad St. R. 716.

GIRLS—WANTED—WOMEN.

Large mail order house, men's, women's and children's wearing apparel, requires girls and women for packing, shipping and order picking departments; excellent working conditions, good salary, previous experience unnecessary. Apply personally Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station 9th Ave. L.

GIRLS, 16-20, for office and clerical work in large mail order house; public, parochial or high school graduates preferred; excellent working conditions, steady employment, good opportunity for advancement. Apply personally Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station 9th Ave L.

GIRLS OR WOMEN.

Experience unnecessary; easy, clean, healthy work; no machinery; steady employment; hours 8 to 5:30, half day Saturday; good salary to start, with advancement. Apply Robert H. Ingersoll & Bro., 30 Irving Place, 7th floor.

GIRLS OVER 16.

Light, clean factory work; good chance for advancement; hrs. all year; bonus and insurance advantages.

STANDARD,
688 WEST 52D ST.

GIRL 16 or over to make herself useful in showroom; $8 start; no experience necessary. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

GIRL (white) for general housework, small family. Apply 523 West 112th St., Apartment 31. Telephone Morningside 82.

GIRL wanted to do crayon coloring on fashion sketches. Apply at 9 A. M., Mitchell Publication, Inc., 248 West 39th.

GIRL.—Genial office girl; must know typewriting; $8 start. Empire, 65 Irving Place.

GIRL, as chambermaid and waitress; reference; private family. 127 West 74th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Two assistants wanted. Mount Sinai Training School, Nurses House, Madison Av. and 100d St.

KEY PUNCH OPERATOR

WITH EXPERIENCE; GOOD SALARY; ADVANCEMENT.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.; 6 blocks south of 14th St.

LEDGER clerk; good penman; permanent position; state salary. B 246 Times.

MAIDS to do chamberwork and waiting. Mount Sinai Training School, Nurses Home, Madison Av. and 103d St.

MILLINERY.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5th Av., at 38th St.,

Require the services of

APPRENTICES.

Good salary paid while learning. Excellent opportunity to learn.

Employment Department,
Employees' Entrance,
6 East 38th St.

MILLINERY COPYISTS AND PREPARERS.
SPLENDID POSITIONS, GOOD SALARIES.
APPLY J. S. BAILEY CO.,
502 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

MODELS.
Stylish young ladies for showroom, 16-year size. M. Altman & Co., 29 W. 30th St.

NURSE.—Practical nurse for infant. Apply Tuesday afternoon, Jacobson, 420 Riverside Drive, corner 114th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted in uptown branch office N. Y. Stock Exchange house; must know stenography and typewriting; one with previous experience in the business preferred; answer, stating salary and references. R 309 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Must be good penman, accurate at figures; state experience and salary. B 253 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; good chance for high school graduate. Cushman's, 517 West 59th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; good chance for high school graduate. Cushman's, 315 West 66th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; good chance for high school graduate. Cushman's, 49 Manhattan St.

OPERATORS ON SILK.
Experienced on silk flags preferred; best pay; steady work guaranteed. Annin & Co., 99 Fulton St., New York.

OPERATORS on children's underwear. Gotham Underwear, 524 Broadway.

ORDER CLERK.—Young woman wanted as order clerk in office of knit goods manufacturers' agents. P. O. Box 344.

PRACTICAL NURSE wanted for infant. Apply Tuesday, P. M., G. N. Jacobson, 420 Riverside Drive, corner 114th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—A YOUNG LADY OF REFINEMENT AS PRIVATE SECRETARY TO EXECUTIVE IN RETAIL BUSINESS; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. B 251 TIMES.

SALESLADY.—Refined young woman; unusual chance; silks specialties; strictly high-class, dignified position; experience unnecessary; $35 $50 week, salary, commission. Tiffany, 2378, 15 Park Row.

SALESLADIES for ladies' ready-to-wear store, 50 miles from New York; permanent positions; salary and commission. Call 10 A. M., 1,161 Broadway, Room 401.

SALESLADY wanted for the following departments: Coats, suits, dresses, waists, and skirts; excellent salary. Apply at Martin's, 501 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES wanted for candy store, speaking French preferred. Henri, 67 West 44th.

SALESWOMEN.
HENRY HESSE,
399 6TH AV., 24TH-25TH STS.,
HAS VACANCIES IN THE
ART EMBROIDERY,
HOSIERY KNIT UNDERWEAR
DEPARTMENTS.

SALESWOMEN, neat, attractive looking, over 19, with selling ability, for the road, to sell oil; commission basis. Apply office, 362 6th Av.

SALESWOMEN for biographical work; high-class proposition; interviewing. O 227 Times.

STATISTICIAN and typist, also an experienced stenographer, for steamship office, permanent positions; good opportunities. K 444 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.

G. AMSINCK & COMPANY, INC.,

ONE OF THE LARGEST IMPORT AND EXPORT HOUSES IN THE UNITED STATES, NEEDS SEVERAL COMPETENT STENOGRAPHERS IMMEDIATELY. SALARL TO START, $18, WITH DEFINITE ADVANCEMENT IF SATISFACTORY. HOURS 9 TO 5, HALF DAY SATURDAY ALL YEAR AROUND. APPLY NO. 6 HANOVER ST.

STENOGRAPHER.
CAN YOU HOLD A MAN'S JOB, MISS STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY?
This corporation, of international fame, employing many thousands, 45 minutes from Broadway, doing some work for Uncle Sam, (no explosives,) wants several women who can shoulder responsibilities; temperament is more important than experience; give full details, which will be treated in confidence; salary will be commensurate with ability. Z 247 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHERS,

TYPISTS,

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.

Girls who have had training and experience as stenographers, typists or dictaphone operators will find pleasant, profitable employment in our organization; these positions offer excellent opportunities.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
35 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT IN COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE; A PERMANENT, RELIABLE POSITION OFFERED TO THE RIGHT PARTY. M. LOWENSTEIN & SONS, INC., 40-46 W. 23D.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant to office manager of a publishing house; at least one year's experience; thorough knowledge of English required; must be neat, rapid and accurate; excellent opportunity for bright young girl to qualify as secretary; salary $14 to start, with rapid advancement if satisfactory person; state age, education and experience. L 581 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
Bright, competent young lady, congenial surroundings; fine, permanent position; excellent opportunity for advancement. Write stating age, experience, and salary desired, Langdon Piano Co., 88 Brown Place, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER in stenographical department of large publishing house taking work in all lines of this business; must be thoroughly competent both as to rapidity in stenography and also in transcribing; good position to one who is willing to work steadily; state salary. Address S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in sales department of a large manufacturing concern in New York City; salary moderate to start, but good opportunity for a girl who knows how to spell, punctuate, and write a clean letter; experience not essential; permanent position; state fully particulars, experience, nationality, &c. B 250 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Do your bit to win the war by working in the most interesting branch of the Government service at Washington; good salary; prompt appointment; reply by letter, stating age, birthplace, parents' nationality, religion, education, experience. L 516 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Splendid positions paying from $12-$20; STENOGRAPHERS, FRENCH, SPANISH, highest salaries paid; BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, $20; TYPISTS, $10; other attractive office positions; free registration. FLORENCE BLOCH AGENCY, 47 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED;
EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG LADY WITH TWO OR THREE YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
UNITED PAPERBOX CO.,
33-34TH ST., BROOKLYN,
BUSH TERMINAL BLDG. NO. 7.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for export office; state salary. R 302 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, FOR LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE; MUST HAVE INITIATIVE, BE QUICK, ACCURATE; SALARY $15; HOURS, 9 TO 5, HALF DAY SATURDAY; SURROUNDINGS CONGENIAL. COLLIER'S WEEKLY, 416 WEST 13TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER. — EXPERIENCED AND ACCURATE; PERMANENT POSITION FOR ONE WITH ABILITY. CALL THE MANHATTAN STORAGE AND WAREHOUSE CO., LEXINGTON AV. AND 42D ST.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted for importing downtown Christian firm; only those having three or more years' experience in commercial firms need apply; state full particulars regarding salary. A 684 Times Down own.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in wholesale house, agreeable surroundings, half-day Saturday; good position for refined girl; address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, religion, and salary expected. R 332 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, high school graduate; must be capable to take care office routine; permanent position; state experience, age, and salary expected. A 699 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, must be speedy, competent, bright, have good education and experience in commercial lines; desirable position; salary depends on qualifications. Wormser & Co., 95 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER in the administrative office of a research laboratory; familiarity with technical terms useful; applicants should have preferably one year's outside experience. B 239 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist. — Christian firm; good knowledge of English; salary $12 per week; hours 9 to 5; pleasant working conditions. Address Publisher, Box B 147 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—At least high school education; accuracy and reliability essential; advancement for competent person. Call or write The Congregational Home Missionary Society, Room 801, 287 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER for Brooklyn office of large motor truck company; must be competent to handle office in absence of manager; good salary and ideal working conditions. Apply morning, 168 Park Pl. Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wanted by old-established financial institution; salary $75 per month. Call Tuesday morning, after 10 o'clock, Room 505, 217 Broadway, New York.

STENOGRAPHER. — EXPERIENCED, QUICK AND ACCURATE; GOOD SALARY; CALL AND SEE MR. PAPE, CONSOLIDATED WAFER CO., 515 KENT AV., BROOKLYN.

STENOGRAPHER, with filing experience; age between 25 and 30. Apply Spencer Kellogg & Sons, Inc. Company's boat leaves foot of West 55th St. at 7:15 each morning.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, capable, busy office; permanent.
HARRIS SUSPENDER CO.
694 B'WAY, ENTRANCE ON 4TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced in export work; hours 9 to 5:30, half day Saturday; Christian firm; salary $15. Call. V. Vivaudou, Inc., 418 West 25th.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class American for temporary position, with chance for permanency; centrally located New York office. Apply Dupont Company, 244 West 23rd St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST. — Young lady; must be good at figures. Apply Room 4, Shubert Theatre Bldg., 223 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for Underwood machine; permanent position; must be expert and a good writer. Bolton Worsted Mills, 19 E. 24th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opportunity for neat and accurate worker; one with dictaphone experience preferred. A 693 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; neat and accurate; experienced only need call. Shapiro & Aronson, Inc., 20 Warren St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Only those who have had experience in ladies' apparel line need apply. Lindenman, Gross & Hindes, 15 East 26th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Permanent position; call Tuesday. Schwab & Wolf, 41 White St.

STENOGRAPHER, who can operate a dictaphone; about $20 to start. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS; 3 years' experience; good opportunity; state age, experience, $25 to $30. R 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, in large downtown law office; state experience and salary; permanent. L 605 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable of taking rapid dictation; $18 to start. The Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 W. 39th. Bryant 8600.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; must have experience. Apply Quinto, Cohen & Levin, 745 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—French-English; rapid and accurate both languages; references. Phone Madison Square 9146, Extension 1.

STENOGRAPHERS. — High-class applicants for high-class positions. Hull Indexing Bureau, 220 Broadway. (agency.)

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright girl with some experience; state age and salary. S 100 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, neat and accurate beginner; rapid advancement; state salary. G. F., Box S 110 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Office worker; some experience or smart beginner; $12. Merk, 276 Canal.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in general office work; short hours; good salary. Imperial Hygienic Co., 136 West 52d St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Capable of keeping books; steady position, short hours, good salary. Imperial Hygienic Co., 136 West 52d.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; thoroughly experienced; steady position; salary $15. Spiro Mfg. Co., 68 East 131st.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in advertising office, rapid typist for intelligent girl; state experience and salary desired. B 259 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping; permanent position; good pay. Apply Room 2007, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Desirable position; $14 weekly to start; may pay more for satisfactory girl. H. T. Wood, 220 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and clerical worker by large publishing house; $13. Address M. O., Box 118 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; apply, with full particulars, to L 611 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced in general office work. Levitt & Co., 591 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced only; $15. 366 Broadway, Room 314.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant. S. A., 313 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK for phonograph record room; one who can keep records, fill orders and look after stock. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. L 606 Times Downtown.

STOCK GIRLS wanted for coats, suits, dresses, and waist department. Martin's, 501 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, eight-hour shift. Osborn Hall, 426 East 26th St.

TEACHER.—Wanted, by Sept. 3, at Regina College Conservatory of Music, Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada, an experienced teacher of piano; lady must be graduate in the Fletcher-Copp system of kindergarten instruction. Apply, giving experience and references, to H. Holgate, 84 Summerhill Av., Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

TEACHERS, two, experienced, under 35, one familiar with Montessori methods, elementary manual training and drawing; the other first and second year primary with elementary vocal music; salary $45 with home. Z 242 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR (plug switchboard) and typist wanted who is experienced; salary, $12. Apply by letter, which may be presented personally, A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR in wholesale coffee house, knowledge of typewriting necessary; salary $10 to start. A Ehlers, 224 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for Monitor switchboard and to assist in general office duties. Apply Nollman & Co., Inc., 141 Reade St., N. Y. C.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, also assist with other work. Call Louis A. Silk Co., 142 5th Ave.

TIMEKEEPER, office and material man, experienced in plumbing, contracting, and payroll work; write, stating experience and salary expected. Government work, Washington. J 674 Times Harlem.

TRIMMERS—TRIMMERS,
experienced on children's hats and caps, $15-$20 weekly. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

TYPEWRITER.—Spanish typewriter wanted, quick and efficient, downtown importing house. P. O. B. 498, City Hall Station.

TYPISTS—Large mail order house requires young ladies as typists; steady employment; excellent opportunity for beginners. Apply personally, Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St, Station 9th Ave. L.

TYPIST.—BILLING EXPERIENCE; ONE ACCURATE AT FIGURES; PERMANENT POSITION FOR YOUNG LADY OF REFINEMENT. APPLY BETWEEN 9 AND 10 A. M., 3 EAST 37TH ST.

TYPIST, for stencil making and general office work; $12; state age, education and experience. R 317 Times.

TYPIST wanted. Apply J. C. Dowd & Co., 95 Madison Av.

WANTED, working housekeeper; attractive position, excellent quarters; New Rochelle home. Address 654 Webster Ave., New Rochelle, or telephone New Rochelle 548.

WANTED, an experienced, well-educated nurse. Nordland graduate preferred, to take charge of a girl three years old; references required. K 441 Times Downtown.

WOMEN WANTED by large publishing house for permanent positions; experience desired, but not necessary; file clerks, subscription department help, typists, and circular workers desired; 40 hours a week, good pay and ideal working conditions; write, stating age, experience, if any, and salary desire. R 305 Times.

WOMAN for elderly lady, requiring only little attention. Goldberg, 580 St. Nicholas Ave.; Telephone, Audubon 7140.

YOUNG GIRL.—Bright, accurate at figures; only those with thorough experience at figures need apply after 9:30 A. M. I. Isaac & Co., 880 Broadway, corner 19th.

YOUNG LADY, bright, well educated, good address, as special outside representative in sales and collecting department of publishing house; good opportunity to learn salesmanship and make big money while learning; salary or commission. Call before 10 A. M., 120 East 25th, twelfth floor.

YOUNG LADY, bright, good penman, not afraid of hard work, to give out time cards in large waist factory; state age and salary. B. G., 241 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY as office assistant, with knowledge of typewriting-stenography preferred, but not essential. F. S. Gassaway, Inc., 214 East 54th.

YOUNG LADY to file letters and attend switchboard; steady position. E. & J. Bass, Inc., 618 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMEN

wanted as messengers; must be over 21 years of age. Apply

AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO.,

33 PARK PLACE.

YOUNG WOMAN for price list and catalog work in office of publishing concern; must be experienced stenographer, be able to compile material and prepare for the printer; also read proofs; applicant must state in detail her experience and qualifications for the position, present or past employment and salary desired. Address Box K 616 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted by Christian firm to assist in auditing department; must be quick and accurate at figures; give references; state age and salary expected. A. C., 121 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN, ages 18 to 35, for clerical work in office of large corporation; salary $12 per week at start; good chance for advancement. Address Box 47, 2,121 3d Av.

YOUNG WOMAN for clerical work in office; answer, stating qualifications and salary expected. B 254 Times.

Instruction.

LEARN FILING.
There are greater opportunities for TRAINED file clerks than almost any other branch of business offers. It is important work and pays well. Good chance for promotion. Our experts teach you thoroughly in six weeks what may require a year of learning in an office, and we secure you a position when you are proficient. Classes forming now. Night classes open Sept. 9. Day classes Sept. 10. Classes limited. Apply today. Call, write, or telephone.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin Street, near Broadway.
Telephone Franklin 2261.

TEACHERS.—College or training school graduates for Regents elementary and high school; beautifully situated, one hour from city; salary, forty to fifty dollars monthly in addition to room, board and laundry; experience in our school credited by New York Board of Education; no outside duties; Saturdays and Sundays off. Address Box S, Pleasantville, N. Y.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY.
ARE you taking advantage of your unusual opportunity in business? Women trained in Accounting Procedures in great demand. Write for free Bulletin 19 and details of this training preparing you for high-grade positions. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS: Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping. Individual training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 280 Madison Ave. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

FILING.—We are unable to supply the demand for our graduates; instruction in day, evening, and correspondence courses; visitors invited. New York School of Filing, established 1912. Singer Building, New York.

LADIES, GIRLS, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d, 137 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone, switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d, 137 Decatur St., Brooklyn.

FILING COURSE—ATTENTION!
FILING COURSE, $10; WHY PAY MORE? CAPT. O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL, 112 E. 23D ST.

LADIES, GIRLS, ATTENTION!
Learn elevator operating, telephone operating. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d St.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 40TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

"THE"
"NATIONAL"
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.

A majority of the positions requiring brains and energy find their way sooner or later to our lists.

Your need is
"THE NATIONAL SERVICE."

CLERKS, 50; "one" large responsible firm asks us to supply them with this large number of experienced CLERKS; they prefer those with export and import experience; salaries, $25 to $50 weekly; don't pass this by without investigation.

STENOGRAPHER, French - English; come in and let us tell you about it; salary will be no object.

Room 725. Hours, 9 to 1.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES CO. AGENCY,
203 BROADWAY.
Many good positions at good salaries open for high class females, stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, comptometer, Elliott-Fisher operators, clerks, &c. Call 9-1.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$30; several beginners, $12-$16; bookkeepers, typists, office assistants, switchboard operators, exceptional opportunities. Registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Positively hundreds splendid permanencies, stenographers, law, commercial bookkeepers, some combining stenography; multigraphers, typists, clerks.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated; refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortland 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal, commercial, $12-$25; bookkeepers, $25; clerks, $12; switchboard operators, Owens Agency, 165 Fulton, or Times Building.

HODGES-BROWN EXCHANGE.
Secretaries, stenographers, bookkeepers, clerical workers, dictaphone operators; salaries $18 to $30 weekly.
90 Nassau St. Free registration. 90 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS; POSITIONS PAYING FROM $12-$25; IMMEDIATELY. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5TH AV., 93 NASSAU ST.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Clerk, filers, office workers; dozens positions; splendid salaries.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$20; immediately. Stenographers' Bureau, 158 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; many clerical; others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, draft exempt, with good experience, including cost accounts, wanted by a large corporation for permanent position (not a war job) at good pay; must come well recommended; in applying, state age and experience. Z 230 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MAN for trade journal; experienced copywriter and solicitor; aggressive, resourceful, energetic. B 241 Times.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, (2,) wanted for progressive metallurgical laboratory; congenial work; certain advancement for competent workers; those with experience in ores or ferro alloys preferred. Y 365 Times Annex.

An Unusual Opportunity
for
a man with a thorough knowledge of Department Store merchandise; one who has had experience in residence buyer's office and knows the market and market conditions; there is a splendid opening for such a man with a large commercial house in which the right person may find promotion and opportunity; in making application, state experience and age. R 341 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN wanted with estimating experience; traveling position; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 574 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT to paymaster, large factory; state age, experience, salary expected, reference first letter. Address Z 341 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT FOR TEXTILE HOUSE Wanted.—A man, draft exempt, thoroughly acquainted with the production and manufacture of textiles of this country, especially cotton goods, yarns, and knit goods; we prefer a man with experience in cotton converting and sample work; good position for the right party in large concern; state full details and complete record. A 696 Times.

ASSISTANT.—Wholesale jewelers want man of executive ability as assistant to manager; must be experienced in line and understand diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c.; should know something of buying and selling; replies confidential; state age, experience, and salary desired. L 558 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER, EXPERIENCED IN DEPARTMENT STORE WORK; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR A MAN TO ADVANCE RAPIDLY IN A FAST-GROWING ORGANIZATION. APPLY J. S. BAILEY CO., 502 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

ASSISTANT ENGINEER, competent, to help make layout of equipment for food products factory and supervise erection of equipment; $50 a week. Apply in person or by letter. Engineering Supervision Co., 366 5th Av., New York.

ASSISTANT TO OFFICE MANAGER in large wholesale house; should have general knowledge of bookkeeping and be able to figure accurately; state age and whether married or single; $30; permanent position; wanted immediately. L 619 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR to handle clerical work in connection with Government jobs; location city. Apply Room 1909, 17 Battery Place.

BANK

WANTS BRIGHT, ENERGETIC BOYS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE; AT LEAST TWO YEARS' HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.

SP

The American District Telegraph Company receives, at office rates, advertisements for The New York Times of persons seeking situations.

HELP WANTED—Male.

OFFICE BOY for large manufacturing concern; permanent position in accounting department with opportunity for advancement; state experience, age, and salary expected. Z 236 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, intelligent boy to learn the automobile accessory business; good future for the right boy. Apply Lowe Motor Supplies Co., 245 West 55th St.

OFFICE BOYS, 16, in large publishing house; neat and willing; salary $5 per week to start; good chance for advancement. Call Suhre, 229 West 43d St., 3d floor.

OFFICE BOYS.—Good oppor unity for bright, neat boys; $55 a month. Turner Construction Co., 244 Madison Av.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright and energetic; good opportunity. A 694 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Advertising agency requires an experienced office manager, not subject to draft; must be thoroughly systematic, familiar with office detail, and have some experience and acquaintance with advertising and printing work; salary $25. Address in own handwriting, stating age, whether married or single, experience in detail, &c. Apply by letter only. Suite 1107, 95 Madison Av.

OPERATORS.—BROOKLYN BANK WANTS TWO OPERATORS FOR BURROUGHS LEDGER MACHINES; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY ADDRESS W. A. S., STATION S, BROOKLYN.

OPERATORS on wire machines; steady work; weekly bonus; experience unnecessary. Twisted Wire and Steel Co., 437 11th Av.

OVER
THE
TOP
WITH WAR MATERIAL.

HELP ALONG THE CAUSE BY FILLING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING POSITIONS:

1 ARMATURE WINDER.
10 TOOL MAKERS.
10 INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
1 PUNCH PRESS OPERATOR.
3 SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS.
MILLING MACHINE OPERATORS.
2 LATHE OPERATORS.
1 MACHINIST, (all around man.)
1 MILLWRIGHT.
3 INSPECTORS. (Electrical experience.)
3 TINSMITHS.
3 SWITCHBOARD WIREMEN. Must be able to read blue prints and do good soldering.
5 GLASS BLOWING APPRENTICES.
1 COAL PASSER.
2 CARPENTERS.
5 STOCK SELECTORS.
4 PORTERS.
1 PACKER.
1 FIREMAN.
6 TOOL DESIGNERS.
8 MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.
1 JUNIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
1 SHOP ORDER ANALYZER. Must be able to read blue prints and analyze costs.
1 BOOKKEEPER.
5 BOYS TO WORK NIGHTS WELDING. Must be 18 years of age.
5 BOYS FOR MAIL AND MESSENGER SERVICE. Must be 16 years of age; $9 to start.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

PACKER in shipping department; one who is familiar with handling and packing merchandise must be exempt from draft; state salary expected and experience; furnish references. K 510 Times Downtown.

PACKER.—Experienced packer required; permanent position with good prospect. Apply Lowe Motor Supply Co., 245 West 55th St.

PACKER, accustomed to packing fragile articles; state experience. M 357 Times Downtown.

PACKERS WANTED, EXPERIENCED ON LADIES' COATS; GOOD SALARY. WEINSTEIN BROS. COAT HOUSE, 11 E. 22D.

PACKERS and porters; half day Saturday; paid for overtime. Apply 8:30 A. M., 222 West 39th, 2d floor.

PACKERS.—Reliable and industrious. Call 483 Broadway, Peerless Light Co.

PIANO POLISHERS

wanted; competent, experienced men; steady work and good wages. Apply to foreman, Steinway Hall, 109 East 14th St.
STEINWAY & SONS.

PORTERS wanted; men of any age to be generally useful in a large store; good wages, steady work, and rapid advancement. Address, stating age and if married, Reliable, O 173 Times.

PRINTING INK GRINDER, experienced; steady work, good pay. L 600 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE.
Experienced, active man to assume charge Agency Department; only those qualified need apply.
WILLIAM H. MAY & CO.,
717 Fifth Ave.

RECEIVING CLERK, large publishing house; state age, experience and salary expected; moderate salary start, with good opportunity for good man. B R 114 Times.

RENTING MAN.
LARGE REAL ESTATE OFFICE HANDLING PRINCIPALLY OFFICE AND STORE BUILDINGS IN 42ND STREET DISTRICT REQUIRES A FIRST-CLASS RENTING MAN; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. R 330 TIMES.

SALESMEN.

Due to the loss of many men in the draft, a manufacturer who is marketing a well-known automobile accessory is enabled to offer a real opportunity to several live-wire young men who are draft exempt; road experience necessary; salary and expenses guaranteed; liberal commission also paid; state experience, age, and also business references in letter; bond required. Box 592 Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—Two or three high-grade producers wanted to sell "Income-for-Life" contracts by institution of national repute doing a million a month in New York City alone; the right men can make $200 to $500 per week; salary or drawing account and commissions if satisfactory. Call 11-2 o'clock, Mr. Caldwell, 111 Broadway, Suite 1130.

SALESMEN, LOCAL, to sell popular, actively traded in and widely advertised oil stock; novel selling method and other original features get business; small and large investors like our non-forfeiture plan; liberal commission; our strong co-operation of vital help. X. Z., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

SALESMAN.—There is room in the financial department of a large sales organization for a man who can think and act for himself and who has the backbone to measure up to an opportunity, where the income is far above the average. Are you the man? Commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMAN, MILLINERY,
Experienced, to handle fine line ostrich feathers among large department stores New York City, Pennsylvania, New York State; salary no object. "Ostrich," 388 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN and traffic managers competent of soliciting work among manufacturers for transportation work with large motor-trucking concern; commission and drawing account. Apply Room 2007, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN HIGH GRADE LADIES' BLOCKED AND TAILORED HATS; GOOD CHANCE FOR RIGHT PARTY; COMMISSION. L. B., 294 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—BY LARGE PAINT MANUFACTURING CONCERN; DRAFT EXEMPT; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES; STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY BASIS. A 701 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN for credit publication; familiar with wholesale grocers; also wholesale hardware and accessories lines; salary and commission. A 601 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, men's neckwear, who has a large following with wholesale dry goods houses; state territory you travel; commission basis. B 244 Times.

SALESMEN.
Salesmen of ability to sell motor trucks; good opportunity to energetic men; strictly commission. Dearborn, 224 East 38th St.

SALESMAN, solicitor, automobile painting and body works; salary and commission. J. M., 102 Times.

SALESMAN on hand embroidery; good opportunity for a competent person; good commission. 799 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

SECRETARIAL WORK (trade organization) for energetic business man; age no objection; salary $30; good prospects; rapid advancement. Apply own handwriting, stating qualifications, R 611 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING ASSISTANT.—SHIPPING DEPARTMENT IN COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE DESIRES AN ABLE ASSISTANT, ONE ONLY WHO IS THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND COMES WELL RECOMMENDED. M. LOWENSTEIN & SONS, INC., 29-35 WEST 22D.

SHIPPING CLERK, high-grade man, on New York pier by manufacturing concern to see that our freight, domestic and export, is handled promptly; man must be familiar with New York docks and acquainted with export shipping; prefer man not subject to draft; in reply state age, experience, and salary expected. B 407 Times Annex.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK, one thoroughly experienced, to take charge in large department handling domestic and foreign shipments; excellent opportunity for active man; state experience and salary. S. S., 392 Times Harlem.

SHIPPING CLERK, must be draft exempt; salary according to experience. Call Graff Furnace Co., 61 Wooster St., City.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted. Apply J. C. Dowd & Co., 95 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.
MR. $1,800 STENOGRAPHER!
ARE YOU READY FOR PROMOTION?
Corporation of international fame, employing many thousands, a short distance from New York City, doing some work for Uncle Sam, (no explosives,) wants several men for higher positions—men who have risen to the point where they are desirous of obtaining definite executive responsibilities; temperament is more important than experience; no interview unless full details are given, which will be treated in confidence. Z 248 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be rapid and experienced in secretarial duties; salary to start about $150 monthly; excellent opportunity to do your bit in Government work, needed at once. Phone Perth Amboy 1900, Extension 2.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER. — Young man, 18, beginner, wholesale export house. M 358 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN with clientele wanted on developed copper proposition showing more than $10 net per share in actual ore reserves; must be man of standing, able to finance himself; commission. Write, with references, to O 228 Times.

STOCK CLERK, selector of orders; preferably experienced in auto accessory; pleasant work and future assured to right young man. Apply Lowe Motor Supplies Co., 245 West 55th St.

STOCK CLERK.—Man of middle age, competent to take charge of stock room, at moderate salary. Apply, giving telephone number, Z 235 Times Annex.

STOCK BOYS wanted; good salary; splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply J. & L. Blady, 3 East 37th St.

STOREKEEPER, wanted by a New York contractor on Government work near Atlantic City; must know pipe and fittings. Apply, giving experience, A 697 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENTS AND FOREMEN.

Experienced construction superintendents and foremen familiar with building operations, mechanical and electrical installations. Wanted by reputable contractor. Z 203 Times Annex.

TEACHER and supervisor to take charge of boys' department in Jewish orphanage in Philadelphia; must be high school graduate; good salary, including full maintenance. Call in person at Fellowship House, 32 West 119th St., New York, on Wednesday evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock. Ask for Mr. Faber.

TELEGRAPHER.—Must be an American and thoroughly understand business. 244 West 23d St.

TOOLMAKERS
INSTRUMENT MAKERS
78 CENTS PER HOUR.

Expert instrument and tool makers, thoroughly knowledge of their business, will receive the above rate to start; Government work; 48-hour week; anything over that overtime.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO, INC.
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.—6 blocks south of 14th St.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS, FIRST-CLASS, LATHE, SHAPER, PLANER, MILLING MACHINE AND GRINDER OPERATORS EXPERIENCED ON TOOL WORK; GUARANTEE STEADY EMPLOYMENT. GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 1,395, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS FOR STEADY EMPLOYMENT. WITH UP-TO-DATE WAGES. WANTED AT ONCE; APPLICATIONS OF ONLY FIRST-RATE MEN CAN BE FILLED IN PERSON ONLY. EISEMANN MAGNETO CO., 68 33D ST., BROOKLYN, 4TH FLOOR.

TOOL AND DIE MAKERS
can obtain steady employment with good pay; apply
GENERAL OPTICAL CO.,
WASHINGTON ST., MT. VERNON.

TOOL HARDENERS.
First-class men, experienced on light and medium work, for tool room; our Edgewater, N. J., plant steamers leave West 96th St. Dock, N. Y. American Can Co.

TOOLMAKERS wanted by instrument manufacturing establishment near New York; good working conditions. Y 396 Times Annex.

WANTED
OFFICE BOY
EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR
ADVANCEMENT FOR BRIGHT
AMERICAN BOY.
WRITE, GIVING REFERENCES,
SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO
PHONE CONNECTION.
R 338 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, and capable of taking entire charge of office; state salary expected and experience. S 107 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT IN BREWERY; QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING; ADDRESS, STATING REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. L 590 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED,
STATION MEN AND TRAINMEN,
AGES 21 TO 55,
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS,
OF
INTERBOROUGH RAPID
TRANSIT CO.
APPLY
ROOM 1233, 165 BROADWAY,
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M., DAILY,
EXCEPT SUNDAY.

YOUNG MAN, some high school training, age 16 to 17, wanted by large corporation; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. R. N., Box 76, Station D, New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years of age, to assist in the stockrooms of manufacturing concern; must come well recommended; state salary expected and experience if any. K 511 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in receiving and shipping department; must be experienced and capable; state references and salary. A. A., 389 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, under 19, to make himself generally useful in export office; $60 monthly to start; good chance for advancement to right man. R 304 Times.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of silks to act as assistant buyer. Pressman & Oppenheimer, 423 4th Av.

YOUNG MAN to learn storage battery business, good position for right man. F. S. Gassaway, Inc., 214 East 54th.

YOUNG MAN wanted to attend a retail counter. Apply in own handwriting to Box 1334, New York Post Office, Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20, for office work in wholesale house; good salary; chance for advancement. D. Y. G., 510 Times.

YOUNG MAN, colored, 18 to 20, inside cleaning. M 356 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, strong, experienced helper shipping room. M 355 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN
to work nights on vacuum pumps, no experience necessary.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St.—6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MEN. — Opportunity to learn a good trade, electrical wiring and testing; positions are permanent; good salaries to start; advancement according to ability; men of sixteen years or over are eligible. Apply by mail, L 349 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.—WHOLESALE HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR AMBITIOUS AND INTELLIGENT YOUNG MEN FOR VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE IN SALARY AND POSITION; STATE AGE AND REFERENCE IN FIRST LETTER. B 255 TIMES.

YOU
MEN
WHO
KNOW
TOOLS!
Join the
WRIGHT MARTIN
AIRCRAFT CORPORATION
and assist in the production of Aeroplane Motors for your country.
TOOLMAKERS
and
TOOL ROOM MACHINISTS
GISHOLT OPERATORS
UNIVERSAL GRINDERS
CAM SHAFT AND
CRANK SHAFT GRINDERS
MILLING MACHINE OPERATORS
J. & L. SET UP MEN
GRIDLEY SET UP MEN
AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE
Set Up Men
TOOL INSPECTORS
TOOL DESIGNERS
TROUBLE AND FOLLOW UP MEN
DEMONSTRATORS
CAMSHAFT GRINDING
POTTER & JOHNSON
PISTON EXPERT.
If not now employed on Government work apply at once
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
BORDEN AND STARR AVES.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.
Directions to plant: Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station, New York, and get off at Jackson Ave.; take car at Borden Ave. to plant.
OR TO
REPRESENTATIVES AT
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22ND STREET,
NEW YORK CITY
171 HUNTER AVE.,
(BRIDGE PLAZA),
LONG ISLAND CITY
OR
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
310 JAY ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
JOIN THE ARMY OF
HOME PRODUCTION,
BUY W. S. S.
REGULARLY.

YOUTH, 18, learn import-export business; good chance those just from school. M 354 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

"THE"
"NATIONAL"
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
A majority of the positions requiring brains and energy find their way sooner or later to our lists.
Your need is
"THE NATIONAL SERVICE"
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

EXECUTIVE: $10,000-$15,000. Large manufacturing concern (novelties and specialties) require high-grade man to supervise Sales and Purchasing Departments. Must possess personality, initiative, and be thorough executive.

MANAGER BUYERS, EXPORT AND IMPORT:
(1) Locate in Calcutta. Must know London and San Francisco markets. $7,000-$10,000.
(1) Locate in Hongkong. Must know China and San Francisco markets. $7,000-$10,000.
(1) Locate in Colombo. Must know Ceylon, India, and San Francisco markets. $7,000-$10,000.
(1) Locate in London. Must know China, India, and South American markets. $7,000-$10,000.
These openings are with high-grade American firm doing extensive business. The men to fill them must be experienced, capable, and possessed of initiative.

BUYER: $3,000-$4,000. One who is exp. in buying tea.
SALESMAN: $3,000-$4,000. Must be expert with raw hides and skins. Know N. Y. market.
SALESMAN: $3,000-$4,000. Familiar with New York tea trade.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$30; several beginners, $12-$16; bookkeepers, typists, office assistants, switchboard operators, exceptional opportunities. Registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

Instruction.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & P. ce, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

ARE YOU INTERESTED
in a profession paying $5,000 to $15,000 yearly? We graduate experts; day or night; class now forming; write for Booklet C. Naturopathic Institute, 254 West 84th, N. Y.

WISH to practice English, lunch hour, with person working near Woolworth Building interested in learning Spanish. L 589 Times Downtown.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

REFINED gentleman wants exchange French lessons for tennis lessons with a good player in sporting; preference with one living near Riverside. L 564 Times Downtown.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, accountants, clerks; others; worth investigating. Highill, Flatiron Bldg.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllable Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 537 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES CO. AG'CY.
203 BROADWAY.
No camouflage; bona fide orders, putting them over the top daily. Following are a few of the many positions open: Assistants to purchasing agents, $2,500 yearly; bookkeepers, $25-$30; secretary-stenographer, $30; bookkeeper-credit man, $35; cashier's assistant, $25; stock record clerk, $20; ledger clerks, $18-$22; office assistant, $15-$18. Call 9-1.

MEN.—EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK. We teach Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice; no book study; short course, day or evening; easy payments; big demand now for our students. Write for free booklet, "C." Bodee School of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44 St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn.

EARN $25 to $100 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio, and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction; day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

EARN $25 to $75 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio, and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

APPERSON Chummy Roadster; excellent condition. Robert Smith Apperson, parts and repairs, 411 West 55th St.

BARGAINS.—1917 Abbott, 1916 Buick, 1911 Daimler, 1917 Franklin, Chevrolet; many others; exchanges arranged. Gage, 51 West 42d St.

BUICK 1917 Little 6 touring; also 1917 Little 6 limousine; bargains. 805 West 59th. Columbus 1483.

BUICK Cabriolet, Little 6; like new; bargain. 805 West 59th St. Columbus 9662.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Black, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK 1916 CABRIOLET.
Beautiful condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

CADILLAC laundelet, 1917, in perfect condition; run short time only; real chance to get a good car. Berwick Garage, 219 East 67th St. Rhinelander 797.

CADILLAC.—New 7 passenger sedan body for sale; bargain. Dunham Sales Co., 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

CADILLAC.—Limousine; excellent condition; beautiful appearance; all good tires; wire wheels. Breger, Melrose 986.

CADILLAC 1917 coupe; also roadster, landaulet, limousine; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 touring; also 1916 touring, roadster. 805 West 59th. Columbus 1483.

CADILLAC 1918 SUBURBAN.
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CHANDLER.
Overhauled, Refinished, 90-Day Guarantee.
USED CARS.
Model 17 7-passenger touring.
Model 17-B 7-passenger touring.
Model 16 7-passenger touring.
Model 17 7-passenger limousine.
Model 17-B 7-passenger sedan.
Model 17-B 4-passenger coupe.
Model 16 5-passenger cabriolet.
OTHER MAKES.
D. E. WORM DRIVE 1-TON TRUCK.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP'N,
62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER 1917 sedan; practically new; very reasonable. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

CHANDLER.—Late 1917 model 7-passenger touring; mechanically perfect; 2 extra tires. Apply Bailey, 9 East 39th St.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 58th St.

DODGE 1917 touring, wire wheels, perfect condition; no dealers. Heyman, 1,228 Concourse.

DODGE touring car, six shoes, many extras, $750. Phone Rector 165.

DODGE 1917 touring; can't tell from new. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

DODGE 1918 touring; like victoria top, wire wheels. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

F. I. A. T.
LATEST IMPORTATION.
4-passenger touring, "30." Fleetwood body, Victoria top, slip covers, Westinghouse shock absorbers, tonneau windshield, extra tires, tools, &c., guaranteed absolutely perfect; the handsomest car of its kind in America. BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

FORD 1918 touring; beautiful; bargain quick buyer. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

FRANKLINS.—Special limousine and 29 other used Franklins. Gage, 51 East 42d.

HUDSON 1917 4-passenger Sport; must be seen to be appreciated. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

HUDSON sedan, 1916, 6-40; condition excellent; reasonable. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

HUDSON 1917 Super-Six touring; exceptional bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

HUDSON town car, 1917, Super-Six; bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

HUDSON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
10 West 60th. Columbus 5078.

HUPMOBILE 1917 5-passenger sedan. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. & B'way.

LANCIA SEDAN. LIKE NEW.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

LEXINGTON 1918 5-passenger, overhauled, repainted, guaranteed; very exceptional bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Columbus 1872.

LEXINGTON 1917 2-passenger; guaranteed. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th fl. Columbus 1872.

LEXINGTON chummy, 1918, guaranteed. Lexington, 1,700 B way, 4th fl. Col. 1872.

LOZIER 1917, six cylinder touring car, excellent condition; any demonstration; price reasonable. Lozier, 601 West 47th St. Tel. 3688 Bryant.

MARMON, 1917, SEVEN-PASSENGER CAR. GOOD, SERVICEABLE CONDITION. PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y. (BROOKLYN BRANCH,)
172 MALBONE ST., BROOKLYN,
Near Bedford Av. Phone Flatbush 8384.

MARMON 1918 cabriolet, special Fleetwood body; new within two weeks; exceptional, beautiful car; rare opportunity.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
Plaza 4837. 665 Fifth Avenue.

MARMON, 1917, seven-passenger, touring car; factory guarantee. Marmon Auto Co., 1,680 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

MARMON 41, 1916, seating 7; Bosch starter, wire wheels; bargain; A1 condition. Post Office Box 24, Rosebank, Staten Island.

MARMON, 1917, four-passenger, Club roadster; factory guarantee. Marmon Auto Co., 1,680 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

MARMON 1916 chassis, new French sedan body, factory guarantee. Marmon Auto Co., 1,680 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

MARMON 1917 Sedan; condition perfect throughout; extras. Phone Circle 5692; no dealers.

MAXWELL, 1917 5-passenger; excellent condition; at a great sacrifice. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Columbus 1872.

MERCER racy roadster; good mechanical condition; 32 by 4 tires, all good; wish to dispose immediately; bargain $585; consider Ford touring in trade. 1826 Webster Ave.

MERCEDES
SPECIAL
SPEEDSTER.
LATEST MODEL.
Self starter, generator, lights, slip covers, two extra side seats.
CLASSIEST CAR IN NEW YORK.
D. C. BURRELLE,
1,680 Broadway.

MITCHELL 1917 5 passenger, in very good condition; big bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Columbus 1872.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, seven-passenger, touring car. Marmon Auto Co., 1,680 Broadway. Columbus 1028.

OVERLAND 1918 touring; limited mileage; must sell. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

PACKARD 1917 7-passenger 2-35 touring car; like new; fully equipped; small mileage; owner will sell reasonably; car can be seen any morning at 36th St. Garage, 256-258 West 36th St.

PACKARD, 1917, five-passenger touring, extra Winter top and equipment, new cord tires; fine condition; bargain. Phone Audubon 6357, between 6 and 8, evening.

PACKARD, 1915.—3-35, 7-passenger touring car; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1790 Broadway.

PIERCE ARROW TOURING.
Latest model "66"; guaranteed absolutely perfect mechanically; appearance like new; slip covers, tonneau windshield, two extra tires mounted, tire covers, tools, &c; genuine bargain.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

RENAULT landaulet town car; completely equipped; no dealer. Circle 4572, before 12.

REO, late model, four touring car, $700; A1 condition. F. Tiedeman, 100 Hudson St., Franklin 328.

REO 1917 touring; seven passenger; looks new. 305 West 59th. Columbus 9862.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT MY WIFE, EMILY DEANE NEWCOMB, having left my bed, board and home, located at 421 West 121st Street, New York City, without any cause therefor, I will not be responsible for any debts or obligations contracted by her in my name.
HARRIE H. NEWCOMB.
New York City, N. Y.

VILTROY.—Please write or come. LILY.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

RED Sedan, new, 7-passenger; bargain; also Red Sedan, 7-passenger, new body. Dunham Sales Co., 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH model G 1917 runabout. Marmon Motor Car Company, 1,680 Broadway.

S. G. V. four-passenger "Special" touring; wire wheels, starter, lights, &c. 4573 Circle.

STANLEYS.—1914, and two special 1917; many others. Gage, 51 East 42d St.

STEARNS KNIGHTS
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
1917 Cloverleaf, 6 cylinder.
1917 7 passenger, 6 cylinder. Reasonable
1917 5 passenger, 4 cylinder. prices.
1916 5 passenger, 4 cylinder.
Also Limousines and Landaulets.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUDEBAKER 1917 7-passenger touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. & Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 runabout, 1917 four-passenger touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 touring car, very good condition. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY.
Plaza 4837. 665 Fifth Avenue.

WILLYS-KNIGHT coupe, 4-passenger, 1918; fine condition; 5 wire wheels, Goodyear tires; $925. Phone Barclay 1313, from 9 to 5. Later Jamaica 415.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
FIAT (30) Sedan, foreign; latest importation.
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 BUICK Little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1917 CADILLAC touring.
1917 HUDSON limousine.
1917 PREMIER touring; like new.
1917 LIBERTY touring.
LOCOMOBILE 48-38 touring.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1917 NATIONAL touring.
1917 PEERLESS touring.
1917 BUICK Little "6" runabout.
1917 Hudson Cabriolet.
1916 FRANKLIN touring.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster; Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" Sedan.
TRUCKS, TRUCKS.
PACKARD 3½-TON.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

RIGHT PRICES.
1918 HAYNES 7-passenger touring.
1917 CADILLAC touring.
1917 HUPMOBILE runabout.
1917 MITCHELL 5-passenger touring.
1917 KISSEL KAR, touring; extra sedan.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" touring.
1917 STUDEBAKER "4" touring.
1917 CHEVROLET touring; very late.
1917 OVERLAND "6" small touring.
1917 OVERLAND small runabout.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe.
1916 CHANDLER coupe, 3-passenger.
1916 CHANDLER chummy roadster.
1916 CADILLAC touring; exceptional.
1916 CHALMERS, 7-passenger.
1916 DODGE runabout; exceptional.
1914 NATIONAL roadster; electric starter.

Open 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Closed Sunday.

THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC., Appraisers to the Trade.
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., CORNER FRANKLIN AV., BROOKLYN.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) Limousine, 38 H. P.
PACKARD (1918), 4-passenger; like new.
HUDSON (1917), 2-passenger speedster.
PACKARD (1916) Landaulet; body of 1-35.
H. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4478 Rector.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS KNIGHTS | Reconditioned & Guaranteed by the manufacturer. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th S.

Motor Trucks.

GARFORD.—We have for sale for the account of a customer, one 3½-ton Garford worm-driven truck, suitable for a moving van. Phone Mulberry 4000 or call Ellis Motor Car Co., 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

ATTENTION! Motor trucks, 2 3½, and 5 ton, sold on easy terms to reliable buyers; contracts for steady employment at special rates guaranteed; immediate delivery. Wilson Motor Truck Corp., 1,457 Broadway. Tel. 5885 Bryant.

Auto trucking by day, week, month, or yearly contract; also by the ton; long or short distance; day and night service. Lenox Auto Trucking Co., 405-15 East 99th. Lenox 6865.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1457 Broadway, Room 903.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & F. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin-sixes exclusively; landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Tel. Columbus 8030.

PACKARDS.—(Twin sixes.) Pierce-Arrows; hour or season. Muldoon, 254 West 68th. Telephone Col. 2151, Col. 7261.

NATIONAL.—Beautiful 7-passenger touring car; private owner; reasonable rates. Bryant 2872.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin sixes exclusively, landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Tel. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD (7-passenger) for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Murray Hill 4061.

CADILLAC limousine for hire by hour, week, or trip. J. Breger, Melrose 986.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED AUTOS FOR CASH.
Bring up to door and "Cash in."
JANDORF, 1,763 Broadway, near 57th.
Telephone, Circle 2476.

FORD sedan, late model; state price, equipment, and condition. L 587 Times Downtown.

PACKARD or PIERCE-ARROW wanted; late model; would give 1918 new Chalmers part payment. R 350 Times.

Automobile Tires.

TIRES ARE GETTING SCARCE.
Buy now, lay away and save money.
FIRSTS, ALSO BLEMISHED SECONDS, SAVING YOU 25% TO 50%.
Lots of used and soiled tires, cheap!
FORD SIZES, $8.50 TO $18.
Thousands of tubes, 50% discount.
Largest stock and assortment in New York.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
Notice our addresses carefully.
1,763 BROADWAY, near 58th St.
Bronx and Westchester customers served at OUR BRONX TIRE STORE, (Branch.)
2,428 Grand Concourse, near 187th.
Buy Thrift and War Savings Stamps.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. — 20 REASONS 20. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. at Broadway. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. 7020. — Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus Special classes for ladies.

COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL, 231 W. 50TH ST. — Practical, Reliable, Moderate. Efficient Instruction. Ladies' Classes. Phone Circle 1734.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS want to lease equipped plant or part of plant for several months; we need 6 to 10 large jacketed mixing kettles, 15 to 20 H. P.; live steam, elevator; Greater New York or vicinity; immediate possession; are also willing to let out manufacturing on contract basis if our own man can supervise. L 603 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED TO SELL IN TERRITORY AROUND NEW YORK, ON COMMISSION BASIS. STOCK OF ESTABLISHED SUCCESSFUL CORPORATION; WAR-ESSENTIAL; ONLY SALESMAN OF GOOD RECORD WILL BE CONSIDERED. A 496 TIMES ANNEX.

MANUFACTURER equipped with 50 machines, making shirts and middy blouses, wishes to retire and will dispose of same; 50x100 loft, 10,000 square feet; plenty of help, good light; in Harlem. Write Box 73, 1413 St. James Building.

Prosperous, established jewelry business for sale, located in seaport city of 100,000 population; can show excellent results of last five years' business. Address Joseph, Z 234 Times Annex.

MAN WITH $10,000 TO $25,000 TO INVEST IN HIGH-GRADE LADIES' BLOCKED AND TAILORED HAT BUSINESS. SALESMAN PREFERRED. A. R. 250 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Partner Wanted.—Lady will sell one-half interest four elegantly furnished apartments, 59th, 5th Av., Broadway, 110th, for $2,000; profit $300-$400 monthly; have 5-year leases;

WHITMAN DESERTED HEACOCK, HE SAYS

Senator Robinson Charges the Governor with Inducing Ilion Man to Run.

THEN INDORSED SCHOENECK

Lewis Dares Whitman to Answer His Questions About Hearst, Brisbane, and His Vetoes.

State Senator Theodore Douglas Robinson yesterday accused Governor Whitman and his friends of inducing ex-Senator Seth G. Heacock of Ilion to become a candidate in the Republican primaries for the nomination for Lieutenant Governor against Edward Schoeneck and then deserting Heacock for Schoeneck at the last minute. Attorney General Merton E. Lewis, who is opposing the Governor for the Gubernatorial nomination, has already accused Mr. Whitman of "double-crossing" Schoeneck by promising him his support while secretly inducing Heacock to run.

"It will be recalled," said Senator Robinson, "that Seth G. Heacock announced his candidacy for the Lieutenant Governorship the Saturday before the petitions had to be filed. The day for the filing of these petitions was Aug. 6. Heacock, as I heard it, had been assured of the Governor's support by prominent Whitman people, like Mr. Orr, his secretary, and George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, and on that assurance he went ahead with his petitions.

"It was about that time that Governor Whitman, when asked about Senator Heacock's opposition to Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck, said: 'I am for neither one. Both are for me.' Until that moment Heacock imagined he had a fine show. Then Whitman went to Caledonia, and the next day, after spending the night with George Aldridge, came out with his so-called indorsement of Schoeneck. Heacock immediately had a warm interview with Glynn and accused the Governor of double-crossing him. Every one who knows the Governor believes that is what he did to Heacock."

Governor Whitman, Senator Robinson declared, has lost the support of the Herkimer County organization because of his treatment of Heacock, and it will now indorse Lewis. Some months ago, he said, the organization passed Whitman resolutions, but that recently nearly every member of the County Committee informed him that if they had the opportunity to do so they would rescind them. Mr. Lewis said yesterday:

"Governor Whitman is so intimately and profoundly impressed with the evils of booze that he advocates the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment by the Senate and Assembly, and pledges himself to work for such ratification if elected. He even goes so far as to say that if he were a member of the Legislature he would vote for such ratification. My acquaintance with booze is very limited. If booze is to be the issue of this campaign, I am willing to fight the battle on those lines. I have endeavored to induce the Governor to tell the people why he favors the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment. Did the Governor talk with Brisbane about prohibition at their recent private conference at the St. Regis Hotel?"

Mr. Lewis produced a number of questions affecting the campaign, which he dared Governor Whitman to answer. Among them were the following:

"Will the Governor tell the enrolled Republicans of the State what the arrangement was which led him to veto the moving picture censorship bill? Did Mr. Hearst request the veto, either directly or indirectly? Was there a promise of support given by Mr. Hearst in 1916 for the renomination and re-election of Governor Whitman as a consideration for such veto?

"Is it not true that Governor Whitman participated in the preparation of the bill which provided for the disposition of the water power created by the barge canal construction? Is it not true that Governor Whitman gave an emergency message on the day before the final adjournment of this year's Legislature certifying to the necessity of the immediate passage of the bill? When did the Governor change his mind upon this subject? What led him to veto the bill? Was the veto decided upon after an attack made upon the bill by Mr. Hearst in The New York American?

"Is the Governor still a candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1920, as he declared himself to be in an interview shortly after the first day of last January?

"Does he expect Mr. Hearst's support for that nomination?

"What did Mr. Brisbane say to the Governor in their recent interview at the St. Regis Hotel?"

A. J. Berwind, Republican leader of the Seventh District, called upon Mr. Lewis yesterday and invited him to speak at the clubhouse of his district, at 2,223 Broadway, next Monday evening. Mr. Lewis will speak at the clubhouse in the Sixth District, of which County Chairman Samuel S. Koenig is leader, tomorrow night.

STANDS ON A 'WET' PLANK.

Former Jersey Legislator a Democratic Candidate for U. S. Senate.

Frank H. McDermit, of the law firm of McDermit & McDermit of Newark, N. J., a former member of the Legislature, announced yesterday his candidacy for the nomination for United States Senator at the Democratic primaries. He issued a platform in which he states:

"I am opposed to prohibition. Demagogic, self-styled leaders, taking advantage of the stress in which the people of the country find themselves, through threats of political opposition have influenced the legislative representatives of many of the States to espouse their undemocratic cause, in spite of the fact that the voters of the several commonwealths have emphatically declared their opposition to absolute prohibition. I shall devote myself to an effort looking to the retention of beers and light wines as natural and healthful beverages for the people."

Mr. McDermit says he believes in universal suffrage and favors the establishment of boards for the settlement of disputes between labor and capital. He advocates the public ownership of all public utilities.

SCHOENECK MAKES DEFENSE

Declares His Patriotism, Impugned by Heacock and Bennett.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Lieut. Gov. Edward Schoeneck, through his Campaign Committee, issued tonight a statement in which he replies to the aspersions which Seth G. Heacock and William M. Bennett, his primary opponents, have cast upon his patriotism.

The statement is in two parts, the first setting forth that he was responsible for turning over the State Fair Grounds to the Government; that he "was the first to bring to the attention of Governor Whitman" the situation which resulted in the Espionage Act, under which Merton E. Lewis exposed Bolo Pacha and other Germanic propagandists; that he lent effective aid to the breaking up of the German-American Alliance; that he prevented the farmers from forming an agrarian party, because it would have a "depressing psychological effect" to start a protest party during the war, and that he has worked unceasingly among his fellow-citizens of German descent to bring them into sympathy with the Government.

The second part of the statement is devoted to the Tolishus case, in which he points out that all he did in connection with that matter was done in co-operation with the Government.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of a check for $10 from Vita C. Kirchner, Port Kent, N. Y. The money has been forwarded to John Forbes Mitchel, Chaplain at Hoffman's Island, and is to be used for buying cigarettes for the soldiers convalescing there.

SPANISH INFLUENZA FOUND IN 'MILD FORM'

But Most of Stricken Voyagers Had Pneumonia or Bronchial Trouble, Says Dr. Copeland.

TELLS REPORT OF EXPERTS

Health Commissioner Lays Disease to Temperature Changes in Dodging U-Boats.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, the Health Commissioner, in announcing the result of the Health Department's investigation of the reported cases of Spanish influenza which arrived in New York recently, asserted yesterday that the researches of experts indicated that in a few cases symptoms of Spanish influenza had been found in a mild form.

Experts of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases of the Health Department began an investigation last week on the arrival of a second ship, whose surgeon reported twenty-one cases of Spanish influenza on the voyage. All his patients were in the convalescent stage and none had developed pneumonia and the ship was passed. Five out of eight cases among passengers in the third cabin, all East Indians, died, and the others were removed to St. Vincent's Hospital.

"Researches made by experts in the department's laboratories," said Dr. Copeland, "indicate that in a few cases symptoms of Spanish influenza are found and these in a very mild form. Of eleven cases of the disease arriving on one steamship a week ago, we have found that the patients were stricken with pneumonia and bronchial trouble and that no indication of the germs attributed to Spanish influenza had been located.

"We believe that owing to the present exigencies of submarine warfare, passengers coming to this side contract heavy colds and later pneumonia, as a result of passing through the semi-arctic waters of the North and later are affected with fever, heat prostration and stomach disorders when coming through the Gulf Stream farther South. By the time they arrive here their condition is such that they must undergo a vigorous treatment for pneumonia.

"The department has obtained the name and address of every passenger who is believed to have been affected by the disease and also has under observation all persons who have come into contact with the persons affected. Our nurses and physicians are making daily visits to these persons and will continue to do so until every possible danger of the disease spreading has been eliminated."

The first cases of Spanish influenza were reported on the arrival here of a Norwegian steamship on Aug. 13. Eleven persons were removed to Norwegian Hospital, Brooklyn, where it was then said the majority were suffering from pneumonia. The death of Mrs. Jensine Olsen, who was on her way to join her husband in Flint, Mich., occurred within an hour after her arrival at the hospital. Her death was laid to bronchial pneumonia.

Pleads Guilty in Election Case.

John H. Clayton, 32 years of age, of 563 Barbey Street, Brooklyn, pleaded guilty yesterday in the County Court to forgery in the third degree in having signed ten names to the nominating petition of Henry Moeller, who is contesting in the primaries against Jacob A. Livingston for the designation as Republican State Committeeman from the Twenty-second Assembly District of Kings County. Judge May announced that he would sentence the defendant on Monday.

APPROVE LOYALTY TEST.

Roosevelt and Parker for Candidates of Proved Patriotism.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt and Alton B. Parker yesterday approved the nation-wide campaign being conducted by the Congressional Committee of the National Security League to insure the election to Congress this Fall of candidates of demonstrated loyalty and ability. In a letter to the league, Colonel Roosevelt wrote:

"No man should be elected to Congress on any ticket unless he is 100 per cent. American and unless he believes in fighting this war with all possible energy and speed until we win a complete overwhelming victory. Nor should he be elected unless he will stand for the kind of peace which will mean not only liberty for ourselves, but for all other well-behaved people; and this means the break-up of both the Austrian and Turkish Empires. Finally, he should be a man who can be trusted to make good his words by his deeds, and there should be no possible suspicion of his having shirked his duty or having permitted his own kinsfolk to shirk their duty, about going to war."

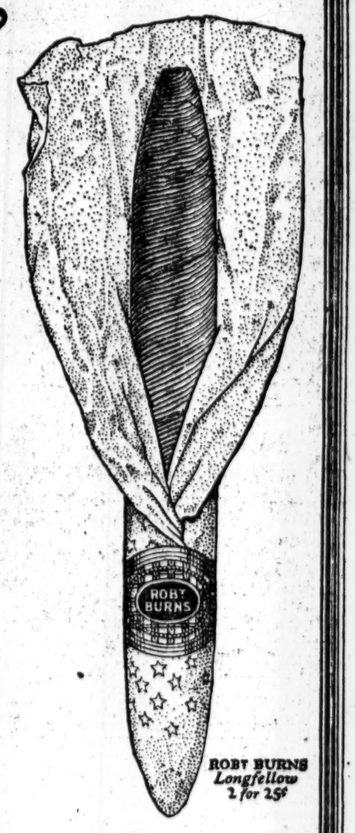
Alton B. Parker, who is Honorary Vice President of the Security League, wrote: "Every man who sympathizes in the slightest degree with our enemies should be defeated for Representative in Congress, no matter which party organization lends its name to his candidacy."

Have you tried one lately?

"Are they fresh?" Familiar query—isn't it? You've asked it, yourself, we warrant, many's the time!

So here, in answer to your question, is mild Robert Burns, in the *Longfellow* size, snugly wrapped in foil, to keep his Havana filler fresh and tender.

This foil at the same time prevents breaking of the wrapper, and is a guarantee of absolute cleanliness.



Rob't Burns
Cigar-10¢ and 2 for 25¢

GENERAL CIGAR CO., INC., 119 W. 40th St., New York City

Our Reason Will Appeal To Your Reason

SALE—The reason of this sale is:
1st. To please our old customers who always count on our Mid-Summer Sale to order an extra suit.
2d. To gain new customers who are alert for a suit made to order at an inside price.
3d. To reduce our stock of suitings before our annual stock taking.

This Week

you can have a suit made to order at a saving to you of from $5 to $15. Fall Suitings on display.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42d ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*Opportunity is of no value unless it is seized.*
Arnheim Axioms.

"Lucky I saw this"

—that's what you will be able to say when you have read this ad—if you need clothes. Because the savings it tells about mean money in pocket for you.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits REDUCED

There are many fine Summer Suits here at $27.50, $32.50, $37.50, $43.50 and $49.50 whose values are simply emphasized when you compare their Sale prices with what they would cost to replace at wholesale today.

$19.50 buys a Suit
If you hurry, you can choose a fine new Suit at $19.50 from a selection that was originally priced much higher.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
Buy Victory with W. S. S.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS. HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

WALLICK'S
Broadway at 43d St. Tel. Bryant 346.
RESTAURANT OF QUALITY
NOW AS FORMERLY UNDER THE PERSONAL MANAGEMENT OF
MR. L. H. VAN CLEFT

KA-MA-KU-RA ROOM
NOW OPEN
ESTABLISHING A COMPLETE NEW ORDER OF THINGS, WITH NEW DANCE FLOOR—NEW MUSIC AND BEAUTIFUL JAPANESE DECORATIONS.
TEA, DINNER AND SUPPER DANCES.
MISS MABEL B. GREEN
Hostess.

WERTHEIMER BROS. 6¢ each 6 for 35¢
BALTIMORE, MD. 7¢ each 3 for 20¢

ICE TO DANCE ON
ICE TO SKATE ON
ICE TO DINE AROUND

Special Table D'Hote Dinner, $1.50
Main Restaurant, with Smart Cabaret.
May-November Farm, Hartsdale, N. Y., Now Open. "Back-to-the-Farm" Dinners.

DINNER SHOW At 7:30
MIDNIGHT PARADE At 11:30

Thomas Healy's
B'way & 66th St., N. Y.
Phone Col. 5200 for Tables.
AT THE ICE SKATING SHOW
GOLDEN GLADES
ON THE ROOF

The Jewish Doctrine Prescribes Prayers to Avoid the Discipline of Sorrow.

We have a special Jewish Prayer Book in English, designed as an aid to the domestic and individual worship for those who wish to pray to the universal Father for the protection of their near and dear ones who are offering their lives for our country. Published in handy form, 6½ by 3½; price from $1.00 up.

Our Prayer Books (Machsorim) and Bibl. Taschim (Prayer Shawls) are positively the FINEST IN THE WORLD.

COME AND SEE THEM.
The Jewish Orthodox Book Shop
Room 502, 469 Fifth Ave.,
Opposite Public Library.
H. D. BUEGELEISEN.

DELICIOUS HOT WEATHER DELICACIES
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
TABLE D'HOTE AND A LA CARTE.
Delightfully Cool and Comfortable.
Janssen wants to see you
QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA
30th Street and Broadway
Algerian Tango Performers in Exhibition Dances.
BEAUTIFUL MUSIC—DANCING AFTER 9 UNTIL CLOSE

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway station at 86th St. corner,
NEW YORK

Largest and Most Attractive Transient Midtown Hotel
Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
Apartments to Lease, Furnished or Unfurnished, 2 to 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths. From Oct. 1st.
TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons.
Room and Private Bath,
$3 to $4 Per Day.
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $4 to $7.50 Per Day
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

Hotel THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St., one block from "L" and Subway sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
DINING ROOM AT TOP OF BUILDING.
SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE MEALS.
(THE BEST IN HARLEM)
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. P. LEUBE, Manager.

MANHATTAN SQUARE HOTEL
50 TO 58 WEST 77TH STREET.
Absolutely fireproof; facing Manhattan Square Park. Half block entrance from Central Park. The most ideal location in New York.
Leases Now Being Made for the Coming Season.
Furnished or unfurnished apartments. A few choice rooms and apartments at moderate prices for the summer season. Excellent Restaurant.
Army & Navy Officers Special Rates.
GEORGE W. O'HARE, Manager.

Fourteen East Sixtieth Street
LUXURIOUS Residential HOTEL, affording the exclusiveness of a private residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and the Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park.
Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period.
EAGER and BABCOCK

Hotel San Remo
Central Park West—74th & 75th Sts.
Overlooking Central Park's most picturesque lake. Especially attractive during the Summer months. Appeals to fathers, mothers and children.
ON LEASE
Suites in any arrangement desired. Furnished or Unfurnished.
Please Write for Illustrated Booklet.
Ownership Management
EDMUND M. BRENNAN.

Hotel La Salle
30 EAST SIXTIETH STREET
Suites of one to six rooms, with one to four baths, furnished or unfurnished, to lease by the year; also furnished suites by the month or season. Dining room a la carte.
M. E. SNIFFEN, Prop.

Hotel Ansonia
73rd—BROADWAY—74th
Leases Now Being Made for Fall and Winter Season.
Furnished and Unfurnished Apartments.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day.
Double, $3.00 to $5.00 a day.

Hotel Sinclair
125th Street and Park Ave.
Newly furnished single rooms, $6 per week; with private bath, $8; double rooms, $10 per week; with private bath, $12; also suite rooms for families, at very attractive rates; popular-priced restaurant.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

Hotel Bristol
129-135 West 48th St.
NEW YORK'S NEWEST HOTEL.
European and American Plan.
J. ELLIOTT TOLSON.

For Hair and Skin Health Cuticura is Supreme

If you use Cuticura Soap for everyday toilet purposes, with touches of Cuticura Ointment now and then as needed to soothe and heal the first signs of redness, roughness or scalp irritation you may have as clear a complexion and as good hair as it is possible to have.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

TIRES

FRESHLY made standard make tires (no re-built or re-tread). Big mileage guaranteed in writing. All sizes in plain or non-skid treads.

30x3	Non-Skid	$9.19
30x3½	"	12.84
32x3½	"	15.59
31x4	"	19.76
32x4	"	19.88
33x4	"	20.07
34x4	"	20.84
34x4½	"	26.05
35x4½	"	27.78
36x4½	"	29.43
35x5	"	31.74
37x5	"	34.54

Plain Tread Tires Much Less.
ANY SIZE INNER TUBE $4.09 the Pair
See our tires before buying elsewhere. We can save you $10. Out-of-town orders shipped at once when accompanied by M. O. or check.
Manufacturers' Surplus Tire Co.
789 7th Av., bet. 51st & 52d Sts., N.Y.

TRIMO
PIPE WRENCHES AND TRIMO MONKEY
WRENCHES
WILL LAST YOU FOR YEARS
Made on Honor—Fully Guaranteed
Sold at about the price of others
Wood handles in 6 to 24 inch, inclusive.
Steel handles in all sizes
NEW YORK OFFICE
TRIMONT MFG. CO. 249 CANAL ST.

BACARDI Makes the Perfect COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL.
Try It and Be Convinced.

the greatest heavy duty truck—

This was the verdict of an up-state contractor when he saw his DENBY fully loaded perform on the hardest roads and hills.

From every part of the country comes this commendation of

DENBY Trucks

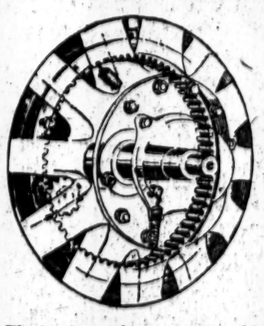
The particular attention given to every mechanical detail accounts for the superior service these trucks are giving to thousands of enthusiastic users under the severest conditions.

Running cost is remarkably low. Mechanism is easily accessible—small amount of weight below the springs means slightest wear.

The DENBY is the ideal truck for real duty unfalteringly and at a very reasonable cost.

COLE & DIXON, *Inc.*
123 W. 64th Street
Tel. Columbus 6821
JERSEY CITY BRANCH:
585 COMMUNIPAW AVENUE
ALBANY BRANCH:
204 WASHINGTON AVE.

A DENBY FEATURE



The big internal gears, mounted in the brake drums, apply the power directly at the wheel and near the rim.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.

A receipt issued by the U. S. Assay office, No. 1492, dated July 26, 1918, for 11 40-100 ounces gold bullion, payable to Powers & Mayer, Inc., or order, has been lost; payment has been stopped at the assay office.
POWERS & MAYER, INC.
JOSH W MAYER,
Aug. 20, 1918. President and Treasurer.

LOST—In Fifth Av. bus, at 10:45 A. M., Thursday, Aug. 15, a black leather purse with silver corners to flap, containing small sum of money and trip ticket on the Harlem division of the New York Central Railroad. Money can be retained by finder and purse and ticket can be forwarded to owner. Mary F. Taber, Pawling, N. Y.

LOST—Saturday evening, probably Grand Central taxi, black satin, braided, fringed bag containing keys, purse and leather envelope with letters, Red Cross receipts and bills; most liberal reward. Straussman, 450 West 152d. Audubon 2460.

LOST—From an automobile, 2 suit cases, route Elmsford, Briarcliff, Ossining, Peekskill, on Saturday, Aug. 17; reward. Notify C. H. Macgowan, 1,600 Broadway, New York. Phone Bryant 9700.

$1,000.00 REWARD.
Lost, pearl necklace, with diamond clasp, at Gedney Farms Hotel, July 30. Return to Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av. No questions asked.

LOST—Will person who found beaded bag at Amsterdam Av. car, Friday evening, between 186th and 158th St., communicate with owner? Reward. Cumming, 529 West 158th. Phone Audubon 5836.

LOST—Gold wrist watch; monogram "R. W. L." Finder kindly communicate with Mrs. Lafleur, 36 De Koven Court, Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST, Sunday evening, black leather purse, containing money and diamond lavalliere, on Broadway car or Times Square; reward. Call Audubon 5645.

LOST—Monday evening, 33d St. Station Broadway subway, brief case. Notify J. A. Elliott, 711 Tremont Bldg., Boston.

LOST—Small, dark gray purse, Sunday evening, Aug. 18, on boat from Coney Island; reward. Stephens, 537 West 121st.

LOST—On 6th Av. "L" train, envelope containing photos and French postal cards; reward. Page & Shaw, 362 5th Av.

LOST—Diamond pin, design horse's bit, lost Sunday at Rye Beach Hotel; reward. Werner, Proprietor Rye Beach.

LOST—Friday evening, green gold flexible bracelet, two diamonds, two sapphires; reward. Kipp, Schuyler 6400.

LOST—Silk, beaded bag, Saturday, Broadway, near 115th. Please return bag and keep money. Mrs. Flynn, Morningside 9080.

LOST. — Canary, Saturday, neighborhood Broadway, 144th; reward for return. Morse, 604 West 146th.

LOST—Gold-headed umbrella, taken by mistake; liberal reward. Blumenthal, 607 West 137th.

LOST—Fur neckpiece, bag; reward; no questions. Aronson, 960 Union Av., Bronx.

LIBERAL REWARD.
Wallet containing very important papers and some money; finder may keep the money, but please return the papers to C. Kontos, 8 Bridge St., New York. Phone Broad 2050.

$50 REWARD for the return of a diamond heavy knot pin.
DREICER & CO., 560 5TH AV.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Aug. 15, at Greenwich, Conn., a dark table grey police dog, 1 year 4 months old; black leather collar, long black double leash; answers to name Don. Kindly notify Highet House, Round Hill Road, Greenwich. Telephone Tel. Greenwich. FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD; no questions asked.